



Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the **Ordinary Council Meeting** of the **Whitsunday Regional Council** will be held at the Council Chambers, 83-85 Main Street, Proserpine on **Wednesday 27 September 2023**, commencing at **9:00 AM** and the Agenda is attached.

Councillors: Julie Hall (Mayor), Gary Simpson (Deputy Mayor), Jan Clifford, Clay Bauman, John Collins, Michelle Wright, and Michael Brunker.



Warren Bunker

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Agenda of the Ordinary Council Meeting to be held at
Council Chambers, 83-85 Main Street, Proserpine on Wednesday 27 September 2023
commencing at **9:00 AM**

Council acknowledges and shows respect to the Traditional Custodian/owners in whose country we hold this meeting.

9:00 AM

- Formal Meeting Commences

Whitsunday Regional Council
**Agenda of the Ordinary Council Meeting held at
Council Chambers, 83-85 Main Street, Proserpine on
Wednesday 27 September 2023 commencing at 9:00 AM**

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1 APOLOGIES/LEAVE OF ABSENCE

This item on the agenda allows Council the opportunity to receive apologies/leave of absence from Councillors unable to attend the meeting.

2 CONDOLENCES

To acknowledge and observe a minute silence for the recently deceased throughout the Whitsunday Region.

3 CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

3.1 - Confirmation of Minutes

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Tailah Jensen – Governance Administration Officer

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Warren Bunker - Chief Executive Officer

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

Nil

PURPOSE

At each Council meeting, the minutes of the previous meeting must be confirmed by the councillors present and signed by the person presiding at the later meeting. The Minutes of Council's Ordinary Council Meeting held on 23 August 2023 are provided for Councils review and confirmation.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council confirms the Minutes of the Ordinary Meeting held on 23 August 2023.

BACKGROUND

In accordance with s254F of the Local Government Regulation 2012, minutes were taken at Council's Ordinary Council Meeting held on 23 August 2023 under the supervision of the person presiding at the meeting. These unconfirmed minutes were reviewed and are available on Council's website for public inspection.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

Council's options are:

1. Confirm the Minutes of the Ordinary Council Meeting held on 23 August 2023.

If Council is satisfied that the unconfirmed minutes are an accurate representation of what occurred at the meeting held on 23 August 2023 and comply with legislative requirements outlined in this report, no further action is required other than to confirm the minutes as per the recommendation.

2. Confirm the Minutes of the Ordinary Council Meeting held on 23 August 2023 with amendments.

If Council is not satisfied that the unconfirmed minutes are an accurate representation of what occurred at the meeting held on 23 August 2023 and comply with legislative requirements outlined in this report, then they move a motion that they be confirmed but with a list of amendments to ensure they are correct and compliant.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

In accordance with the Act, Council must record specified information in the minutes of a meeting regarding any declared conflicts of interest. At the Ordinary Council Meeting held on

23 August 2023, the following conflict of interests were declared and recorded in the minutes:

Councillor/Officer	Prescribed or Declarable	Report No.	Particulars of the interest
No declarations made for this meeting.			

Additionally, the chairperson of a local government meeting must also ensure that details of an order made against a Councillor for unsuitable meeting conduct at a Council meeting are recording in the minutes of the meeting. At the Ordinary Council Meeting held on 23 August 2023, the following orders were made:

Councillor	Order Made
No orders made for this meeting.	

Local Government Regulation 2012

Section 254F of the Local Government Regulation stipulates that the Chief Executive Officer must ensure that minutes of each meeting of a local government are taken under the supervision of the person presiding at the meeting.

Minutes of each meeting must include the names of councillors present at the meeting and if a division is called on a question, the names of all persons voting on the question and how they voted.

At each meeting, the minutes of the previous meeting must be confirmed by the Councillors present and signed by the person presiding at the later meeting.

A copy of the minutes of each meeting must be available for inspection by the public, at a local government's public office and on its website, within 10 days after the end of the meeting. Once confirmed, the minutes must also be available for purchase at the local government's public office(s).

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The price for a member of the public to purchase a copy of the minutes must not be more than the cost to the local government of having the copy printed and made available for purchase, and if the copy is supplied to the purchaser by post, the cost of the postage.

TABLED MATTERS

Unresolved Tabled Matters			
Date of Meeting	Resolution Number	Summary	Resolved
25/05/2022	13.1.3 Council Meetings Livestream Policy	That the item be tabled until we have a full Council.	Completed – item was resolved at the 23 August 2023 Ordinary Council Meeting.
22/02/2023	13.5.2 - Tondara Road seal	That the item lie on the table pending further investigations and costings.	Tondara road resheeting Tender closed late July – currently under evaluation

CONSULTATION

Manager Governance & Administration

DISCLOSURE OF OFFICER'S INTERESTS

No officer involved in the preparation of this report has an interest to declare in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 2009 or the Staff Code of Conduct.

CONCLUSION

These minutes from the Ordinary Council Meeting held on 23 August 2023 are therefore submitted for adoption of their accuracy by the Councillors at this meeting of Council.

4 BUSINESS ARISING

This item on the agenda allows Councillors the opportunity to seek clarification or updates on business arising from the minutes of the previous meeting.

5 MAYORAL MINUTE

This item on the agenda allows the Mayor to introduce, by a signed minute, a matter for consideration at the meeting. In accordance with Council's Standing Orders, such a matter takes precedence over all other matters for consideration at the meeting and may be adopted by a motion moved by the Mayor without the need for the motion to be seconded.

6 NOTICES OF MOTION

In accordance with Council's Standing Orders, Councillors may give notice of any business they wish to be discussed at an Ordinary Meeting by way of a Notice of Motion. This item on the agenda allows Councillors to introduce and move any motions they have submitted to the Chief Executive Officer for inclusion in the agenda.

6.1 - Notice of Motion - Memorial for Australian Defence Force Personnel

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Cr John Collins

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

Nil

PURPOSE

Request for Council to consider supporting the implementation of a memorial for the Australian Defence Force Personnel who lost their lives during Talisman Sabre Military Exercises.

COUNCILLORS RECOMMENDATION

That Council authorise the Chief Executive Officer and relevant departments to look into the possibility of Grant Funding for the design and construction of a Memorial in honour of the four Australian Defence Force Personnel that lost their lives in the Australian Army Helicopter accident off the coast of the Whitsundays during Talisman Sabre Military Exercises.

BACKGROUND

On July 28th this year, there was an Australian Army Helicopter that crashed off the Coast of the Whitsunday Region. This resulted in the deaths of four ADF personnel, these being Captain Dannel Lyon, Corporal Alexander Naggs, Lieutenant Maxwell Nugent, and Warrant Officer Class Two Joseph Laycock. There presently is on offer a grant from the Queensland State Government, this being the Queensland Remembers Grants Program.

Very briefly, these grants are being made available to many organisations, including Local Council's. These grants are available for a wide variety of purposes including the creation of Memorials. I believe that this will mean so much to many people in our region, particularly Bowen where the townspeople have welcomed the troops many times over the years since the inaugural Talisman Sabre Exercise was first conducted in and off the coast of QLD in 2005. If successful, I believe that the Monument should obviously be placed on the coastline of Bowen. The below link is to the Queensland Remembers Grant Program:

<https://www.qld.gov.au/community/getting-support-health-social-issue/veterans/grants-and-commemoration/queensland-remembers-grants-program?mibextid=Zxz2cZ>

OFFICERS COMMENTS

Acting Director of Infrastructure Services:

Council officers can seek grant funding through the *Saluting Their Service (STS) Commemorations Program*.

An appropriate proposal can be discussed with stakeholders such as the local RSL groups and the Australian Defence Force.

Grants between \$10,001 and \$150,000 are available for major commemorative projects and activities that are significant from a national, state, territory and/or regional perspective.

These projects may include the construction of new war or peace memorials, where none currently exist, as well as additions to existing memorials. Applications can be submitted between 11 October 2023 and 6 February 2024 for Batch 3 of the Program.

7 DEPUTATIONS

This item on the agenda allows persons to make a deputation to Council. Deputations are managed in accordance with Council's adopted Standing Orders.

8 PETITIONS / QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

This item on the agenda allows for the following two options:

1. Councillors to present a petition to the meeting in accordance with Council's Standing Orders, no debate on or in relation to the tabled petition shall be allowed and the only motion which may be moved is that the petition either be received, referred to a Committee or Council officer for consideration and report back to Council, or not be received because it is deemed invalid.
2. The inclusion of any responses prepared by officers in response to questions taken on notice at previous meetings of Council.

9 QUESTIONS FROM THE PUBLIC GALLERY

Excerpt from Council's Standing Orders:

1. In each Meeting, time shall be set aside to permit members of the public to address the Council on matters of public interest related to local government.
2. Questions from the Public Gallery will be taken on notice and may or may not be responded to at the Meeting.
3. The time allotted shall not exceed fifteen (15) minutes and no more than three (3) speakers shall be permitted to speak at any one (1) meeting.
4. Any person addressing the Council shall stand, act and speak with decorum and frame any remarks in respectful and courteous language.

10 COMMITTEES REPORTS

This item on the agenda is for consideration of any Council Committee's business.

11.1 - Whitsunday Planning Scheme Major Amendment

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Artiqua Harrison - Planner

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Neil McGaffin - Director Development Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. Deputy Premier - Letter to Councillor Julie Hall [11.1.1 - 1 page]
2. Ministerial conditions [11.1.2 - 2 pages]
3. Changes in response to Ministerial Conditions [11.1.3 - 5 pages]
4. Link to Whitsunday Regional Planning Scheme V4 7docx [11.1.4 - 1 page]

PURPOSE

To inform Council of the outcome of the Minister's consideration of the Whitsunday Planning Scheme Major Amendment and seek a decision of Council to adopt the amendment.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council:

1. Accept the Ministerial Conditions (detailed in Attachment 2), making Version 4.7 of the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme.
2. Adopt the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme Version 4.7 (Attachment 4) (including mapping) in accordance with Chapter 2, Part 4, Section 22.1 of the Minister's Guidelines and Rules 2023;
3. Authorise the Chief Executive Officer to: -
 - a) Publish a public notice in accordance with the Act and Schedule 5 of the Minister's Guidelines and Rules 2023 to commence the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme 2017 (V4.7);
 - b) Notify industry stakeholders of the commencement of V4.7 of the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme; and
 - c) Within 10 days of the public notice, give the Department of State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning, a copy of the public notice and a certified copy of the planning scheme (including electronic copies and all electronic planning scheme spatial data files) in accordance with Chapter 2, Part 4, Section 22.2 of the Minister's Guidelines and Rules 2023.

BACKGROUND

The current Whitsunday Planning Scheme was adopted on 3 July 2017. It has been amended five times to address various issues and remain compliant with the Planning Act 2016.

At the Ordinary Meeting on the 11 October 2017, Council decided to make the Major Amendment to address the following matters:

- Issues raised in the rounds of consultation for the formation of the Planning Scheme (2015 – 2017);

- Numerous minor workability problems identified by internal and external stakeholders during the past few years;
- Updating of the different sections of the Scheme as required by State Planning Policy Guidance Materials; and
- Zoning amendment requests.

The Major Amendment package is the result of 43 Council resolutions to amend the Planning Scheme.

On 10 May 2023, Council endorsed the Major Amendment which was sent to the Minister with a request to adopt. On 29 August 2023 Council received notification from the Minister that the amendment may be adopted (Attachment 2).

The final step in progressing the amendment is detailed in Chapter 2, Part 4, Section 22 of the Ministers Guidelines and Rules 2023 and requires a decision of Council to adopt the amendment and move to the gazettal stage (potentially 3 October 2023).

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

The Minister has given Council approval to adopt the Major Amendment subject to compliance with two conditions. The changes are considered very minor and will improve the workability of the Planning Scheme where reference is made to Schedule 6 of the Planning Regulation. The conditions require the addition of an editor's note and formatting edits within Part 5 of the Scheme

Minor wording changes within the Reconfiguration of a Lot Code have been updated to reflect recommendations of the Submission Analysis Report.

All changes are detailed in Attachment 3. Should the changes be acceptable, Council can proceed to adopt the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme V4.7.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Planning Act 2016
Minister's Guidelines and Rules 2023

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Provide a consistent and transparent strategic framework and direction for the development industry and community.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

There are no additional costs incurred to administer the new Planning Scheme.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Manager Development Assessment

RISK ASSESSMENT

Risks of not adopting the Whitsunday Planning Scheme Major Amendment include delaying development within the Region, and a delay in much needed corrections within the Planning Scheme e.g., zone issues, environmental standards and Regulation updates.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

N/A

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Options	Description	Positives	Negatives
Option 2	Not adopting the Whitsunday Planning Scheme Major Amendment.	Resources needed to enact new Planning Scheme not activated.	Delays development. Delay required fixes to errors and updates to Planning Scheme e.g., zone issues, environmental standards and Regulation updates.



Hon Steven Miles MP
Deputy Premier
Minister for State Development, Infrastructure,
Local Government and Planning
Minister Assisting the Premier on Olympic and Paralympic Games Infrastructure

Our ref: MC23/2724

29 AUG 2023

Councillor Julie Hall
Mayor
Whitsunday Regional Council
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Dear Councillor Hall

Thank you for the letter of 11 May 2023 from the Whitsunday Regional Council (the council) requesting approval to adopt the major amendment to the *Whitsunday Region Planning Scheme 2017* version 4.6 (the proposed major amendment).

I am pleased to advise in accordance with the Minister's Guidelines and Rules, I am satisfied that the proposed major amendment meets the requirements, subject to compliance with the enclosed conditions. Once the conditions are complied with, the council may adopt the proposed major amendment.

I would like to acknowledge the collaborative partnership the council and the Department of State Development, Infrastructure and Local Government has developed in preparing the proposed amendment and look forward to the ongoing opportunities to strengthen this partnership as the council progresses further planning scheme amendments

The proposed amendment is the first major amendment since the planning scheme commenced in 2017 and is the result of 43 resolutions to amend the planning scheme. I encourage the council to undertake more regular, smaller amendments to ensure the planning scheme is appropriately addressing the community's expectations, and the planning scheme remains contemporary.

If you require any further information regarding this matter, please contact Ms Katharine Wright, Chief of Staff in my office, by email at katharine.wright@ministerial.qld.gov.au or by telephone on (07) 3719 7100.

Yours sincerely

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'S Miles'.

STEVEN MILES MP
DEPUTY PREMIER
Minister for State Development, Infrastructure,
Local Government and Planning
Minister Assisting the Premier on
Olympic and Paralympic Games Infrastructure

Enc

Enclosure 1

Ministerial conditions

Pursuant to section 20 of the *Planning Act 2016*

Pursuant to section 20 for amending a planning scheme under the *Planning Act 2016* (the Planning Act), I hereby advise the Whitsunday Regional Council (the council) that it may proceed to adopt the proposed Amendment Package 1 (proposed major amendment) to the *Whitsunday Region Planning Scheme 2017* version 4.6, as submitted to the Department of State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning on 11 May 2023, subject to the following conditions:

CONDITION	TIMING			
<i>Planning Regulation 2017 – Schedule 6 - Development local categorising instrument is prohibited from stating is assessable development</i>				
<p>1. Amend Table 5.4.1 as follows:</p> <p>(a) Insert:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="354 1037 1035 1411"> <tr> <td data-bbox="354 1037 557 1411">Dwelling House</td> <td data-bbox="557 1037 799 1411">Accepted subject to requirements Editor's note – Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for dwelling house that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.</td> <td data-bbox="799 1037 1035 1411">Editor's Note – Requirements for dwelling house development that may not be made assessable under a planning scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2, section 2 of the Regulation.</td> </tr> </table> <p>(b) Insert: "accommodation" after rural workers in the categories of assessment column of the rural workers accommodation use.</p>	Dwelling House	Accepted subject to requirements Editor's note – Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for dwelling house that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editor's Note – Requirements for dwelling house development that may not be made assessable under a planning scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2, section 2 of the Regulation.	<p>Prior to adopting the proposed amendment.</p>
Dwelling House	Accepted subject to requirements Editor's note – Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for dwelling house that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editor's Note – Requirements for dwelling house development that may not be made assessable under a planning scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2, section 2 of the Regulation.		

CONDITION	TIMING
<p>2. Amend Tables 5.10.3, 5.10.5, 5.10.6 and 5.10.11 as follows:</p> <p>(a) Delete: “except for where identified in Schedule 6 Part 2 Section 2 (2) of the Planning Regulation 2017”</p> <p>(b) Insert: <i>Editor’s note—The above categories of development and assessment apply unless otherwise prescribed in the Regulation. Schedule 6 of the Regulation prescribes development that a planning scheme can not state is assessable development where the matters identified in the schedule are met.</i></p>	<p>Prior to adopting the proposed amendment.</p>

Dated this *29th* day of *August* 2023



STEVEN MILES MP
DEPUTY PREMIER
Minister for State Development, Infrastructure,
Local Government and Planning
Minister Assisting the Premier on
Olympic and Paralympic Games Infrastructure

Ministerial Condition 1:

CONDITION		TIMING			
Planning Regulation 2017 – Schedule 6 - Development local categorising instrument is prohibited from stating is assessable development					
1. Amend Table 5.4.1 as follows: (a) Insert: <table border="1" data-bbox="483 542 951 801"> <tr> <td>Dwelling House</td> <td>Accepted subject to requirements Editor's note – Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for dwelling house that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.</td> <td>Editor's Note – Requirements for dwelling house development that may not be made assessable under a planning scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2, section 2 of the Regulation.</td> </tr> </table>		Dwelling House	Accepted subject to requirements Editor's note – Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for dwelling house that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editor's Note – Requirements for dwelling house development that may not be made assessable under a planning scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2, section 2 of the Regulation.	Prior to adopting the proposed amendment.
Dwelling House	Accepted subject to requirements Editor's note – Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for dwelling house that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editor's Note – Requirements for dwelling house development that may not be made assessable under a planning scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2, section 2 of the Regulation.			
(b) Insert: "accommodation" after rural workers in the categories of assessment column of the rural workers accommodation use.					

Changes in response to Ministerial Condition 1 (in blue)

Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme – Part 5 – ~~October~~~~August~~May 2023 (V4.76)

5.4 Regulated categories of development and categories of assessment prescribed by the Regulation

For the development specified in the 'use', 'zone' or 'development' columns, the categories of development and assessment are prescribed.

Table 5.4.1 Development under Schedules 6 of the Regulation: Material change of use

Use	Categories of assessment	Assessment benchmarks
Battery Storage Facility	Accepted subject to requirements Editors note—Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for battery storage facility that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editors note—requirements for community residence development that may not be made assessable under a Planning Scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 5 section 26 of the Regulation.
Community residence	Accepted subject to requirements Editors note—Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for community residence that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editors note—requirements for community residence development that may not be made assessable under a Planning Scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2 section 6 of the Regulation.
Dwelling House	Accepted subject to requirements Editor's note – Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for dwelling house that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editor's Note – Requirements for dwelling house development that may not be made assessable under a planning scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2, section 2 of the Regulation.
Rooming Accommodation	Accepted subject to requirements Editors note—Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for rooming accommodation that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editors note—requirements for rooming accommodation development that may not be made assessable under a Planning Scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2 section 2 of the Regulation.
Rural Workers Accommodation	Accepted subject to requirements Editors note—Refer to the material change of use tables for category of assessment for rural workers accommodation that do not comply with the requirements for accepted development.	Editors note—requirements for rural workers accommodation development that may not be made assessable under a Planning Scheme are set out in Schedule 6, Part 2 section 7C and section 33 of the Regulation.

Attachment 11.1.3 Changes in response to Ministerial Conditions

Ministerial Condition 2:

CONDITION	TIMING
<p>2. Amend Tables 5.10.3, 5.10.5, 5.10.6 and 5.10.11 as follows:</p> <p>(a) Delete: "except for where identified in Schedule 6 Part 2 Section 2 (2) of the Planning Regulation 2017"</p> <p>(b) Insert: <i>Editor's note—The above categories of development and assessment apply unless otherwise prescribed in the Regulation. Schedule 6 of the Regulation prescribes development that a planning scheme can not state is assessable development where the matters identified in the schedule are met.</i></p>	Prior to adopting the proposed amendment.

Changes in response to Ministerial Condition 1 (in blue)

Table 5.10.3 Airport environs overlay

Airport environs overlay		
Development	Categories of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development
<p>Material change of use, except for where identified in Schedule 6 Part 2 Section 2 (2) of the Planning Regulation 2017, if on land:</p> <p>(a) subject to the Airport environs overlay; and</p> <p>(b) resulting in work encroaching into the operational airspace and is at least 12m high; or</p> <p>(c) within a public safety area; or</p> <p>(d) within the existing lighting area buffer zone; or</p> <p>(e) within the wildlife hazard buffer zone; or</p> <p>(f) resulting in work encroaching into the building restricted area.</p>	No change if complying with the acceptable outcomes of Table 8.2.3.3.1 (Benchmarks for accepted and assessable development) for the Airport Environs overlay code	Airport environs overlay code
<p>Reconfiguring of a lot if on land:</p> <p>(a) subject to the Airport environs overlay; and</p> <p>(b) within the 20 ANEF contour for an airport; or</p> <p>(c) within a public safety area of an airports identified on the Airport environs overlay map.</p>	Otherwise code assessment	Airport environs overlay code
<p>Operational works only where not associated with a Material change of use or a Reconfiguration of a lot.</p>	No change	Airport environs overlay code

Note – where development is not identified in the 'Development' column of the table as being subject to a particular overlay, that overlay is not applicable to the development.

Editor's note—The above categories of development and assessment apply unless otherwise prescribed in the Regulation. Schedule 6 of the Regulation prescribes development that a planning scheme can not state is assessable development where the matters identified in the schedule are met.

Table 5.10.5 Building heights overlay

Building heights overlay		
Development	Categories of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development
Material change of use, except for where identified in Schedule 6 Part 2 Section 2 (2) of the Planning Regulation 2017 , if on land subject to Building heights overlay map.	No change if complying with acceptable outcomes of Table 8.2.5.3.1 (Benchmarks for accepted and assessable development) of the Building heights overlay code	Building heights overlay code
	Otherwise impact assessment	The Planning Scheme

Note – where development is not identified in the 'Development' column of the table as being subject to a particular overlay, that overlay is not applicable to the development.

Editor's note—The above categories of development and assessment apply unless otherwise prescribed in the Regulation. Schedule 6 of the Regulation prescribes development that a planning scheme can not state is assessable development where the matters identified in the schedule are met.

Table 5.10.6 Bushfire hazard overlay

Bushfire hazard overlay		
Development	Categories of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development
Material change of use, except for where identified in Schedule 6 Part 2 Section 2 (2) of the Planning Regulation 2017 , if on land subject to the Bushfire hazard overlay as identified in the Bushfire hazard overlay map and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is not wholly contained within an existing building; (b) involving building work of greater than 50m²; (c) there would be a change in level of greater than 0.5m of any part of the site; or (d) greater than 50m³ of material is imported to or removed from the site. 	No change if complying with acceptable outcomes of Table 8.2.6.3.1 (Benchmarks for accepted and assessable development) of the Bushfire hazard overlay code	Bushfire hazard overlay code
	Otherwise code assessment	Bushfire hazard overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if on land subject to the Bushfire hazard overlay as identified in the Bushfire hazard overlay map	No change	Bushfire hazard overlay code
Operational works if on land subject to the Bushfire hazard overlay as identified in the Bushfire hazard overlay map; and involves: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) excavation or filling that materially affects premises or their use; (b) landscaping work where associated with the Reconfiguration of a lot or Material change of use; or (c) engineering work. 	No change	Bushfire hazard overlay code

Note – where development is not identified in the 'Development' column of the table as being subject to a particular overlay, that overlay is not applicable to the development.

Editor's note—The above categories of development and assessment apply unless otherwise prescribed in the Regulation. Schedule 6 of the Regulation prescribes development that a planning scheme can not state is assessable development where the matters identified in the schedule are met.

Table 5.10.11 Infrastructure overlay

Infrastructure overlay		
Development	Categories of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development
Material change of use, except for where identified in Schedule 6 Part 2 Section 2 (2) of the Planning Regulation 2017 , if on land: (a) subject to the Infrastructure overlay as identified in the Infrastructure overlay map; and (b) where not wholly contained within an existing building; or (c) involving building work greater than 50m ² .	No change if complying with acceptable outcomes of Table 8.2.11.3.1 (Benchmarks for accepted and assessable development) of the Infrastructure overlay code	Infrastructure overlay code
	Otherwise code assessment	Infrastructure overlay code
Reconfiguration of a lot , if on land subject to the Infrastructure overlay as identified in the Infrastructure overlay map	No change	Infrastructure overlay code
Operational works if on land: (a) subject to the Infrastructure overlay as identified in the Infrastructure overlay map; and (b) involving excavation or filling that materially affects premises or their use; or (c) involving landscaping work where associated with the Reconfiguration of a lot or Material change of use; or (d) involving engineering work; or (e) placing an advertising device on a premise; or (f) prescribed tidal works; or (g) undertaking roadwork's on a local government road.	No change	Infrastructure overlay code

Note – where development is not identified in the 'Development' column of the table as being subject to a particular overlay, that overlay is not applicable to the development.

Editor's note—The above categories of development and assessment apply unless otherwise prescribed in the Regulation. Schedule 6 of the Regulation prescribes development that a planning scheme can not state is assessable development where the matters identified in the schedule are met.

Admin Error – PO7 and PO8 of the Reconfiguration of a Lot Code were not properly updated as per Page 78 of the adopted Consultation and Submission Analysis Report. This has been rectified in V4.7.

Lot layout and site responsive design	
PO7 Development provides for a lot layout and configuration of roads and other transport corridors that sensitively respond to surrounding environmental values, development and any Council Structure Plan.	AO7.1 Development layout and configuration responds appropriately to: (a) any Council Structure Plan; (b) any areas of environmental significance or natural hazards present on, or adjoining the site.

Attachment 11.1.3 Changes in response to Ministerial Conditions

Lot layout and neighbourhood/estate design			
PO8	Development is appropriately planned, encompassing any Council Structure Plans, best practice lot layout and neighbourhood/estate design, whilst providing efficient land use pattern and effectively connecting the site with existing or planned development.	AO8.1	Development provides for a lot layout and infrastructure configuration that: (a) aligns with any Council Structure Plan; (b) provides for the efficient movement of pedestrians, cyclists, public transport and

Attachment 11.1.4 Link to Whitsunday Regional Planning Scheme V4 7docx

Whitsunday Regional Planning Scheme V4.7

<https://www.whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au/downloads/file/1448/whitsunday-regional-planning-scheme-v4-7-with-edits->

11.2 - 20220176 - Development Application for Reconfiguration of Lot - One Lot into Three Lots & Access Easement - Sugarloaf Road Sugarloaf - 32RP895918 - G Smith C/- Wynne Planning & Development

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: James McEvoy-Bowe - Senior Planner

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Neil McGaffin - Director Development Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. Planning Assessment Report [11.2.1 - 11 pages]
2. Locality Plan [11.2.2 - 1 page]
3. Zoning Plan [11.2.3 - 1 page]
4. Proposal Plan [11.2.4 - 1 page]
5. Submitter Location [11.2.5 - 1 page]
6. Agricultural Land Classification [11.2.6 - 2 pages]

PURPOSE

To present the assessment of the development application.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council refuse the Development Application for Development Permit for Reconfiguration of a Lot – One into Three Lots and Access Easement, made by G L Smith C/- Wynne Planning & Development, on L: 32 RP: 895918 and located at 319 Sugarloaf Road Sugarloaf, for the following reasons:

1. The proposal is not consistent with the State Planning Policy in respect of fragmentation and alienation of Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) Class B land.
2. The proposal is not consistent with the Mackay, Isaac and Whitsunday Regional Plan in respect of rural residential development in an area which is not identified as a rural living area, compromising the intent of the regional plan to protect productive agricultural land.
3. There has been no demonstration that an overriding community need exists for the proposed development.
4. The proposal conflicts with the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme 2017 and cannot be conditioned to comply. Specifically:
 - a. The proposal is unable to comply with the Liveable Communities and Housing and Economic Growth themes of the Strategic Intent.
 - b. The Rural Zone is the correct zone for this site, being the default zone for the majority of the planning scheme area which is not included in an urban zone.
 - c. The predicted demand and supply of rural residential land within the planning scheme area was modelled by the Whitsunday Regional Council Urban Growth Study and adequate land is zoned to accommodate predicted demand.
 - d. The proposal is not consistent with the Rural Zone Code, which specifies a minimum lot size of 100 hectares.
 - e. The proposal is not consistent with the Agricultural Land Overlay, which does not support fragmentation of land.

BACKGROUND

There are no background matters to report.

APPLICATION SUMMARY

Council is in receipt of a development application to subdivide one lot into three lots. The site is within the Rural Zone for which the proposed allotments do not comply with the minimum lot size. The proposed allotment configuration is:

- Proposed Lot 1 (parent parcel) – 52.37ha
- Proposed Lot 2 – 1.77ha
- Proposed Lot 3 – 1.24ha.

The proposed development consists of subdividing a 55.29ha rural premises into the three lots described above. No structures currently exist on the site and there are 3 agricultural dams in various locations within the site. The site is currently used for cattle grazing purposes however a building application has been received for a future dwelling, secondary dwelling and shed to be located on Proposed Lot 1.

As the applicant has not demonstrated planning grounds to support the application the proposal is recommended for refusal due to non-compliances with the benchmarks set by the Planning Scheme, Regional Plan and the State Planning Policy which seek to protect agricultural land.

The applicant has supplied relevant supporting specialty reports including a Bushfire Management Plan, Ecological Assessment, Engineering Overview, Effluent Suitability Report and a Slope Stability Risk Assessment Report. None of the reports have identified any major Planning Scheme non-compliances that could form ground for refusal.

One submission was received during the Public Notification period from an adjoining landowner. The submission opposes the development due to the extent of earthworks required to facilitate the new driveway along the northern boundary of which the submitter shares and that the development causes privacy and amenity concerns which removes the rural character of the area that they expected when buying into the Ash Rise estate. A detailed assessment of the submission and assessment benchmarks is provided in Attachment 1

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Planning Act 2016

Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme 2017

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Process all statutory applications within statutory timeframes.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

If approved, infrastructure charges would be \$26,728.80.

The application fee has been paid.

CONSULTATION

Manager Development Assessment
Technical Officer Engineering Assessment
Civil Engineer (Network Planning)
Environment Officer

RISK ASSESSMENT

The decision may be appealed in the Planning & Environment Court of Queensland.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

A decision is required by 29 September 2023.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the Human Rights Act 2019 specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the Human Rights Act 2019 identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ANALYSIS

Council has received the following Development Application, which has been assessed against the provisions of the relevant legislation as reported below.

1. Application Summary

Proposal:	Development Permit for Reconfiguration of Lot - One Lot into Three Lots and Access Easement
Landowner	G L Smith
Property Address:	319 Sugarloaf Road Sugarloaf
Property Description:	L: 32 RP: 895918 T: EMT A <50141454>
Area of Site:	55.29ha
Planning Scheme Zone:	Rural zone
Level of assessment	Impact Assessable
Overlays:	Agriculture Land Overlay Bushfire Hazard Overlay Environmental Significance Overlay Infrastructure Overlay Landslide Hazard Overlay
Existing Use:	Agriculture (grazing land)
Existing Approvals:	Nil
Public Notification:	6 July 2023 / 27 July 2023
Submissions received:	One (1)
State referrals:	One (1) – Native Vegetation Clearing
Infrastructure charges:	\$26,728.80

2. Site Details

2.1. Location

The premises is located at 319 Sugarloaf Road, Sugarloaf.

2.2. Zoning

The premises is zoned Rural.

2.3. Site description

The subject premises is generally of a rectangular shape with two access handles to Sugarloaf Road that are approximately 200m apart and separated by another allotment (341 Sugarloaf Road). Small amounts of clearing of the land has been undertaken over time with most clearing occurring since the current owner obtained ownership in October 2021 (Source: QLD Globe). No dwellings currently exist on the land however aerial imagery depicts that building pads have been created and Council records identify a future dwelling, secondary dwelling and shed over the existing lot. Topography of the site varies significantly with a creek passing through both access handles to Sugarloaf Road. The land increases in grade dramatically the further from Sugarloaf Road. The highest part of the site is approximately 305m AHD and the lowest is 70m AHD.

2.4. Access

Access for the two additional smaller allotments is proposed from the northern access handle. This access is approximately 500m in length and the first part of it also provides access to the adjoining land parcel at 341 Sugarloaf Road. The applicant proposes a 3m seal for the full length of the driveway with space for passing bays in the shoulders of the driveway. A large drainage feature runs through both proposed accesses and will require culvert structures to provide safe all-weather access.

2.5. Surrounding uses

North – Ash Rise Estate

East – Sugarloaf Road and Buttermans Road further east.

South – Rural land used for Cane Farming and further Rural Res premises fronting Sugarloaf Road.

West – Dryander National Park

3. **Proposal Details**

The proposed development is for the reconfiguration of one rural allotment into three, as described below:

- Proposed Lot 1 (parent parcel) – 52.37ha
- Proposed Lot 2 – 1.77ha
- Proposed Lot 3 – 1.24ha

No structures currently exist on the site that has 3 agricultural dams in various locations. The site is currently used for cattle grazing purposes however a building application has been received for a future dwelling, secondary dwelling and shed to be located on Proposed Lot 1.

The applicant's response to Information Request has provided supplementary information in support of the development. These reports are:

- Bushfire Management Plan prepared by Wynne Planning and Development;
- Ecological Report prepared by Wynne Planning and Development;
- Engineering overview prepared by Reece Milburn;
- Effluent Report prepared by SubTest; and
- Slope Stability Risk Assessment Report prepared by Napean Geotechnics.

One submission was received during the Public Notification period from an adjoining landowner. The submission opposes the development due to the extent of earthworks required to facilitate the new driveway along the northern boundary of which the submitter shares and that the development causes privacy and amenity concerns which impacts the rural character that they expected when buying into the Ash Rise estate.

4. **Planning Assessment**

The application has been assessed against the relevant provisions of the *Planning Act, 2016* and the *Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme, 2017*.

1. The proposal is not consistent with the State Planning Policy in respect of fragmentation and alienation of Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) Class B land.
2. The proposal is not consistent with the Mackay, Isaac and Whitsunday Regional Plan in respect of rural residential development in an area which is not identified as a rural

living area, compromising the intent of the regional plan to protect productive agricultural land.

3. There has been no demonstration that an overriding community need exists for the proposed development.
4. The proposal conflicts with the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme 2017 and cannot be conditioned to comply. Specifically:
 - a. The proposal is unable to comply with the Liveable Communities and Housing and Economic Growth themes of the Strategic Intent.
 - b. The Rural Zone is the correct zone for this site, being the default zone for the majority of the planning scheme area which is not included in an urban zone.
 - c. The predicted demand and supply of rural residential land within the planning scheme area was modelled by the Whitsunday Regional Council Urban Growth Study and adequate land is zoned to accommodate predicted demand.
 - d. The proposal is not consistent with the Rural Zone Code, which specifies a minimum lot size of 100 hectares.
 - e. The proposal is not consistent with the Agricultural Land Overlay, which does not support fragmentation of land.

4.1. State Assessment and Referral Agency (SARA)

The application was referred to SARA for Native Vegetation Clearing under Schedule 10, Part 3, Division 4, Table 2, Item 1 - Reconfiguring a lot that is assessable development under s21 (clearing native vegetation) of the *Planning Regulation 2017*.

SARA have provided an approval subject to conditions. The conditions imposed relate to the areas permitted for vegetation clearing as per the approved Vegetation Management Plan.

4.2. State Planning Policy – July 2017

The State Planning Policy (SPP) includes interim development assessment requirements to ensure that State interests are appropriately considered by local government when assessing development applications where the local government Planning Scheme has not yet appropriately integrated all of the State's interests in the SPP. As the most recent SPP (July 2017) has not been reflected in the Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme, Part B of the SPP confirms that it applies to the assessment of the development application. The following State interest is applicable.

State Interest – Agriculture

The subject allotment is identified on the State's Agricultural Land Map having the Class B ALC on the low areas where proposed Lot 2 and 3 are located (see **Attachment 12.3.6** – ALC). Elevated areas of the site do not have an ALC due to the steep and densely vegetated nature of the terrain. The site is not within the State Strategic Cropping Land overlay.

The State Planning Policy identifies that ALC *“Class A and Class B land is protected for sustainable agricultural use by:*

- a) *avoiding fragmentation of ALC Class A or Class B land into lot sizes inconsistent with the current or potential use of the land for agriculture;*

- b) avoiding development that will have an irreversible impact on, or adjacent to, ALC Class A or Class B land; and*
- c) maintaining or enhancing land conditions and the biophysical resources underpinning ALC Class A or Class B land."*

The proposed development conflicts with State Interest (a) as the proposal results in the subdivision of Class B agricultural land, equating to fragmentation of Class B agricultural land which is in direct conflict with the benchmark.

In response to item b), all proposed new lots are within the Class B agricultural land area and the permanent infrastructure that will be created from having residential premises over this area will ensure that part of the land will not be able to be used for meaningful agricultural purposes indefinitely, which directly conflicts with the State Interest.

In response to c), the development will be unable to keep or enhance existing land conditions as the development is wholly proposed within the Class B area of the site, reducing the productive capacity of the land.

The proposed development is unable to comply with the SPP's State Interest for Agriculture and therefore forms grounds for refusal.

4.3. Mackay Isaac and Whitsunday Regional Plan – February 2012

The Mackay, Isaac and Whitsunday Regional Plan was established to provide the vision and direction for the region to 2031. The plan provides certainty about where the region is heading in the future and provides the framework to respond to the challenges and opportunities which may arise. An assessment against the relevant Desired Regional Outcomes is:

Strategic Direction – Managing Growth

The proposal will create further rural residential development in an area which is not identified as a Rural Living Area in the MIW Regional Plan. The purpose of the Rural Living Area in the regional plan is to prevent further fragmentation of productive agricultural land, by concentrating rural residential development in the identified areas within the plan. The site is adjoined by the Rural Living Area designation over the rural residential properties along Sugarloaf Road. Nevertheless, the site carries the Rural Landscape designation and is not infill between lots of this designation and therefore the proposal conflicts with the Managing Growth Strategic Direction.

Strategic Direction – Natural Resource Management:

This strategic direction within the Regional Plan aims to provide guidance on protecting the regions natural resources, including agricultural production areas. In relation to those areas, it provides a framework of principles that protect the region's best agricultural lands by preventing inappropriate land uses in rural areas and further fragmentation of rural lands resulting in alienation and reduced agricultural productivity. The proposed development will result in fragmented agricultural lands and diminished agricultural productivity of the land and is therefore in conflict with the Regional Plan.

4.4. Whitsunday Regional Council Planning Scheme, 2017

4.4.1. Strategic Framework

The proposed development does not align with the Strategic Frameworks for the reasons identified in the Strategic Intent assessment.

4.4.2. Strategic Intent

Strategic Intent – Theme 1 – Liveable Communities and Housing

The predicted demand and supply of rural residential land within the planning scheme area was modelled by the WRC Urban Growth Study and adequate land is zoned to accommodate predicted demand. The land is proposed to be subdivided down to a size that is not considered efficient and productive rural land. The lot adjoins rural land on three sides, has existing agricultural activities (grazing) being undertaken on the premises and directly adjoins ongoing lawful farming operations on the southern boundary of proposed Lot 1 (parent parcel).

Land use strategy (7) of the Liveable communities and housing theme sets the direction that rural residential development occurs on the fringes of urban areas and will not expand into adjacent rural areas. The subject site is not adjacent any urban area, with the closest urban settlement being Cannon Valley approximately 3.4km east. Considering the above, the development proposal conflicts directly with the Strategic Intent theme Liveable Communities and Housing.

Strategic Intent – Theme 2 – Economic Growth

The proposed subdivision fragments rural land and potentially constrains productive agricultural operations. The requirement of the Council through the Mackay Isaac Whitsunday Regional Plan 2012 and Whitsunday Planning Scheme is to protect and retain agricultural land for current and future uses, to ensure production and food security into the future and ensure there is sufficient agricultural land for new facilities such as niche processing like fruits and vegetable production e.g., finger limes. The proposal adds no economic benefit to rural production and further decreases agricultural productivity in the area. This directly conflicts with the Economic Growth Strategic Intent.

Strategic Intent – Theme 3 – Environment and Heritage

The proposed development has been referred to SARA for Native Vegetation Clearing. SARA has provided a Vegetation Management Plan which clearly identifies the areas permitted to be cleared for subdivisional purposes. SARA has provided a conditional approval based on the following:

- The proposal avoids clearing, or where avoidance is not reasonably possible, minimises clearing to conserve vegetation, avoid land degradation, avoid the loss of biodiversity, maintain ecological processes.
- The proposal avoids impacts on vegetation and minimises and mitigates impacts on vegetation where avoidance is not possible.
- The proposal does not result in a significant residual impact on a matter of state environmental significance.

Therefore, the proposal does not conflict with this theme.

Strategic Intent – Theme 4 – Safety and Resilience to Hazards

The proposal partially responds to the identified hazards which impact the site. A Q100 flooding assessment has been completed within the supplementary engineering report. It

identifies all areas assessed to be beneath Q100 and these areas can be placed under an easement to prevent risk to people and property. Future dwelling locations can be located outside of the identified flood hazard areas. It is noted that proposed Lot 2 requires a culvert crossing for its access.

The supplementary Bushfire Management Plan has been assessed and fails to include a solution to minimise the high-risk bushfire level on Proposed Lots 2 and 3.

A Slope Stability Risk Assessment Report provides a clear risk assessment for the proposal and construction methodology recommendations for future development.

Strategic Intent – Theme 5 – Infrastructure

The proposal is supported by the regions existing infrastructure networks and will not jeopardise their efficiency or delivery to the community.

4.4.3. Overlay Codes

Agriculture Land Overlay

The proposed development conflicts with the Agricultural Land Overlay. An agricultural land evaluation has not been undertaken for this proposal as per the requirements of the overlay code. The Agricultural Land Overlay protects the Strategic Framework requirement of Economic Growth 3.2.2. The Agricultural Land Overlay is separated into the following two layers:

- IAA State Important Agricultural Layer; and
- ALC class A and B.

Important agricultural areas (IAAs) are areas identified in the Queensland Agricultural Land Audit 2013 as having all the requirements for agriculture to be successful and sustainable. ALC Class A and Class B land constitute the most productive agricultural land in Queensland, with soil and land characteristics that allow successful crop and pasture production. They are productive soils that have the capacity to sustain agricultural production with few limitations and cover just 2.5 per cent of Queensland. The site has been identified as containing Class B land. The resulting development will lead to further alienation and fragmentation of agriculturally productive land and potentially negatively impact adjacent rural lands. The impacts from the proposal equate to a direct conflict with the overlay. The application therefore is unable to comply with the Agricultural Land Overlay and cannot be provided development conditions to comply.

Bushfire Hazard Overlay

The Regional Ecosystem of the site comprises Eucalyptus open forest (RE: 8.12.26) and is categorised as a high-risk bushfire area. The Bushfire Hazard Assessment failed to include a solution to minimise the high-risk bushfire level on Proposed Lots 2 and 3. To protect buildings and infrastructure, the establishment of fire management lines to improve access and manage future fires is needed and to minimise fuel load. Despite failing to provide mitigation measures for the proposal, conditions of approval could be imposed to comply with the overlay should the application be approved.

Environmental Significance Overlay (ESO)

The site is subject to the ESO throughout most of the land parcel. An Ecological Assessment was supplied to support the development and has been assessed by

Council's Environment Officer. It has been advised that assessment failed to undertake the requirements listed under Planning Scheme Policy SC6.2.5 as required by Council's Information Request including field survey data, fauna recording, weed identification and no provision of transect data to demonstrate claims made in the ecological report.

Nevertheless, the State has provided a response to the vegetation aspects and a conditional approval which clearly dictates where clearing is and isn't permitted. Additional conditions of approval could be imposed in so far as ensuring that if any native wildlife is found within any trees being cleared, clearing must cease, and a fauna spotter contacted to relocate any fauna found.

Infrastructure Overlay (Major electricity buffer)

The frontage of the site is subject to a Major electricity buffer, a sub-category of the Infrastructure Overlay. No sensitive uses are proposed within the buffer or within 40m of the buffer and therefore the proposal complies with the overlay.

Landslide Hazard Overlay

A Slope Stability Risk Assessment Report provides a geotechnical engineering and landslide risk assessment as well as risk mitigation strategies. The report advises that the overall risk profile of the development is Low, provided the recommended measures of the report are implemented.

4.4.4. Rural Zone Code

The proposed development conflicts in part with the Intent and Overall Outcomes of the Rural Zone. The purpose of the Rural Zone is to provide for a wide range of rural activities and a limited range of non-rural activities which complement or provide a service to rural areas. The proposal will limit the site's capacity to provide rural activities as the permanent infrastructure (dwelling, sheds, pool, effluent disposal areas etc) resulting from this development will compromise space for agriculture.

The current area of the lot could provide for a wide range of rural uses, not just sugar cane or grazing. Future uses of agriculture could include intensive horticulture like the growth of fruit trees or other small intensive rural uses. Fragmentation of the lot ensures that the larger lot is less productive and thus diminishes the productive capacity for future use and the long-term viability for agriculture. Overall Outcome 3 (h) requires that need is demonstrated such that there is an overriding need for the development in terms of a public benefit and that there is no other site that is suitable for the development. It is noted that there has been no analysis of need presented for the subdivision of rural land and that there is still surplus rural residential land in the region capable of further subdivision.

The two following grounds have been provided to support the application.

1. *The proposal will enable more usable, hobby farming and will enable all lots to continue to farm with cows, chickens and the like.*

This statement cannot be validated. No evidence has been supplied that supports the statement. There is no guarantee that future lot owners will utilise proposed Lot 2 and 3 for agricultural purposes, particularly as their lot sizes (under 2ha) do not generally allow

for useful agricultural activities once a dwelling, driveway, outbuildings and effluent disposal areas have been introduced.

2. *The proposal complies with the Rural Zone intent by retaining the existing rural land to continue rural uses.*

The proposal does not comply with the Rural Zone intended outcomes as the proposed lot sizes for Lot 2 and 3 do not allow for continued meaningful agricultural development. It is not disputed that Proposed Lot 1 can continue to be used for agricultural purposes. However, it is noted that a building application has been submitted over Proposed Lot 1 for a dwelling, secondary dwelling and shed which will further reduce the availability of agricultural land on the site.

3. *The proposed subdivision creates sustainable land parcels for continued rural activities.*

Only proposed Lot 1 can be used for continued meaningful agricultural activities.

4. *The subject site is bounded by 8 allotments which provide a lot sizes ranging from 2.0 hectares to 11 hectares. The proposal is therefore consistent with the immediate area and considered to be infill development.*

The subject site is bounded by 13 allotments with 4 different zones as below:

Lot	Zone	Lot Size
3SP313419	Rural	48.11ha
4SP313419	Rural	2.099ha
5SP313419	Rural	1.056ha
6SP313419	Rural	1.015ha
7SP313419	Rural	1.568ha
31RP895918	Rural Residential	4.001ha
33RP895918	Rural Residential	2.044ha
2RP747086	Rural Residential	2.04ha
1RP747086	Rural Residential	2.04ha
5RP738971	Rural	13.32ha
7RP738971	Rural	2.896ha
293HR176	Recreation and open space	93.728ha
24AP19346	Environmental management and conservation	10102.84ha

The table above shows that the site is bounded by a range of different lot sizes from 1.015ha to 10102.84ha as well as four different zones, each with their own intended character. Therefore, drawing a connection to a character of the immediate area is not discernible or a relevant ground to demonstrate compliance with Overall Outcome 3 (i) of the code. The development is not achieving an 'infill' outcome, rather provides for an extension of the rural residential lands in Sugarloaf.

5. *The reconfiguration is intended to provide an opportunity to enter into small lot farming for which otherwise would not be possible due to the costs of purchasing farming land.*

The ground is unsubstantiated. Ample Rural residential land exists within the area which the same small lot farming could be undertaken. This proposal removes land from the parent parcel which is used for agricultural purposes. Once the new lots are created and residential structures are erected, there is less rural land for agricultural purposes.

4.4.5. Development Codes

Reconfiguring a Lot Code

The proposed development is inconsistent with the Reconfiguring a Lot Code. The proposal is unable to meet the Performance Outcomes of the code whereby it does not meet the minimum lot size of 100ha, or minimum width and length requirements listed within the code. The new allotments are unable to maintain a productive use or the amenity of rural land and is not compatible with the preferred character of the zone. The proposal is inconsistent with the intended purpose of land within the zone and does not offer unique circumstances to justify approval despite the inconsistency.

Infrastructure Code

An Effluent Feasibility Study by Subtest was supplied with the application material. The report demonstrates that each new lot can be serviced with an effluent disposal system in accordance with the Queensland Plumbing and Wastewater Code, sized for a 4-bedroom dwelling.

In addition, there is space for the appropriate number of water tanks which is to be resolved at future building works stage. The land is capable of connection to electricity and mobile phone coverage exists in the locality.

A hydrological assessment has been undertaken by the applicant's consulting engineer. The assessment has identified areas subject to Q100 inundation over the allotment. This area would be required to be placed under easement if the proposal is given approval. The areas subject to Q100 inundation are primarily within the identified drainage path (Fox Creek) that traverses through the site. Sufficient space remains in both new lots to provide a dwelling house, effluent disposal areas and outbuildings outside of the inundation area.

Landscaping Code

The site benefits from existing vegetation and vegetation removal is only permitted as per the approved Vegetation Management Plan from SARA.

Excavation and Filling Code

Various excavation and filling would be required for construction of the new access driveway for Proposed Lot 2 and 3. This driveway installation would require a large culvert crossing to provide a safe all-weather access. If the application is approved, conditions will require detailed design of the access at Operational Works stage.

Transport and Parking Code

An Engineering Overview by Reece Milburn was supplied regarding access to each proposed lot.

Access is proposed to be gained from two separate access locations along Sugarloaf Road. Proposed Lots 2 and 3 will gain access from an existing shared access driveway with 341 Sugarloaf Road on the northern boundary of the site. This access is proposed to

have a 3m wide concrete pavement with passing bays within the shoulders at a length of 500m to proposed Lot 2. This access is required to cross a significant natural gully and the supporting engineering report advises that future culverts will need to be able to cater for 1% AEP events. Driveway grade non-compliances have been identified where the driveway is required to traverse the gully. The maximum permitted grade is 20% for 6m in every 12m and the proposed driveway between chainage 379 and 397 achieves 24.86%. There is potential for compliant grades to be achieved, however it will result in significantly more cutting of the gully's embankment. Conditions of approval could be imposed to achieve compliance with the Development Manual standards.

Access to Proposed Lot 1 is located 200m south of the access for Lots 2 and 3. As this is the parent parcel and provides access to one dwelling, the driveway is not required to be sealed except in areas exceeding 10% grade which approximately 330m of the 770m driveway does. This could be provided as development conditions.

Sighting distance for the access location to Sugarloaf Road for Proposed Lots 2 and 3 requires the installation of an additional 'Concealed Driveway' signage within the southern approach. Infrastructure Services has advised that the solution is appropriate and could be conditioned.

5. Public Submissions

The development application was placed on public notification between 6 July 2023 and 27 July 2023 in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Planning Act 2016. The Notice of Compliance was received on 28 July 2023. One submission was received during this period of Public Notification.

Submissions have been received and summarised in the below table:

Issue	Comment
1. Cut and Fill for the Access to new Lots	The submitter raises concerns with a potential 4m retaining wall on the boundary of their property created by the new access for proposed Lots 2 and 3. Long and cross sections supplied identify a maximum 1.2m of retaining required for the access on the boundary of the submitter.
2. Amenity and Rural Character	Submitter raises concern with having two new rural residential allotments on their boundary. Submitter believes the proposal will impinge on their privacy and amenity from two additional dwellings on the boundary and will therefore take away the rural character of the area in which they bought specifically for.

6. Infrastructure Charges

5.1. Adopted Infrastructure Charges Resolution

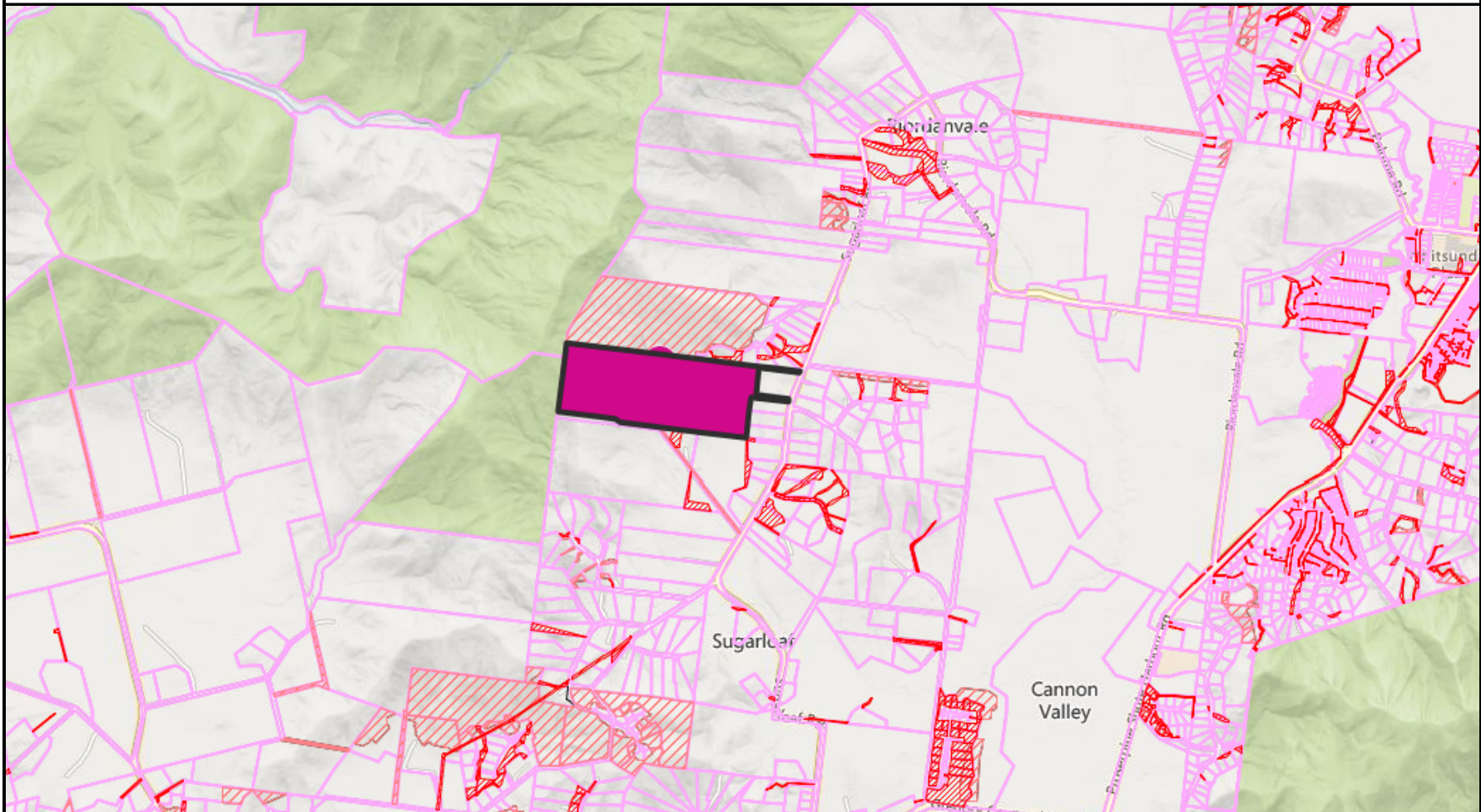
The following is a breakdown on the Infrastructure Charges for the development:

Adopted Charge				
Type of Development	Development Category	Demand Unit & Qty	Charge Rate	Adopted Charge
ROL	Residential	3	\$31,080.00	\$93,240.00
<i>Total Adopted Charge</i>				<i>\$93,240.00</i>
Credit				

Attachment 11.2.1 Planning Assessment Report

Type of Development	Development Category	Demand Unit & Qty	Charge Rate	Discount	Total Credit
Existing	Residential	1	\$31,080.00	100%	\$31,080.00
ROL	Water	2	\$31,080.00	30%	\$18,648.00
ROL	Sewer	2	\$31,080.00	27%	\$16,783.20
<i>Total Credit</i>					\$66,511.20
Total Levied Charge					\$26,728.80

28-Aug-2023

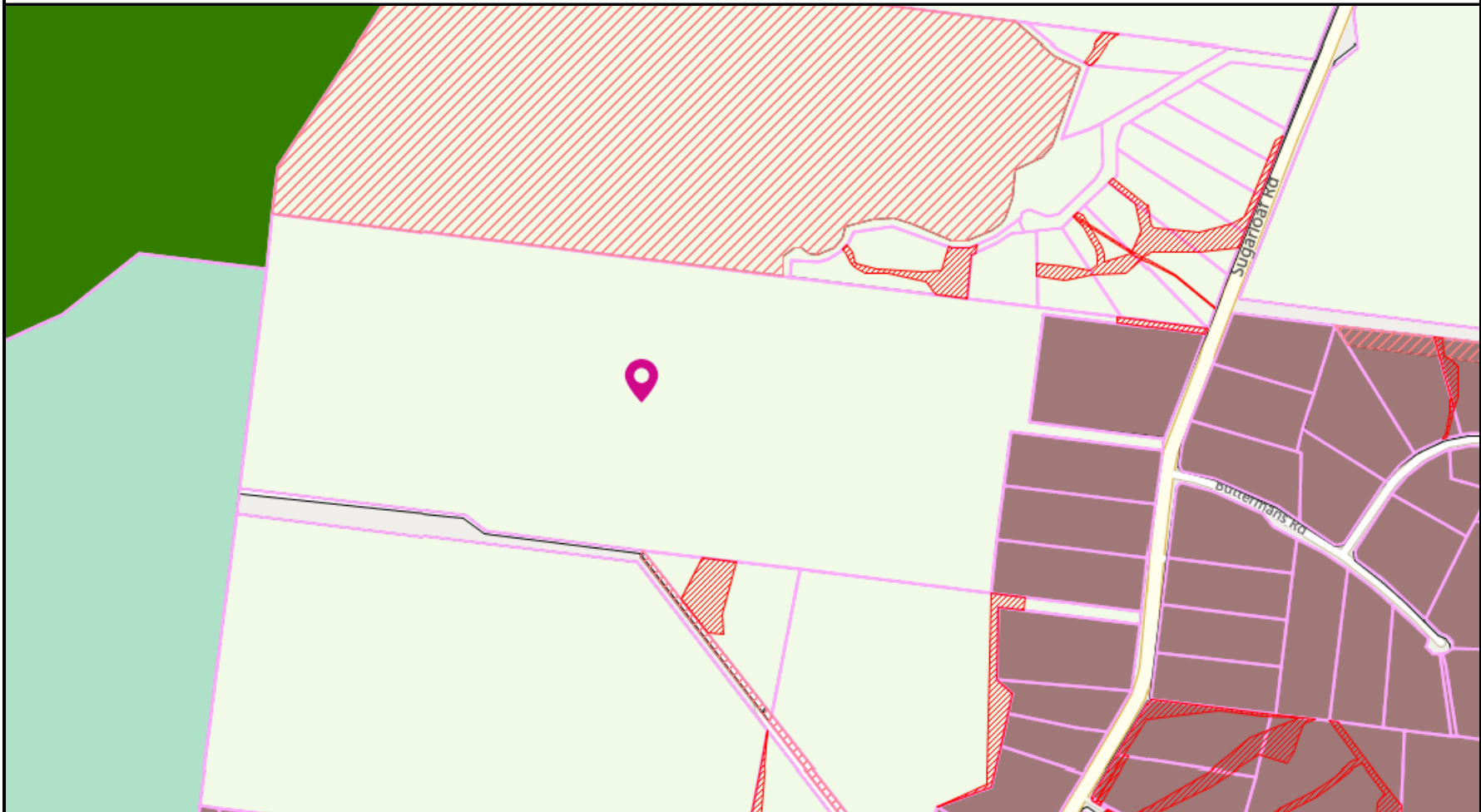


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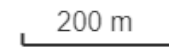
1000 m

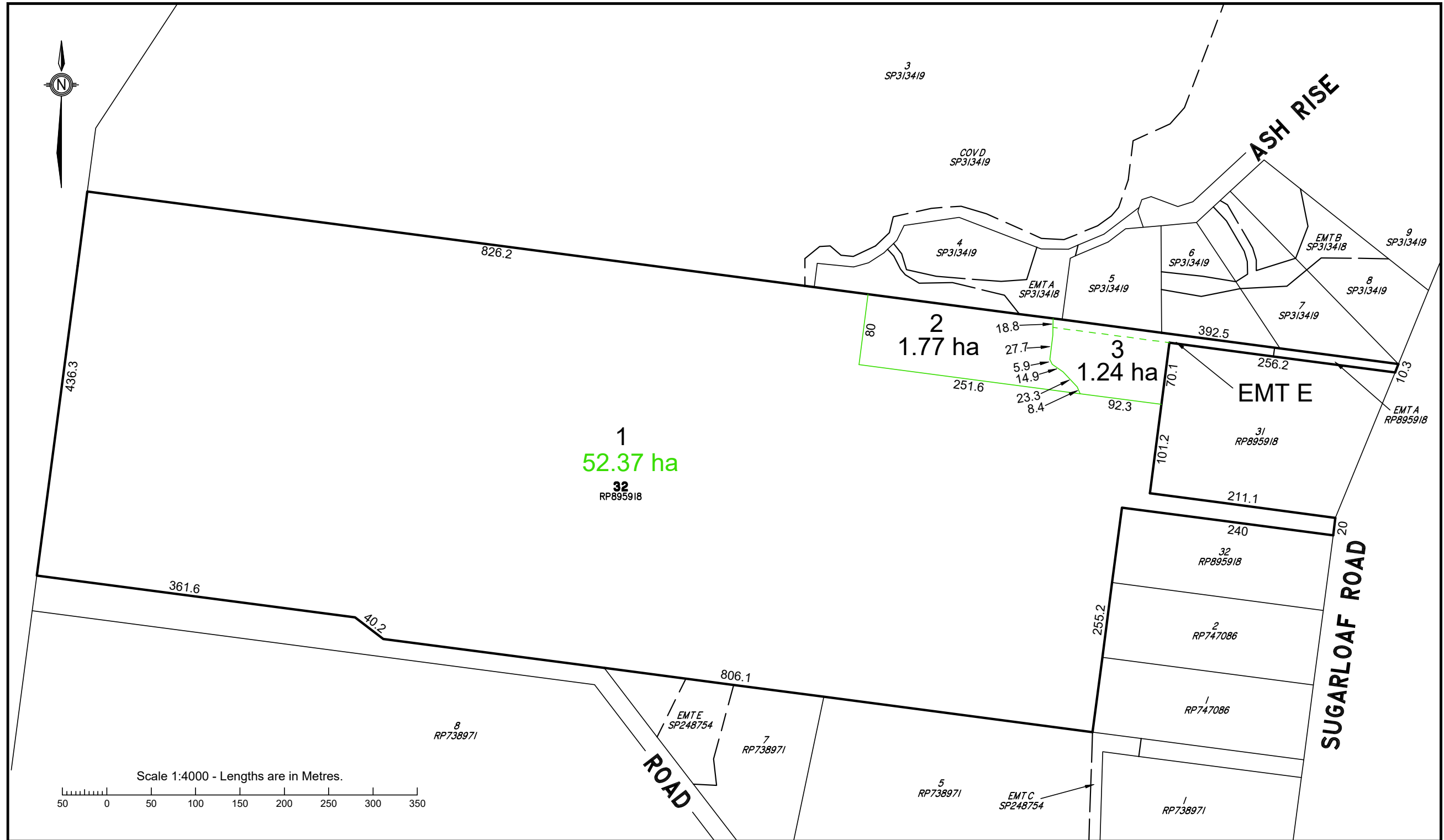




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IMPORTANT NOTES:
 This proposal plan is prepared for BENLEE DEVELOPMENTS PTY LTD and for the sole purpose of accompanying a planning application to council and should not be used for any other purpose or any other person or corporation.
 Final lot design, dimensions and area are subject to council and government authority approvals and final survey.
 The title boundaries as shown hereon have been determined by plan dimensions and are approximate only. It is recommended that a boundary identification survey be completed prior to any construction.
 These notes form an integral part of this plan.

Surveyed by		Horizontal Datum	GDA2020 Zone 55
Survey Date		Level Datum	
Drawn by	SRR	Parish	
Checked by	SRR	County	
Locality	SUGARLOAF	Local Authority	WHITSUNDAY REGIONAL

Client	BENLEE DEVELOPMENTS PTY LTD		
Title	PROPOSED LOT 1 - 3 AND EMT E SUGARLOAF ROAD, SUGARLOAF CANCELLING LOT 32 ON RP895918		
CCAD	0057 SMITH	Date	17/03/2022
Scale	1:4000 @ A3		



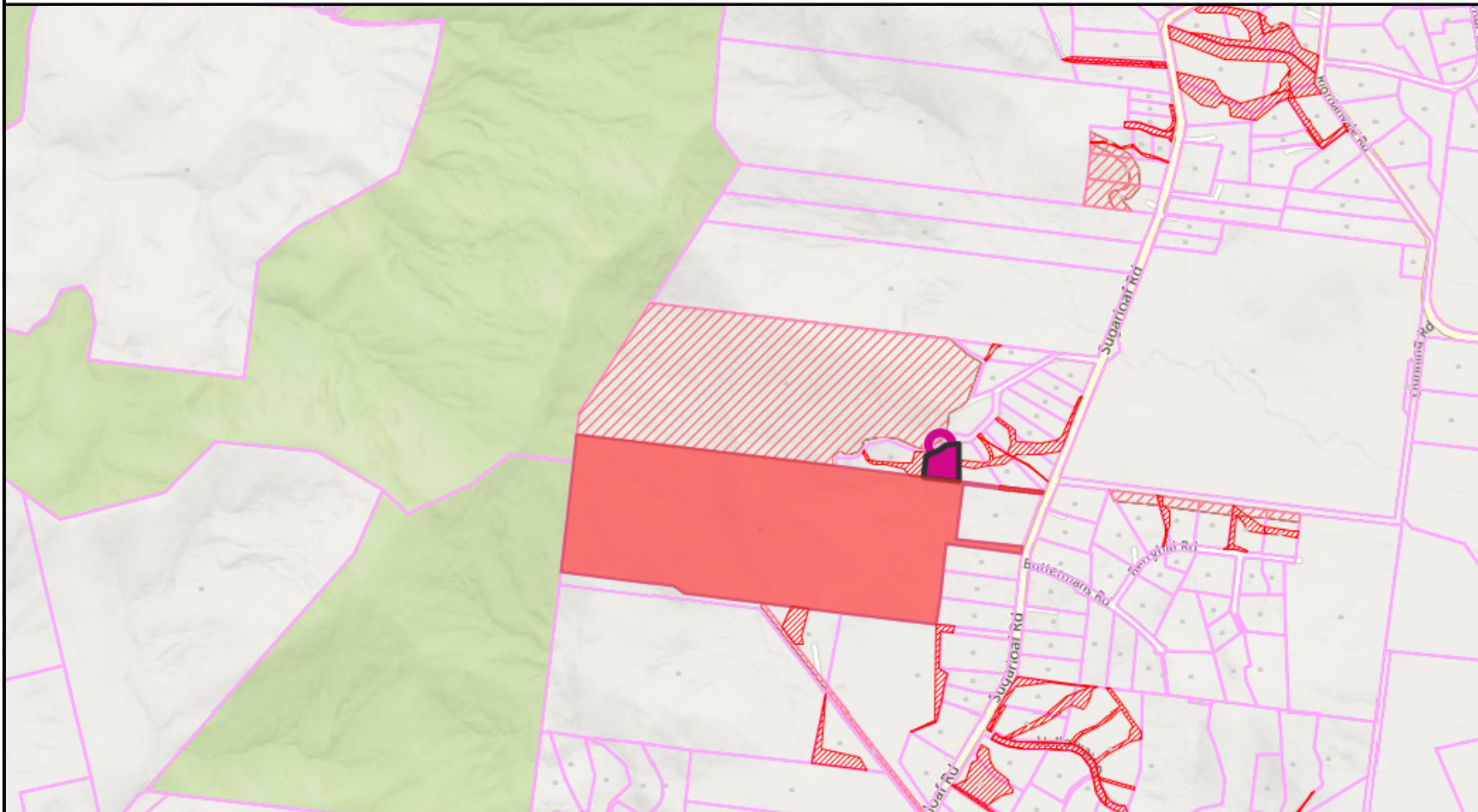
LOCUS SURVEYS
 SURVEY | PLAN | MANAGE

LOCUS Surveys Pty Ltd
 ABN 42 644 512 041
 PO Box 1081
 Proserpine QLD 4800
 Ph - 0473 079790
 Email - scott@locussurveys.com.au
 Web - locussurveys.com.au

Job Ref	Drawing No	Rev
0057	PD-02	A

Submitter Location

28-Aug-2023



Disclaimer

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500 m

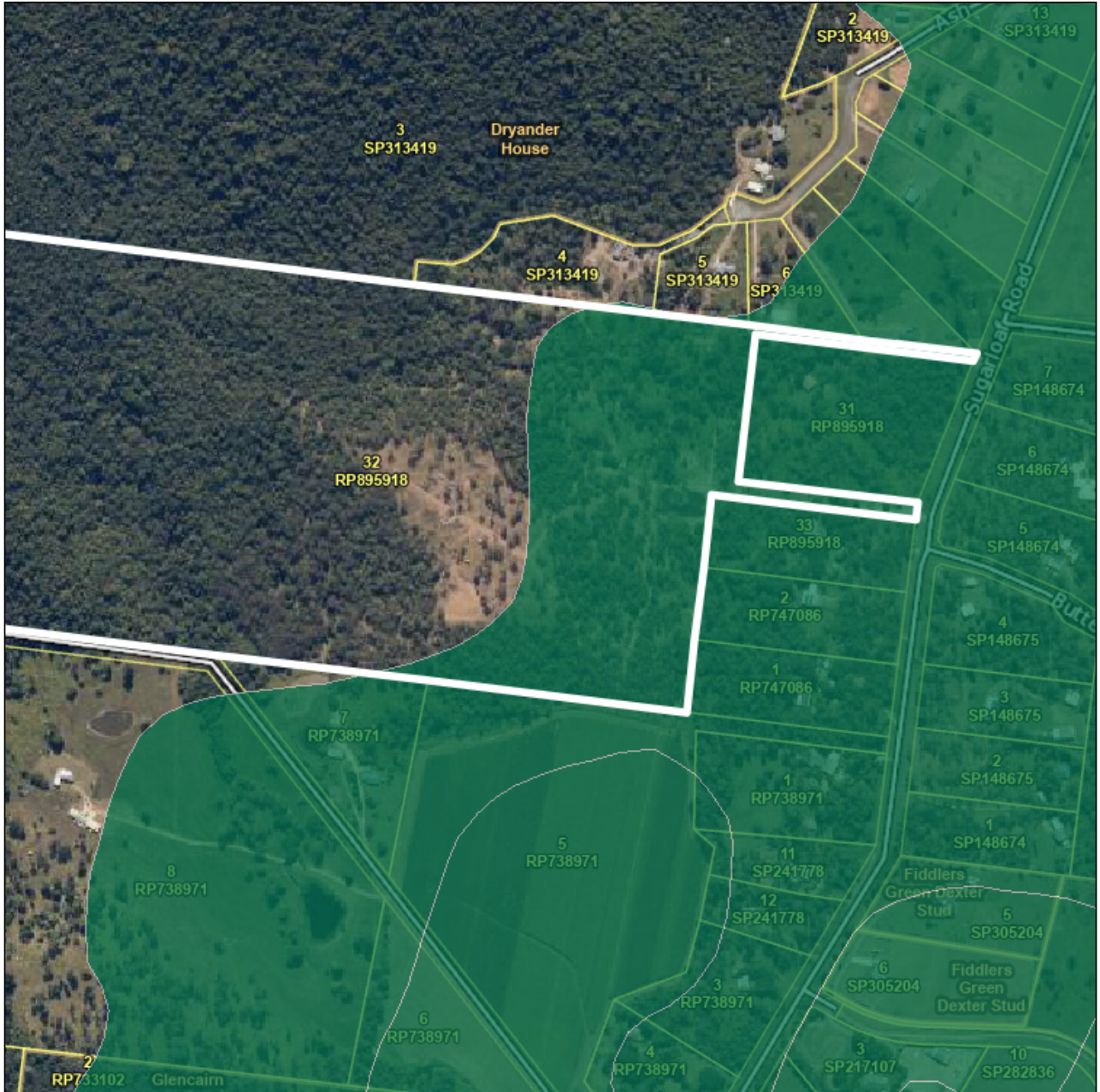


Agricultural Land Classification

319 Sugarloaf Road, Sugarloaf

20°17'36"S 148°37'26"E

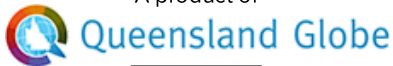
20°17'36"S 148°38'11"E



20°18'18"S 148°37'26"E

20°18'18"S 148°38'11"E

A product of



Legend located on next page



Printed at: A4
Print date: 23/8/2023

Not suitable for accurate measurement.
Projection: Web Mercator EPSG 102100 (3857)

For more information, visit
<https://qldglobe.information.qld.gov.au/help-info/Contact-us.html>

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Agricultural Land Classification

319 Sugarloaf Road, Sugarloaf

Legend

Agricultural land class A and B



Agricultural land class A and B bdy - zoom in



Address

Land parcel



Land parcel - gt 1 ha



Land parcel - gt 10 ha



Property



Land parcel - gt 1000 ha



Land parcel label

Land parcel label - gt 1 ha

Land parcel label - gt 10 ha

Land parcel label - gt 1000 ha

Places: Search Results

32RP895918

Cities and Towns



Road Crossing

— Bridge

Tunnel

Road

— Highway

— Main

— Local

— Private

Railway



Attribution

Maxar

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11.3 - Havengrand Term lease

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Peter Shuttlewood - Executive Manager Procurement, Property & Fleet

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Jason Bradshaw - Director Corporate Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. LEASE PLAN - Lease A and B on S P 256304 in Lot 35 on H R 49 [11.3.1 - 3 pages]

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to consider the current arrangements for the disposal of interest in land noting both the short and long term uses and whether Council would approve continuing to enter into a further lease with DE Scodellaro Pty Ltd, GC McDowall and RS McDowall for Lot 3 on RP742888 and Lease A in SP 256304 and Lease B in SP 256304, commonly known as the Havengrand Land.

The original purpose for acquiring the land was to provide for future recreation uses in the longer-term plans for the region. Until the site is readily available for use, Council should consider what is the best use of that land in the interim.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council authorise the Chief Executive Officer to enter into negotiations with DE Scodellaro Pty Ltd, GC McDowall and RS McDowall and execute a whole of land lease being Lot 3 on RP742888 and Lease A in SP 256304 and Lease B in SP 256304 in accordance with Section 236(1)(c)(iii) and 236(2) and 236(3) of the Local Government Regulation 2012 for a period of 12 months with a further option of 12 months.

BACKGROUND

Council is the owner of Lot 3 on RP742888 and Lot 35 on HR49 'the Site'. Council purchased this Site on 18 October 2010 at a cost of \$2,419,999.00 with the intention of providing a new sporting complex for the Whitsunday Region.

The sporting complex has not commenced at this Site and Council invited public tenders to lease the land and entered into lease arrangement with the current Lessee's DE Scodellaro Pty Ltd, GC McDowall and RS McDowall for whole of the land being Lot 3 on RP742888 and part of the land on Lot 35 on HR49 identified on the attached lease plans as A & B. This lease commenced on 01 January 2013 with the permitted use being cane farming for a period of 10 years.

The current Lessee's have requested from Council to enter into a new lease with a 12-month term. They are currently operating on a month by month hold over period for a maximum term 12 months from their lease expiry on 31 December 2022.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

Council has conducted extensive consultation with sporting and community groups regarding the future use of the Havengrand land. As a result of this consultation Council is progressing

with the production of a draft masterplan to capture the future use of the Site which will include significant civil infrastructure to service the proposed facilities.

Due to timeframe required to prepare the masterplan and progress the works on the site, there is a requirement for the land to be maintained for pest, weeds and grass.

Three options are available to Council for the use of the land during the estimated timeframe required for the Masterplan drafting and commencement of works.

Option 1 – Vacant land

On the expiration of the current lease Council may leave the land vacant until the final master plan has been completed and construction commences for the approved Council use.

This option offers little in benefit to Council other than the immediate readiness for the works which also could be achieved in the granting of the lease. In addition, as the land would no longer be under the lease Council would not be receiving rental income and the responsibilities for maintenance and rates and charges would be incurred by Council.

Option 2 – Renew the current lease with the current lessee for period of 12 months with options.

The Local Government Regulation 2012 (Regulation) provides Council with the capacity to renew the lease with the existing tenant of the land if the consideration (rental) for the disposal is valued greater or equal to that of an independent valuation.

The current lessee has indicated that they would be willing to lease the land for an additional twelve months on the same terms. This would assist in the timely execution of a lease agreement, continued maintenance of the land and the lessee would retain value in the crop which is returned in higher rental income.

By not inviting tenders Council is not able to test the market for interested parties however given the short term proposed offers may be limited.

Option 3 – Invite public tenders for the use of the Havengrand

Through the invitation of tenders in accordance with the Regulation for the use of the land Council can ensure the continued maintenance and use of the land until the proposed Masterplan works commence. The formal tender process and lease execution will require a minimum of eight weeks due to legislated advertisement period of three weeks. Provisions to enable the partial surrender of the land may be included in the lease to enable the commencement of the masterplan works whilst still providing a lessee with continued use of available land.

The invitation will provide for a competitive process for the term however given the process does not enable a value to be dictated, Council may not receive the same or greater rental return.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Local Government Regulation 2012
Land Act 1994

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Manage Council's property and building assets to ensure optimal community outcomes.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The current annual lease rental fee is \$35,000 (Excluding GST). Advice from registered valuers that common practice is for the lease fee to be based upon the revenue derived from the cropping activity onsite. Subject to the negotiation by the parties the recommended rental income shall be the equivalent or higher to that of the current rental figure indexed from the anniversary of the lease.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Director Community Services
Director Infrastructure Services
Director Development Services
Manager Economic Development
Chief Executive Officer

RISK ASSESSMENT

Through the execution of a new lease for the site Council will mitigate ongoing pest and maintenance costs and the loss of revenue should a new lease not be executed, and the potential for Council to incur rates and charges fees.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

The draft lease is required be issued for review prior to the end of September 2023 to enable the lessee suitable time to prepare for the 2024 crushing season.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

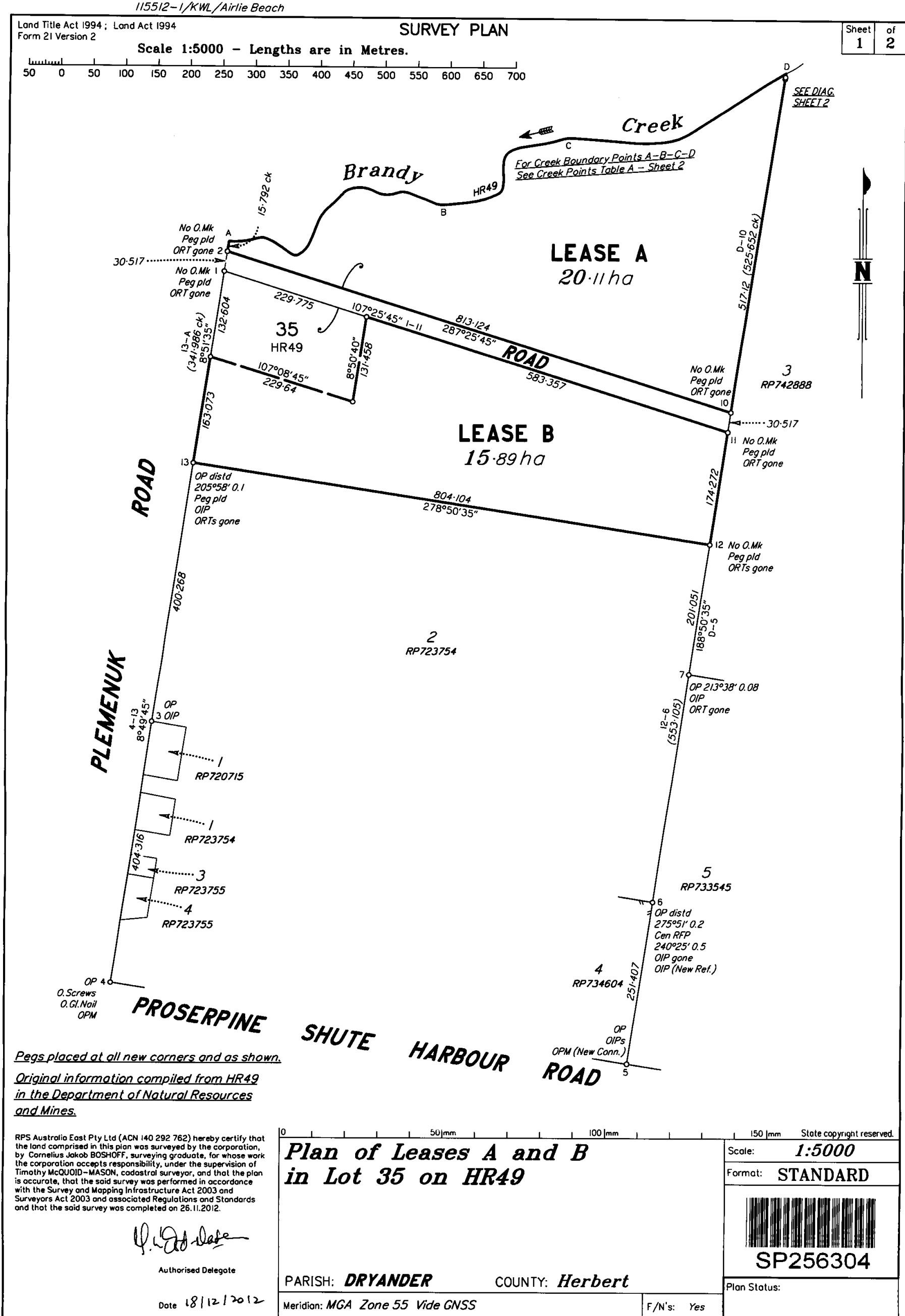
This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

This is page 53 of the Agenda of Council's Ordinary Council Meeting - 27 September 2023



Options	Description	Positives	Negatives
Option 2	Invite public tenders for the lease of the land	Process enables other bidders to submit an offer.	Due to Council only seeking a one year initial term there may be minimal interest or a lower rental fee is offered.
Option 3	The Site to remain vacant until works commence on the Site.	The site is available for use without limitation.	Loss of revenue, considerable cost increase and the land may site unused due to the time required to complete Master planning and the commencement of works.



<p>714932807</p> <p>MY 403 \$343.50 12/02/2013 16:07</p>		<p>WARNING : Folded or Mutilated Plans will not be accepted. Plans may be rolled. Information may not be placed in the outer margins.</p>																						
<p>Registered</p>		<p>5. Lodged by MACROSSAN & AMIET, 756 SOLICITORS 55 GORDON STREET MACKAY 4740 PHONE: 4944 2000 EMAIL: mac@macamiet.com.au <small>(Include address, phone number, reference, and Lodger Code)</small></p>																						
<p>1. Certificate of Registered Owners or Lessees. +/We WHITSUNDAY REGIONAL COUNCIL</p> <p>(Names in full)</p> <p>* as Registered Owners of this land agree to this plan and dedicate the Public Use Land as shown hereon in accordance with Section 50 of the Land Title Act 1994.</p> <p>* as Lessees of this land agree to this plan.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>[Signature]</i> Chief Executive Officer</p> <p>Signature of *Registered Owners *Lessees</p> <p><small>* Rule out whichever is inapplicable</small></p>		<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th colspan="2">6. Existing</th> <th colspan="5">Created</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Title Reference</th> <th>Description</th> <th>New Leases</th> <th>Road</th> <th>Emts</th> <th>Cov.</th> <th>Profit or Prendre</th> </tr> <tr> <td>21038105</td> <td>Lot 35 on HR49</td> <td>A, B</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> </tr> </table>		6. Existing		Created					Title Reference	Description	New Leases	Road	Emts	Cov.	Profit or Prendre	21038105	Lot 35 on HR49	A, B	—	—	—	—
6. Existing		Created																						
Title Reference	Description	New Leases	Road	Emts	Cov.	Profit or Prendre																		
21038105	Lot 35 on HR49	A, B	—	—	—	—																		
<p>2. Local Government Approval.</p> <p>* hereby approves this plan in accordance with the : %</p> <p>Dated this day of</p> <p>..... #</p> <p>..... #</p> <p><small>* Insert the name of the Local Government. % Insert Integrated Planning Act 1997 or # Insert designation of signatory or delegation Local Government (Planning & Environment) Act 1990</small></p>		<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:50%; text-align: center;">Lots</td> <td style="width:50%; text-align: center;">Orig</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">7. Portion Allocation :</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">8. Map Reference : 8657-31343</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">9. Locality : Cannon Valley</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">10. Local Government : Whitsunday R.C.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">11. Passed & Endorsed : RPS Australia East Pty Ltd By: ACN 140 292 762 Date: 18/12/2012 21/01/2013 <i>[Signature]</i> Signed: <i>[Signature]</i> Designation: Cadastral Surveyor</td> </tr> </table>		Lots	Orig	7. Portion Allocation :		8. Map Reference : 8657-31343		9. Locality : Cannon Valley		10. Local Government : Whitsunday R.C.		11. Passed & Endorsed : RPS Australia East Pty Ltd By: ACN 140 292 762 Date: 18/12/2012 21/01/2013 <i>[Signature]</i> Signed: <i>[Signature]</i> Designation: Cadastral Surveyor										
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<p>3. Plans with Community Management Statement :</p> <p>CMS Number : Name :</p>		<p>4. References :</p> <p>Dept File : Local Govt : Surveyor : 115512-1</p>																						
<p>12. Building Format Plans only.</p> <p>I certify that : * As far as it is practical to determine, no part of the building shown on this plan encroaches onto adjoining lots or road. * Part of the building shown on this plan encroaches onto adjoining * lots and road</p> <p>Authorised Delegate * Date <small>* delete words not required</small></p>		<p>13. Lodgement Fees :</p> <p>Survey Deposit \$</p> <p>Lodgement \$</p> <p>..... New Titles \$</p> <p>Photocopy \$</p> <p>Postage \$</p> <p>TOTAL \$</p>																						
<p>14. Insert Plan Number</p> <p style="text-align: right; font-size: 1.2em;">SP256304</p>																								

Land Title Act 1994; Land Act 1994
Form 21A Version 1

ADDITIONAL SHEET

Sheet 2 of 2

REFERENCE MARKS

STN	TO	ORIGIN	BEARING	DIST
1	ORT (Gum) gone	1/HR49	182°06'35"	5.23
1	Pin		279°09'30"	21.615
2	ORT (MB Ash) gone	2/HR49	58°41'35"	16.898
3	OIP	13/IS207691	280°18'45"	1.01
4	O.Screw in concrete	6/IS221399	140°45'45"	1.67
4	O.Screw in kerb	6/IS221399	263°42'45"	27.03
4	O.Gl.Nail	6/IS221399	255°27'15"	39.3
5	OIP	13/IS221399	188°49'10"	0.96
5	OIP	1/RP723735	278°50'35"	1.006
6	OIP gone	4/RP723735	184°41'35"	1.008
6	OIP (New Ref.)	4/RP723735	276°59'30"	1.024
7	OIP	5/RP723735	54°53'35"	0.933
7	ORT (Bldwd) gone	11/HR33	54°56'35"	18.206
9	ORT (Scrub) gone	9/HR49	272°06'35"	4.748
9	ORT (Scrub) gone	15/HR33	273°36'35"	4.748
9	ORT (Scrub) gone	15/HR33	68°26'35"	12.412
10	ORT (Bldwd) gone	10/HR49	11°36'35"	6.417
10	Pin		9°38'40"	19.138
11	ORT (Ash) gone	11/HR49	238°26'35"	1.811
12	Pin		289°37'25"	1.189
12	ORT (Bldwd) gone	12/HR33	66°56'35"	7.705
12	ORT (Ti-tree) gone	12/HR49	280°06'35"	17.3
13	OIP	4/RP720715	278°49'15"	1.006
13	ORT (Ti-tree) gone	13/HR49	32°16'35"	7.302
13	ORT (Stump) gone	2/H12486	331°29'15"	11.165

TABLE A
CREEK POINTS (Top of Bank)

	BEARING	DISTANCE	
A	94°32'40"	10.402	
	84°07'10"	23.855	
	71°52'40"	16.39	
	109°22'10"	15.685	
	120°42'	13.936	
	125°15'35"	28.58	
	67°56'45"	14.807	
	37°16'15"	15.91	
	22°08'20"	47.328	
	45°44'30"	24.285	
B	45°26'05"	33.486	
	84°01'15"	26.177	
	113°22'	33.727	
	76°12'20"	30.466	
	110°48'05"	41.205	
	110°06'30"	20.83	
	C	79°45'55"	33.416
		81°11'15"	43.148
		58°11'40"	21.316
		0°15'10"	51.517
50°12'30"		20.518	
80°43'55"		51.288	
75°13'45"		35.013	
D		94°09'15"	124.878
		81°44'55"	36.161
		71°53'30"	18.268
	56°53'15"	148.133	

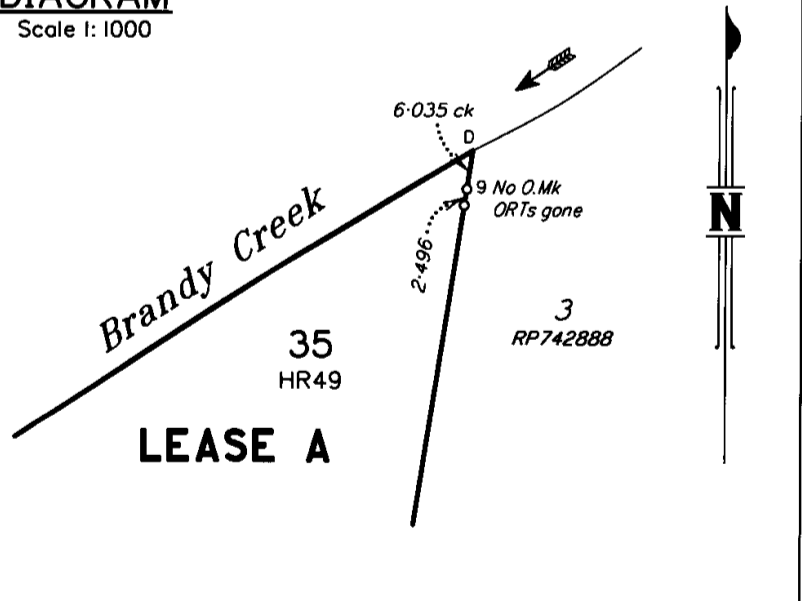
PERMANENT MARKS

PM	ORIGIN	BEARING	DIST	NO
4-OPM	6/IS221399	245°46'50"	240.8	27387
5-OPM	4/SP142555	278°35'20"	343.552	143496

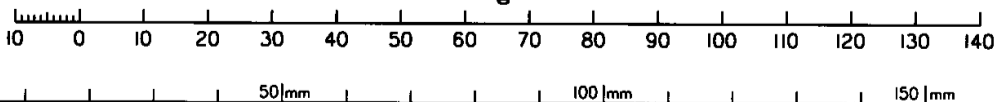
New Conn.

DIAGRAM

Scale 1:1000



Scale 1:1000 - Lengths are in Metres.



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Insert Plan Number **SP256304**

11.4 - RV Park - Proserpine

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Peter Shuttlewood - Executive Manager Procurement, Property & Fleet

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Jason Bradshaw - Director Corporate Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. Lease Plan B [11.4.1 - 1 page]

PURPOSE

This report seeks Council consideration and endorsement of the future operations of the Proserpine RV Rest Stop located at 126 Main Street, Proserpine.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council not enter into a further new lease with the Roman Catholic Trust Corporation for the Diocese of Townsville for the Proserpine RV Rest Stop at the conclusion of its current term on 30 September 2023.

BACKGROUND

Council adopted the Proserpine Sustainability Master Plan in 2017 as the community's vision for prosperity and sustainability of the Proserpine area. One key element arising from the master plan was the communities desire to see a Recreational vehicle (RV) site established. At the time the Lake Proserpine facility was not in operation and during peak periods the Proserpine Caravan Park was heavily booked.

The extensive community consultation undertaken at the time established that there were a number of site options where the community considered the RV site could operate.

As part of Council's community consultation to develop the Proserpine Sustainability and Future Growth Master Plan, a priority element was the desire to see an RV site established in Proserpine.

Council undertook analysis of preferred options including the proposed Wilmar site, the old Shell Service Station, the Proserpine Showgrounds and the oval at the rear of St Catherine's School Marathon Street campus.

After discussions with relevant stakeholders and due diligence it was clear that the best site was the St Catherine's School oval which the school had vacated.

The RV Rest Stop was approved by Council on 12 June 2019 subject to a number of conditions of the Development Approval which were to be staged should the site be operated permanently.

Council entered into a part of land lease with the Roman Catholic Trust Corporation for the Diocese of Townsville for Part of 11 Marathon Street (Lease C) in October 2019 for the purposes of operating a free RV (Recreation Vehicle) rest stop.

The Development Approval included staged approach to which Council currently is outside of the development approval condition's timeframes for Stage 2.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

The Proserpine RV Rest Stop provides free use, for up to 48 hours, for visitors to the region who drive vehicles that are fully self-contained. To be considered fully self-contained vehicle must be fitted with on-board facilities such as toilet, shower and sink. These on-board facilities cannot be a separate item; they must be manufactured as part of the vehicle and plumbed in. The park is closed between December and March each year due to the ground conditions during the wet season.

The Proserpine RV Rest Stop operates under a lease with Roman Catholic Trust Corporation for the Diocese of Townsville (Catholic Church) which provides an option period of twelve (12) months which can be exercised for a maximum of three (3) times. The lease has been operating on a month by month on the same terms however the limit on the current agreement expires on 30 September 2023.

Initial discussions with the Catholic Church have identified that should Council desire a new lease a term not exceeding ten (10) years would be viewed favourably. In determining the way forward three potential options were considered, mainly;

Option 1:

Council proceed with the current operating model – the development approval conditions stipulate the installation of drainage, lighting and appropriate carpark seal to the parking area. This estimate of cost is conservatively \$600,000 which is currently unbudgeted for works on land which is not owned by Council and ownership of constructed assets would return to the Catholic Church at the end of the lease term.

However, should Council proceed with an additional term and as a result of the works completed the park would be able to be open 12 months of the year which would increase visitation and economic benefit to the township of Proserpine.

Option 2:

If the lease was not renewed as a condition of lease, Council would be required to *make good* the improvements made to the site which would incur an estimate of cost of approximately \$9,500 (Excluding GST). This includes the removal of the dump point and a boundary fence which divides the property. In addition, some minor ground maintenance would be required due to the movement of vehicles on the land which has resulted in rutting and gouging of the site.

Activity	Amount (Excluding GST)
Dump point removal	5,000.00
Fencing removal	2,500.00
Site clearing	2,000.00
	\$ 9,500.00

The resulting removal of these vehicles from the park may result in reduced turnover at local businesses due to their proximity and also the shorter visitation to the town centre.

Option 3:

Previous sites investigated at the commencement of the lease may be revisited to assess their potential for use as a free RV Rest Area however may result in the same issues in

relation to Development approval, entering into competition with paid caravan parks (Including Councils own facilities at Lake Proserpine and Proserpine Caravan Park) and gap between identification and activation of a site.

Current other free options within the region

In addition to the Proserpine RV Rest Stop Council operates a free RV Park at the Collinsville Showgrounds with no limitations on vehicle type however with a 72-hour time limitation on use.

Informal parking sites have been established within the region with the closest to Proserpine located at Gunyarra Road as well as outside the Council boundaries at Bloomsbury. A free camping service is provided at Guthalungra by the Department of Transport and Main Roads however with a 20-hour limit on permitted stay.

Economic benefit and competition

An assessment of the potential economic benefits to the town of Proserpine based upon the number of vans using the site has been assessed using the following formulae. Based on one day visits at 1,600 vehicles for a 6-month period from December to May with 2 people per day per vehicle equals 3,200 people.

The figures included in the assessment are based upon a 24-hour period with most visitors staying for a period of two days which would result in a considerable increase in food expenditure.

Should the RV Rest Stop not continue this may result in a minor reduction in spend, but not a total reduction.

It is recognised that the use of the RV Rest Stop (Park) may be impacting the commercial return of other like facilities in the region including Council owned facilities such as the Proserpine Caravan Park and Lake Proserpine, with evidence provided to Council from local caravan parks indicating a significant impact on revenue during the months when the RV Park is operational. anecdotal evidence that revenue is being lost to the commercial market due to the free parking being provided at this site.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Local Government Act 2009

Land Act 1994

Planning Act 2016

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Lead and improve the organisation's procurement, property and fleet functions across the organisation, including managing the centralised and specialised services to enable and achieve the operational and long-term objectives of Council.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The overall financial implications for Council if this lease is renewed include capital expenditure through investment of approximately \$600,000 and additional annual operational costs of approximately \$80,000 following completion of the works.

Should Council not renew the lease the proposed cost to Council is estimated to be \$9,500 (Excluding GST).

There are no funds budgeted in the 2023/2024 year for the completion of any of these works.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Director Community Services
Director Infrastructure Services
Director Development Services
Manager Economic Development
Chief Executive Officer

RISK ASSESSMENT

The continuation of the RV Rest Stop operations requires the full completion of conditions described in the Development Approval for the site including hard stand, drainage and lighting. This considerable expenditure on a site not owned by Council would in essence see the Council handing over a valuable asset to the Catholic Church at the end of the life of the lease.

As a result of the RV Rest Stop being in potential competition with Councils Commercial businesses and privately owned businesses the occurrence of complaints may increase.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

Council is required to either seek a new lease or allow the current lease to expire on 30 September 2023.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Options	Description	Positives	Negatives
Option 1	Seek a new lease for	Continuation of a	High cost due to DA

	ten years with the Catholic Church.	free service which is providing economic benefit to the community.	compliance, complaints due to potential competition with Council and private holiday park providers.
Option 3	Seek an alternate site for use for parking to retain customers in the township of Proserpine.	Economic benefit is continued.	New sites will be required to undergo the DA process to operate legally, which will take some time if approval is granted.

14.3383-1/SMT/Airrie Beach

Land Title Act 1994; Land Act 1994
Form 21 Version 4

SURVEY PLAN

Sheet 1 of 2

STN	TO	ORIGIN	BEARING	DIST
1	OIP	3/RP722477	270°07'30"	1-772
2	Screw in Kerb (fd)	170°24'20"	7-715	
3	OIP	4/RP722477	270°07'30"	0-915
4	OIP (not searched) under Conc	3/RP835215	181°41'	7-116
5	O Rivet in Conc	5/RP722477	270°07'50"	2-305
6	O Screw in Footpath	20/15224571	56°55'20"	2-105
7	Screw in Kerb (fd)	14°16'10"	4-355	
8	O Ram Nail Hole in Conc	6/RP835215	300°51'	1-037
9	O Rivet in Kerb gone	7/RP835215	326°18'20"	3-695
10	Nail in Conc (fd)	63°12'50"	1-47	
11	O Rivet in NE edge of Culvert	8/RP835215	87°28'30"	10-193
12	O Ram Nail in Kerb	9/RP835215	159°41'	3-747
13	OIP	12/RP722625	180°07'30"	0-604
14	Screw in Conc	142°28'10"	23-15	
15	OIP gone	10b/RP722625	180°07'30"	0-604
16	Screw in Conc	103°55'	19-17	
17	Screw in Conc	286°09'10"	6-295	

PM	ORIGIN	BEARING	DIST	NO
4-OPM	4/RP835215	191°02'30"	103-08	10329
5-OPM gone	15106293	1°31'50"	19-5	10317
6-OPM gone	6/RP835215	314°54'10"	27-67	10317
10-OPM	RP722477	175°50'	0-563	10332
14-OPM	RP722477	180°05'30"	0-626	10329
15-OPM	RP725305	136°46'50"	0-861	10329

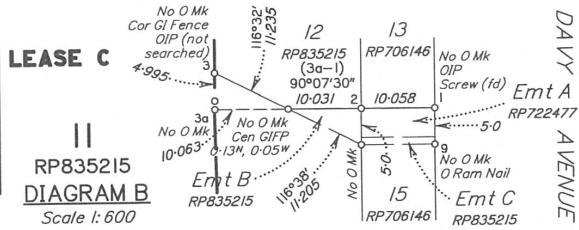
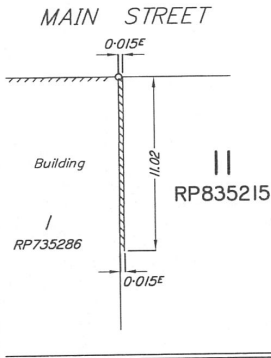


DIAGRAM A

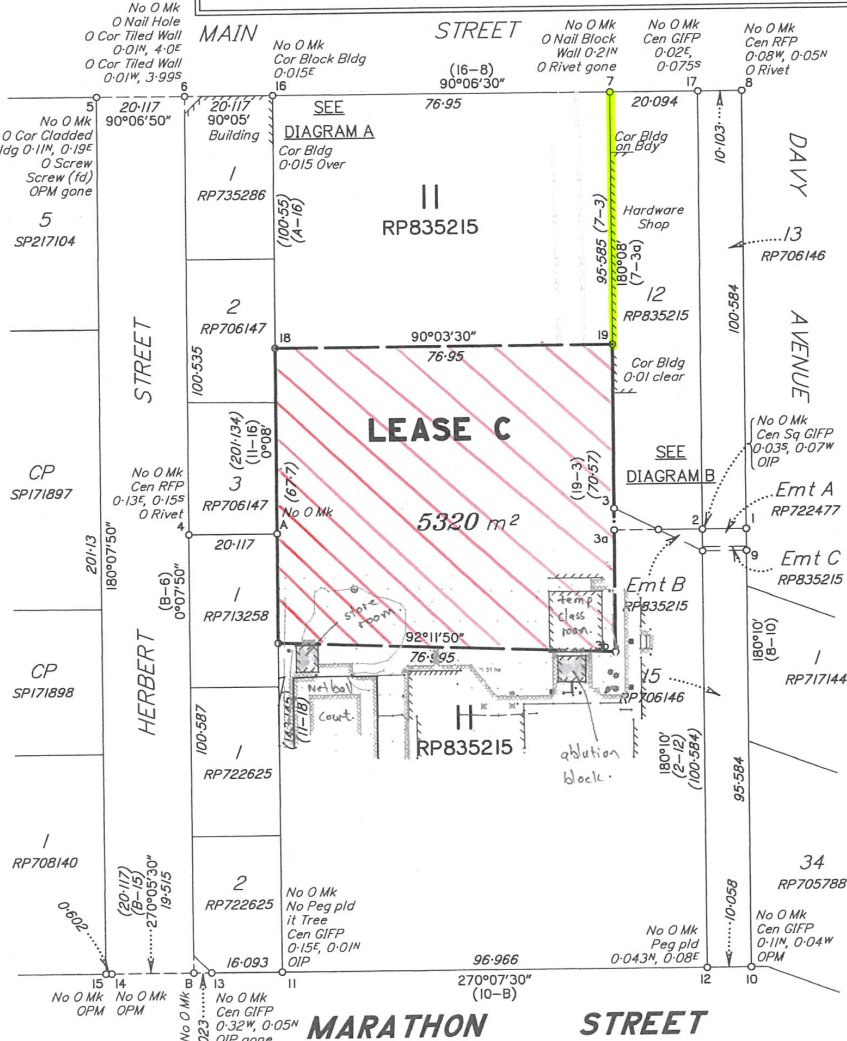
Not to Scale



DRAFT

REV D

Corners marked as noted.



Scale 1:1000 - Lengths are in Metres.

RPS Australia East Pty Ltd (ACN 140 292 762) hereby certify that the land comprised in this plan was surveyed by the corporation, by Cornelius Jakob BOSHOFF, surveyor, for whose work the corporation accepts responsibility, under the supervision of Paul Alan JACKSON, cadastral surveyor, and that the plan is accurate, that the said survey was performed in accordance with the Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003 and Surveyors Act 2003 and associated Regulations and Standards and that the said survey was completed on ##/03/2019.

Authorised Delegate

Date

Scale: 1:1000
Format: STANDARD
State copyright reserved.

Plan of Lease C

in Lot 11 on RP835215

LOCAL GOVERNMENT: PROSPERINE
Meridian: RP835215

WHITSUNDAY LOCALITY: REGIONAL
Survey Records: No

SP309414

11.5 - Boathaven Beach - Off-Leash Area

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Julie Wright - Director Community Services

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Julie Wright - Director Community Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. Boathaven Beach - Off Leash Area [11.5.1 - 1 page]

PURPOSE

To designate Boathaven Beach, Airlie Beach to a Dog Off-Leash area between the hours of 0530 and 0830 daily.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council resolves to designate the following location as a Dog Off-Leash area between the hours of 0530 and 0830 in accordance with Whitsunday Regional Council Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2014:

- a) Boathaven Beach excluding the Stinger Net Enclosure plus 10 metres either side of the stinger net.

BACKGROUND

At an Ordinary Meeting held 26 April 2023 Council approved the following Notice of Motion:

RESOLUTION OM2023/04/26.3

Moved By: CR J CLIFFORD

Seconded By: CR C BAUMAN

That for a trial period of three (3) months WRC trial an off leash area between the hours of 0530 and 0830 on New Beach or Boathaven Beach excluding the Stinger Net Area plus 10 metres either side of the Net at all times.

Furthermore, that a report be brought back to Council on the options.

MEETING DETAILS

The motion was Carried 5 / 2.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

The trial period ceased on 30 July 2023 with only one formal complaint received to Whitsunday Regional Council at 5.57pm on 15 May 2023 noting dog/s swimming in the stinger net enclosure area this report is to designate the above area with the subject conditions as a Dog Off-Leash area permanently.

Reports received from Local Law patrols reveal nil non-compliance detected plus also indicate very low numbers of dogs and owners using the beach area. However, the low numbers may be due to the winter months.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

In accordance with Section 11 Whitsunday Regional Council Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2014 – Dog off-leash areas

- (1) The local government may, by subordinate local law, designate an area within a public place as an area where a dog is not required to be on a leash (a **dog off-leash area**).
- (2) The local government must take reasonable steps to provide notice to members of the public regarding the designation of an area as a dog off-leash area.
- (3) In this section—
reasonable steps include, as a minimum, the display of a notice at a prominent place within the dog off-leash area indicating the extent of the area.

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Facilitate, foster and encourage region wide activities and programs that engage our community.

Provide high quality recreational facilities that are well utilised by the local community and visitors alike.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Financial Implications – Approval of the recommendation will require the installation of three (3) permanent signs advertising the Off-Leash area & time restrictions plus penalties applying for non-compliance will be at a cost of approximately \$800.00 in total.

The funds will be taken from GL: 03580.0476.0506 – Local Laws Expenses (03580) / Animal Control Expenses (0476) / Materials Purchased (0506).

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Manager Natural Resource Management & Climate
Local Law Officers

RISK ASSESSMENT

The designation of Boathaven Beach, Airlie Beach to a Dog Off-Leash area between the hours of 0530 and 0830 daily will support the purpose of the Whitsunday Regional Council Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2014 to protect the community against risks to health and safety by providing proper control of animals in public places.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

30 September 2023

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the

human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Options	Description	Positives	Negatives
Option 2	The trial area be returned to an on-leash area at all times.	No ambiguity to dog owners due to varied time restrictions.	Restrictions to responsible dog owners who wish to walk their dog/s off-leash.
Option 3	Designate the entire Boathaven Beach to a dog off-leash area.	Responsible dog owners who wish to walk their dog/s off-leash have no restrictions.	Inability for Local Law Officers to protect the community against risk to health and safety at all times due to irresponsible dog owners offending by non-compliance with the relevant local law. E.g. dog/s swimming in stinger enclosure.

Attachment 11.5.1 Boathaven Beach - Off Leash Area



11.6 - Relocation of Flying Fox Colony Collinsville

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Scott Hardy - Manager Natural Resource Management and Climate

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Julie Wright - Director Community Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

Nil

PURPOSE

Request Council to consider funding to undertake required works for a Flying Fox Rapid Response Project conducted by Biodiversity Australia to relocate the Collinsville Flying Fox Roost to an alternate Flying Fox camp location.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council approve the acceptance of the quote from Biodiversity Australia to the value of \$234,094 (ex GST) plus costs for additional pyrotechnics to relocate the Collinsville Flying Fox Roost to an alternate Flying Fox camp location.

BACKGROUND

In March 2021, Flying Fox started to periodically occupy a number of trees in Pelican Park in Collinsville.

Over the last 2.5 years the Flying Fox population has fluctuated in numbers and the species present. The Little Red (*P. scapulatus*) Flying Fox seem to appear in May-June and then move out around November. The Black Flying Fox (*Pteropus alecto*) are more persistent and have been the dominant species at the site. The population has fluctuated over the last 2.5 years with approximately 26,000 individuals counted in mid-September 2022.

The Flying Fox population on 12 September 2023 was approximately 10,800 individuals in 20 trees on 11 residential properties (90% Little Red Flying Fox and 10% Black Flying Fox (9,730 Red Flying Fox + 1,080 Black Flying Fox).

Council has conducted a range of Flying Fox dispersion activities over the last two years. The dispersal activities conducted in Collinsville have included:-

Summary from 2022:

- Tree Trimming in private property was successful at 3 Strathmore St Collinsville.
- Wavy man was successful in 27 Gralton Street Collinsville.
- Noise for removal was successful in Pelican Park, unfortunately the Flying Foxes then went into private property. Continuation of noise to remove from private property in Carpet St was successful and a majority went back to the park to roost, unfortunately, disturbance in the park from residents forced the Flying Foxes back into Carpet St private property.
- A combination of wavy men and smoke was used to remove them from private property in Carpet St, this was successful.

- Data revealed a majority of Flying Foxes left town during December 2022. Given the Little Red Flying Foxes are nomadic, unsure whether Flying Fox left Collinsville naturally of their own accord or left due to the smoke.
- In 2022, Whitsunday Regional Council conducted a community consultation process from the 1st of June to the 20th of June 2022. The purpose of the community consultation was to gauge the impact of the Flying foxes on the community, gain feedback on work to date and identify support for future work. The consultation process involved:
 - One community meeting – 6 attendees. - Comments: No support for more tree trimming; support for use of noise from 5am to 6am and in late afternoon to move the Flying Fox out of the Park and Collinsville.
 - Online survey – 8 respondents. - There is some support from the community concerning Councils actions to date plus there was support for more actions to move the Flying Fox out of the park

Summary of actions in 2023:

- In April a coordinated smoke deterrent action was conducted.
- In mid-May another coordinated, and smoke action was conducted with Council and residents participating. Council trialled the use of a mobile irrigation system using the quick spray unit.
- In June the Flying Fox numbers dropped to 600 individuals.
- In mid-July – trialled the use of mobile water tank for irrigation and quick spray unit. The Flying Fox numbers were around 800 individuals.
- In early August the number of Flying Fox started to increase. By mid-August there were 8,400 individuals.
- In mid-August Council conducted another deterrent action using a quick spray unit, mobile water tank for irrigation and a water tank on a trailer for irrigation up tree trunks in Carpet Street.

It is expected that the population of Little Red Flying Fox will increase over the next month into October 2023. It is further expected that the population of Little Reds are likely to leave Collinsville in Late November to early December 2023 which will leave a population of approximately 500 to 1,000 Black Flying Fox in town.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

Biodiversity Australia have submitted a quote to relocate the Flying Fox and have advised the process will be a staged approach in the development of the Flying Fox Relocation Strategy, including incorporation of the following: -

1. Current Roost Assessment (desktop)
2. Alternative Roost Study
3. Flying Fox camp Relocation.

Biosecurity Australia also intends to undertake all works in accordance with the following legislative instruments:

- a. *Nature Conservation Act 1992*;
- b. Code of Practice Ecologically sustainable management of Flying Fox Roosts - *Nature Conservation Act 1992*; and
- c. Relevant subordinate legislation and relevant regulations/guidelines etc.

Biosecurity Australia understands that the relocation strategy must be developed in strict accordance with the above listed legislation and guidelines.

Costs associated with previous actions taken to remove the flying fox for the past financial year has been for approximately 250 hours of labour to enable the smoking, noise and irrigation activities to be taken.

Equipment purchased include the following:-

Water Tank Set-up	\$ 2,000
Fire trailer	\$16,000
Bins (Smoking)	\$500
Materials & Accommodation	\$1,500
Total	\$20,000

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Local Government Act 2009
Nature Conservation Act 1992

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Research and assist in the current and future protection of the region's natural environment. Protect community health and safety, biosecurity, and amenity within the region by providing community education and administrative services.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The requested funding is not a line item in the current 2023/2024 budget and will therefore be required to be adjusted in the Q1 budget review.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Director Corporate Services
Director Community Services

RISK ASSESSMENT

Flying Foxes, like other animals can pose a range of hygiene and health concerns. Flying Foxes can also carry zoonotic diseases (diseases that can be transmitted to humans). These are often serious diseases; however, they are difficult to catch. Transmission requires physical contact with the animal through its infected saliva, blood or other bodily fluid. The pathogen needs to get into a person's blood stream through a cut or the lining of the nose or mouth (i.e., mucous membrane). Often, a bite or scratch occurs when people try to handle a live Flying Fox, for example, attempting to rescue a Flying Fox that is sick or injured.

The two most serious zoonotic diseases, Australian Bat Lyssavirus (ABLV) and Hendra Virus, can be fatal. Some Flying Foxes also carry the Australian Bat Lyssavirus, a rabies-like virus and have also been recognised as playing a role in the transmission of Hendra Virus to horses. While these two viruses represent a concern for some members of the community, the health risks are known to be minimal.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

30 September 2023 to enable the project to be undertaken with the rapid response relocation set down for October/November 2023.

It should be noted interventions need to consider the life cycle of the Flying Fox and ensure that the interventions do not occur during birthing and other important periods.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Nil

11.7 - Annual Delegations Review (Council to Chief Executive Officer)

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: James Ngoroyemoto - Manager - Governance and Administration Services

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Jason Bradshaw - Director Corporate Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. Delegations Register [11.7.1 - 212 pages]

PURPOSE

For Council to review the legislative delegations to the Chief Executive Officer, which is required to be done at least annually.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council:

1. Delegate the powers contained in the Delegations Register (Attachment 1) to the Chief Executive Officer in accordance with Section 257 of the *Local Government Act 2009*, subject to the limitations and conditions contained within the Register.
2. Endorse the Chief Executive Officer to amend the "CEO to Employees/Contractors Delegations Register" to reflect the changes as per recommendation 1.

BACKGROUND

Council has the power under section 257(1) of the *Local Government Act 2009* 'the Act' to delegate powers under the Act or another Act to Council's Chief Executive Officer.

During 2022-2023 Council engaged MacDonnell's Law to provide legislative updates and applicable amendments required in respect of the Delegations Register. Through Local Government Association Queensland, Council also has access to the delegations register and updates conducted by King and Company solicitors. A comparison of both registers has been completed to identify all delegations that are recommended to be delegated by Council to Chief Executive Officers within the local government area.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

Section 257(5) of the Act states that a delegation to the Chief Executive Officer made under section 257(1) of the Act must be reviewed annually.

The Delegation's Register was last reviewed in 2022 and various updates have been made since then. A complete review of all the legislation applicable to Local Government has been undertaken and completed. The attached register includes all the delegations that were previously delegated to the Chief Executive Officer and adopted by Council and in addition all those powers that are currently not delegated and are recommended for adoption. This update has arisen from changes in legislation or new legislation that has been introduced since the last review period. Please refer to attachment 1 (page 1 to 161 – previously adopted delegations, page 162 to 212 – Delegations previously not assigned, identified to be delegated to CEO from Council).

The following list identifies legislation with additional powers that are recommended for delegation from Council to the Chief Executive Officer:

- *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*
- *Acquisition of Land Act 1967*
- *Animal Care and Protection Act 2001*
- *Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012*
- *Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008*
- *Biosecurity Act 2014*
- *Biosecurity Regulation 2016*
- *Building Act 1975*
- *Land Act 1994*
- *Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2020*
- *Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017*
- *Nature Conservation Act 1992*
- *Peaceful Assembly Act 1992*
- *Planning Act 2016*
- *Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules*
- *Planning and Environment Court Act 2020*
- *Planning Regulation 2017*
- *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*
- *Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019*
- *Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003*
- *Public Health Act 2005*
- *Public Health Regulation 2018*
- *Public Records Act 2002*
- *Queensland Heritage Act 1992*
- *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011*
- *Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)*
- *Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002*
- *Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008*
- *Retail Shop Leases Act 1994*
- *Right to Information Act 2009*
- *River Improvement Trust Act 1940*
- *Safety in Recreational Water Activities 2011*
- *State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999*
- *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982*
- *Stock Route Management Act 2002*
- *Strong and Sustainable Resource Communities Act 2017*
- *Summary Offences Act 2005*
- *Summary Offences Regulation 2016*
- *Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003*
- *Tattoo Industry Act 2013*
- *Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998*
- *Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003*
- *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*
- *Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011*
- *Transport Infrastructure (State Controlled Roads) Regulation 2017*

- *Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995*
- *Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994*
- Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016
- *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*
- Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015
- Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Road Rules) Regulation 2009
- Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021
- Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021
- *Trusts Act 1973*
- *Water Act 2000*
- Water Regulation 2022
- *Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008*
- *Work Health and Safety Act 2011*
- Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011
- *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2004*
- Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014
- *Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000*

The process of Council sharing its legislative powers through delegation to the CEO (and the CEO further sub-delegating to employees) is to allow officers to administer responsibilities and make decisions efficiently without the need of a formal council resolution for each decision. It would be counterproductive and resource intensive to require Council or the CEO to exercise all legislative powers.

In line with the review of the delegations from the Council to the Chief Executive Officer, a review of the Sub-Delegation Register, being the delegations from the Chief Executive Officer to Employees is also being conducted. The Chief Executive Officer, in accordance with section 259 of the Act has the authorisation to sub-delegate their powers to appropriately qualified employees.

Delegating authority to make decisions to the lowest level within Council, also facilitates efficiency and empowers employees to undertake their roles more completely, with embedded accountability aligning with the delegation.

There are a significant number of delegations contained in the attachment, with the changes incorporated within the register. It is prudent to readopt the whole delegations as listed for completeness.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Section 257(5) of the *Local Government Act 2009* requires Council to review annually delegations to the CEO.

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Lead and coordinate of the organisation's corporate governance and risk management, in addition to the delivery of efficient and customer focused administration support for the organisation to ensure high levels of performance and compliance.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Council is subscribed to LGAQ's delegations' services as part of Council's annual subscription, which is resourced through the 2023-2024 budget.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Chief Executive Officer

RISK ASSESSMENT

Delegations are vital in ensuring that operations of the Council are able to be conducted legally and efficiently. Having appropriately delegated powers as identified in legislation, ensures that Council risk is mitigated when conducting operational activities. Failure to review and update delegations' registers may result in routine decisions having to be made by Council which are more appropriately exercised at a Council officer level and an inefficient use of Council's time and resources.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

Delegations from Council to the Chief Executive Officer must be reviewed annually.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
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- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Nil

Attachment 11.7.1 Delegations Register

Legislation	Section	Description	Delegate
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	56(1)	Power to give a written notice of a proposed cultural heritage study to the entities listed in subsection (a) – (f).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	58(2)(b)	Power to decide a later time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	59(2)(b)	Power to decide a later time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	61(6)(b)	Power to decide a later time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	65(2)	Power to endorse an Aboriginal party for the study area to take part in the cultural heritage study even though the sponsor is not required to endorse the party.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	68(1)	Subject to subsection (4), power to engage persons as cultural heritage assessors for a cultural heritage study.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	68(4)	Power to be satisfied that a person is— (a) an Aboriginal person for the study area; or (b) an appropriately qualified person in a discipline directly relevant to the study; or (c) another person who has particular knowledge or experience making the person suitable for engagement as a cultural heritage assessor.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	69(2)	Power to agree to the extent to which a cultural heritage assessor may give help and advice	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	70(2)	Power to ask for consultation with an endorsed party on any of the matters listed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	76(1)	Power to object to the Land Court to: (a) the chief executive's recording in the register of the findings of the cultural heritage study; or (b) the chief executive's refusal to record in the register the findings of the cultural heritage study	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	87(3)	Subject to subsection (1) and (2), power to impose conditions mentioned in subsection (2)(b)	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	88(3)	Subject to subsection (1) and (2), power to impose conditions mentioned in subsection (2)(b)	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	91(1)	Power to give a written notice of a proposed cultural heritage management plan to the entities listed in subsection (a) – (e).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	93(2)(b)	Power to decide a later time	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	94(2)(b)	Power to decide a later time	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	96(6)(b)	Power to decide a later time	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	100(2)	Subject to section 100(1), power to give the Aboriginal party a written notice that— (a) includes a copy of the written notice (proposed plan) it would have been given if it had been an Aboriginal party when the written notice (proposed plan) was first given under this division; and (b) advises the time by which, despite anything in the written notice (proposed plan), the sponsor must be given the written notice that the party wishes to take part in developing the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	100(3)(b)	Power to decide a later time	Chief Executive Officer

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Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	101(2)	Subject to section 101(1), power to endorse an Aboriginal party for the plan area to take part in developing the cultural heritage management plan even though the sponsor is not required to endorse the party.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	103	Power to— (c) seek agreement with the endorsed parties for the cultural heritage management plan about how the project is to be managed— (i) to avoid harm to Aboriginal cultural heritage; and (ii) to the extent that harm can not reasonably be avoided, to minimise harm to Aboriginal cultural heritage; and (d) develop the cultural heritage management plan— (i) in consultation and negotiation with the endorsed parties for the plan; and (ii) in a way directed at maximising the suitability of the plan for the effective protection and conservation of Aboriginal cultural heritage.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	105(1)	Power to negotiate and make every effort to reach agreement with each endorsed party for the cultural heritage management plan about the provisions of the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	106(2)	Subject to section 106(1), power to ask the Land Court to provide mediation of a dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	106(4)	Power to agree in writing to extend the consultation period.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	107(1)	Whether or not the consultation period for the cultural heritage management plan has ended, power to agree that the chief executive may approve the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	111(1)	In the way described in 111(2), if there is no endorsed party for the cultural heritage management plan, power to object, to the Land Court, to the chief executive's refusal to approve the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	112(2)	Subject to section 112(1) and following authorisation from the mediator, power to refer the cultural heritage management plan to the Land Court and ask the Land Court to approve the cultural heritage management plan, even though the consultation period has not ended.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	113(2)	Subject to section 113(1), power to refer a cultural heritage management plan to the Land Court and ask the Land Court to approve the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	117(5)	Before the Land Court makes a recommendation to the Minister, power to agree that the cultural heritage management plan should be approved.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	117(5)	Before the Land Court makes a recommendation to the Minister and subject to all consultation parties agreement, power to give the cultural heritage management plan, as agreed, to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	153(1)	Power to consult with the owner or occupier of the land about obtaining the necessary access in order to perform an activity (the cultural heritage activity) under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	4B(2)	Power to give the relevant Chief Executive for the resource interest a written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	7(1)	Power to: (a) propose to take any land; (b) serve (as prescribed by section 7 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1967) a notice (a notice of intention to resume).	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	8(2)	Power to consider the grounds of objection to the taking of any land and the other specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	8(2)(b)	Power to hear the objector.	Chief Executive Officer

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Acquisition of Land Act 1967	8(2A)	In the specified circumstances, the power to discontinue a resumption or amend a notice of intention to resume if of the opinion that the resumption should be discontinued or that the notice of intention to resume should be amended.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	9(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Minister that land be taken as prescribed by section 9 of the <i>Acquisition of Land 1967</i> if of the opinion that the land in question is required for the purpose for which it is proposed to be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	12(5A)	In specified circumstances, the power to agree with a claimant on the amount of compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	12(7)	In the specified circumstances, the power to serve a copy of the gazette resumption notice upon every person who to your knowledge is entitled, pursuant to section 18 of the <i>Acquisition of Land 1967</i> , to claim compensation or is a mortgagee of the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	13(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree in writing with an owner of land that the taking of part of the land will leave, or has left, a parcel of land that is of no practical use or value to the owner of such land and accordingly that parcel of land will be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	15(1)	Power to enter into a <i>resumption agreement</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	15C(1)	Power to apply to the relevant Minister for the land to be taken under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	15D(1)	Power to, by gazette notice, declare that the land is taken for the purpose stated in the notice, without making any application under section 15C.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	15D(3)	Power to be satisfied the land: (a) may be taken; and (b) should be taken for the purpose for which it is proposed to be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	16(1)	Power to at any time before the publication of a gazette resumption notice, serve upon every person who has been served with a notice of intention to resume a further notice stating that the resumption of the land concerned is being discontinued.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	16(1B)	Power to agree with a claimant upon the amount of compensation to be paid under section 16(1A) of the <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	17(5)	Power to agree with a claimant: (a) upon the amount of compensation to be paid under section 17(4) of the <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i> ; or (b) that the amount of compensation should be determined by the Land Court.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	21(1)	Power to agree with a claimant that the claimant will be granted, in satisfaction wholly or partly of the claimant's claim for compensation, any easement, right of way, lease or other right of occupation, or any other right, privilege or concession in, upon, over or under the land taken or any other land the property of Council.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	21(1A)	Power to agree with the claimant that the claimant will be transferred land held in fee simple by Council in satisfaction wholly or partly of the Claimants claim for compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	21(2)	Power to agree with a claimant that the extent to which a grant (referred to in section 21(1) of the <i>Acquisition of Land 1967</i>) shall satisfy the claim for compensation should be determined by the Land Court.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	36(1)	Power to: (a) enter upon any land, for the purpose of making any inspection, valuation, survey or taking levels; (b) affix or set up thereon trigonometrical stations, survey pegs, marks, or poles, and from time to time alter, remove, inspect, reinstate and repair the same; (c) dig and bore into the land so as to ascertain the nature of the soil, and set out the lines of any works thereon; and (d) do all things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	36(2)	Power to: (a) re-enter from time to time; (b) remain upon that land for such time as is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry; and (c) take such assistants, vehicles, materials, equipment or things as are necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	36(3)	Power to give to an occupier or an owner at least 7 days notice in writing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	37(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an occupier or an owner at least 7 days notice in writing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	37(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with a claimant: (a) upon the amount of compensation to be paid under section 37 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1967; or (b) that the amount of compensation is to be determined by the Land Court.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	38(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a warrant to the sheriff to deliver possession of any land to the person appointed in the warrant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	36(1)	The power to administer or feed an animal a substance that Council knows is harmful or poisonous to the animal, with the intention of injuring or killing the animal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	156(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree in writing to the transfer of ownership of animal or other thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	157(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to deal with an animal or other thing that has become the property of Council as considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	189(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to recover costs from an animal's owner or former owner for costs necessarily and reasonably incurred in relation to the interests of the animal's welfare or its destruction.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	214A(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree in writing to the transfer of ownership of animal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	39	In the specified circumstances, power to give a person identifying information for the cat or dog.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	42(4)	Power to recognise an exhibition in which a cat or dog is participating	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	48(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to, by notice, require an owner to give other information or documents reasonably required to register the cat or dog.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	49(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give an owner of or dog notice that or dog has been registered (a <i>registration notice</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	51(a)	Power to keep the registration form and other information about a cat or dog given to the local government by the owner	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	55(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to ask the owner of the cat or dog for other information or documents in the way mentioned in section 48(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	55(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to: a. ensure that the information is updated in the appropriate register in a way that reflects the change; and b. to ensure the owner is given a notice for the cat or dog that includes the changed information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	56(1)	Power to give the owner of a cat or dog a notice to renew the registration for the cat or dog (a <i>renewal notice</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	58(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to ask the owner for more information or documents required to be given in the notice mentioned in section 48.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	58(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to: a. Ensure that the information is updated in the appropriate register in a way that reflects the change; and b. to give the owner of a cat or dog any registration device for the cat or dog.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	64(1)(b)	Power to recognise, for the purposes of this section, a body which supervises an exhibition or an obedience trial in which a dog is participating.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	74(1)	After a permit application has been made, power to, by notice, require the applicant to: a. give a stated document or information that is relevant to the application; b. or verify the correctness of the document.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	75(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to either grant or refuse a permit application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	75(3)	Power to be satisfied that desexing is likely to be a serious risk to the health of the dog.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	75(5)	In the specified circumstances, power to impose a condition provided for under a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	77(1)	Power to, as soon as practicable after deciding to grant a permit application, issue the applicant with a restricted dog permit for the restricted dog the subject of the application.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	79	Power to, as soon as practicable after deciding to refuse a permit application, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	84(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to either grant or refuse a renewal application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	84(4)(b)	Power to seek further documents or information in the way mentioned in section 74.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	84(5)(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to issue the applicant with a renewed restricted dog permit (a <i>renewal permit</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	84(5)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	87(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to amend a restricted dog permit at any time, by giving the permit holder notice of the amendment and recording particulars of the amendment in the restricted dog register.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	89	Power to: a) declare a particular dog to be a declared dangerous dog; b) declare a particular dog to be a declared menacing dog; or c) declare a particular dog to be a restricted dog.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	89(4)	Power to be satisfied a dog is of a breed mentioned in section 63(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	90(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give any owner of a dog a <i>proposed declaration notice</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	92	Power to withdraw a proposed declaration notice by giving a notice of the withdrawal to any owner of the dog.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	94(1)	Power to consider any written representations and evidence accompanying them within the period stated in the proposed declaration notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	94(2)	Power to: a. be satisfied that the relevant ground under section 89 still exists; and b. make the regulated dog declaration for the dog.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	95(1)	Power to give the owner of a dog the subject of the declaration notice a notice under subsection (3) or (4).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	95(4)	Power to give an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	100(3)	Power to destroy a surrendered regulated dog	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	102	In the specified circumstances, power to recover costs from the dogs owner or former owner if the incurring of the cost was necessary and reasonable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	114(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give notice of an approved inspection program.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	173(1)(b)	Power to inspect information kept in the regulated dog register.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	173B(1)(b)	Power to inspect information contained in the breeder register	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	174(1)	Power to give the chief executive notice if: a. a restricted dog is registered in the local government's area; or b. the local government makes a regulated dog declaration for a dog in the local government's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	175(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the chief executive notice of the changed information or the holder's new residential address.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	176(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the chief executive a response within 28 days after receiving the request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	177(1)	Power to keep the following registers about dogs usually kept or proposed to be kept in the local government's area (collectively the cat and dog registry of the local government): a. a general register; b. another register prescribed under a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	183(2)	Power to, at any time, extend the time for making a general review application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	185A(2)	In specified circumstances, power to conduct an internal review of the decisions at the same time under section 186.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	186(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to: a) conduct an internal review of the original decision the subject of the application; and b) make a decision (the internal review decision) to: i) confirm the original decision; ii) amend the original decision; or iii) substitute another decision for the original decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	187(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the applicant notice of the internal review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	207C(2)(a)	Power to use information obtained under Section 173B(1) or 207B to perform a function under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	209(2)	Power to approve forms for use under this Act	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	212(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to include other information in the restricted dog register which the local government considers appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008</i>	228(3)	Power to consider appropriate a portion of the fee the local government may refund, having regard to the period of the registration stated on the registration notice that remains after the commencement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	53(1)	Power to prepare a biosecurity plan.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	59	Power to consult with the Chief Executive about suitability and priority of the activities.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	91(3)(a)	Power to consult with chief executive about barrier fence map.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	94(2)	Power to: (a) obtain the occupier's consent to the entry; and (b) to give the occupier notice of: (i) the intended entry; and (ii) the purpose of the entry; and (iii) the proposed dates and time of entry.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	94(3)	Power to be satisfied it is impracticable to give the notice under subsection (2)(b) and power to give notice as prescribed in subparagraph (3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	94(5)	Power to consider it necessary to enter the land because of urgent circumstances and power to give the occupier only the notice that is reasonably practicable in the circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	95(1)	Power to enter into agreement with another person about making an opening in the fence for a particular purpose and period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	96(1)	Power to form reasonable belief that a person has unlawfully damaged, or made an opening in the fence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	96(2)	Power to give notice to the person, requiring the person to restore the fence to its condition before the damage or opened.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	100(1)	Power to appoint <i>barrier fence employee</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	101(2)	Power to give directions to a <i>barrier fence employee</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	105(1)	Power to consult with chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	235(1)(b)	Power to authorise and carry out a biosecurity program (a program authorisation).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	235(1)(c)	Power to form agreement about a program authorisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	235(1)(d)	Power to agree with the Chief Executive Officer of other local governments to authorise and carry out a biosecurity program.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	239(2)	Power to consult with: (a) the chief executive; and (b) an invasive animal board – (i) with an operational area in or adjoining the local government's area; and (ii) responsible for the management of an invasive animal that is biosecurity matter to which the program applies.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	239(3)(b)	Power to consult with an invasive animal board.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	246(2)	Power to appoint persons the following as authorised persons: (a) an employee of the local government; (b) if another local government consents—an employee of the other local government; another person who has entered into a contract, or is employed by an entity that has entered into a contract, with the local government to perform a function under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	246(2)(b)	Power to consent to an employee of the local government to be appointed as an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	246(3)	Power to appoint an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	246(5)	Power to be satisfied a person is appropriately qualified.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	263(2)	Power to enter a place to take steps as stated in an order.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	264(2)	Power to enter a place to take steps as required under a direction.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	271(2)	Power to make reasonable attempts to locate and obtain occupier's consent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	271(3)	Power to enter a place if: (a) the person is unable to locate an occupier after making a reasonable attempt to do so; or (b) the occupier refuses to consent to the entry.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	271(4)	Power to make reasonable attempts to: (a) either- (i) if the person is an employee or agent of the issuing authority—produce the issuing authority's written authority to enter the place, and sufficient evidence to identify the person as a person who may enter under the authority, for the occupier's inspection; or (ii) if the person is an authorised officer—produce the authorised officer's identity card for the occupier's inspection; and (b) inform the occupier- (i) of the reason for entering the place; and (ii) that the person is authorised under this Act to enter the place without the permission of the occupier.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	271(5)	Power to leave notice in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way stating the date, time and purpose of the entry.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	310(1)	In the circumstances in subsection (1) and subject to subsection (2), power to decide a seized thing is forfeited.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	310(1)(a)	Power to make reasonable enquires to find the owner of a thing seized.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	310(1)(b)	Power to make reasonable efforts to return a thing seized to the owner.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	310(1)(c)	Power to: (i) reasonably consider that, because of the thing's inherent nature or condition, the return of the thing is likely to result in a recurrence of the biosecurity risk in relation to which the thing was seized; or (ii) at the end of 6 months, reasonably believes that the return of the thing is likely to result in a recurrence of the biosecurity risk in relation to which the thing was seized.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	310(1)(d)	Power to form a reasonable belief that it is necessary to keep a thing to prevent it from being used to commit the offence for which it was seized.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	312(2)	Power to give an information notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	317(2)	Power to deal with a thing as considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	317(4)	Power to return proceeds of the sale of a thing forfeited to the owner of the thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	329(1)	Power to issue an identity card.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	365(1)	Power to conduct an internal review and make a decision.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	366(1)	Power to give a notice of the decision to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	378(2)	Power to approve a biosecurity order.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	379(1)	Power to keep a register of all biosecurity orders of an authorised officer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	379(3)	Power to be satisfied about the matters referred to in subsection (3) and power to remove an order.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	380(1)	Power to recover the amount that the issuing authority properly and reasonably incurs in taking the steps under section 263 as a debt payable by the person who failed to take the action to the issuing authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	380(2)	Power to give notice of the amount of the debt.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	381(3)	Power to register a charge (for an unpaid amount) over the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	381(5)(a)	Power to lodge a request to release the charge over the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	381(5)(b)	Power to lodge a signed certificate stating the unpaid amount has been paid.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	386(1)	Power to apply for an injunction.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	442	Power to undertake the functions of an auditor as set out in paragraphs (a) and (g).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	471(1)	Power to within 14 days of completing an audit of a business give a report about the audit to the applicant and the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	471(2)(e)	Power to form an opinion that an applicant has or has not implemented procedures for the applicant's business that provide a way for preventing or managing exposure to all biosecurity risks relating to the biosecurity risk matter for the business.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	471(2)(g)	Power to form an opinion that an applicant does or does not have the capacity to comply with the requirements of the compliance agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	472(1)	Power to within 14 days of completing a compliance, nonconformance or check audit of the business of the other party to a compliance agreement, give a report about the audit to the other party and the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	472(2)(e)	Power to form an opinion that a business complies or does not comply with a compliance agreement.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	472(2)(h)	Power to form an opinion whether an auditor needs to conduct a nonconformance audit of the business or that the frequency of compliant audits for the business should be changed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	473(1)	Power to within 14 days after completing an audit of the applicant's ICA systems, or proposed ICA systems, give a report about the audit to the applicant and the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	473(2)(e)	Power to form an opinion that each ICA or proposed ICA system satisfies the requirements of any operational procedure to which the system is directed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	474(1)	Power to within 14 days after completing an compliance, non-conformance or check audit of an accredited certifier's activities give a report about the audit to the accredited certifier and the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	474(2)(e)	Power to form an opinion that activities comply or do not comply with the accreditation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	474(2)(h)(i)	Power to form an opinion whether each of the accredited certifier's ICA systems satisfy the requirements of any operational procedure to which the system is directed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	474(2)(i)	Power to form an opinion that an auditor needs to conduct a non-conformance audit of activities in relation to any noncompliance or that the frequency of compliance audits should change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	475(1)	Power to form a reasonable belief that: a) a person has contravened or is contravening the fact; and b) the contravention poses an imminent and serious biosecurity risk.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	475(2)	Power to give details of the facts and circumstances giving rise to the belief to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	475(3)	Power to give details to the chief executive as soon as practicable after forming the belief.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	475(4)	If the auditor gives the chief executive orally, power to give the chief executive notice of the details.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	494(2)	Power to be satisfied about matters set out in subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	27(1)	Power to apply to the chief executive in the approved form for a test kit or method approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	46(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to ensure biosecurity matter or a carrier is dealt with in accordance with a risk minimisation requirement for dealing with the biosecurity risk or carrier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	46A(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to move a sample of a carrier into the State or into or from a biosecurity zone.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	46A(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to move a sample of a carrier from a biosecurity zone.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	57A(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to move tomato/potato psyllid carrier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	57B(2)	Power to move a citrus canker carrier into the State under a biosecurity authorisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	57B(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to move a citrus canker carrier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Biosecurity Regulation 2016</i>	94C(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to move a white spot syndrome virus carrier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	8(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve to a lease of part of a lot and, in the case of a group titles plan, of part of any improvements on a lot.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	9(7)	Power to endorse or provide a certificate that a proposed subdivision of a parcel, as illustrated in a plan, has been approved by the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	9(8)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to direct if a building surveyor or building inspector are not authorised to issue a certificate under section 9(8)(b) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	10(1)	Power to approve the re-subdivision of lots or common property by the registration of a plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	11(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve of two or more lots being amalgamated into one lot.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	12(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve of one or more lots being converted into common property.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	22(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve a body corporate executing: (a) a transfer of part of common property; (b) a lease of or rent part of common property.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	22(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve a body corporate: (a) transferring a lease of common property accepted or acquired by it under section 21(1) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980; or (b) granting, by way of sublease, a lease of its estate or interest in common property the subject of a lease so accepted or acquired.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	22(7)	In the specified circumstances, the power to be satisfied of the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	24(2)	Power to direct the issue of a certificate for the purposes of section 9(7) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 in the specified circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	24(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to waive compliance to specific provisions.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	24(4)	Power, subject to sub-section (5) and (5A), to direct the issue of a certificate in the circumstances specified.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	24(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to notify the applicant in writing of a decision to approve and the conditions imposed (if any) or refuse the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	24(5A)	Power to issue or endorse on the plan, the certificate required for purposes of section 9(7) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	25(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve an application under section 25(2) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 to extinguish a group titles plan subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	25(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to notify an applicant in writing of the decision to approve an application under section 25(2) of the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 and the conditions (if any) required by Council.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	25(4A)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a certificate that the requirements of Council have been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	26(1)	Power to approve the proposed extinguishment in the circumstances prescribed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980</i>	128	Power to enter upon any part of a parcel if it is necessary to do so in order to exercise a power, conferred on the local government by any Act, to enter upon any other part of the parcel.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	37(2)	Power to give a building development approval for the work if the approval is given under the building assessment provisions in force immediately before the amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	51(2)	In the specified circumstances power to: (a) receive, assess and decide the application; (b) appoint or employ a private certifier or another building certifier to perform building certifying functions for: (i) the application; and (ii) if the building development approval applied for is granted—the building work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	52	In the specified circumstances power to issue the building development approval applied for only if: (a) a local government building certifier has carried out the building assessment work for the application; and (b) the building certifier is appropriately licensed to carry out the building assessment work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	53(2)	In the specified circumstances power to accept and, without further checking, rely and act on the certificate or other document: (a) the original application; (b) another building development application for all or part of the building work under the original application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	54(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to, without further checking, rely and act on the document for the purpose of making the document publicly available.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	55(3)	In the specified circumstances power to resume or start the application process at any stage of the development assessment process under the Planning Act the assessment manager considers appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer

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Building Act 1975	63	Power for the assessment manager to approve a building application subject to the requirement in Part 4 as follows: (a) the fire safety management plan accompanying the application complies with the <i>Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990</i> , section 104FC, or (b) the building work involves an alternative solution, for performance requirements under the BCA, that includes a fire safety management procedure as a condition of the occupation and use of the building and the fire safety management plan adequately reflects the procedure.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	65(2)	Power for the assessment manager to approve the building application (subject to conditions) if each registered holder of the easement or covenant has consented to the building work.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	66(2)	Power for the assessment manager to approve the building application if the special structure: (a) complies with the building assessment provisions; and (b) reasonably provides for all of the following: (i) the safety of persons using the structure if there is a fire (including, for example, means of egress); (ii) the prevention and suppression of fire; (iii) the prevention of the spread of fire; (iv) the health and amenity of persons using the structure.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	67(3)	In the specified circumstances power for the assessment manager to approve the building application if subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b) have been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	68(3)	Power for the assessment manager to approve a building application if the building certifier has decided the alterations do not unduly reduce the following: (a) the existing level of fire protection for persons accommodated in, or using, the building or structure; (b) the existing level of resistance to fire of the building or structure; (c) the existing safeguards against spread of fire to adjoining buildings or structures; (d) the existing level of emergency egress from the building or structure.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	71(8)	Power to consult with any other entity the local government considers appropriate in deciding the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	71(9)	Power to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	71(11)	Power to give the applicant and the assessment manager for the building work notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	74(2)(b)	Power to require the person installing the service to give a copy of the notices to the assessment manager when they are given to QFRS.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	80(2)	Power to include a condition that all, or a stated part, of the building or structure must comply with the building assessment provisions in force when the approval was granted.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	92(2)	Power to in the specified circumstances take action considered necessary to complete the building work.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	92(5)	In the specified circumstances power to authorise the use of all or part of any security given to the local government for the carrying out of the building work.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	93(1)	Power to, at any time, having regard to the progress of the building work, refund or release part of any security.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	95(1)(a) and (b)	Power for assessment manager to give a reminder notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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Building Act 1975	117(2)	Power to be satisfied that only building work of a minor nature is needed before a certificate of classification can be given for the building.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	206(1)	Power to: (a) form the reasonable belief proper grounds exist for applying to the tribunal to start a disciplinary proceeding against a building certifier; (b) before making the application give the building certifier a notice (a "show cause notice").	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	207(2)	Power to: (a) consider any representations made about a show cause notice; (b) decide to: (i) take no further action; or (ii) apply to the tribunal to start a disciplinary proceeding against the building certifier.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	207(3)	Power to give a building certifier written notice of the decision and the reasons for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	221(2)(a)	Power to consult with any other entity considered appropriate in deciding an application for a longer period for conformity with a fire safety standard.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	221(2)(b)	Power to grant an application for a longer period for conformity with a fire safety standard if satisfied undue hardship would be caused to the budget accommodation building's occupants if the application were refused.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	221(3)	Power to grant an application for a longer period for conformity with a fire safety standard with or without the reasonable conditions considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	221(4)	Within 20 business days after receiving an application for a longer period for conformity with a fire safety standard, the power to: (a) decide the application; and (b) give the budget accommodation building's owner written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	222(2)	Within 20 business days after receiving an application for advice as to conformity with a fire safety standard, the power to: (a) decide if the building conforms with the fire safety standard; and (b) give the building owner written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	228(2)	Subject to subsection (1), the power to, at least once every 3 years, inspect the building to ensure the owner of the building is complying with Chapter 7, Part 4 in relation to the building.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	231AL(1)	Where a written application is made by the owner of an RCB to obtain a fire safety (RCB) compliance certificate or certificate of classification, power to approve a later day for obtaining the certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	231AL(3)	When approving a later day under section 231AL(1), power to: (a) consult with QFRS; and (b) any entity considered appropriate in deciding the application; and (c) grant the application if it is satisfied undue hardship would be cause to the occupants of the RCB if the application were refused.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	231AL(4)	Power to grant the application and impose reasonable conditions considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	236	Power to require an applicant to give the local government medical evidence to support an application.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	237(1)	Power to consider the application and within 5 business days after the application is made – (a) grant the exemption; or (b) refuse to grant the exemption.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	237(3)	Power to grant an exemption on the reasonable conditions it considers necessary or desirable to prevent a child from accessing the pool.	Chief Executive Officer

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Building Act 1975	238(1)	Power to give applicant written notice that an exemption has been granted.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	238(2)	Power to give applicant an information notice about refusal of exemption or conditions imposed on exemption.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	242(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances power to be satisfied 1 or more of the following applies: (i) the decision on the application for the exemption was based on a false or misleading particular given by an applicant; (ii) the exemption has ended under section 241 of the Building Act 1975; (iii) the exemption was subject to conditions and there has been a contravention of a condition.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	242(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an applicant a show cause notice inviting the applicant to show cause why a decision should not be revoked.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	242(3)	Power to: (a) consider any representations made under a show cause notice; and (b) give a further notice (a "revocation notice") to the applicant, revoke a decision previously given.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245A	Power to require the owner of a regulated pool to give further information to establish that compliance with the part of the pool safety standard is not practicable.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245B(1)	Power to consider the application and decide to: (a) grant the exemption; or (b) refuse to grant the exemption.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245B(2)	In deciding the application, power to consider: (a) whether compliance with the part of the pool safety standard may require the owner to: i) move or demolish a building or part of a building; or ii) change the location of size of the regulated pool; or iii) remove vegetation protected from removal under an Act or a local law; (b) the cost of the barrier or work required to ensure the pool complies with the part of the pool safety standard, having regard to the nature of any existing barriers for the pool; (c) other matters considered relevant.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245B(3)	Subject to section 245B(5), power to grant an exemption on reasonable conditions considered necessary or desirable to prevent a young child from accessing the pool.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245C(1)	If exemption is granted, power to give the applicant a written notice of the exemption.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245C(2)	If the exemption is refused, or conditions imposed, power to give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245E(2)	Power to give the owner of regulated pool a show cause notice as to why the decision should not be revoked.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	245E(3)	After considering any representations made under the show cause notice, power to issue a revocation notice to the owner, to revoke the decision previously given.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	246AE(2)	Power for an employee or agent of the local government to enter land on which a regulated pool is situated to inspect the pool.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	246AF(2)	After complying with section 246AG, power to cancel a pool safety certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	246AG(1)	Power to give the owner of a regulated pool a show cause notice before cancelling a pool safety certificate under s246AF(2).	Chief Executive Officer

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Building Act 1975	246AG(5)	Subject to 246AG(4), power to: (a) consider submissions; and (b) (decide whether to cancel the pool safety certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	246AG(6)	If the Local Government decides not to cancel the safety certificate, power to give notice to the owner of that decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	246AG(7)	If the Local Government decides to cancel the pool safety certificate, power to give the owner an information notice about that decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	246X(1)	A local government may by gazette notice designate land as a transport noise corridor.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	246X(2)	A local government may designate land under (1) only if: (a) the land is within: i) 100m if a road under its control; or ii) A distance of more than 100m but not more than 200m of a road under its control, if the noise level caused by traffic on the road at the distance has been measured and approved by the CEO.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	248(1)	Power to give a notice (an "enforcement notice") to the owner of a building, structure or building work if the local government reasonably believes the building, structure or building work: (a) was built before the commencement of this section without, or not in accordance with, the approval of the local government; or (b) is dangerous; or (c) is in a dilapidated condition; or (d) is unfit for use of occupation; or (e) is filthy, infected with disease or infested with vermin.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	248(2)	Power to give an enforcement notice to a person who does not comply with a particular matter in this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	248(3)	Subject to section 248(4), the power to give a person a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	249(1)	In the specified circumstances power to require a person to do any of the following: (a) to apply for a development permit; (b) to do, or not to do, another act to ensure building work complies with the approval of the local government given before the commencement of this section; (c) to repair or rectify the building or structure; (d) to secure the building or structure (whether by a system of support or in any other way); (e) to fence off the building or structure to protect persons; (f) to cleanse, purify and disinfect the building or structure; (h) to comply with this Act for a particular matter.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	249(2)	Power to require a person to demolish or remove the building or structure only if the local government reasonably believes that it is not possible and practical to take steps to comply with subsection (1)(c) to (f).	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	256(2)(d)	Power to make a complaint against the Building Act for an offence under section 245G(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	256(2)(e)	Power to make a complaint for an offence against section 245K, 245L or 246AR(2) of the Building Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	256(2)(f)	Power to make a complaint for an offence against section 246AD(2) or 246AJ(4) of the Building Act.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Building Act 1975</i>	256(2)(g)	Power to make a complaint for an offence against section 246AP(2) of the Building Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	256(2)(h)	Power to make a complaint for an offence against Chapter 8, part 4, division 5, subdivision 2 (excluding section 246ATH(2)) of the Building Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	256(2)(h)	Power to authorise a person to make a complaint for an offence against Chapter 8, part 4, division 5, subdivision 2 (excluding section 246ATH(2)) of the Building Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	256(2)(i)	Power to make a complaint for an offence against Chapter 8, part 5 of the Building Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	256(2)(i)	Power to authorise a person to make a complaint for an offence against Chapter 8, part 5 of the Building Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	256(2)(k)	Power to make a complaint for another offence against the Building Act	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	256(2)(k)	Power to authorise a person to make a complaint for another offence against the Building Act	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	262(3)	In the specified circumstances power to at any time, and subject to such reasonable conditions as considered appropriate, extend the time for an owner to comply with section 235 if— (a) the owner files a written application for an extension with the local government while a previously given extension is still in force; and (b) the local government is satisfied that compliance within the time provided for in the previously given extension would cause the owner financial hardship.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Act 1975</i>	266	Power to decide that a building or structure is: (a) dangerous; or (b) in a dilapidated condition and unfit for use of or occupation; or (c) filthy; or (d) is infected with disease; or (e) is infested with vermin. (f) to allow for the alteration or removal of a building otherwise lawfully constructed before the commencement of the section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	8(1)	Power to: (a) designate all or part of its area as a flood hazard area; and (b) declare the following matters for all or part of the designated flood hazard area— (i) the defined flood area; (ii) the maximum flow velocity of water; (iii) an inactive floor or backwater area; (iv) a freeboard that is more than 300mm; (v) the finished floor level of class 1 buildings built in all or part of the floor hazard area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	8(4)	Power to keep a register of each flood hazard area designated as a flood hazard area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	45	In certain circumstances, power to declare a locality or a type of building or structure in the locality exempt from inspection at a stage of assessable building work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	54	Power to be satisfied all relevant aspects of the stage have been completed and comply with the building development approved for the work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	56(2)	Power to take enforcement action against the builder.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	56(3)(a)	Power to notify the QBCC of the builder's non-compliance with the enforcement notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	65(2)	In certain circumstances, Power to give a notice stating it will not inspect the building work or inspect or test the service in accordance with section 65(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	65(3)(a)	Power to inspect the work or inspect or test the service within 15 business days receiving the notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Building Regulation 2021</i>	65(3)(b)	Power to give the builder and the building certifier a notice stating: (a) the referral agency aspect comply with the building development approval; or (b) the referral agency aspects do not comply with the approval, and the reasons why they do not comply.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	115B(5)(a)	Power to endorse the plan of subdivision with the local government's acceptance of the trusteeship of the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	119(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to certify on a plan of subdivision that shows an artificial waterway that - (a) the waterway, and any access channel associated with the waterway, is constructed in accordance with the development approval for the waterway; and (b) if the waterway is not a canal - you are satisfied arrangements have been made, or will be made, for the maintenance and management of the waterway.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	164A(1)	Power to bring a proceeding in the Planning and Environment Court for a declaration about a matter done, to be done or that should have been done, for chapter 2, part 3, division 2.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	190(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to elect not to be the assessment manager for an application to amend.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	193(5)	In the specified circumstances, power to elect not to be the responsible entity for making the permissible change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	206(5)	In the specified circumstances, power to elect not to be the responsible entity for the change application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	29	Power to establish a Local Disaster Management Group for the local government's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	31	Power to agree to unite with other local governments, with the approval of the Minister and the district disaster coordinator, for the purpose of establishing a local group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	37	Power to give written notice of the members of a local group to: (a) the chief executive; and (b) the chairperson for the disaster district in which the local group is situated.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	57(1)	Power to prepare a plan (a local disaster management plan) for disaster management in the local government's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	57(2)(g)	Power to consider other matters that are appropriate for inclusion in the local disaster management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	59(1)	Power to review or renew a local disaster management plan when considered appropriate, subject to sub-section 2.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	60(1)(c)	Power to consider the places where a copy of the local disaster management plan should be available for inspection, free of charge, by members of the public.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	60(3)	Power to decide the fee for provision of a copy of the local disaster management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	61	Power to, with the approval of the Minister and the district group for the disaster district in which the local government is situated, to agree to unite with other local governments for the purpose of preparing a local disaster management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	5(1)(c)(i)	Power to appoint a person, if there is 1 local government only in the disaster district for the district group, as a member of a district group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	5(1)(c)(ii)	Power to appoint a person, if there are 2 or more local governments in the disaster district and none of the local governments unite under section 31 of the <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i> , as a member of a district group.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	5(1)(c)(iii)	Power to appoint a person, if there are 2 or more local governments in the disaster district and all the local governments unite under section 31 of the <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i> , as a member of a district group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	5(1)(c)(iv)	Power to appoint a person, if there are 3 or more local governments in the disaster district and not all the local governments unite under section 31 of the <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i> , as a member of a district group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	7(1)(b)	Power to nominate a person as a member of a temporary district group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	9(1)	Power to appoint a person as a member of a local group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	9(4)	Power to be satisfied that a person has the necessary expertise or experience to be appointed as a member of a local group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	10(1)	Power to appoint the chairperson and deputy chairperson of a local group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 2009</i>	24(2)	Power to cooperate with the Chief Executive (fisheries) in developing and implementing a healthy waters management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	128(2)	In certain circumstances, the power to give the applicant a notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	129(2)	In certain circumstances, the power to agree to a further period with the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	130(3)	In certain circumstances, the power to: (a) give a notice or other document relating to the application to all the applicants, by giving it to the principal applicant nominated in the application; or (b) make a requirement under this chapter relating to the application of all the applicants, by making it of the principal applicant nominated in the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	131(d)	In certain circumstances, power to be satisfied that a change would not adversely affect the ability of the authority to assess the changed application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	133(1)(b)	Power to agree in writing to the change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	134(4)	In certain circumstances, the power to be satisfied that the change would not be likely to attract a submission objecting to the thing the subject of the change, if the notification stage were to apply to the change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	140(1)	Power to ask the applicant, by written request (an <i>information request</i>), to give further information needed to assess the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	143(2)	In certain circumstances, the power to include in an information request a requirement that the applicant provide an EIS for the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	145(1)	Power to, by written notice given to the applicant and without the applicant's agreement, extend the information request period by not more than 10 business days.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	145(3)	Power to request a further extension of the information request period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	147(3)	Power to, within 5 business days after receiving the request: (a) decide whether to agree to the extension; and (b) give an information notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	150(1)(d)	In certain circumstances, the power to be satisfied that the change would not be likely to attract a submission objecting to the thing the subject of the change, if the notification stage were to apply to the change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	152(3)	Power to: (a) give the applicant an information notice about the decision before the application notice is given; and (b) decide an additional or substituted way to give or publish the application notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	159(2)	In certain circumstances, power to decide whether to allow the application to proceed under this part as if the noncompliance had not happened.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	159(3)	In certain circumstances, power to be satisfied that there has been substantial compliance with the public notice requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	159(4)	In certain circumstances, power to within 10 business days after the decision is made, give the applicant written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	159(5)(b)(i)	In certain circumstances, power to: (a) fix a substituted way to give or publish the application notice; and (b) give the applicant written notice of the substituted way.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	159(5)(b)(ii)	In certain circumstances, power to: (a) fix a new submission period for the application; and (b) give the applicant written notice of the period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	159(5)(b)(iii)	In certain circumstances, power to give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	160	Power to, within the submission period, make a submission to the administering authority about the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	161(3)	Power to accept a written submission even if it is not a properly made submission.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	162(1)	In certain circumstances, power to, by written notice, amend or replace a submission.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	168(2)	In certain circumstances, the power to, by written notice given to the applicant and without the applicant's agreement, extend the period mentioned in subsection 168(1) by not more than 20 business days.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	168(4)	Power to request a further extension of the decision period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	170(2)(a)	In certain circumstances, the power to decide that that the application be approved subject to the standard conditions for the relevant activity or authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	170(2)(b)	In certain circumstances, the power to decide that the applicant be issued an environmental authority on conditions that are different to the standard conditions for the activity or authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	171(2)(a)	In certain circumstances, the power to decide that the application be approved subject to conditions that are different to the standard conditions for the activity or authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	171(2)(b)	In certain circumstances, the power to decide that the applicant be issued an environmental authority subject to the standard conditions for the activity or authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	172(2)	In certain circumstances, the power to decide that the application: (a) be approved subject to conditions; or (b) be refused.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	173(1)	Power to refuse an application if the applicant is not a registered suitable operator.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	173(3)	In certain circumstances, power to refuse an application for an environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	195	In certain circumstances, power to issue an environmental authority to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	198(2)	In certain circumstances, power to give the application an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	198(4)	In certain circumstances, power to give any submitter for the application an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	203(1)	Power to impose a condition on an environmental authority or draft environmental authority if: (a) it considers the condition is necessary or desirable; and (b) if the authority is for an application to which section 115 applies - the condition relates to the carrying out of the relevant prescribed ERA.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	203(2)	In certain circumstances, power to impose a condition on an environmental authority or draft environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	204(2)	In certain circumstances, power to impose on the authority a condition requiring the holder of the authority to take all reasonable steps to ensure the relevant activity complies with the eligibility criteria for the activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	209(4)	Power to enter into an agreement to establish obligations, or secure the performance, of a party to the agreement about a condition.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	211	In certain circumstances, power to amend an environmental authority to correct a clerical or formal error.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	212(2)	Power to amend the environmental authority to ensure compliance with conditions included in a determination made by the NNTT under the Commonwealth Native Title Act, section 38(1)(c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	212(3)	Power to give written notice of the amendment to the environmental authority holder.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	212A(2)	Power to amend the environmental authority to ensure it is consistent with the regional interests development approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	212A(3)	Power to give written notice of the amendment to the environmental authority holder.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	213(2)	In certain circumstances, power to amend the existing authority to replace the existing standard conditions with the new standard conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	213(3)	In certain circumstances, power to give written notice of the amendment to the environmental authority holder.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	214(2)	In certain circumstances, power to amend the environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	214(3)	In certain circumstances, power to give: (a) an information notice about the amendment to the holder of the environmental authority; and (b) written notice of the amendment to the assessment manager for the development application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	215(1)	In certain circumstances, power to amend an environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	215(1)(a)	Power to consider the amendment is necessary or desirable because of a matter mentioned in subsection (2) and the procedure under division 2 is followed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	216	Power to propose to amend an environmental authority	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	217	Power to give the environmental authority holder a written notice (the <i>proposed amendment notice</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	218	Power to consider any written representation made within the period stated in the proposed amendment notice by the holder of the environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	219(1)	In certain circumstances, power to believe a ground exists to make the proposed amendment, and to make the amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	219(3)	Power to give the holder written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	220	Power to give the environmental authority holder an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	221(2)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to issue the amended environmental authority to the holder.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	227A(2)	Power to refuse application within 10 business days after receiving the amendment application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	227A(3)	Power to require the holder of the environmental authority to make a site-specific application for a new environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	227A(5)	Power to give written notice of any refusal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	228(1)	Power to decide whether the proposed amendment is a major or minor amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	229	Power to give the applicant a written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	230(2)	In certain circumstances, power to be satisfied that: (a) there is likely to be a substantial increase in the risk of environmental harm under the amended environmental authority; and (b) the risk is the result of a substantial change in: (i) the quantity or quality of contaminant permitted to be released into the environment; or (ii) the results of the release of a quantity or quality of contaminant permitted to be released into the environment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	233(3)	In certain circumstances, power to: (a) decide another way of publishing the notice for subsection (2)(b)(ii); and (b) give the applicant an information notice about the decision before the notice is published.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	237(1)(b)	Power to agree in writing to the change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	238(3)(a)	In certain circumstances, power to within 10 business days after notice of the change is received, ask the applicant to give further information needed to assess the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	238(7)	In certain circumstances, power to be satisfied the change would not be likely to attract a submission objecting to the thing the subject of the change, if the notification stage were to apply to the change	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	240(1)	Power to decide either to approve or refuse the application: (a) for a condition conversion – within 10 business days after the application is received (for a condition conversion); or (b) otherwise, within 10 business days after notice of the assessment level decision is given to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	240(2)	Power to be satisfied the proposed amendment is necessary or desirable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	240(3)	In certain circumstances, power to make any other amendments to the conditions of the environmental authority it considers: (a) relate to the subject matter of the proposed amendment; and (b) are necessary or desirable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	242(1)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to issue the amended environmental authority to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	242(3)	Power to within 5 business days after the decision is made, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	247(1)	Power to, within 20 business days after the day the amalgamation application is received, decide to: (a) approve the application; or (b) if the application is for an amalgamated local government authority or amalgamated project authority—refuse the application.	Chief Executive Officer

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Environmental Protection Act 1994	247(2)(c)	Power to be satisfied there is an appropriate degree of integration between the activities.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	247(3)	Power to be satisfied the relevant activities for the existing environmental authorities are being carried out as a single integrated operation.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	248(b)	In certain circumstances, power to issue to the applicant: (a) if the application is for an amalgamated corporate authority – an amalgamated corporate authority; or (b) if the application is for an amalgamated local government authority – an amalgamated local government authority; or (c) if the application is for an amalgamated project authority – an amalgamated project authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	249	Power to, within 10 business days after refusing an amalgamation application, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	250C(a)	Power to de-amalgamate the relevant authority within 15 business days after receiving a de-amalgamation application that complies with section 250B.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	254(1)	Power to consider each transfer application and decide to: (a) approve the transfer; or (b) refuse the transfer.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	255(1)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to issue the amended environmental authority (the <i>transferred environmental authority</i>) to each holder.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	255(2)	In certain circumstances, power to, within 10 business days after the decision is made, give the existing holder and the proposed holder written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	258(2)	In certain circumstances, power to by written notice (a <i>surrender notice</i>), require the holder of the environmental authority to make a surrender application.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	261(2)	In certain circumstances, power to approve a surrender application for part of the environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	264(2)(a)	Power to agree to a methodology.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	265	Power to ask the applicant, by written request, to give further information needed to assess the surrender application.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	266(1)	Power to decide to: (a) approve the surrender application; or (b) refuse the surrender application.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	269(a)	Power to be satisfied the conditions of the environmental authority have been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	269(b)(i)	Power to be satisfied the land on which each relevant activity for the environmental authority has been carried out has been satisfactorily rehabilitated.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	269(b)(ii)	Power to be satisfied the land will be satisfactorily rehabilitated under a transitional environmental program.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	269(c)	Power to be satisfied of another circumstance prescribed by regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	275(a)(ii)	In certain circumstances, power to give the applicant written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	275(b)	In certain circumstances, power to give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	278(1)	In certain circumstances, power to cancel or suspend an environmental authority .	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	280(1)	Power to give the environmental authority holder a written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	281	Power to consider any written representation made within the stated period by the environmental authority holder.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	282(1)	In certain circumstances, power to believe a ground exists to take the proposed action.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	282(1)(a)	In certain circumstances, power to suspend the environmental authority for no longer than the proposed suspension period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	282(1)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to either cancel the environmental authority or suspend it for a fixed period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	282(3)	Power to decide not to take the proposed action and, if so, give the environmental authority holder written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	283(1)	Power to give the environmental authority holder an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	283(2)	In certain circumstances, power to give written notice of the decision to the chief executive administering the resource legislation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	284C	Power to decide whether to approve the application or refuse the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	284F(1)(a)(ii)	In certain circumstances, power to give the holder of the environmental authority written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	284F(1)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to give the holder an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	287	Power to agree with the holder in writing to a shorter period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	292(1)	Power to, by condition of an environmental authority, require the holder of the environmental authority to give the administering authority financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	292(2)	Power to be satisfied the condition is justified.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	292(3)	Power to require a financial assurance to remain in force until satisfied no claim is likely to be made on the assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	295(1)	Power to decide the amount and form of financial assurance required under a condition of an environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	295(2)(c)	Power to agree with the holder of the environmental authority to a further period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	295(4)	Power to form an opinion as to the amount that represents the total of likely costs and expenses that may be incurred taking action to rehabilitate or restore and protect the environment because of environmental harm that may be caused by the activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	296	Power to, within 5 business days after making a decision under section 295(1), give an information notice about the decision to the holder of the environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	299(2)	Power to must give written notice to the entity who gave the financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	300	Power to consider any written representations made within the stated period by the entity who gave the financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	301(1)	Power to decide whether to make a claim on or realise the financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	301(2)	In certain circumstances, power to give the entity an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	304(1)	Power to, by written notice, require the applicant to give it a compliance statement for the financial assurance before deciding the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	305(1)(a)	Power to approve or refuse the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	305(1)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	305(3)	Power to be satisfied no claim is likely to be made on the assurance.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	305(5)	Power to withhold making a decision under subsection (1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	306(1)	In certain circumstances, power to, at any time, require the holder of an environmental authority or small scale mining tenure for which financial assurance has been given to change the amount of the financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	306(3)	Power to give written notice to the holder of the environmental authority or small scale mining tenure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	306(6)	In certain circumstances, power to consider any written submissions made by the holder within the stated period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	308(2)	In certain circumstances, power to give the environmental authority holder a written notice complying with subsection (3) (an <i>annual notice</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	310(1)	In certain circumstances, power to change the anniversary day, for an environmental authority for which an annual fee is prescribed under a regulation, to another day (the <i>new day</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	311	Power to decide whether or not to change the anniversary day to the new day.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	312	Power to give the holder: (a) if the decision is to change the day – written notice of the decision; or (b) if the decision is not to change the day – an information notice about the decision .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	314(2)	In certain circumstances, power to require the holder of the environmental authority to: (a) make a site-specific application for a new environmental authority under part 2; or (b) make an amendment application for the authority under part 7.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	314(3)	Power to give written notice of the proposed requirement to the holder of the environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	314(5)	Power consider any representations made by the holder within the stated period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	315(1)	Power to ask any entity for advice, comment or information about an application made under this chapter at any time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	320DB(1)	Power to give the administering authority written notice of the activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	320DB(2)	Power to give the administering authority written notice of (a) the nature of the event or change in the condition and the circumstances in which the event or change happened or is happening; or (b) within 24 hours after becoming aware of the event or change in condition of the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	322(1)	In certain circumstances, power to, by written notice, require the holder of an environmental authority to: (a) conduct or commission an audit (an environmental audit) about a stated matter concerning a relevant activity; and (b) give the administering authority an environmental report on the audit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	322(2)	Power to be reasonably satisfied the audit is necessary or desirable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	323(1)	Power to be satisfied that: (a) a person is, or has been, contravening: (i) a regulation; or (ii) an environmental protection policy; or (iii) an agricultural ERA standard; or (iv) a transition environmental program; or (v) an enforceable undertaking, or (b) a person is, or has been, contravening any of the following provisions: (i) section 363E; (ii) section 440Q; (iii) section 440ZG; (i) a provision of chapter 8, part 3D, 3E or 3F.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	323(2)	Power to, by written notice (also an audit notice), require the person to: (a) Conduct or commission an audit (also an environmental audit) about the matter; and (b) give the administering authority an environmental report about the audit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326B(1)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that: (a) an event has happened causing environmental harm while an activity was being carried out; or (b) an activity or proposed activity is causing, or is likely to cause environmental harm.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326B(2)	Power to, by written notice (an investigation notice), require the person who has carried out, is carrying out or is proposing to carry out the activity to: (a) conduct or commission an investigation (an environmental investigation) about the event or activity; and (b) submit an environmental report about the investigation to the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326BA(1)	Power to be satisfied that circumstances contained in subsection (a) – (c) apply to the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326BA(2)	Power to give written notice (an investigation notice) requiring a prescribed responsible person for the land to: (a) conduct or commission an investigation; and (b) give the administering authority an investigation report.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326F(2)	Power to, by written notice, ask the recipient to give further information needed to decide whether to approve the environmental report.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326G(4)	Power to decide to accept the report or to refuse to accept the report.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326G(5)	Power to be satisfied that the report does not adequately address the relevant matters for the environmental investigation to which the report relates.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326G(7)	In certain circumstances, power to extend the period mentioned in subsection (6) for making the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326G(7)(a)	Power to be satisfied that there are special circumstances for extending the time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326G(8)	Power to give the recipient written notice of the decision within 5 business days after making the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326H	Power to do one or more of the following: (a) require the recipient to prepare and submit a transitional environmental program to it; (b) if the recipient is the holder of an environmental authority – amend the conditions of the authority; (c) serve an environmental protection order on the recipient; or (d) take any other action it considers appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326I(2)	Power to require the recipient to conduct or commission another environmental investigation and submit a report on the investigation to it.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	326I(3)	Power to give written notice to the recipient.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	332(1)	Power to require a person or public authority to prepare and submit for approval a draft transitional environmental program as a condition of an environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	332(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to require a person or public authority to prepare and submit for approval a draft transitional environmental program.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	334A(1)	Power to, by written notice, ask the person or public authority that submitted the draft transitional environmental program to give further information needed to decide whether to approve the draft program.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	336(1)	Power to invite a person or public authority that has submitted a draft transitional environmental program and another person who has made a submission under section 335 of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 about the transitional environmental program, to a conference to help in deciding whether or not to approve the program.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	336(2)	Power to give written notice to all persons invited to attend a conference of when and where the conference is to be held.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	336(3)	If its considered impracticable to give notice to all persons invited to attend a conference, the power to give notice of the conference by publishing a notice in the newspapers you decide.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	336(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appoint an independent person to mediate a conference.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	336A(1)	Power to ask any person for advice, comment or information about a submission for approval of a transitional environmental program at any time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	337(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide whether to approve a draft transitional environmental program within the specified time period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	337(2)	In certain circumstances, power to extend the period mentioned in subsection (1) for making the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	337(2)	Power to gives an information notice about the decision to extend to the person or public authority that submitted the program and any submitters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	338(1)	In deciding whether to approve or refuse to approve a draft program or the conditions (if any) of the approval, the power to: (a) comply with any relevant regulatory requirement; and (b) subject to paragraph (a), consider the specified criteria.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	339(1)	Power to: (a) approve a draft transitional environment program: (i) as submitted; or (ii) as amended at the request, or with the agreement, of the administering authority; or (b) refuse to approve a draft transitional environmental program.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	339(2)	Power to impose on an approval of a draft transitional environmental program: (a) any conditions the authority must impose under a regulatory requirement; (b) a condition requiring the holder of the approval to give an amount of financial assurance as security for compliance with the transitional environmental program and any conditions of the program; and (c) any other conditions the administering authority considers appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	340(1)	Power to , within 8 business days after making a decision under section 339, give the person or public authority that submitted the program a written notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	340(2)(b)	If the program is approved, power to state any conditions imposed on the approval by the administering authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	340(2)(c)	If the program is approved, power to state the day the approval ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	340(3)	If the program is refused, or approved with conditions, power to give an information notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	342(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider and decide whether to approve a draft transitional environmental program if satisfied there has been substantial compliance with the Environmental Protection Act 1994.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	343A(2)(B)	In certain circumstances, power to give the holder of the environmental authority a copy of the environmental authority including the note.	Chief Executive Officer

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Environmental Protection Act 1994	344(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve an amendment of an approval for a transitional environmental program for an environmentally relevant activity.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344(4)	Without limiting the matters to be considered in deciding an application, the power to have regard to the specified criteria.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344A(2)	Power to may recover the reasonable costs or expenses of taking the action by making a claim on or realising the financial assurance or part of it.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344A(3)	Power to give written notice to the person who gave the financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344B	Power to consider any written representations made within the stated period by the person who gave the financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344C(1)	Power to, within 10 business days after the end of the stated period, decide whether to make a claim on or realise the financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344C(2)	Power to, within 5 business days after making the decision, give the person an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344E(1)	Power to cancel the approval for a transitional environmental program for the reasons provided in that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344E(1)(b)	Power to be satisfied the approval holder has: (i) disposed of the place or business to which the program relates; or (ii) ceased the activity to which the program relates.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344E(2)(a)	Power to give a notice stating the details of the cancellation to the approval holder.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344F(2)(a)	Power to withdraw the notice by another written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	344G(2)	Power to give the holder of the environmental authority a copy of the authority that does not include the note.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	352(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written notice to a person of: (a) receiving a program notice; and (b) the day by which a draft transitional environmental program dealing with the activity must be submitted for approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	355(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to the Court for an order that section 353(1) does not apply to the person for any continuation of the original offence.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	357E(1)	Power to: (a) grant the application for a temporary emissions licence: (i) as submitted; (ii) on different terms than have been requested in the application; or (b) refuse to grant the application for a temporary emissions licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	357E(2)	Power to impose conditions on the temporary emissions licence it considers are necessary or desirable.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	357F	Power to give the applicant an information notice about the decision if the decision is to: (a) grant the application on different terms than have been requested in the application; or (b) refuse the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	357J	In certain circumstances, power to amend, cancel or suspend a temporary emissions licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	358	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue an order (an environmental protection order) to a person.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	359	Before deciding to issue an environmental protection order, the power to consider the standard criteria.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	445(1)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appoint an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	445(2)	Power to appoint an employee of a local government to be an authorised person	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	448	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue an identity card to each authorised person appointed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	451(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a notice under section 451 of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 to a person requiring the person to give information relevant to the administration and enforcement of the Environmental Protection Act 1994.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	454(1)	Power to believe on reasonable grounds land is contaminated land	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	454(3)(b)	Power to give written notice to the owner and occupier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	458(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written notice of an application made under section 458(1) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 to: (a) the owner of the land; and (b) if the owner is not the occupier of the land - the occupier; and (c) if the application is for an order to carry out work mentioned in section 458(1)(a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994: (i) the environmental authority holder; or (ii) transitional environmental program approval holder; or (iii) the registered operator. (d) if the application is for an order to take actions required under a clean-up notice – the recipient of the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	463(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to direct the destruction or disposal of a forfeited thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	490	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	502A(2)	Power to carry out work or take any other action reasonably necessary to fulfil the requirements of an order made against a person under section 502.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	507(1)	Power to accept an enforceable undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	507(3)	Power to give written notice of: (a) administering authority's decision to accept or reject the enforceable undertaking; and (b) the reasons for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	507(4)	Power to form a reasonable belief that the undertaking will: (a) secure compliance with the Act; and (b) enhance the protection of the environment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	509(1)	Power to give written agreement to: (a) withdraw the undertaking; or (b) vary the undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	510	Power to amend an enforceable undertaking with the written agreement of the person who made the undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	511	Power to: (a) amend an enforceable undertaking to correct a clerical or formal error; and (b) give written notice of the amendment to the enforceable undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	512(1)	Power to amend or suspend an enforceable undertaking if the administering authority is satisfied of the requirements in paragraphs (a) – (d).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	512(2)	Power to give a notice stating proposed action in respect of the enforceable undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	512(4)	Power to consider written representations.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	512(5)	Power to decide to take action under the section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	512(6)	Power to give an information notice about the decision within 10 business days after making the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	512(7)	Power to give written notice of a decision not to take action.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	513(2)	Power to apply to the Magistrates Court for an order about contravention of enforceable undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	517(2)	Power to delegate their powers under this Act to an appropriately qualified employee of the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	521(2)(a)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, the power to allow a longer period within which an application for a review of an original decision must be made.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	521(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, within the decision period for a review of an original decision: (a) review the original decision; and (b) consider any submissions properly made by a recipient of a review notice; and (c) make a decision (the review decision) to: (i) confirm or revoke the original decision; or (ii) vary the original decision in a way considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	521(8)	Within 10 business days after making a review decision, the power to give written notice of the review decision to the applicant and persons who were given notice of the original decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	531(1)	In certain circumstances, power to may appeal against the decision to the Court.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	544(1)	Power to approve forms.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	568	Power to, subject to the terms of an approval under division 2: (a) conduct environmental audits and prepare environmental reports about audits under chapter 7, part 2, division 2; and (b) evaluate site investigation reports, validation reports, draft site management plans and draft amendments of site management plans prepared under chapter 7, part 8 against criteria prescribed under a regulation (the prescribed criteria) and: (i) if the report or plan does not comply with the prescribed criteria—prepare a report about the evaluation; or (ii) if the report or plan complies with the prescribed criteria—provide written certification that it complies with the criteria; and (c) audit or evaluate another matter or thing prescribed under a regulation and prepare a report or written certification about the audit or evaluation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	620(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to change or cancel a condition of a environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	620(5)(b)	In the specified circumstances, if a condition has changed or cancelled, the power to, within the specified time period, give the registered operator: (i) a copy of the development conditions as applying after the change or cancellation; and (ii) a registration certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	621(1)	Power to, for an activity being carried out under an environmental authority mentioned in section 619(1) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994, give to the person carrying out the activity: (a) if the activity was carried out at 1 location - a development approval for the location; or (b) if the activity was carried at more than 1 location and is not a mobile and temporary environmentally relevant activity - a development approval for each location; or (c) if the activity is a mobile and temporary environmentally relevant activity - a development approval for a mobile and temporary environmentally relevant activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	621(2)	If the person carrying out the activity does not have a registration certificate for the activity, the power to also give the person a registration certificate for the activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	621(4)	If you act under section 621(1) or (2) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994, the power to give the person carrying out the activity an information notice about your decision to give the approval or approval and certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	623(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a registered operator a notice stating that you are satisfied that the risk of environmental harm from carrying out the activity is no longer insignificant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	626(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, by written notice, ask an applicant to give a stated document or information relevant to an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	634(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to amend a condition about financial assurance imposed under Part 7, Chapter 13 of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 to require the giving of replacement financial assurance, in a form and amount decided by you.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	671(2)	Power to consider, or continue to consider, the draft transitional environment program and decide whether to approve an existing draft transitional environment program under the unamended Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	697(1)	Power to decide whether to approve the application or refuse the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	698(1)	In certain circumstances, power to: (a) amend the environmental authority to give effect to the conversion; and (b) issue the amended environmental authority to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	698(2)	In certain circumstances, power to give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	698B	Power to approve an application to convert the surrendered registration certificate to an environmental authority that has been suspended under chapter 5, part 11A (a <i>conversion application</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	699(4)	Power to amend the environmental authority to impose a condition about financial assurance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	699(5)	Power to give written notice of the amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	701(2)	Power to amend the new authority to impose conditions consistent with the environmental management plan.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	19B	Power to consider the following assessment benchmarks: (a) an environmental objective assessment against the environmental objectives and performance outcomes stated in schedule 5, part 3, table 2; (b) the standard criteria; (c) if the concurrence ERA is to be carried out in a strategic environmental area – the impacts of the activity on the environmental attributes for the area under the Regional Planning Interests Act 2014.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	51(1)	When making an environmental management decision relating to an activity, other than a prescribed ERA, power to: a) carry out an environmental objective assessment (to be carried out in accordance with Schedule 5, Part2) against the environmental objective and performance outcomes mentioned in schedule 5, part 3, tables 1 and 2; b) consider the environmental values declared under this regulation; ba) if the activity is to be carried out in a strategic environmental area – consider the impacts of the activity on the environmental attributes for the area under the Regional Planning Interests Act 2014; c) consider each of the following under any relevant environmental protection policies: (i) the management hierarchy; (ii) environmental values; (iii) quality objectives; (iv) the management intent; and d) consider the matters of national environmental significance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	51(2)	For an environmental management decision relating to a prescribed ERA, power to: a) carry out an environmental objective assessment (to be carried out in accordance with Schedule 5, Part2) against the environmental objective and performance outcomes mentioned in schedule 5, part 3, table 1; and b) consider the matters mentioned in subsection (1)(b), (ba) and (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	52(1)	When making an environmental management decision relating to an activity, power to consider imposing conditions about the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	53(1)	When making an environmental management decision relating to an activity, power to consider whether to impose conditions about the release of contaminants from the activity on the receiving environment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	53(2)	Power to consider the specified matters when considering whether to impose a monitoring condition.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	58(2)	When making an environmental management decision relating to an activity that involves, or may involve the release of water or waste to a referable wetland or a significant coastal wetland for treatment, power to refuse to grant the application after considering the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	63(2)	When making an environmental management decision relating to an activity that involves, or may involve, the release of waste directly to groundwater, power to refuse to grant the application after consideration of the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	64I(2)	In certain circumstances the power to notify the administering authority of the change in the waste type within 24 hours after receiving the test results for the retesting.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	64I(3)(a)-(e)	In certain circumstances, the power within 10 business days after receiving the test results for the retesting of the waste, to prepare and give the administering authority a written report specifying state matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	64J(1)	Power for each load of tested waste transported to a receiver to record the prescribed information for the load in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	64J(2)	Power to in certain circumstances, to give the prescribed information for the load to the receiver.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	65(2)	Power to, in certain circumstances, make a record of the prescribed information for the load in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	65(3)	Power to, in certain circumstances, give written notice of the omission or inaccuracy to the administering authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81U(1)(b)	Power to enter a written agreement with another person (the agent) to do the thing for the waster handler.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81W(1)	Power to apply to the administering executive for approval of a particular way of giving prescribed information to the administering authority under division 3.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81X(1)	Power to apply to the administering executive for a consignment number for a number of matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81Y(1)	Power to apply to the administering authority for an exemption for the transportation of trackable waste to this part applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZF(1)(b)	Power to require the owner or occupier of relevant premises in the local government area, to supply at the relevant premises, enough waste containers, other than standard general waster containers, to contain the general waste produced at the relevant premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZF(2)	Power to consider reasonable, the number of standard general waste containers required at the relevant premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZG(1)(a)	Power to require the occupier of the relevant premises to store general waste at the relevant premises in another type of waste container other than a standard general waste container.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZH(1)(a)	Power to require a waste container supplied for the premises to be kept at a particular place at the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZH(2)(a)	Power to arrange to collect waste from the container at the place.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZI(2)	Power to require the prescribed person to ensure certain things are supplied at the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZI(2)(a)(i)	Power to require the level of an elevated stand for the holding of all waste containers.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZI(2)(a)(ii)	Power to require drainage of an imperviously paved area where all waste containers can be placed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZJ(2)	Power to give a written notice to the occupier of the relevant premises stating a number of matters listed in s81ZJ(2)(a) – (c).	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZK(2)(a)	Power to approve and give written approval to the owner or occupier of the relevant premises for depositing or disposing of the waste.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZK(2)(b)	Power to impose conditions on the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZL(1)	Power to require the occupier of the relevant premises where there is industrial waste to do a number of things as set out in section 81ZL(1)(a) – (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZL(1)(a)	Power to require the number of industrial waste containers to be supplied at the premises for storing the waste at the premises safely, efficiently and without causing a nuisance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZL(1)(b)	Power to require the occupier of the relevant premises to keep the waste containers at a place at the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZL(4)	Power to approve a type of container as an industrial waste container for the storing of industrial waste at the premises within the local government area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZM	Power to require the occupier of the relevant premises where there is industrial waste to treat the waste to a standard.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZM	Power to approve the standard to treat waste for the occupier of the relevant premises where there is industrial waste.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZQ(1)	Power to consent to the matters set out in section 81ZQ(1)(a) – (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	81ZR(2)(b)	Power to give reasonable instructions to a person to deal with waste.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	133	Power to require the holder of a relevant authority to pay the authority the difference between the annual fee and the reduced annual fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	150(3)	In the specified circumstances, as soon as practicable after commencement, power to: (a) give the holder of the registration certificate a notice stating that, under this regulation, the activity is no longer an environmentally relevant activity; and (b) from the anniversary day of the registration certificate, the holder no longer needs a registration certificate to carry out the activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	151(2)	In the specified circumstances, as soon as practicable after commencement, power to give the holder of a relevant authority a notice stating that: (a) under this regulation, the activity is still an environmentally relevant activity; (b) the provision of schedule 2 applicable to the holder's activity; (c) from the anniversary day of the relevant authority, the holder is taken to have a relevant authority to carry out the activity mentioned in the provision of schedule 2 applicable to the holder's activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	153(2)	In the specified circumstances, as soon as practicable after commencement, power to give the holder of an environmental authority a notice stating that: (a) under this regulation, the activity is still an environmentally relevant activity; (b) the provision of schedule 5 or 6 applicable to the holder's activity; (c) from the anniversary day of the former environmental authority, the holder is taken to have an environmental authority to carry out the activity mentioned in the provision of schedule 5 or 6 applicable to the holder's activity.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	21(4)	Power to consider the specified benchmarks under section 22(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	35(1)	Power to when making an environmental management decision relating to an environmentally relevant activity, other than the prescribed ERA; (a) carry out an environmental objective assessment against the environmental objective and performance outcomes mentioned in schedule 8, part 3, division 1 and 2; and (b) consider the environmental values declared under this regulation; and (c) if the activity is to be carried out in a strategic environmental area – consider the impacts of the activity on the environmental attributes for the area under the Regional Planning Interests Act 2014; and (d) consider each of the following under any relevant environmental protection policies- (i) the management hierarchy; (ii) environmental values; (iii) quality objectives; (iv) the management intent; and (e) if the bilateral agreement requires the matters of national environmental significance to be consider- consider those matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	35(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to: (a) carry out an environmental objective assessment against the environmental objective and performance outcomes mentioned in schedule 8, part 3, division 1; and (b) consider the matters mentioned in subsection (1)(b), (c) and (d).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	35(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to: (a) carry out an environmental objective assessment against the environmental objectives for water and groundwater mentioned in schedule 8, part 3, division 1, to the extent the performance outcomes for the environmental objectives relate to fine sediment, or dissolved inorganic nitrogen, entering the water of the Great Barrier Reef; (b) consider each environmental value, declared under this regulation, to the extent the value relates to fine sediment, or dissolved inorganic nitrogen, entering the water of the Great Barrier Reef; and (c) if the activity is to be carried out in a strategic environmental area – consider the impacts of the activity on each environmental attribute for the area under the Regional Planning Interests act 2014, to the extent the attribute relates to fine sediment, or dissolved inorganic nitrogen, entering the water of the Great Barrier Reef; and (d) consider each of the following matters under a relevant environmental protection policy, to the extent the matter relates to fine sediment, or dissolved inorganic nitrogen, entering water of the Great Barrier Reef: (i) the management hierarchy; (ii) environmental values; (iii) quality objectives; (iv) the management intent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	36(1)	Power to, when making an environmental management decision relating to an activity, consider whether to impose conditions about each of the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	37(1)	Power to, when making an environmental management decision relating to an activity, consider whether to impose monitoring conditions about the release of contaminants from the activity on the receiving environment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	37(2)	Power to, when considering whether to impose a monitoring condition, consider the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	40(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to refuse to grant an application if the authority considers that, because of the activity, the wetland may be destroyed or reduced in size or the biological integrity of the wetland may not be maintained.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	41(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to refuse to grant an application if the authority considers one of the specified matters to be relevant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	41AA(3)	Power to consider the relevant activity will, or may, have a residual impact	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	51(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to notify the administering authority of the change in waste types within 24 hours after receiving the test results for the retesting.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	51(3)	In the specified circumstances, within 10 business days of receiving the test results for the retesting of the waste, power to give the administering authority a written report stating the specified things.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	52(1)	Power to, for each load of the waste transported to a receiver, record the prescribed information for the load in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	52(2)	Power to, before or when the load is given to a receiver, give the prescribed information for the load to the receiver.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	53(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to, before or when the receiver is given the load, record the prescribed information for the load in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	53(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to within 24 hours after becoming aware of an omission or inaccuracy in the prescribed information, give written notice of the omission or inaccuracy to the administering authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	90(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to enter into a written agreement with another person to do the thing for the waste handler.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	93(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to apply to the administering authority for a consignment number.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	94(1)	Power to apply to the administering authority for an exemption for the transportation of trackable waste for which this part applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	97	Power to apply to the administering executive for a generator identification number.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	101(1)(b)	Power to require the owner or occupier of a relevant premises in a local government area to supply at the relevant premises, enough waste containers, other than standard general waste containers, to store the general waste produced at the relevant premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	101(2)	Power to determine the amount of standard general waste containers reasonably required at a premises, and to supply to the relevant premises that number of standard general waste containers.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	102(1)(a)	Power to require the occupier of a relevant premises to store general waste at the relevant premises in another type of waste container than a standard general waste container.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	101(3)	In the specified circumstance, power to recover the reasonable costs of supplying the container as a debt payable by the owner or occupier of the relevant premises to the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	102(1)(a)	Power to require the occupier of a relevant premises to store general waste at the relevant premises in another type of waste container than a standard general waste container.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	103(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to require that the occupier of serviced premises ensure that a waste container supplied for the premises is kept at a particular place at the premises.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	103(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to arrange to collect waste from the container at a place.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	104(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to require the person to ensure each of the specified things is supplied at the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	104(2)(a)(i)	Power to specify a level required by the local government for an elevated stand holding all waste containers.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	104(2)(a)(ii)	Power to require an imperviously paved area where all waste containers can be placed to be drained.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	105(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the occupier of the relevant premises a written notice stating the specified things.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	106(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to give a written approval (a relevant approval) to the owner or occupier of the relevant premises for depositing or disposing of the waste.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	106(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to impose conditions on the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	107(1)	Power to require the occupier of relevant premises where there is industrial waste to do the specified things.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	107(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to supply industrial waste containers at the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	107(4)	Power to approve a type of waste container for storing industrial waste at premises within the local government's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	108	Power to determine the standard that industrial waste must be treated to for disposal of the waste at a waste facility.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	108	Power to require the occupier of relevant premises where there is industrial waste to treat the waste to a standard for disposal of the waste at a waste facility.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	112(1)	Power to consent to a person: (a) entering the facility other than to deposit waste; or (b) remaining on the facility after depositing waste; or (c) interfering with waste at, or removing the waste from, the facility.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	113(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to display signs giving reasonable directions at the facility.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	113(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give reasonable instructions to a person who transports and delivers waste to the waste facility	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	113(2)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to request the person who transports and delivers waste to waste facility to give information to the owner or operator about the type and amount of waste being delivered.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2019</i>	173(2)	Power to require, by written notice, the holder of a relevant authority to pay the authority the difference between the annual fee and the reduced annual fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	104SG(2)	Power to nominate persons as assessors.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	104SI(2)(b)(ii)	Power to nominate persons as assessors to assist QCAT in proceedings mentioned in s104SG(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	105(1) 'Prescribed property' paragraph (b)	In the specified circumstances, power to determine that a portion of a parcel of land separately held by an owner should be classed as a separate parcel for the purposes of Part 10 of the Fire and Rescue Service 1990.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	112(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the owner of each prescribed property within its area a levy notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	113(6)	In certain circumstances, the power to amend the levy notice, to revoke the levy notice and give a new levy notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	117(3)	The power to decide the way in which Council keeps the administration fee.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	121(2)	Power to refuse an application to pay an outstanding amount in instalments or grant an application to pay an outstanding amount in instalments subject to any conditions thought fit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	126(1)	Power to, by notice in writing, require an owner of prescribed property to pay an amount not exceeding an amount representing the prescribed per centum of the amount of arrears, by way of collection fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	134(2)	Power to nominate a local controller of an SES unit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	140	Power to enter an agreement with the Commissioner that sets out responsibilities of each party in relation to the SES in the local government's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i>	146(2)	Power to nominate an ES unit co-ordinator of the ES unit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	55	Power to consider the application and decide to grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	56(1)	Power to be satisfied that the specified criteria are fulfilled.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	56(2)	Power to obtain and consider the written advice of an auditor about whether or not the auditor considers the food safety program complies with section 98.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	57	Power to have regard to the specified matters in relation to the suitability of a person to hold a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	58(a)	In deciding whether premises are suitable for carrying on a licensable food business, the power to have regard to whether the premises comply with the food standards code, standard 3.2.3.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	58(b)	In deciding whether premises are suitable for carrying on a licensable food business, the power to obtain and consider the written advice of an authorised person about whether or not the authorised person considers the premises are suitable for carrying on the business.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	59(1)(a)	Power to make inquiries to decide the suitability of - (i) the applicant to hold a licence; and (ii) the premises for carrying on a licensable food business.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	59(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances power to give notice to the applicant requiring the applicant to provide the local government with further information or a document.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	60(2)	The power to give an applicant an information notice for the decision if the decision is to refuse.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	62(1)	Power to consider more time is needed to make a decision about an application because of the complexity of matters that need to be considered in deciding the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	62(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give notice to the applicant that further consideration of the application is required.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	62(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the applicant on the day by which the application must be decided.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	64	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a provisional licence to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer

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Food Act 2006	67	Power to decide a term of a licence other than a provisional licence of not more than 3 years.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	68(1)	Power to decide a term of provisional licence of not more than 3 months.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	68(2)	Power to issue a notice to extend the term of licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	69(1)(e)	In the specified circumstances, the power to impose other reasonable conditions considered appropriate for the food business.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	69(2)(b)	Power to consider it necessary to impose a condition.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	69(3)	Power to give an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	71	Power to give the licensee notice of the imminent expiry of a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	72(3)	Power to consider the application and decide to renew, or refuse to renew, the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	72(4)	Power to have regard to the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	72(5)	Power to give an information notice to the licensee if the local government decides to refuse to renew the licence or impose conditions on the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	73(3)	Power to consider the application and decide to restore, or refuse to restore, the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	73(4)	Power to have regard to the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	73(5)	Power to give a person an information notice for the decision if the local government decides to refuse to restore the licence, or impose conditions on the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	74(3)	Power to consider the application and decide to amend, or refuse to amend, the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	74(4)	Power to amend a licence by changing the location of the premises from which the licensee proposes to carry on a licensable food business.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	74(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the premises are suitable for carrying on a licensable food business.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	74(6)	Power to give a licensee a licence and an information notice for a decision if the local government decides to refuse to amend the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	74(7)	Power to give the licensee an information notice for the decision if the local government decides to impose conditions on the licence.	Chief Executive Officer

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Food Act 2006	75(1)	In the specified circumstances power to require the applicant to give the local government further information or a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	78(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to have regard to the specified matters regarding the suitability of a person to hold a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	79(1)(a)	Power to form a belief that a ground exists to suspend or cancel a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	79(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the licensee a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	80(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider all representations.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	81	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a belief that a ground no longer exists to suspend or cancel a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	82(1)(b)	Power to form a belief that a ground exists to suspend or cancel a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	82(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to suspend the licence for not longer than the proposed suspension period.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	82(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to cancel the licence or suspend it for a period.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	82(3)	Power to give an information notice to the licensee for the decision if the local government decides to take action under s82(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	83(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to suspend a licence immediately.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	83(2)(a)	Power to give an information notice to the licensee together with a show cause notice about the decision to suspend a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	83(4)	Power to give the licensee a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	91(1)(b)	Power to consider that a licensee has done or omitted to do something, if done or omitted to be done in the first local government's area, would be a contravention of the conditions of the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	91(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to advise the first local government of the thing done or omitted to be done.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	92(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to take action in relation to the thing done or omitted to be done by the licensee.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	97(1)	Power to consider the application and decide to grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	97(2)	Power to be satisfy the licence has been destroyed, lost or stolen, or damaged in a way to require its replacement.	Chief Executive Officer

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Food Act 2006	97(3)	Power to issue another licence to the applicant to replace the damage, destroyed, lost or stolen licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	97(5)	Power to give an information notice to the applicant for the decision if the local government decides to refuse to grant the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	103(1)	Power to consider the application and decide to accredit, or refuse to accredit, the food safety program.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	103(2)	Power to obtain and consider the written advice of an auditor about whether or not the auditor considers the food safety program complies with the criteria in section 104.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	104	Power to be satisfied that the food safety program meets the specified criteria.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	105(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give notice to the applicant requiring the applicant to give further information or a document to a local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	106(2)	Power to give an applicant an information notice for a decision if the local government decides to refuse to accredit a food safety program.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	107(4)	Power to give an information notice to the applicant if the application is refused under section 107.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	108(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider more time is needed to make a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	108(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give notice to the applicant of the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	108(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the applicant on a day by which the application must be decided.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	109(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide how often the holder of the program must have compliance audits of the program conducted under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	109(2)(b)	The power to give the holder of a food safety program an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	109(3)	In deciding the frequency of audits for subsection (2)(a), the power to have regard to the stated matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	110(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to change the frequency of compliance audits for a food safety program if considered necessary to make the change in the interest of public health or safety.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	110(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to have regard to the results of a compliance or non-conformance audit of the program.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	110(3)	The power to give an information notice for the decision to the holder of a food safety program if the local government decides to change the frequency of compliance audits for the food safety program.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	110(4)	Power to give the holder of a food safety program a notice of change if the local government decides to change the frequency of compliance audits for the food safety program.	Chief Executive Officer

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Food Act 2006	112(4)	Power to consider the application and decide to approve, or refuse to approve, the amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	112(5)	Power to be satisfied that the stated criteria are fulfilled.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	112(6)	Power to give an information notice to an applicant for a decision if the local government decides to refuse to approve an amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	113(1)	In the specified circumstances power to require the applicant to give the local government further information or a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	114(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to direct the holder of a food safety program to amend the program.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	114(2)	Power to give a notice to the holder of a food safety program for a direction under section 114(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	114(3)(c)	Power to give an information notice with a notice of direction made under section 114(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	115(2)	Power to be satisfied that the amendment complies with the direction under section 114.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	118(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a belief that a ground exists to cancel the accreditation of a food safety program and to give the holder of the program a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	119(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider all representations.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	120	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a belief that a ground no longer exists to cancel the accreditation.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	121(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a belief that— (i) a ground still exists to cancel the accreditation; and (ii) cancellation of the accreditation is warranted.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	121(2)	Power to cancel the accreditation.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	121(3)	Power to give the holder of a food safety program an information notice for the decision if the local government decides to take action under section 121(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	168(2)	Power to appoint an employee of the local government as an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	168(3)	Power to appoint an employee of the local government as an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	193(6)	Power to consider appropriate how a thing forfeited to the local government may be dealt with.	Chief Executive Officer
Food Act 2006	222(b)	Power to form a belief on reasonable grounds that an injunction under the part is necessary.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Food Act 2006</i>	223	Power to apply to the District Court for an injunction in relation to the conduct.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	238(2)	Power to extend the time for applying for the review.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	239(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make a further decision after reviewing the original decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	239(2)	Power to give an applicant a notice of the review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	255(1)(b)	Power to apply to the Court for an order against a person for the payment of the costs, that the state or local government has incurred in taking a thing or doing something during the investigation of an offence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	258(1)	Power to consider appropriate the way in which the local government may deal with a thing that becomes local government's property.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	258(2)	Power to destroy or dispose of a thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Act 2006</i>	277(2)	Power to approve forms for the use by the local government under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Food Production (Safety) Act 2000</i>	83(1)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve the appointment of an employee of Council as an authorised officer by Safe Food.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	25(1)	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for funding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	26(2)(b)	Power to provide a written response to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	37B(1)©	Power to apply to the registrar for registration on the state register.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	37G(1)(a)	Power to apply to the registrar for the cancellation of the provider's registration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	37H(6)(a)(ii)	Power to agree in writing with the registrar the relevant day.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	37H(6)(b)(ii)	Power to agree with the registrar in writing the relevant day.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	38C(4)(b)	Power to request an extension of time in a notice of intent from the Registrar.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	38H(b)(i)	Power to consent to the disclosure of information by the registrar as the person from whom the information was obtained.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Act 2003</i>	65	Power to apply to the chief executive for a review of a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Regulation 2015</i>	15(1)	Power to accept an application, in the approved form, from a person for a social housing service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Regulation 2015</i>	18(2)	Power to give the chief executive information, in the approved form, about each funded property for the service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Regulation 2015</i>	19(3)	Power to comply with a request made under section 19(2) within the time stated in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Regulation 2015</i>	37(2)	Power to consult with the chief executive about the most appropriate method for transferring or otherwise disposing of a relevant asset.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Housing Regulation 2015</i>	37(3)	Power to seek the Chief Executive's written consent to transfer or otherwise dispose of a relevant asset in a particular way.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	124(1)(b)	Power to consent to the grant of an exemption.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	139(1)(b)	Power to consent to a grant for an authorisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	145(1)(b)	Power to consent to a grant under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	156(1)	Power to decide to give consent within the time specified and agree to a longer period for providing consent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	156(2)(b)	Power to ask the Regulator for a longer period under subsection 156(1)(b) and power to consider a route assessment is necessary for deciding whether or not to give the consent under section 156(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	156(2)(c)	Power to be consulted about a Road Manager's decision to grant consent to the grant of a mass or dimension authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	156(3)	Power to decide not to give consent to the grant of a mass or dimension authority and power to be satisfied of the things stated in section 156(3)(a) and (b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	156(6)	Power to give the Regulator a written statement that explains the Road Manager's decision and complies with section 172.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	158(4)(c)	Power to decide not to give the consent on the ground that the consent would be inoperative.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	158(4)(d)	Power to decide to give the consent but the consent is inoperative without the other entity's approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	159(2)	Power to notify the Regulator of the things stated in section 159(2)(a) and (b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	160(1)	Power to consent to the grant of a mass or dimension authority subject to the specified conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	160(2)(a)	Power to give the regulator a written statement that explains the road manager's decision to give consent to the grant of the authority, subject to the condition and complies with section 172.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	161(1)	Power to consent to the grant of an authority subject to conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	161(2)	Power to give a Regulator a written statement that explains the Road Manager's decision to consent to the grant of an authority subject to conditions which complies with section 172.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	162(1)	Power to ask the Regulator to impose stated vehicle conditions on an authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	167(2)(b)	Power to give the Regulator a Notice of Objection to the application under section 167 to a proposed replacement authority within the time specified.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	167(3)	Power to give written notice to the Regulator that the Road Manager gives or refuses consent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	169(1)	Power to give consent to the grant of a mass or dimension authority for a trial period as set in that section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	174(1)	Power to be satisfied the use of heavy vehicles on a road under the Authority in the circumstances set out in section 174(1)(a) – (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	174(2)	Power to ask the Regulator about the matters stated in section 174(2)(a)(ia) – (iii) and (2)(b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	178(1)	Power to be satisfied the use of heavy vehicles on a road under the Authority will do the things stated in section 178(1)(a) – (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	178(2)	Power to ask the Regulator about the things stated in section 178(2)(a) and (b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	590A(2)	Power to provide undertaking to the Regulator or an authorised officer (the promisee) in relation to a contravention or alleged contravention of the Law.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	590C(1)	Power to at any time, with the written agreement of the promisee to withdraw the undertaking or change the undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	632(A)(4)	Power to introduce evidence of complying with this Law in a way that differs from the code but that provides a standard of safety or protection equivalent to or higher than the standard required in the code.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	664(2)	Power to conduct the review as set out in section 664(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	664(3)	Power to give an applicant a reasonable opportunity to make written or oral representations to the Reviewer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	645(1)	Power to make a review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	645(5)	Power to give the Regulator notice of a review decision stating the decision and the reasons for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Queensland)</i>	645(6)(ii)	Power to agree with the Regulator to a longer period for a review of a reviewable decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	13(1)(b)	Power to consent to the making of the declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	13(3)	Power to consent to the declarations subject to conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	13(4)	Power to give the Regulator written reasons for the Road Manager's decision to give consent to the making of the declaration subject to the conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	18(1)	Power to be satisfied of the matters stated in section 18(1)(a) to (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	18(2)(a)	In certain circumstances, power to ask the Regulator to amend the declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	18(2)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to ask the Regulator to cancel a declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	24(1)(a)	Power to require road conditions or travel conditions be imposed for a HML permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	29(4)(c)	Power to be consulted by the Regulator about giving consent to an amendment of a HML permit and power to consent to an amendment of the HML permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	31(1)	Power to be satisfied of the matters stated in section 31(1)(a) to (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	31(2)(a)	Power to ask the Regulator to amend the HML permit in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	31(2)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to ask the Regulator to cancel a HML permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	41(1)	Power to consent to a declaration made under section 40.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Human Rights Act 2019</i>	77	Power to represent Council and make commitments on Council's behalf at all Human Rights Commission conciliation conferences and negotiations.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	29(1)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that noncompliance with the IPP is necessary in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	33(a)	Power to agree with an individual to transfer an individual's personal information to an entity outside Australia.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	33(c)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the transfer is necessary to lessen or prevent a serious threat to the life, health, safety or welfare of an individual, or to public health, safety or welfare.	Chief Executive Officer

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Information Privacy Act 2009	33(d)(i)	Power to form a reasonable belief that the recipient of the personal information is subject to a law, binding scheme or contract that effectively upholds principles for the fair handling of personal information that are substantially similar to the IPPs or, if the agency is a healthy agency, the NPPs.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	34(1)	Power to enter into a service arrangement with a service provider.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	44(3)	Power to consider a person has an appropriate interest in the amendment of the personal information.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	49(2)	Power to consider a search for a document from a backup system is appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	50(2)	Power to delegate the power to deal with an application to another officer of the agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	50(5)(b)	Power to appoint an appropriately qualified health care professional to make a health care decision in relation to the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	52(1)(b)	Power to decide that an application is outside the scope of this Act for 1 or more of the following reasons: (i) the document is not a document of an agency, or document of a Minister, for this chapter; (ii) the entity is not an agency for this chapter; (iii) the application is made to the information commissioner, RTI commissioner or privacy commissioner.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	52(2)	Power to give prescribed written notice to the applicant of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	53(2)	Power to inform a person how an application does not comply with a relevant application requirement.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	53(3)	Power to give a reasonable opportunity to consult with a view to making application in a form complying with all relevant application requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	53(6)	Power to decide that an application does not comply with all relevant application requirements and to give the applicant prescribed written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	54(2)	Power to make reasonable efforts to inform the applicant of the matters set out in 54(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	54(3)	Power to give the applicant a reasonable opportunity to consult as mentioned in 54(2)(c).	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	54(5)(b)	Power to consider whether an application is an application that can be made under this Act and power to give the applicant prescribed written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	55(1)	At any time before a deemed decision is taken to have been made in relation to an access or amendment application, power to ask the applicant for a further specified period to consider the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	55(3)	Power to continue to consider the application and make a considered decision in relation to it in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	56(1)	Power to give access to a document of which may reasonably be expected to be of concern to a government, agency or person.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	56(3)(b)	Power to decide: (i) that a document is a document for this chapter, or (ii) that the information is not exempt information or contrary to public interest information.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	56(3)(c)	Power to give prescribed written notice of the decision in 56(3)(b) to the applicant and the relevant third party.	Chief Executive Officer

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Information Privacy Act 2009	56(3)(d)	In the specified circumstances, power to defer giving access to a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	56(4)	Power to give the applicant written notice when access is no longer deferred under 56(3)(d).	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	57(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to transfer an access or amendment application to another agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	57(2)(b)	Power to consent to a transfer	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	59(2)	Power to refuse to deal with an application without having identified any or all of the documents.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	60(1)	Power to refuse to deal with an access or amendment application, or, if the agency or Minister is considering 2 or more access or amendment applications by the applicant, all the applications, if when using the power to consider the work involved in dealing with the application or all the applications would, if carried out : (a) substantially and unreasonably divert the resources of the agency from their use by the agency in the performance of its functions.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	61(1)(a)	Power to give the applicant a written notice regarding its refusal to deal with an application under section 60.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	61(1)(b)	Power to give the applicant a reasonable opportunity to consult with the agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	61(1)(c)	Power to give the applicant any information that would help the making of an application in a form that would remove the ground for refusal.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	61(6)(b)	Power to agree upon a longer prescribed consultation period	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	62(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to refuse to deal with the later application to the extent it is for access to a document or documents sought under the first application.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	63(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to refuse to deal with the later application to the extent it is for amendment of a document or documents sought under the first application.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	65(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to make a decision (a considered decision): (i) whether access is to be given to the document; and (ii) if access is to be given – whether any access charge must be paid before access is given.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	65(b)	Power to give written notice of a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	66(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give prescribed written notice of the decision to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	68(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to give a prescribed written notice to an applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	69(2)	Power to give a prescribed written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	70	If a person makes an amendment application for a document, power to: (a) consider the application and make a considered decision whether the amendment of the document is to be permitted; and (b) give the person a written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	71(2)	Power to give prescribed written notice of the decision to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer

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Information Privacy Act 2009	72(1)(a)	Power to refuse to amend a document if the agency is not satisfied: (a) the personal information is inaccurate, incomplete, out of date or misleading; or (b) the information sought to be amended is personal information of the applicant; or (c) if the application is purportedly made by an agent, that the agent is suitably authorised to make the amendment application.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	73(1)	Power to give a prescribed written notice to the applicant for an amendment application of the decision on the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	74	Power to make an amendment by: (a) altering the personal information; or (b) adding an appropriate notation to the personal information.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	76(3)(b)	Power to give the applicant written notice of the nature of the notation.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	76(5)	Power to decide the information to which the notice relates is not information in relation to which the applicant was entitled to apply to the agency for amendment of the document.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	76(5)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to give prescribed written notice to the applicant of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	81(1)	Power to consider whether an access charge for an access application should be waived.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	82(2)	When deciding to waive any access charge for an application, power to consider: (a) the applicant is the holder of a concessional card; and (b) the applicant is not making the application for some other person who is seeking to avoid the payment of a charge.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	82(3)	Power to give the applicant a prescribed written notice of a decision under 82(2) before the end of the processing period.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	87(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to defer giving access to a document for a reasonable period.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	87(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the applicant written notice when access is no longer deferred under section 87(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	88(1)	Power to reasonably consider that a document will disclose to the applicant information that is not relevant to the access application for the document.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	88(2)	Power to delete the irrelevant information from a copy of the document and give access to the document by giving access to a copy of the document with the irrelevant information deleted.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	88(3)	Power to decide that it is reasonably practicable to give access to the copy.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	89(c)	Power to decide that an applicant would wish to be given access to a copy of a document and to give access.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	90	Power to decide that an applicant would wish to be given access to a copy of a document and to give access.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	91(2)	Power to consider whether it is consistent with the primary object of this act to give the applicant or a person nominated by the applicant and approved by the agency, a summary of the applicant's personal information; and power to agree with the intermediary or the intermediary and applicant regarding conditions of use or disclosure.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	91(3)(a)	Power to make an agreement with an <i>information giver</i> for the disclosure of information given by that person.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	91(3)(b)	Power to make an agreement with another person other than the applicant, for the disclosure of information, if the summary of information contains personal information about the other person.	Chief Executive Officer

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Information Privacy Act 2009	92(2)	Power to direct that access to a document is instead given to an appropriately qualified healthcare professional nominated by the applicant and approved by the agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	94(2)	Power to review a reviewable decision and make a new decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	97(2)	Power to notify an applicant of a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	97(3)	Power to give a prescribed written notice of the decision to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	102(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to apply to the information commissioner to participate in the external review.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	106(1)(b)	Power to apply to the commissioner to allow the agency further time to deal with the access or amendment application.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	112(2)	Power to give the applicant for external review and the commissioner an additional statement.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	114(2)	Power to give the commissioner a written transcript of words recorded or contained in the document.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	114(3)	Power to give the commissioner a written document created using the equipment.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	115(1)	Power to conduct a particular further search, or to conduct further searches, for a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	127(1)	Power to apply to the information commissioner that a person be declared a vexatious applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	131(1)	Power to request the commissioner to refer a question of law arising on an external review to QCAT.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	132(1)	Power to appeal to the Appeal Tribunal against the decision of the information commissioner on the external review.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	157(1)	Power to apply to the information commissioner for an approval under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	159(1)	If given a compliance notice, power to ask the information commissioner to extend the time within which it must take the action stated in the compliance notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	159(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the commissioner an undertaking to take the stated action within the extended period.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	161(1)	Power to apply to QCAT for a review of the decision of the information commissioner.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	172(1)	Power to agree on a resolution of the complaint.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	172(2)	Power to ask the information commissioner to prepare a written record of the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	7(3)(a)	Power to consider it is not required to amend personal information included in a document under the agency's control in a way asked for by the individual the subject of the personal information.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	10(1)(b)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the use of the information for the other purpose is necessary to lessen or prevent a serious threat to the life, health, safety, or welfare of an individual, or to public health, safety or welfare.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	10(1)(d)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the use of the information for the other purpose is necessary in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	11(1)(c)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the disclosure is necessary to lessen or prevent a serious threat to the life, health, safety or welfare of an individual, or to public health, safety or welfare.	Chief Executive Officer
Information Privacy Act 2009	11(1)(e)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the disclosure of the information is necessary in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	11(1)(f)(iv)	Power to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the relevant entity will not disclose the personal information to another entity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	28(1)	Power to decide to: (a) grant the request; (b) grant the request in part or subject to conditions; or (c) refuse the request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	28(2)	Power to grant request, in part or subject to conditions, or refuse the request only on reasonable grounds.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	28(3)	Power to give the employee written notice about its decision within 21 days after receiving the request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	33(1)	Power to agree with employee when the employee is to take annual leave	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	33(3)(a)	Power where the employee and employer cannot agree, to decide when the employee is to take leave.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	33(3)(b)	Power where the employee and employer cannot agree, to give the employee at least 8 weeks written notice of the starting date of the leave.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	33(4)	Power to agree with employee that the employee take all or part of the employee's annual leave before becoming entitled to it.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	54(1)	Power to ask an employee to provide evidence that the employee has experienced domestic violence and need to take leave as a result.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	72(4)	Power to give the employee a reasonable opportunity to discuss any significant effect the change will have on the employee's position.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	76(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power in deciding whether to agree to an application for extension or part-time work, to consider the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	76(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to advise the employee in writing of the employer's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	76(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to provide the employee with written reasons for refusing the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	92(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the replacement employee a written notice informing them of specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	110(2)(b)	Power to agree with an employee by a signed agreement that a payment may be made	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	121(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to dismiss an employee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	127(2)	Power to apply to the commission to make an order reducing the amount of the redundancy pay to a stated amount the commission considers appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	165	Power to enter into certified agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	167(a)	Power to consent to the making of a bargaining award.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	169(1)	Power to negotiate with a view to a bargaining instrument being made.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	169(2)	Power to give the specified persons a notice of intention of the proposer's intention to start negotiating.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	172(2)	Power to negotiate with the single bargaining unit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	173(2)(a)	Power to attend and participate in bargaining meetings.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	173(2)(b)	Power to disclose relevant information, other than confidential or commercially sensitive information in a timely way.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	173(2)(c)(i)	Power to genuinely consider proposals made by the other parties and respond in a timely way.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	173(2)(c)(ii)	Power to genuinely consider proposals made by the other parties and give reasons for its response.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	173(3)	Power to make an agreement about procedures or principles for the conduct of the bargaining process.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	175(1)(b)	Power to ask the commission to help the parties reach agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	175(2)	Power to notify the commission that the parties intend to resume negotiating without the commission's help.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	178(1)	Power to apply to the commission for arbitration of the matter.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	184(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the commission for a scope order in relation to a proposed bargaining instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	189(1)	Power to make an application to the commission to certify an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	190(2)	In the specified circumstances under subsection 190(3), the power to make an application to the commission to make a bargaining award and terminate the relevant modern award.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	213(1)(a)	Power to propose to make a certified agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	213(2)	Power to apply to the commission for a decision under subsection (3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	223(1)	Power to apply to the commission to extend the bargaining instrument's nominal expiry date	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	225(1)	Power to apply to the commission to amend a bargaining instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	226(2)	Power to apply to the commission to amend the bargaining award so the award applies to the proposed new party.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	227(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the commission to terminate the certified agreement or arbitration determination.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	228(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the commission to terminate the certified agreement or arbitration determination.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	228(2)	Power to give a notice of intention to all other persons to whom the agreement or determination applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	232	Power to take protected industrial action for the proposed bargaining instrument, subject to specified conditions in this part.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	236(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power in specified circumstances to give written notice of the intention to take industrial action to all of the negotiating parties of the proposed bargaining instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	236(2)	Power to instead of giving written notice, take any other reasonable steps to notify employees of the intended action.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	240(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power in specified circumstances, to apply to the commission for an order to suspend or terminate protected industrial action for a proposed bargaining instrument being engaged in.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	241(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power in specified circumstances, to apply to the commission to suspend or terminate protected industrial action for a proposed bargaining instrument being engaged in or threatened to be engaged in.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	242(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the registrar for a certificate stating that the employer need not negotiate with an employee organisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	261(2)	Power to give the registrar written notice of the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	263(a)	Power to request the commission to act as mediator in an industrial cause, whether or not it is within the jurisdiction of the commission	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	269(1)	Power to apply to the commission to make an order for a contravention of section 268.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	329(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to dismiss the employees if the employer as soon as practicable after making the decision notifies the specified persons.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	330(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consult with each employee organisation of which any of the employee's is a member in relation to specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	333(1)	Power to stand down an employee on a day, or for part of a day, when the employee can not be usefully employed because of something that happened: (a) for which the employer is not responsible; or (b) over which the employer has no control.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	341(1)	Power to keep an employee register that contains the specified information for each employee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	347(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to employee request to inspect the time and wages record.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	371(5)	Power before making a deduction from wages, to give the employee written acknowledgment of the employee's non-written consent authorising the deduction.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	467(1)	Power to apply to the commission for and interpretation of an industrial instrument other than a certified agreement or bargaining award.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	469(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to ask the commission to assist the parties in negotiating or resolving a matter relevant to the industrial cause.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	469(2)	Power to agree with other party to an industrial cause to make a facilitation request and may be in the form agreed by the parties and include the specified items.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	469(4)	Power to decide and agree with the other party, in writing, whether a decision made by the commission is binding on the parties to the industrial cause.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	470(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with other parties to the dispute that the dispute is to be resolved by the commission.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	470(2)	Power to apply to the commission for the commission to perform the dispute resolution functions to resolve the dispute under the referral agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	471(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the commission to amend or declare void (wholly or partly) a contract.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	473(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the commission seeking an injunction.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	479	Power to apply for a specified order of the full bench about a demarcation dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	483(3)	Power to apply to the full bench for an order to make a further order it considers appropriate to ensure the order, an ancillary order and the Act are complied with.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	484(1)	Power to apply to the full bench or the commission (as appropriate) for proceedings to be reopened.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	486(4)	Power before the hearing of a matter by the commission starts, to apply to the president for the matter to be referred to the full bench.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	527(1)	Power to apply to start a proceeding in the court or commission, or before the registrar.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	529(1)	Power to be represented in proceedings by an agent appointed in writing or an officer or member of the organisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	530(1)(a)	Power to consent to parties being represented by a lawyer for proceedings in the Court.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	530(1)(b)	Power to seek leave to be represented by a lawyer to the full bench.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	530(1)(c)	Power to seek leave to be represented by a lawyer before the commission.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	530(1)(d)	Power to consent to parties being represented by a lawyer for other proceedings before the commission.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	530(1)(e)	Power to consent to parties being represented by a lawyer for proceedings before an Industrial Magistrates Court.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	530(1)(f)	Power to consent for parties to be represented by a lawyer in proceedings before the registrar.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	554(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appeal a decision of the Court or the full bench to the Court of Appeal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	554(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appeal against a decision of the full bench to the Court of Appeal, and seek the Court of Appeal's leave.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	556	Power to appeal against the decision of a magistrate to the Court.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	557(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appeal against the decision of the commission to the Court.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	557(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appeal against a decision of the commission, and seek the Court's leave.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	560(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appeal against a decision of the registrar to the full bench.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	560(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to appeal against a decision of the register to the full bench, and seek the full bench's leave.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	564(2)	Power to apply during or after the appeal period to the industrial tribunal to allow an appeal to be started within a longer period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	569(3)	Power to agree with other parties to proceeding to request that proceedings be started or continued before another magistrate at an agreed place in the State other than the place where the proceedings are to be heard and decided under the Justices Act 1886.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	606(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to object to a registration application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	646	In the specified circumstances, the power to make a rules application to the Commission.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	688	Power to make an application for an election inquiry.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	711	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Court for a declaration that a person is not, or was not eligible to be a candidate or to be elected to an office for the organisation or has ceased to hold an office for the organisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	726(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to resign from membership of the organisation.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	744(1)	Power to inspect a policy kept under section 740 or a register kept under sections 742 or 743.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	744(2)	Power to ask the organisation in writing to make the policy or register available for inspection, free of charge, during the organisation's business hours.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	835	Power to apply to the commission to decide whether an invalidity has occurred in the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	859(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make a complaint to the registrar about an organisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	859(2)	Power to make a complaint to the registrar about an officer of an organisation if the person believes the officer has engaged in misconduct in relation to the organisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	878(f)	Power to agree to deregistration of an organisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	879(1)	Power to apply to the full bench for a deregistration order on a ground mentioned in section 878.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	879(1)(d)	Power to seek leave from the full bench to apply for a deregistration order.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	894(1)(a)	Power to be heard by Industrial Tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	894(1)(b)	Power to be heard by Industrial Tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	894(1)(c)	Power to be heard by Industrial Tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	935(2)	Power to give the person the certificate of employment upon receiving the request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	981(2)	Power to file an objection notice with the commission within the stated time and in the stated way.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	1003(2)	Power to apply to the commission to apply section 250 in relation to the application to certify the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	11(2)	Power to apply to the commission for an order: (a) requiring another party to give security for the applicant party's costs within the period stated in the order; and (b) staying the proceeding, or the part of the proceeding against the applicant party, until the security is given.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Integrity Act 2009</i>	71(3)	In certain circumstances, power to give the entity's details to the Integrity Commissioner as soon as practicable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Integrity Act 2009</i>	71(4)	Power to delegate the obligation to give details of an entity under section 71(3) to a person the responsible person considers to be an appropriate person to give the details to the Integrity Commissioner.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Integrity Act 2009</i>	72A(2)	Power to give the Integrity Commissioner information about the lobbyist or lobbying activity and power to reasonably believe the information may be relevant to the functions or powers of the Integrity Commissioner under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Integrity Act 2009</i>	72A(3)	Power to give personal information to the Integrity Commissioner about (a) the lobbyist; or (b) a person employed, contracted or otherwise engaged by the lobbyist to carry out lobbying activity; or (c) a third party client for which the lobbyist is carrying out the lobbying activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Integrity Act 2009</i>	72A(4)	Power to delegate the obligation to give details of an entity under section 72A to a person the responsible person considers to be an appropriate person to give the details to the Integrity Commissioner.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Act 1994</i>	12(3)	Power to suitably indicate where the boundaries of land are across a surface of water.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	12(4)	Power to regulate or prohibit the use or movement of ships in or over water above inundated land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13A(4)	Power to: (a) exercise a right of access for the owner, the owner's family, executive officers, employees, agents and stock over the adjacent area of the watercourse or lake that is the property of the State that adjoins the owner's land; and (b) exercise a right of grazing for the person's stock over the adjacent area; and (c) bring an action against a person who trespasses on the adjacent area.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13AC(1)(a)	In certain circumstances, power to consent to the dedication of a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13B(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to the Chief Executive to have watercourse land adjoining the relevant land's non-tidal boundary declared to be former watercourse land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13B(2)	Power to give notice of a person's intention to make the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13B(6)	Power to appeal against the refusal of the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	18(1)	Power to reach agreement with the Governor in Council to grant unallocated State land in exchange for all or part of freehold land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	18(2)	Power to reach agreement with the Governor in Council to grant a freeholding lease in exchange for all or part of a freeholding lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	18(3)	Power to enter into agreement with the Minister to lease unallocated State land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	23A(1)	Power to apply to Chief Executive for the allocation of a floating reservation.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	23A(6)	Power to appeal against a Chief Executive's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	24(3)	Power to apply to the Minister to buy the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	25(2)	Power to appeal against the unimproved value of land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	26(2)	In certain circumstances, power to agree with the Minister in respect to the specified matters when the Minister is deciding the boundaries of land being resumed.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	26(4)	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision on the boundaries.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	26B(8)	Power to appeal against the value decided by the Minister for the commercial timber.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	31C(1)	Power to apply to the Minister for the dedication of a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	31C(2)	Power to give notice of the person's intention to make the application to: (a) if the person is not the proposed trustee of the reserve - the proposed trustee; and (b) each person with a registered interest in the unallocated State land over which a reserve is proposed to be dedicated.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	31C(3)	Power to give notice to any other person that the person considers has an interest in the unallocated State land over which the reserve is proposed to be dedicated.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	31D91)	Power to apply to the Minister: (a) to change the boundaries of the reserve; or (b) to change the purpose for which the reserve is dedicated.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	31D(2)	Power to give notice of the trustee's intention to make the application to each person with a registered interest in the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	31D(3)	Power to give notice to any other person the trustee considers: (a) has an interest in the reserve; or (b) would have an interest in the reserve if the boundaries of the reserve or the purpose for which the reserve is dedicated were changed.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	34(1)	Power to apply for the revocation of the dedication of all or part of a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	34(2)	Power to give notice of the person's intention to make the application to: (a) if the person is not the trustee of the reserve - the trustee of the reserve; and (b) each person with a registered interest in the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	34(3)	Power to give notice to any other person that the person considers has an interest in the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	34H(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to remove improvements from a revoked reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	34I(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply for the issue of a deed of grant over a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	34I(3)	Power to give notice of the trustee's intention to make the application to each person with a registered interest in the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	34I(4)	Power to give notice to any other person the trustee considers has an interest in the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	38A(1)	Power to apply: (a) for an additional community purpose to be notified; or (b) to amalgamate land with common purposes.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	38A(2)	Power to apply for the cancellation of a deed of grant in trust.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	38A(3)	Power to give notice of the applicant's intention to apply to each of the following: (a) the trustee of the deed of grant in trust, other than the applicant (b) each person with a registered interest in the trust land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	38A(4)	Power to give notice to any other person the applicant considers has an interest in the trust land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	38G(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to remove the owner's improvements on a deed of grant in trust.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	44(4)	Power to provide written acceptance of appointment as trustee.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	48(1)(a)	Power to apply for the approval of a management plan for the trust land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	49	In certain circumstances, power to: (a) allow the auditor general, a person mentioned in section 47(1)(a) to (d), or a person authorised by the Chief Executive of a Department, to audit the trust's financial accounts; and (b) help the conduct of the audit, including a disclosure of the financial institution accounts necessary for the audit.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	52(1)	Power to take all action necessary for the maintenance and management of the trust land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	52(5)	Power to apply for the approval of an action that is inconsistent with the purpose for which the reserve was dedicated or the land was granted in trust (<i>inconsistent action</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	55(1)	Power to surrender all or part of a deed of grant in trust: (a) on terms agreed to between the Minister and the trustee; and (b) with the Minister's written approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	55A(1)	Power to apply to surrender all or part of a deed of grant in trust.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	55A(2)	Power to give notice of the trustee's intention to apply to each person with a registered interest in the deed of grant in trust.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	55A(3)	Power to give notice to any other person the trustee considers has an interest in the deed of grant in trust.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	55H(1)	Power to apply to remove the owner's improvements on a surrendered deed of grant in trust.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	58(7)	Power to appeal against a decision by the Minister or Chief Executive under section 58(6)	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	66(1)	In certain circumstances, power to allow a trustee lessee or trustee permittee to remove the trustee lessee's or trustee permittee's improvements on the land within a reasonable time stated by the trustee.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	82	Power to: (a) agree to have the trusteeship of a cemetery transferred; and (b) agree to conditions of the transfer of trusteeship.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	84(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to the Minister to surrender land to the State and for the issue of a deed in grant in trust under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> for a community or public purpose.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	94(2)	Power to apply for the dedication of a road for public use.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	99(1)	Power to apply for the permanent closure of a road.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	99(3)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to the Minister for the temporary closure of a road.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	99(4)	Power to ask for the road, on its closure, to be amalgamated with the adjoining owner's adjoining land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	99(6)	In certain circumstances, power to ask in the application that, on the closure of the road, the road, the adjoining land and the other land be amalgamated.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	109A(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply for the simultaneous opening and closure of roads.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	109A(3)	Power to appeal against any conditions the Minister imposes under section 420I.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	109B(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply for the simultaneous opening and closure of roads.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	109B(4)	Power to appeal against any conditions the Minister imposes under section 420I.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	120A(1)	Power to apply for an interest in land without competition.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	136(5)	Power to enter into a land management agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	140(1)	Power to negotiate the provisional value (negotiated value).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	140(2)	Power to give written agreement to the negotiated value becoming the amount to be paid for the improvements.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	140(4)	Power to make application to the Court to decide the value.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	154(1)	Power to apply to the Minister for a lease to be used for additional or fewer purposes.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	155A(2)	Power to apply to extend a lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	155B(2)	Power to apply to extend a lease for a term up to 50 years.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	155BA(2)	Power to apply to extend a lease for a term up to 75 years.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	155DA(4)	Power to make written submissions to the Minister regarding an intention to reduce a term.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	158(1)	Power to apply for an offer of a new lease unless the condition of the lease or the Land Act 1994 prohibits a renewal.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	160(3)	Power to appeal against the Chief Executive's decision to refuse the renewal application if the only reason for the refusal was that the applicant had not fulfilled the conditions of the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	164C(1)	Power to make an extension application.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	164C(7)	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	164H(1)(b)	Power to advise the Chief Executive and agree to the lease becoming a rolling term lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	166(1)	Power to make a conversion application.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	168(5)	Power to appeal against the Chief Executive's decision to refuse the conversion application if the only reason for the refusal is that the applicant had not fulfilled the conditions of the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	169(a)	Power to enter into a conservation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	169(b)(i)	Power to enter into a forest consent agreement in relation to the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	176(1)	Power to apply for approval to subdivide a lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	176E	In certain circumstances, power to appeal against a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	176K(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply for approval to amalgamate existing leases.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	176Q	In certain circumstances, power to appeal against a decision that is given to an Applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	176UA(2)	Power to enter into a land management agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	176XA	Power to agree with the Minister to cancel the land management agreement registered on a lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	177A(1)	Power to apply for a permit to occupy unallocated State land, a reserve or road.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	177A(2)	Power to give notice of the person's intention to apply to the following and to any other entity with a registered interest in the proposed permit land: (a) for a permit for a reserve – the trustee of the reserve; or (b) for a permit for a State-controlled road – the Chief Executive of the department in which the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994 is administered.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	179(2)	In certain circumstances, power to agree with an applicant for a permit on conditions about the maintenance of a boundary fence.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	180(2)	Power to surrender a permit: (a) on terms agreed between the Chief Executive Officer and the permittee; and (b) with the Chief Executive's written approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	180A(1)	Power to apply to cancel a permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	180A(2)	Power to give notice of the entity's intention to apply to: (a) the permittee; and (b) any other entity with a registered interest in the permit land.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	180A(4)	Power to give notice to any other entity the relevant entity considers has an interest in the permit land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	180A(5)	Power to apply to surrender a permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	180H(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to remove improvements on permit land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	210(1)	Power to agree to a change of an imposed condition of the lease, licence or permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	210(2)	Power to apply to change conditions of a lease, licence or permit under section 210(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	212(1)	Power to agree to change an imposed condition about the protection and sustainability of lease land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	212(3)	In certain circumstances, power to appeal against a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	212B(5)	Power to agree with the designated officer for the lease about matters stated in section 212B(5)(a) and (b).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	214(3)	Power to enter into an amended or a new land management agreement upon receipt of a remedial action notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	214A(4)	Power to make written submissions to the Minister in response to a warning notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	214F(3)	Power to appeal against a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	226(5)	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	232(5)	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	239(4)	Power to appeal against a decision under subsection (2)(b)(iv) to allow an entity other than the relevant local government to sell the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	240E(1)	Power to make a written application for permission to sell the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	240G(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for approval to sell a lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	240I(3)	Power to start the process of selling a lease under this subdivision within the required period stated in the notice under section 240H(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	240(4)	Power to set a reserve price for the sale of the lease by auction, or a price for the sale of the lease under an agreement, that is at least the total of all charges owing to the State under the Land Act 1994 relating to the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	243(1A)	Power to apply to remove the lessee's improvements on the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	321(1)	Power to ask the Chief Executive to withdraw a registered standard terms document.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	322(3)	Power to apply for approval to transfer a lease, licence or sublease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	322(8)	Power to appeal against the Chief Executive's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	327	Power to agree to terms of the absolute surrender of freehold land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	327A	Power to agree to terms of the absolute or conditional surrender of all or part of a lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	327B	Power to apply to surrender freehold land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	327C(1)	Power to apply to surrender all or part of a lease.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	327C(2)	Power to give notice of the lessee's intention to apply to any other person with a registered interest in the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	327C(3)	Power to give notice to any other person the lessee considers has an interest in the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	327I(1)	Power to apply to remove improvements on surrendered lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	330(c)	Power to give written approval to the surrender where the grantee's interests will be adversely affected.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	332(1)(a)(i)	The power to seek the Minister's written approval to the sublease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	332(7)	Power to appeal against a Minister's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339(1)	Power to lodge a request for the Chief Executive to register the re-entry.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339F(1)	Power to give another party to the sublease a written notice of dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339G(1)	Power to give a notifier of a sublease dispute a written response to the dispute notice within the specified time.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339H(2)	Power to agree not to attempt to resolve the dispute by mediation and to submit the dispute to arbitration.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339I(1)	Power to jointly appoint a mediator to mediate the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339I(2)	Power to request a prescribed dispute resolution entity appoint a mediator.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339J(1)	Power to agree to a time for mediation	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339J(2)	Power to request the mediator to set a time for the mediation.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339J(4)	Power to appoint an agent to represent the Local Government at a mediation.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339O(1)	Power to appoint a single arbitrator to decide the dispute	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339O(2)	Power to request a prescribed dispute resolution entity to appoint a single arbitrator to decide the dispute	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339R(2)	Power to request an appointed expert participate in a hearing.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	339U(3)(a)	Power to agree on how the costs of arbitration will be paid.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	358(1)	In certain circumstances, power to surrender land contained in a deed of grant or trustee's deed of grant in trust.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	358(2)	In certain circumstances, power to surrender land contained in a deed of grant or trustee's deed of grant in trust with the Minister's written approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	360C(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to amend the description in a freeholding lease if the description of the lease may be amended under section 360(1)(a) or (d).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	360C(2)	Power to apply to amend the description in a term lease or perpetual lease, other than a State lease, if the description of the lease may be amended under section 360A(2)(a), (b) or (c).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	360C(3)	Power to apply to amend the description in a State lease if the description of the lease may be amended under section 360B(1)(a), (b), (c) or (d).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	360D(2)	Power to give notice of the applicant's intention to apply to any other person with a registered interest in the lease land.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	360D(3)	Power to give notice to any other person the applicant considers has an interest in the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	368(2)(a)	In certain circumstances, power to ask the Chief Executive to extinguish an easement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	371(2)	In certain circumstances, power to sign a document of surrender.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	371(3)	Power to agree to surrender an easement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	372(2)	Power to apply for the Minister's written approval to continue a public utility easement over unallocated state land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	372(3)	Power to apply for the Minister's written approval to continue a public utility easement over a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	373A(1)	Power to make certain non-freehold land the subject of a covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	373A(2)	Power to consent to a document creating a covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	373B(1)(a)	Power to sign a document creating a covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	373C(2)(a)	Power to sign a document amending the covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	373D(2)	Power to sign a document releasing the covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	373L(a)	Power to ask the Chief Executive to extinguish the profit a prendre.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	389H(1)	Power to apply to the Supreme Court for an order that a caveat lodged under this division be removed.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	415(1)	In certain circumstances, power to start a proceeding in the Magistrates Court.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	420	Power to appeal to the District Court on a question of law if dissatisfied with a trespass order.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	420CB(1)	Power to make a submission against the proposed application to: (a) the person who gave the entity the notice; or (b) the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	423	Power to apply to the Minister for a review of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	425(1)	Power to apply for a stay of the decision to the Court.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	427	Power to appeal to the Court if dissatisfied with the review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	431V(3)	Power to consult with the owner of the lot.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	431W(6)(a)	Power to authorise an officer or employee of the manager of a declared beach area, to enter the area at any time without notice to any other person.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	431X(1)(b)(ii)	Power to authorise or direct a person acting in the performance of functions or powers.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	442(4)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to the person who made the offer to extend the time stated in the offer or that otherwise applies under subsection (1).	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	442(9)	Power to amend the offer by changing the price or premium to a price or premium decided by the offeror in the way prescribed by regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	481A	Power to surrender, absolutely, all or part of an occupation licence: (a) on terms agreed to between the Minister and the licensee; (b) and with the Minister's written approval.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	481B(1)	Power to apply to cancel all or part of an occupation licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	481B(3)	Power to apply to surrender, absolutely, all or part of an occupation licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	481B(4)	Power to give notice of the applicant's intention to apply to each of the following: (a) if the applicant is not the licensee of the occupation licence – the licensee; (b) any other person with a registered interest in the occupation licence; (c) if the occupation licence is a designated occupation licence – the Chief Executive of the department having responsibility for the administration of the forest reserve, national park, State forest or timber reserve the subject of the designated occupation licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	481B(5)	Power to give notice to any other person the applicant considers has an interest in the occupation licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	481J(1)	Power to apply to remove licensee's improvements on a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	492(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to exchange a conditional deed for a reserve or deed of grant in trust with Council as trustee or a lease issued under the Land Act 1994.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	521ZE(2)	Power to apply in writing to the Minister for the cancellation of the land management agreement for the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	521ZL(2)	Power to agree to the renewal application being treated as an extension application and advise the Chief Executive of same.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	521ZM(2)	Power to advise the Chief Executive that the lessee wishes the lease to become a rolling term lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Regulation 2009	49F(1)	Power to form a reasonable belief that the closure of the declared beach area is necessary, and power to temporarily close the declared beach area.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Regulation 2009	49F(2)	Power to authorise a person to access a closed beach area.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	50(1)(b)(i)	Power to include a statement agreeing to the plan and dedicating the public use land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	54(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration a dedication notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	60(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of transfer for a lot or interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	64	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of lease for a lot or part of a lot.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	67(1)	Power to sign and lodge an instrument of amendment of the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	68(1)	Power to sign and lodge a request for the registrar to register the re-entry.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	69(1)	Power to execute and lodge for registration an instrument of surrender.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	82(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of easement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	83(1)(b)	Power to sign an instrument of easement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	83(2)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to approve a plan of survey.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	87(a)	Power to ask the registrar to extinguish the easement.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Titles Act 1994	90(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of amendment to an easement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	91(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of amendment of the easement.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	95(7)(c)	Power to give written consent to an owner of a burdened lot to remove, change or otherwise interfere with any support.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	96A(5)	Power to provide written consent to an owner of a burdened lot to remove, change or otherwise interfere with any projection.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	96C(6)	Power to provide written consent to an owner of a burdened lot to: (a) remove, change or otherwise interfere with the roof water drainage structure; or (b) obstruct or otherwise interfere with the flow of water through the structure.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97A(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97C(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of amendment of the covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97D(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument releasing a covenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97E	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of profit a prendre.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97K(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of amendment of the profit a prendre.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97O(1)(a)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of carbon abatement interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97P(c)	Power to consent to the proposed grant of a carbon abatement interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	97S(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration an instrument of amendment of a carbon abatement interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	104	Power to sign and lodge a caveat.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	105(2)	Power to: (a) start a proceeding in the Supreme Court to recover the lot; and (b) give written notice to the registrar, in the way the registrar requires, that the proceeding has started.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	106	Power to seek leave of the Supreme Court to lodge a further caveat.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	107(2)	Power to start a proceeding in the Supreme Court to recover a lot.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	108A(2)	Power to sign a plan of subdivision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	116	Power to sign and lodge a request to register a writ of execution.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	121(1)	Power to sign a caveat.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	122(1)	Power to lodge for registration a caveat.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Titles Act 1994	124(2)(b)	Power to consent to the registration of an instrument.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	125	Power to sign and lodge for registration a request to withdraw a caveat.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	126(2)	Power to serve a notice requiring the caveator to start a proceeding in a Court of competent jurisdiction to establish the interest claimed under the caveat.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	126(4)	Power to start a proceeding and notify the registrar in the way described in section 126(4).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	127(1)	Power to apply to the Supreme Court for an order that a caveat be removed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	128(1)	Power to sign and lodge for registration a request to cancel a caveat.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	139(1)	Power to deposit a priority notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	139(2)	Power to sign a priority notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	141(1)	Power to deposit an extension request	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	141(2)	Power to sign and extension request	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	143(1)	Power to deposit a request to withdraw a priority notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	143(2)	Power to sign a request to withdraw a priority notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	144(1)	Power to apply to the Supreme Court for an order that a priority notice be removed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	145(1)(a)	Power to deposit a request to cancel a priority notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	149(1)	Power to deposit a request to correct a priority notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	169(1)	Power to lodge a standard terms document and lodge a further standard terms document amending the standard terms document.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Land Titles Act 1994</i>	172(1)	Power to ask the registrar to withdraw a registered standard terms document.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	105B(1)	Power to consent to an application for an adult entertainment permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	105B(4)	Power to abstain from consenting to the application for an adult entertainment permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	117(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to— (a) comment on the reasonable requirements of the public in the locality; or (b) object to the grant of an application on the grounds that the amenity, quiet or good order of the locality would be lessened.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	117A	In the specified circumstances, the power to comment on, or object to, an application by given written comments or objections to the Chief Executive within 28 days after receiving the Chief Executive's advice about the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	173C(1)	Power to designate a public place mentioned in section 173B(1)(a) of the <i>Liquor Act 1992</i> that is in Council's area as a public place where liquor may be consumed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	173C(2)	Power to specify the period or times during which the designation is to have effect.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	173D(6)	In the specified circumstances, the power to provide written approval for the use of a public place mentioned in section 173D(5) of the <i>Liquor Act 1992</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	173E(1)	Power to repeal or amend a designation under section 173C of the <i>Liquor Act 1992</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	173N(4)	Power to give the Queensland Police a written notice of suspension of designation of a public place in a restricted area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	173NH(2)(d)	Power to nominate an employee of the local government for the local government area as a member of a consultative committee for a safe night precinct.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	29(1)	Power to decide local government process for making a local law to the extent that the process is not inconsistent with this part.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	38B(9)	Power to ask the police commissioner to give the chief executive officer information about noise abatement directions given to persons in the local government area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	61(1)	Power to give the owner of land the local government wants to acquire, a notice of intention to acquire land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	61(5)	Power to give permission to an owner to erect, place, re-erect, replace or repair any structure or part of a structure on the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	62(6)	Power to reasonably require information to decide the claim.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	62(7)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the claimant written notice of Council's decision on the claim.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	64(4)	Power to agree on compensation for the acquisition of the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	65(1)	Power to decide not to proceed with the realignment of a road or part of a road after giving a notice of intention to acquire land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	65(3)	Power to serve notice of Council's decision on all owners of land who were served with the notice of intention to acquire land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	65(4)(a)	Power to withdraw the notice of intention to acquire land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	65(4)(b)	Power to lodge with the registrar of titles for registration a notice of Council's decision not to proceed with the realignment of the road, or part of the road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	66(4)	Power to agree on an amount of compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	67(1)	Power to acquire land that adjoins a road for use as a footpath.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	67(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to decide whether any of the rights specified in this subsection are appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	67(3)	Power to consider necessary structural alterations to the structure, room or cellar.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	68(4)	Power to object to the opening or closing of the road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	69(1)	In certain circumstances, power to close a road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	69(2)(a)	Power to close a road during a temporary obstruction to traffic.	Chief Executive Officer

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Local Government Act 2009	69(2)(b)	Power to close a road if it is in the interests of public safety.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	69(2)(c)	Power to decide that it is necessary or desirable to close a road for a temporary purpose in the circumstances specified.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	69(4)	Power to do everything necessary to stop traffic using the road after it is closed.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	69(5)	If a road is closed to traffic for a temporary purpose, power to permit the use of any part of the road on the conditions considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	70(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to: (a) make an agreement with the owner or occupier of the land; or (b) give the owner or occupier of the land at least 3 days written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	70(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the owner or occupier of the land oral notice of the matters mentioned in subsection (3)(b).	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	70(6)	Power to allow additional time to submit a claim for compensation in relation to a temporary road.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	70(6)(b)	Power to allow a later time for receipt of a claim for compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	70(7)(a)	Power to make an agreement with a person for the amount of compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	71(2)	Power to give the owner or occupier advice about the permanent level of the road.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	71(4)(a)	Power to make an agreement with the owner of occupier, or their successor in title, for the amount of compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	72(1)(b)	Power to consider that the conduct of the activity is having, or will have, a significant adverse impact on a road in the local government area.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	72(2)	Power to require the entity which is conducting an activity to provide information, within a reasonable time, that will enable the local government to assess the impact of the activity on the road.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	72(3)	After assessing the impact of the activity on the road, power to do one or more of the following: (a) give the entity a direction about the use of the road to lessen the impact; (b) require the entity: (i) to carry out works to lessen the impact; or (ii) to pay an amount as compensation for the impact.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	74(1)	Power to prepare and keep up to date a map of every road including private roads in the local government area and a register of roads showing the category of every road, the level of every road that has a fixed level and other particulars prescribed under a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	74(2)	Power to consider appropriate particulars to be shown on the register of roads.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	75(2)	For the specified reasons, power to give written approval.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	75(4)	Power to decide the conditions of an approval under subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	77(1)	Power to, by written notice, require the owner of a property to connect a stormwater installation for the property to the local government's stormwater drain in the way, under the conditions and within the time stated in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	77(3)(b)	Power to give approval for the connection to a local government stormwater drain.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	77(4)	Power to impose conditions on approval for the connection, including about the way the connection must be made.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	78(4)	Under the specified circumstances, power to, by written notice, require the owner of the property to perform the work stated in the notice, within the time stated in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	78(5)	For a notice provided in subsection (4), power to decide a time that is reasonable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	79(4)(e)(i)	Power to approve the maximum temperature for a substance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	85(6)	Power to give written notice of the reasons for the proposed decision to the community forum	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	90B(2)	Power to consider it is necessary to make a major policy decision in the public interest, and power to apply to the Minister for approval to make the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	95(3)	Power to sign a certificate as to a charge over land for overdue rates and charges.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	95(3)(a)	Power to sign and lodge for registration a request to register a charge over the land on behalf of the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	95(3)(b)	Power to sign a certificate that states there is a charge of the land for overdue rates and charges.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	95(5)(b)	Power to sign a certificate that states the overdue rates and charges have been paid.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	120(5)	Power to make submissions within the time specified in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>133(3)</p>	<p>Power to give, or make a reasonable attempt to give, the occupier of the property a written notice that informs the occupier of the following: (a) the intention to enter the property; (b) the reason for entering the property; (c) an estimation of when the property will be entered.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>
<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>133(4)</p>	<p>Power to give, or make a reasonable attempt to give, written notice to the occupier within a reasonable time before the property is to be entered.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>
<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>137(2)(a)</p>	<p>Power to agree on an amount of compensation for a person who has incurred damage or loss because of the exercise or purported exercise of a power under this division.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>
<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>138(4)</p>	<p>Power to authorise a local government worker.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>

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<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>138AA(3)(b)</p>	<p>Power to give reasonable entry notice.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>
<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>140(1)(a)</p>	<p>Power to give a remedial notice to the owner of a property.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>
<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>140(2)</p>	<p>Power to enter property at the times stated in the reasonable entry notice and take the action that is required under the remedial notice.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>
<p><i>Local Government Act 2009</i></p>	<p>142(6)</p>	<p>In the specified circumstances, power to give the person who failed to take the action, written notice of the amount of the debt.</p>	<p>Chief Executive Officer</p>

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<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	143(1)	Power to form a belief that there is no reasonably practicable way of obtaining materials other than by removing the materials from the relevant land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	146(1)	Power to enter the property in accordance with a Court order made under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	146(2)	Power to apply to a Magistrate for a Court order.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	147(3)(a)	Power to agree on an amount of compensation for a person who has incurred damage or loss because of the exercise or purported exercise of a power under this division.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	148F(2)	Power to make all inquiries the Chief Executive Officer considers to be reasonable to find out whether and to what extent the register or record is incorrect/power to direct an authorised person to make such enquiries.	Chief Executive Officer

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Local Government Act 2009	148G(2)	Power to, in the circumstances in subsection (1) require a person to give information or produce a document, or direct an authorised person to require a person to give information or produce a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150P	In the specified circumstances, the power to refer a complaint to the assessor and to give the assessor all information held by the entity that relates to the complaint.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150S(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the assessor a notice about the councillor's conduct and all information held by the local government that relates to the conduct.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150AF(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to investigate the conduct of the councillor.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150AF(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give information to the assessor for further investigation and take no further action in relation to the conduct.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150AK(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give to the councillor a copy of the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150BI(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consent to the entry of an investigator to a place.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150BM(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to sign an acknowledge of the consent to allow an investigator entry to a place.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150BV(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to provide reasonable help to an investigator to exercise a general power.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150CD(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to inspect the seized thing, and if it is a document, copy the document.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150CE(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the assessor for return of the seized thing.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150CO(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the assessor for a review of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150CR	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to QCAT for a review of the review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150DL(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to request the conduct tribunal to: (a) Investigate the suspected inappropriate conduct of a councillor; (b) to make recommendations to the local government about dealing with the conduct.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150DX(1)	The power to keep an up-to-date register about the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150DX(2)(a)	The power to publish the register on the local governments website.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	150DX(2)(b)	The power to make the register publicly available for inspection and to sell copies of an entry in the register, at the local government's public office.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	162(1)(d)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, power to give leave to a Councillor.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	166(6)	In the specified circumstances, power to request the political party to advise the full name and address of its nominee.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	166(8)	Power to, within 14 days after the office become vacant, invite nominations.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	170(4)(b)	Power to make available to the local government each direction mentioned under section 170(a)	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	175C(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to delegate deciding a matter, unless deciding the matter cannot be delegated under section 257 of the LGA.	Chief Executive Officer

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Local Government Act 2009	175E(6)	In the specified circumstances, power to delegate deciding a matter, unless deciding the matter cannot be delegated under section 257 of the LGA.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	176A(2)	The power to decide not to take any further action in relation to a complaint about the conduct of a person who is no longer a councillor in the prescribed circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	176A(3)	The power to give to an entity that made the complaint, and the accused person, a written notice that states: (a) No further action will be taken in relation to the complaint; and (b) The reasons for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	197(1)	Power to take disciplinary action against a local government employee	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	198(2)	Power to make an agreement with other local governments that an employee may be employed by more than one local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	221(2)(a)	Power to make an agreement with an employee that it is exempt, on the grounds of the employee's financial hardship, from paying all or a stated part of the contributions payable under section 220A(2) by the employee.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	236(1)	The power to sign a document on behalf of a local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	240(1)	Power to authorise in writing another employee, other than the chief executive officer, to: (a) give instructions and act as the authorised agent for the local government; and (b) sign all documents for the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	262(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to do anything that is necessary or convenient for performing the responsibilities.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	265A(1)(b)	Power to authorise an employee of a local government to conduct searches of registers or documents about the land in the land registry.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	268A	The power to decide the way in which a local government will conduct a voluntary poll of electors in its area.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	317(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to give information to the assessor.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	319(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to give information to the assessor.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	55(4)	Power to , within seven (7) days after making the resolution, give notice of the resolution to: (a) The complainant; and (b) The QCA; and (c) If a corporatised business entity is conducting the business activity—the corporatised business entity.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	58(2)(b)	Power to permit the use of any part of the mall (including for the use of erecting any structure, for example) on the conditions it considers appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	83(1)	Power to appoint a qualified person as a categorisation officer for this division.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	83(2)(b)	Power to authorise a person for the purpose of this division.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	84(1)	Power to give a categorisation officer an identity card.	Chief Executive Officer

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Local Government Regulation 2012	91(2)	Power to consider the objection and decide: (a) to change the rating category for the land: (i) to the rating category to which the owner claims in the objection notice the land should belong; or (ii) to another rating category; or (b) not to allow the objection.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	91(3)	Power to give the owner notice of the decision and the reasons for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	119	Power to apply and administer rating concessions.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	138(3)	Power to give the State or government entity that has the interest in the land under the State encumbrance a notice of the local government's intention to sell the land, before the local government sells the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	140(3)	In certain circumstances, power to give all interested parties a notice of intention to sell the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	143(1)	Power to set a reserve price for the auction.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	143(2)	In certain circumstances, power to enter into negotiations with the highest bidder at auction to sell the land by agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	149(2)	In certain circumstances, power to, as soon as practicable, give all interested parties a notice of intention to acquire the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	156(2)	In certain circumstances, power to, as soon as practicable, give the ratepayer an information notice about the amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	194(a)	Power to be satisfied: (a) the grant will be used for a purpose that is in the public interest; and (b) the community organisation meets the criteria stated in the local government's community grants policy.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	201(2)	In certain circumstances, power to transfer money from a trust fund.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	201B(4)	Power to, after adoption of the budget by the local government, publish a notice containing the prescribed things	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	202(2)(a)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, power to approve an allocation of the councillor's discretionary funds.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	202A(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to publish a notice under section 202A(1) on the local government's website	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	204(2)	Power to present the financial report: (a) if the local government meets less frequently than monthly—at each meeting of the local government; or (b) otherwise—at a meeting of the local government once a month.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	205(1)	Power to present the local government's annual budget meeting with a statement of estimated financial position.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	225(3)	Power to not accept any of the quotes received.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	225(4)	Power to decide to accept a quote.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	225(4)	Power to decide which quote is most advantageous to Council, having regard to the sound contracting principles.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	228(8)	Power to decide not to accept any tenders received.	Chief Executive Officer

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Local Government Regulation 2012	228(9)	Power to decide to accept a tender.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	228(9)	Power to decide which tender is most advantageous to Council, having regard to the sound contracting principles.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	232(2)	In certain circumstances, power to enter into the contract without first inviting written quotes or tenders.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	232(4)	In certain circumstances, power to invite suppliers to tender to be on a register of pre-qualified suppliers.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	238	Power to make, amend or discharge a contract	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	279	Power to be satisfied that that the employee has: (a) failed to perform their responsibilities under the Act; or (b) failed to perform a responsibility under the Act in accordance with the local government principles; or (c) taken action under the Act in a way that is not consistent with the local government principles.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	282(1)	Power to be satisfied, on reasonable grounds, that a local government employee will be subject to disciplinary action.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	282(1)	Power to suspend the employee from duty.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	283(1)	Power to give the employee: (a) written notice of the following: (i) the disciplinary action to be taken; (ii) the grounds on which the disciplinary action is taken; (iii) the particulars of conduct claimed to support the grounds; and (b) a reasonable opportunity to respond to the information contained in the written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	296	In certain circumstances, the power to inform the informed person.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	305(2)	Power to consider it appropriate to include other information in the register.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	307A(1)(b)	Power to form reasonable suspicion that there has been a reportable loss of an asset belonging to the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	307A(3)	Power to be satisfied the material loss is also a reportable loss and power to advise the person specified in subsection (3) as soon as practicable but not more than 6 months after the CEO becomes aware of the loss.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	10(2)	Power to decide the amount for the return on the capital used by a local government in conducting a relevant activity.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	10(2)	Power to form the opinion that a rate is comparable to the rate which a private sector business conducting the activity would be able to obtain the capital in the market.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	10(3)	Power to consider appropriate, for the type of business activity, the split between equity and loan capital and the return appropriate to each.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>General Debtors Policy</i>	6	Power to write-off debts	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	39(3)(b)	Power to agree to a shorter period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	42(1)	Power to give a waiver of entry notice	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	44(1)	Power to enter into an agreement (a deferral agreement) with a resource authority holder that a conduct and compensation agreement can be entered into after the entry to the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	45(1)	Power to enter into an opt-out agreement with a resource authority holder.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	45(2)	Power to elect to opt out of a conduct and compensation agreement in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	45(3)	Power to give notice unilaterally terminating the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	47(1)(a)(i)	Power to agree orally or in writing to the resource authority holder exercising an access right over the access land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	47(1)(a)(ii)	Power to agree orally or in writing to the resource authority holder exercising an access right over the access land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	48(2)	Power to ask for agreement to be subject to reasonable and relevant conditions offered by the owner or the occupier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	52(1)	Power to apply to the Land Court for it to decide a matter mentioned in Section 49(1) of the Mineral and Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	53(1)	Power to apply to the Land Court to vary an access agreement between a resource authority holder and an owner or occupier to land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	53(4)	Power to agree to vary access agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	57(3)	Power to agree in writing to a longer period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	59(2)	Power to impose reasonable and relevant conditions on the resource authority holder about entry to the public land or carrying out of the authorised activity.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	59(4)(b)	Power to agree to a longer or shorter period for giving the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	59(7)	Power to vary any condition it imposes in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	60(1)	Power to give a waiver of entry notice for an entry made to the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	63(1)(b)(i)	Power to sign a compensation agreement as the public road authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	63(1)(b)(ii)	Power to give written consent to the carrying out of the use.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	64(1)	Power to give a reasonable direction (a road use direction) to the resource authority holder about the way the holder may use the road for the notifiable road use.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	67(b)(iv)(A)	Power to agree in writing to the resource authority holder crossing the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	70(1)	Power to give consent to a resource authority holder to enter restricted land for a resource authority and carry out a prescribed activity for the resource authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	72(1)	Power to apply to the Land Court for an Order about the matters set out in Section 72(1)(a) or (b) of the Mineral and Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	83(1)	Power to enter into a conduct and compensation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	85(1)	Power to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	87(2)	Power to give notice terminating the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	88(2)(a)	Power to give an election notice to the other party and an authorised officer asking for an authorised officer to call a conference to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	88(2)(b)	Power to give an election notice to the other party to call upon the other party to agree to an alternative dispute resolution process to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	89(4)	Power to agree (or to ask the other party to agree) to a longer period to finish the conference.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	89(7)	Power to make and sign an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	90(4)	Power to agree (or to ask the other party to agree) to a longer period to finish the ADR.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	90(7)	Power to make and sign an Agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	91(2)	Power to apply to the Land Court for an order requiring the non attending party to pay the attending party's reasonable costs of attending.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	94(1)	Power to enter into an agreement (a road compensation agreement) about the holder's compensation liability to the public road authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	96(2)	Power to apply to the Land Court for it to decide one of the matters set out in Section 96(2)(a) to (c) of the Mineral and Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	100(1)	Power to apply to the Land Court to decide a resource authority holder's compensation liability to a public road authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral & Energy Resources (Common Provisions) Act 2014</i>	101(2)	Power to apply to the Land Court for a review of the original compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	19(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to a parcel prospecting permit holder entering the surface of a reserve for prospecting purposes.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	19(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to a district prospecting permit holder entering the surface of occupied land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	19(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to a prospecting permit holder entering occupied land for hand mining only.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	20(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a prospecting permit holder consent to enter land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	20(6)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, by written notice given to a prospecting permit holder and the mining registrar, amend or withdraw a consent given for land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	26(3)	Power to apply in writing to the mining registrar to rectify damage referred to in section 26(1) of the <i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i> that has been caused by an activity allegedly authorised under a prospecting permit in respect of the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	26(9)(a)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the mining registrar written approval to refund the security.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	32(2)	Power to accept a shorter time period within which notice must be given by a parcel prospecting permit holder before entry to the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	34(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to report to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	46(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to demand that a person purporting to be upon land under the authority of a prospecting permit produce, or cause to be produced, proof of the person's authority for being on the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	47(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to a person, entitled to enter occupied land under a district prospecting permit, entering the land at night.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	47(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to a person, entitled to enter occupied land under a parcel prospecting permit, entering the land at night.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	47(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give consent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	51(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to an application for a mining claim over the surface of restricted land being lodged.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	54(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give consent to the granting of a mining claim over a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	65(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the chief executive a written request for a conference.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	71(1)	Lodge a written objection in the approved form to an application for a mining claim.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	71(2)	In the specified circumstances and within the specified time periods, the power to lodge an objection to an application for a mining claim.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	71A(1)	To withdraw an objection to an application for a mining claim by giving written notice of the withdrawal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	85(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the applicant for a mining claim on an amount of compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	85(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply in writing to the Land Court.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	125(9)(a)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to an application under section 125 of the <i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i> being lodged.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	125(10)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with a mining claim holder on compensation payable in respect of the proposed use of the land as access in respect of the mining claim.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	129(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written consent to a person entering the surface of the restricted land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	129(6)	In the specified circumstances, the power to withdraw consent given under section 129(1)(a)(i) of the <i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i> by giving written notice to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	167(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to demand that a person purporting to be upon land under the authority of an exploration permit produce, or cause to be produced, proof of the person's authority for being on the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	190(7)	In the specified circumstances, the power to lodge a claim for rectification of actual damage to land caused under the authority, or purported authority, of a mineral development licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	190(8)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to certify that there is no actual damage to land that should be rectified.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	216(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to demand that a person purporting to be upon land under the authority of a mineral development licence produce, or cause to be produced, proof of the person's authority for being on the land.	Chief Executive Officer

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Mineral Resources Act 1989	237(2)(d)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consent to an application to conduct drilling and other activities on land not included in the surface area covered under a mining lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	237(2)(d)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the mining lease holder about the compensation payable for the activities.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	238(1)(a)	Power to give written consent to a mining lease application.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	260(1)	Power to lodge an objection in writing in an approved form before the objection date for the application of a mining lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	260(4)	Power to serve a copy of the objection lodged by the objector in respect of an application for a grant of a mining lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	261(1)	In specified circumstances, the power to withdraw an objection to an application for a grant of a mining lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	275A(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consent in writing to an application to include the surface of restricted land for the mining lease in the mining lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	279(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with a mining lease holder on compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	280(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the holder of a mining lease as to compensation for any damage caused to the surface of the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	281(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply in writing to the Land Court to have the Land Court determine compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	283A(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to amend the original compensation (the amended agreement).	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	317(10)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the holder of a mining lease on compensation payable in respect of the proposed use of the land as access in respect of a mining lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	334ZZO(1)	Power to transfer the bore to a landowner in the specified circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	334ZZO(2)(b)	Power to consent to the transfer.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	334ZZP(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to transfer the bore to the State.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	334ZZQ(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to transfer the bore to a holder of a mineral development licence, mining lease or water monitoring authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	335F(1)	Power to give a conference election notice asking for a conference.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	335F(2)(a)	Power to give a notice of the following concerns: (i) that someone claiming to act under a mining tenement, or to have entered land on the tenement holder's instructions: (A) is not authorised to be on the land; or (B) is not complying with a provision of this Act or a condition of the mining tenement; (ii) activities being, or proposed to be, carried out on land apparently under a mining tenement (including when the activities are being, or are to be, carried out); (iii) the conduct on the land of someone apparently acting under a mining tenement;	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	335G(1)	Power to attend a conference.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	335G(2)	Power to attend a conference.	Chief Executive Officer
Mineral Resources Act 1989	335H(1)	Power to attend and take part in a conference.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	335I(3)	Power to apply to the Land Court for an order requiring a party who did not attend the conference to pay the attending party's reasonable costs of attending.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	335L(1)	Power to enter into an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	345(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to enter into a compensation agreement with the holder of an environmental authority who is authorised under section 344A(3) to enter land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	345(3)	Power to apply in writing to the Chief Executive to have the Land Court decide the amount of compensation and the terms, conditions and times of its payment payable under section 345(1)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	403(1)(e)	In the specified circumstances, the power to authorise a person to enter, be upon, use, occupy, or erect any building or structure on or make any other improvement to land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	2(1)(a)	Power to give written consent to enter restricted land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	3(1)(a)	Power to give written consent for a person to enter occupied land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	3(3)	In certain circumstances, power to give consent to a person to enter occupied land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i>	4(1)(b)	Power to impose reasonable and relevant conditions on entry by a person under section 86V to the surface of a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011</i>	88(1)(d)	Power to decide to take action under section 88.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011</i>	88(3)	Power to authorise an appropriately qualified person to enter a tree-keeper's land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011</i>	88(4)	Power to give a tree-keeper a notice of the intention to enter the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011</i>	88(5A)	Subject to the occurrence of s 88(5)(b) or s88(5)(c), power to give a tree-keeper notice of entry to land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	10(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a notice of permission for a public assembly stating Council does not oppose the holding of the assembly.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	11(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, in a notice given under section 10(2)(b) of the <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i> , specify conditions to which the giving of the notice is subject.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	11(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to have regard to the objects of the <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	11(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consult, or attempt to consult, with - (a) if there is a body known to you to represent persons who have a significant interest in the place of assembly - the body; or (b) in any other case - each person, body or agency (an "interested person") known to you to have a significant interest in, or responsibility for, the place of assembly.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	11(5)	If you consider that, because of time constraints and the number of interested persons involved, it is not practicable - (a) to hold separate consultations with each interested person; or (b) to contact each interested person for the purpose of arranging consultations; the power to - (c) fix a reasonable time and place for holding the consultations; and (d) cause a notice of the time and place to be published in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the assembly is proposed to be held.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	12(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to a Magistrates Court for an order refusing to authorise the holding of an assembly.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	13(1)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to have regard to the objects of the <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	13(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form the opinion, on reasonable grounds, that if the assembly were to be held - (i) the safety of persons would be likely to be placed in jeopardy; or (ii) serious public disorder would be likely to happen; or (iii) the rights or freedoms of persons would be likely to be excessively interfered with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	13(1)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consult, or attempt to consult, with each person, body or agency (an "interested person") with which you would be required to consult under section 11(4) of the <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	13(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to request a mediation session be held.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	13(3)	If you consider that, because of time constraints and the number of interested persons involved, it is not practicable, for the purpose of section 13(1)(c) of the <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i> - (a) to hold separate consultations with each interested person; or (b) to contact each interested person for the purpose of arranging consultations; the power to - (c) fix a reasonable time and place for holding the consultations; and (d) cause a notice of the time and place to be published in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the assembly is proposed to be held.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	18(1)	Power to propose to make or amend a planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	18(2)	Power to give notice of the proposed planning scheme or proposed amendment to the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	18(3)	Power to consult with the Chief Executive about the process for making or amending the planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	18(6)	Power to make or amend the planning scheme by following the process in the notice or amended notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	19(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply a planning scheme as a categorising instrument in relation to prescribed tidal works.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	20(2)	Power to amend a planning scheme by following the process in the Minister's rules, instead of complying with section 18.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	21	In certain circumstances, power to follow the process in the Minister's rules for making or amending an LGIP.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	22(1)	Power to amend a planning scheme policy by following the process in the Minister's rules.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	23(1)	Power to make a TLPI if the local government and Minister decide – a) there is significant risk of serious adverse cultural, economic, environmental or social conditions happening in the local government area; b) the delay involved in using the process in sections 18 to 22 to make or amend another local planning instrument would increase the risk; and c) the making of the TLPI would not adversely affect State interests.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	23(2)	Power to amend a TLPI if the Minister decides the amendment of the TLPI would not adversely affect State interests.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	24(5)	Power to repeal a TLPI by making, or amending, a planning scheme to specifically repeal the TLPI.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	25(1)(a)	Power to review planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	25(1)(b)	Power to decide, based on that review, whether to amend or replace the planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	25(2)	Power to: a) give written reasons for the decision to the Chief Executive; b) publish a public notice in the approved form about the decision; and c) keep a copy of the public notice in a conspicuous place in the local government's public office for a period of at least 40 business days after the notice is published.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	25(3)	Power to undertake an LGIP review.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	26(3)(c)	Power to make a submission to the Minister about taking the action.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	26(4)(a)	Power to take action in accordance with Minister's direction under a Notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	26(4)(b)	Power to take other action in accordance with Minister's direction.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	29(4)(a)	Power to accept, assess and decide a development application (a superseded planning scheme application) under a superseded planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	29(4)(b)	Power to apply a superseded planning scheme to the carrying out of development that was accepted development under the superseded planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	29(6)	Power to decide whether or not to agree to a superseded planning scheme request within the period prescribed by, or extended as required under, the regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	29(7)	Power to give a decision notice to the person who made the superseded planning scheme request.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	30(5)	Power to prepare a report assessing feasible alternatives for reducing the risk stated in subsection (4)(e), including imposing development conditions on development approvals.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	32(1)(a)	Power to approve all or part of a compensation claim.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	32(1)(b)	Power to refuse a compensation claim.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	32(1)(c)	Power to give a notice of intention to resume the affected owner's interest in premises under the Acquisition Act, section 7.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	32(2)	Power to decide to amend the planning scheme to allow premises to be used for the purposes that the premises could be used for under the superseded planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	32(3)	Power to give the affected owner: a) notice of intention to resume; b) a notice that states the local governments decision any amount of compensation to be paid and the affected owner's appeal rights.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	35(1)	Power to identify premises for the development of 1 or more types of infrastructure that are prescribed by regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	35(2)	Power to include designation requirements about any of the matter contained in 35(2)(a)-(c).	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	36(1)(a)	Power to be satisfied that the infrastructure will satisfy statutory requirements, or budgetary commitments, for the supply of the infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	36(1)(b)	Power to be satisfied that there is or will be a need for the efficient and timely supply of the infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	36(7)(e)	Power to make submission to a Designator in relation to making or amending a designation.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	37(4)	Power to make a submission to the Minister about the designation	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	38(1)	Power to:- a) consider properly made submissions; b) decide to make or amend a designation; and c) publish a gazette notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	39(2)	Power to extend the duration of a designation, for up to 6 years, by publishing a gazette notice about the extension before the designation stops having effect.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	39(4)	Power to discontinue proceedings to resume designated premises.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	40(1)	Power to repeal a designation by publishing a gazette notice that states— a) that the designation is repealed; and b) a description of the designated premises; and c) the type of infrastructure for which the premises were designated; and d) the reasons for the repeal.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	41(4)	Power to: a) repeal the designation; b) decide to refuse the request; and c) decide to take other action that designator considers appropriate in the circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	41(5)	Power to give a decision notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	42(2)	Power to include a note about the making, amendment, extension or appeal of a designation in the planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	42(4)	Power to include a note in the planning scheme in a way that ensures the other provisions of the scheme that apply to the designated premises remain effective.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	45(5)(b)	Power to consider and assess against assessment benchmarks and prescribed matters under a regulation and other relevant matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	45(7)	Power to assess a development application against or have regard to the statutory instrument or other document, as in effect when the development application was properly made.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	45(8)(a)	Power to give weight the Assessment Manager considers is appropriate, in the circumstances, to a statutory instrument or other document that has been amended or replaced after the development application was properly made but before it was decided by the Assessment Manager.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	45(8)(b)	Power to give weight the Assessment Manager considers is appropriate in the circumstances to another statutory instrument that came into effect after the development application was properly made but before it was decided by the Assessment Manager.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	46(2)(a)	Power to give an exemption certificate for a development.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	46(3)(a)	Power to seek agreement in writing from referral agencies about the giving of an exemption certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	51(2)	Power to give owner's consent	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	51(4)(a)	Power to be satisfied an application complies with subsections (1) to (3)	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	51(4)(b)	Power to be satisfied an application complies with subsection (2) and (3)	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	51(4)(c)	Power to accept an application that does not comply with subsection (1)(a) or (b)(i).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	51(4)(d)	Power to accept an application that does not comply with subsection (1)(b)(ii) to the extent the required fee has been waived under section 109(b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	51(5)	Power to accept a properly made application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	52(3)	Power to assess and decide if a change is a minor change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	53(3)	Power to assess and decide a development application even if some of the requirements of the development assessment rules about the notice have not been complied with, if the assessment manager considers any noncompliance has not— (a) adversely affected the public's awareness of the existence and nature of the application; or (b) restricted the public's opportunity to make properly made submissions about the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	53(4)(a)	Power to consider submissions about a development application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	53(10)	Power to give notice on behalf of an applicant to a referral agency for a fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	54(5)	Power to give a copy of a development application on behalf of an applicant to a referral agency for a fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	55(1)	Power to assess the application as required under section 45, as if the agency were the assessment manager.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	55(2)(a)	Power to assess a development application against matters prescribed by the regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	55(2)(b)	Power to have regard to matters prescribed by the regulation for the assessment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	55(4)	Power to assess the development application against or having regard to the statutory instrument, or other document, as in effect when the application was properly made.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	55(5)(a)	Power to give weight the Referral Agency considers is appropriate, in the circumstances, to a statutory instrument or other document that has been amended or replaced after the development application was properly made.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	55(5)(b)	Power to give the weight the Referral Agency considers is appropriate, in the circumstances, to another statutory instrument that came into effect after the development application was properly made.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	56(1)(a)	Power to decide to tell the assessment manager that the agency has no requirements for the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	56(1)(b)	Power to decide to direct the assessment manager to do any or all of the following: i. to give any development approval subject to stated development conditions; ii. to give any development approval for only a stated part of the application; iii. to give any development approval only as a preliminary approval; iv. to improve a stated currency period for a development approval given.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	56(1)(c)	Power to decide to direct the assessment manager to refuse the application for stated reasons.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	56(2)(a)	Power to decide to tell the assessment manager that the agency has no requirements for the variation request.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	56(2)(b)	Power to decide to direct the assessment manager to do any or all of the following: i. to approve only some of the variations sought; ii. subject to section 61(3) to approve different variations from those sought.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	56(2)(c)	Power to decide to direct the assessment manager to refuse the variation request.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	56(3)	Power to give advice about the application to the assessment manager.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(2)(a)	Power to assess and decide the extent to which the application complies with all of the assessment benchmarks for the development.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(2)(b)	Power to decide to approve the application even if the development does not comply with some of the assessment benchmarks.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(2)(c)	Power to impose development conditions on an approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(2)(d)	To the extent the development does not comply with some or all the assessment benchmarks, power to decide to refuse the application where compliance cannot be achieved by imposing development conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(3)(a)	Power to decide to approve all or part of the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(3)(b)	Power to decide to approve all or part of the application, but impose development conditions on the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(3)(c)	Power to decide to refuse the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	60(5)	Power to give a preliminary approval for all or part of the development application, even though the development application sought a development permit.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	61(3)(a)(i)	Power to decide to approve all or some of the variations sought.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	61(3)(a)(ii)	Power to decide to approve different variations from those sought.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	61(3)(b)	Power to decide to refuse the variations sought.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	63(1)	Power to give a decision notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	63(4)	Power to publish a notice about the decision on the assessment managers website.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	64(6)(a)	Power to give an applicant a decision notice which approves the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	64(6)(b)	Power to give an applicant a decision notice which approves the application subject to development conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	66(2)(c)	Power to agree in writing to a later condition applying.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	67	Power to make an agreement with an applicant to establish the responsibilities, or secure the performance, of a party to the agreement about a development condition.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	75(4)(b)(ii)	Power to provide an applicant with a notice that they do not agree with the change representations.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	75(4)(b)(iii)	Power to agree with an applicant to a longer period to make change representations.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	76(1)	Power to assess change representations against and having regard to the matters that must be considered when assessing a development application to the extent those matters are relevant.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	76(2)	Power to give a negotiated decision notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	76(6)	Power to give a replacement infrastructure charges notice to an applicant.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	78A(1)(a)	Power to consider a change application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	78A(1)(b)	Power to consider a change application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	78A(5)	Power to consider change application referred from Minister.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	79(2)(a)	Power to be satisfied that an application complies with subsection (1).	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	79(2)(b)	Power to be satisfied the application complies with subsection (1)(b)(iii).	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	79(2)(c)	Power to accept an application that does not comply with subsection (1)(a) or (b)(ii).	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	79(2)(d)	Power to accept an application that does not comply with subsection (1)(b)(i) to the extent the required fee has been waived under section 109(b).	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	80(2)	Power to give the person who proposes to make the change application a notice (a pre-request response notice) that states— (a) whether the affected entity objects to the change; and (b) the reasons for any objection.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	80(4)(a)	Power to give a responsible entity and the applicant a response notice that states that the affected entity has no objection to the change.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	80(4)(b)	Power to give a responsible entity and the applicant a response notice that states that the affected entity objects to the change and the reasons for objection.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	81(4)	Power to consider, for a change application, a statutory instrument, or other document, as in effect when the development application for the development approval was properly made.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	81(5)(a)	Power to give weight the Responsible Entity considers appropriate in the circumstances to the statutory instrument or other document as in effect when the change application was made.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	81(5)(b)	Power to give the weight the Responsible Entity considers is appropriate, in the circumstances, to a statutory instrument or other document that has amended or replaced after the change application was made but before it was decided.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	81(5)(c)	Power to give the weight the Responsible Entity considers is appropriate, in the circumstances, to another statutory instrument that came into effect after the change application was made but before it was decided.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	81A(2)(a)	Power to decide to approve the change application with or without development conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	81A(2)(b)	Power to decide to refuse the change application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	81A(5)	Power to agree to extend the period for deciding the change application.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	81B(2)	Power to give notice of withdrawal of a change application before it is decided.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	83(1)	Power to give a decision notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	83(2)	Power to give a decision notice if a negotiated decision notice is not given in relation to the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	84(4)	Power to cancel the development approval and give notice of the cancellation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	86(3)(a)	Power to be satisfied that an application complies with subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	86(3)(b)	Power to be satisfied that an application complies with subsection (2)(b)(ii) before an application can be accepted.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	86(3)(c)	Power to accept an application that does not comply with subsection (2)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	86(3)(d)	Power to accept an application that does not comply with subsection (2)(b)(i) to the extent the required fee has been waived under section 109(b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	87(1)	Power to consider any matter that the assessment manager considers relevant, even if the matter was not relevant to assessing the development application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	87(2)(a)	Power to decide whether to give or refuse the extension sought.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	87(2)(b)	Power to extend the currency period for a period that is different from the extension sought.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	87(3)	Power to agree to extend the 20 business day period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	88(3)	Power to use security paid under a condition stated in section 65(2)(e) for the purpose stated in the approval or agreement under section 67.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	89(1)(a)	Power to consider whether a development approval is substantially inconsistent with its planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	102(2)	Power to make representations about the proposed call in notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	105(3)	Power to provide Minister with reasonable help.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	109(a)	Power to refund all or part of a required fee.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	109(b)	Power to waive all or part of a required fee, in the circumstances prescribed by regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	115(2)	Power to enter into an agreement (a breakup agreement) about the charges breakup.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	119(2)	Power to give an infrastructure charges notices.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	119(6)	Power to give an applicant an amended infrastructure charges notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	123(1)(a)	Power to make an agreement with recipient of an infrastructure charges notice about whether the levied charge under the notice may be paid other than as required under section 122 including whether the charge may be paid by instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	123(1)(b)	Power to make an agreement with recipient of an infrastructure charges notice about whether infrastructure may be provided instead of paying all or part of the levied charge.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	125(2)	Power to consider representations.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	125(3)	Power to give a negotiated notice to the recipient.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	130(1)	In certain circumstances, the power to require the payment of extra trunk infrastructure costs.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	130(1)(a)	Power to decide if the development: (i) will generate infrastructure demand of more than that required to service the type or scale of future development that the LGIP assumes; or (ii) will require new trunk infrastructure earlier than when identified in the LGIP; or (iii) is for premises completely or partly outside of the PIA.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	130(1)(b)	Power to decide whether the development would impose extra trunk infrastructure costs on the local government and to take into account either or both of the following to decide: (i) levied charges for the development; (ii) trunk infrastructure provided, or to be provided, by the applicant under this part.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	131(2)	Power to agree to an alternative payment time.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	135(3)	Power to make an agreement with a payer in relation to a refund.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	140(1)	Power to consider and decide the conversion application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	140(3)	Power to give the applicant a notice requiring the applicant to give information that the local government reasonably needs to make the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	140(5)(b)	Power to agree to a later period for giving the information in respect of a conversion application	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	142(3)	Power to amend the development approval by imposing a necessary infrastructure condition for the trunk infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	144(2)	Power to make an agreement with an applicant in relation to a levied charge.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	149(2)(b)	Power to agree with the state infrastructure provider and the person who provided the replacement infrastructure about when the amount of the levy charge will be paid.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	151(2)	Power to tell the entity making the proposal if the recipient agrees to enter into negotiations for an infrastructure agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	158(1)(a)	Power to enter into an agreement with a person about providing or funding infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	158(1)(b)	Power to enter into an agreement with a person about refunding payments made towards the cost of providing or funding infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	167(1)(a)	Power to form reasonable belief that a person has committed, or is committing, a development offence.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	167(1)(b)	Power to consider giving an enforcement notice for an offence to a person.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	167(2)	Power to give a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	167(4)	Power to give an enforcement notice to a person if it still considers it appropriate to do so.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	167(5)(b)	Power to form reasonable belief that it is not appropriate in the circumstances to give the show cause notice	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	168(1)	Power to form reasonable belief a person has committed, or is committing, a development offence, and give an enforcement notice to— (a) the person; and (a) if the offence involves premises and the person is not the owner of the premises— the owner of the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	168(4)(a)	Power to form a reasonable belief that it is not possible or practical to take steps to make the development accepted development.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	168(4)(b)	Power to form a reasonable belief that it is not possible or practical to take steps to make the works comply with a development approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	168(4)(c)	Power to form a reasonable belief that the works are dangerous and that it is not possible or practical to take steps to remove the danger.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	169(2)(a)	Power to consult with a private certifier about the giving of a notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	169(3)	Power to form a reasonable belief the works for which the enforcement notice is to be given are dangerous.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	169(5)	Power to carry out consultation in the way the enforcement authority considers appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	174(1)	Power to bring offence proceedings.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	175(1)(a)	With consent, power to bring offence proceedings in a representative capacity on behalf of a body of persons or a corporation.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	175(1)(b)	With consent, power to bring offence proceedings on behalf of an individual.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	176(10)(a)	Power to take action required under an order.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	176(10)(b)	Power to recover the reasonable cost of taking the action as a debt owing to the authority from the defendant.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	178(1)(b)	Power to apply to a Magistrate for an order for the payment of expenses.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	180(1)	Power to start proceedings in the P&E Court for an enforcement order.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	180(11)	Power to apply to the P&E Court for a compliance order.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	180(13)(a)	Power to take action required under an order.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	180(13)(b)	Power to recover the reasonable cost of taking the action as a debt owing to the authority from the respondent.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	181(4)	Power to apply to the P&E Court to cancel or change an enforcement order or interim enforcement order.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	229(2)	Power to start an appeal within the appeal period.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	229(5)	Power to apply to the tribunal of the P&E court to withdraw from the appeal if an appeal is only about a referral agencies response.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	239(1)	Power to start proceedings for a declaration by a tribunal by filing an application, in the approved form, with the registrar.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	240(1)	Power to start proceedings for a declaration about whether a development application is properly made.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	241(2)	Power to start proceedings for a declaration about whether the proposed change to the approval is a minor change.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	263(1)(a)	Power to consider that taking or purchasing land would help to achieve the outcomes stated in a local planning instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	263(1)(b)(i)	Power to be satisfied that the development would create a need to construct infrastructure on land or to carry drainage over land.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	263(1)(b)(ii)	Power to be satisfied that a person with the benefit of the approval has taken reasonable steps to get the agreement of the owner of the land to actions that would facilitate the construction or carriage, but has not been able to get the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	263(1)(b)(iii)	Power to be satisfied that the action is necessary for the development.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	263(3)	In certain circumstances, power to take or purchase land under the Acquisition Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	264(1)(a)	Power to keep or keep publically available documents including registers relating to local government functions as prescribed in the Reg.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	264(2)	Power to keep a copy of each exemption certificate given pursuant to section 46 (2) of the Act and power to keep a register of exemption certificates.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	264(5)	Power to allow a person to inspect or obtain a copy of a document prescribed in the Reg	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	264(6)	Power to decide if a document or information in a document prescribed under the Reg is not disclosable.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	265(3)	Power to give a limited, standard or full planning and development certificate for premises.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	275C(2)	Power to sign a certificate of service	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	293(5)	Power to make an amendment of a type mentioned in subsection (1) by following the process set out in the rules.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	304(4)(a)	Power to adopt charges under section 113.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	304(4)(b)	Power to give an infrastructure charges notice under section 119.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	304(4)(c)	Power to impose conditions about trunk infrastructure under section 128 or 130.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	312	Power to bring a proceeding under the section of the old Act stated in column 2, after the commencement, whether the matter happened before or after the commencement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	314(6)	Power to apply funds received under a funding agreement to fulfil the local government's responsibilities under subsections (3) or (4), as required by the local government's policy under the unamended old Act, section 143(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	324B(5)	Power to apply section 79(2), as in force on the commencement, to make a decision about accepting the existing change application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	324C(5)	Power to apply section 86(3), as in force on the commencement, to make a decision about accepting the existing extension application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	1.1	Power to decide a properly made application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	2.2	Power to give a confirmation notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	3.1	Power to give an action notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	6.2	Power to decide a properly made application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	7.1	Power to give a confirmation notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	8.1(a)	Power to give an action notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	9.2	Power to give a referral agency response.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	12.1	Power to make an information request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	12.5	Power to give advice about an information request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	17.1, 17.3, 17.4	Power, as an assessment manager acting under section 53(10) of the Act, to comply with the public notice requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	19.1	Power to accept a property made submission.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	22.2	Power to give a copy of a decision notice to each principal submitter.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	23.1	Power to receive a notice from a concurrence agency.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	25.1	Power to give a notice of a changed application to a referral agency.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	26.2(a)	Power to give a confirmation notice of receipt of a changed application.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	26.2(c)	Power to give a notice that public notification is required with respect to the changed application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	26.3	Power to refer a changed application to a referral agency.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	28.1	Power to change a referral agency response to any changed application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	28.3	Power to give a late referral agency response before a changed application is decided with the agreement of the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	28.4	Power to give an amended referral agency response to an assessment manager.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	29.6	Power to make an information request with respect to a missed referral agency application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	34.1	Power to request third party advice from a third party about an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	35.1	Power to give a further advice to an applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	1	Power to determine if a change to an application is a minor change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules</i>	2	Power to determine if a change would result in a substantially different development	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	12(b)	Power to request an extension to the decision making period specific in 12(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	10(1)	Power to make a requested decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	10(2)	Power to give a notice of a requested decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	10(3)	Power to decide not to make a requested decision and power to give notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	Table 1 "Other uses"	Power to apply to a use that is listed in Column 1 a prescribed amount for another similar use listed in Column 1 (other than in this row).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	3(1)	Power to approve a request where compliant with section 2.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	3(2)	Power to give notice of an approval to request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	1(1)	Power to keep documents prescribed therein for inspection and purchase.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	2(1)	Power to keep documents prescribed therein available for inspection only.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	3(1)	Power to publish documents on the local government website.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	3A	In the specified circumstances, power to publish on the local government website a register that complies with section 3A.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	3B	Power to keep available for inspection and purchase a document that includes the trunk infrastructure information that the local government publishes on its website under 3A(4)-(5).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	5(1)	Power to keep documents prescribed therein for inspection and purchase.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	6(1)	Power to keep documents prescribed therein available for inspection only.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	7(1)	Power to publish documents on the local government website.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	8(1)	Power to keep documents prescribed therein for inspection and purchase.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	9(1)	Power to keep documents prescribed therein available for inspection only.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	10(1)	Power to publish documents as a referral agency on the local government website.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	75(4)(e)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve a maximum temperature for a substance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	77	Power to grant approval to a person to dispose of the contents of a greywater treatment plan into the sewerage system in an area for which the plant is located.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	83(7)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to contact an occupier to arrange for the local government to inspect the work.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	90(1)(d)	Power to commence a prosecution for an offense against this act, other than a crime.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	139(1)	Power to be satisfied an authorised person has the qualification and experience prescribed by regulation to be appointed as an inspector under this act and to appoint that authorised person as an inspector under this act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	139(2)	Power to place conditions on the appointment of an inspector by placing those conditions in the instrument of appointment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	142(a)	Power to advise the commissioner of each appointment of an inspector made by the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	142(b)	Power to give the commissioner a list of the local government's inspectors as at 1 July in each year within 20 business days after that day.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	143(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a reasonable belief that the plumbing or drainage work does not comply with this Act and the power to give a notice to a person who carried out the plumbing or drainage work requiring the person to take stated action.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	143(2)	The power to form a reasonable belief in the nature set out in section 143(2)(a) to (c) and to give a notice to the owner of a premises requiring the owner to take stated action.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	143(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the owner of a premises a notice requiring the owner to take stated action if the local government reasonably believes plumbing on the premises has polluted or could be polluting the water supply in a premise or a water service providers water service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	144(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a reasonable belief that an enforcement notice relating to plumbing and drainage is a danger to persons or a risk to public health, otherwise, the power to give a notice (a <i>show cause notice</i>) to a person before giving an enforcement notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	16(1)(a)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for a treatment plant approval for a greywater treatment plant of a particular type.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	16(1)(b)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for a treatment plan approval for a secondary on site sewage treatment plant of a particular type.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	16(2)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to amend an approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	23(b)(i)(B)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to a longer period with the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	24(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the Chief Executive notice of the transfer in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	26(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the Chief Executive the specified information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	27(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consent to the person arranged by the Chief Executive to enter the premises to carry out an inspection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	29(1)	Power to make written representations about a show cause notice to the Chief Executive in the show cause notice period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	34(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Chief Executive to renew an approval under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	41(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to publish a fast-track work declaration or a fast-track opt-out declaration on the local government's website.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	41(b)	Power to give a copy of a fast-track work declaration or fast-track opt-out declaration for a local government area to the Chief Executive and, if the local government is a participating local government for a distributor-retailer, the distributor retailer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	41(c)	Power to make a fast-track work declaration or fast-track opt-out declaration for a local government area available to be inspected, free of charge, at the local government's public office.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	44(1)(b)(iv)	In the specified circumstances, the power to set the local government application fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	45(1)(a)	Power to consider that an application is not a properly made application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	45(1)(b)	Power to consider that the local government does not have the expertise to assess work the subject of an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	45(1)(c)	Power to consider that the local government requires further information to decide an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	45(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a notice, to the applicant in the initial consideration period, ask the applicant to do a specified thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	45(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to treat an application as having lapsed and to retain the local government application fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	46	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider each properly made application and decide to: 1. Refuse the application; or 2. Approve the application with: (a) in the specified circumstances to approve the application with the conditions of approval; and (b) any other conditions that the Local Government considers reasonable and relevant for carrying out the work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	47(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to assess whether each plan for work accompanying an application complies with the code requirements for the work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	47(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve an application if the local government is satisfied with the specified things.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	47(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to be satisfied that the specialist work referred to in this section would, if carried out in compliance with the permit applied for comply with the code requirements for the work and the power to approve the application to the extent it relates to the specialist work if so satisfied.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	48(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a permit, or an amended permit, in the approved form to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	48(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a copy of a permit or amended permit to the persons and entities listed in this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	49(3)(a)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to a longer required period with an applicant of a fast-track application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	49(3)(b)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to a longer required period with an applicant of any other application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	50(2)	Power to give an applicant an information notice about a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	53(2)(e)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to provide written consent for an application relating to SEQ water work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	53(2)(f)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to provide written consent for work relating to SEQ sewerage work.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	59(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give notice of the day a permit is to end to the permit holder and if the permit holder is not the owner of the premises to which the permit relates, the owner of the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	64(2)(a)	Power to agree to a time for inspection with the responsible person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	67(2)	In the specified circumstances, instead of inspecting work under section 64, the power to allow the responsible person to give the local government a covered work declaration for the work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	68(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to inspect the work if the public sector entity has asked the local government to inspect the work under subsection 68(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	69(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to allow an appropriate person to give the local government a declaration in the approved form stating that the person has inspected the onsite sewage work and is satisfied the work is compliant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	69(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider a person has appropriate knowledge about the design and function of an onsite sewage facility to which the work relates and is otherwise competent to make a declaration	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	71(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to publish each declaration on the local government's website, to give the Chief Executive a copy of each declaration, to ensure that the declaration may be inspected free of charge at the local government's public office and to ensure each remote area declaration includes a map identifying the remote area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	73(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to be satisfied the person is a suitability qualified person for giving the notice and to decide to accept a remote area compliance notice, or otherwise refuse to accept the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	73(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, within 5 business days after receiving a remote area compliance notice, give the responsible person a notice stating whether the local government has accepted or refused to accept the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	75(1)(a)	Power to consider the work carried out under a permit is not correctly represented in an approved plan for the work because of a minor inconsistency between the plan and the work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	75(1)(b)	Power to, other than for the work the subject of a decision under subsection 75(1)(a), consider the work carried out under the work permit is compliant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	75(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to amend an approved plan so that the plan correctly reflects the work carried out under a permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	76(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider a person is competent to carry out the testing or commissioning.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	77(4)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide a report may be given within a longer period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	83(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an inspection certificate for work to the responsible person for the work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	84(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a final inspection certificate for the work to the responsible person for the work.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	84(1)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to be satisfied the plumbing or drainage resulting from, or affected by, the work is operational and fit for use.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	86(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to after giving a final inspection certificate for work under section 84, give a copy of the certificate to the permit holder, and if the permit holder is not the owner of the premises the owner of the premises, and if the work involves installing a water meter and the local government is not the water service provider for the premises the water service provider.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	86(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a distributor retailer the specified information in subsection 86(2)(b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	87(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an information notice about the decision to refuse to give an inspection certificate or final inspection certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	94(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to a time to inspect work with the responsible person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	95(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to contact the occupier of the premises to arrange to inspect the work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	97(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to include an information notice about the decision by the local government to give an action notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	98(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide a longer period before the end of a stated period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	98(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider the person has not complied with an action notice and to give a copy of the action notice to the owner of a premises within 5 business days after the end of the required period for compliance under subsection 98(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	101	Power to establish a program for registering each testable backflow prevention device installed at premises in the local government area and for monitoring the maintenance and testing of each device.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	107(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to: 1. Remove the obstruction or fix the damage; and 2. Fairly apportion the reasonable cost of removing the obstruction or fixing the damage between the owners; and 3. To recover as a debt from each owner, the owner's share of the cost.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	108(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a notice to the owner of an old building and the owner of a new building requiring the owners to take specified action in section 108(2)(a) and section 108(2)(b).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	112(1)	Power to keep a register containing the specified information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	113(1)	Power to keep a register containing each notice given to the local government under section 102(2) or 103(3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	114(1)	Power to keep a register containing a copy of each service report for a greywater use facility or onsite sewage facility given to a local government under section 106.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	115(1)	Power to keep a register containing a copy of each show cause notice and enforcement notice given by the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	115(2)	Power to remove a notice mentioned in subsection 115(1) from the registered if the premises to which the notice relates is demolished or removed.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	116(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide the reasonable cost of producing a copy of an entry into a register, and to allow a person to inspect the register, free of charge, at the local governments public office or buy a copy of an entry in the register for not more than the reasonable cost of producing a copy.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	124(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to determine what qualifications and experience is necessary to enable a person to assess plans for, or inspect, plumbing work competently.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	124(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to determine what qualifications and experience necessary to enable the person to assess plans for, or inspect, drainage work competently.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	124(4)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to determine what qualifications and experience necessary to enable a person to assess for, or inspect, onsite sewage facility competently.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	6(3)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide whether a person is competent to develop the performance solution.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	7(3)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider whether a person is competent to develop the alternative solution.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	8(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to determine if a plan provided for an application other than a fast track application or a fast track amendment application shows enough detail to allow the local government to assess the work to which the plan relates.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	8(3)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to determine if the relevant details provided for work relating to a greywater use facility of an onsite sewage facility provides enough information about the person's qualifications and experience to allow the local government to decide whether the person is a qualified person to design the facility.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	Schedule 10 definition of "Suitably qualified trade person" (a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to determine whether a person has the experience and skills appropriate for preparing and giving a notice, statement or other document.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	Schedule 10 definition of "Suitably qualified trade person" (d)	Power to consider whether a person is competent to prepare and give the document.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Prostitution Act 1999</i>	63B(1)(b)	In certain circumstances, the power to decide and provide a written notice stating whether the development the subject of the application requires code assessment or impact assessment under the Planning Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Prostitution Act 1999</i>	64C(5)	Power to make written submissions about the assessment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Prostitution Act 1999</i>	71(1)(a)	Power to apply to the court for an order rescinding the declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Prostitution Act 1999</i>	150(2)(a)	Power to no longer require that development applications for the land be refused.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Prostitution Act 1999</i>	Schedule 4 - definition of 'authorised officer of a relevant local government'	Power to, in writing, authorise an officer of Council for the Prostitution Act 1999.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Prostitution Regulation 2014</i>	25(2)	In certain circumstances, power to assess assessable development against the assessment benchmarks in Schedule 3.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	33	Power to consider an application for a licence and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	34	Power to grant an application for a licence only if satisfied of the specified criteria.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	35(1)	In deciding whether a person is a suitable person to hold a licence, the power to have regard to the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	36	In deciding whether premises at which higher risk personal appearance services are to be provided are suitable for providing the services, the power to have regard to the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	37(1)	Before deciding an application for a licence, the power to — (a) make inquiries to decide the suitability of — (i) the applicant to hold a licence; and (ii) the premises for providing higher risk personal appearance services; and (b) by notice given to the applicant, require the applicant to give you within the reasonable time of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document you reasonably require to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	38(1)	If you decide to grant an application for a licence, the power to — (a) issue a licence to the applicant; and (b) advise the applicant where a copy of the infection control guidelines may be obtained.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	38(2)	If you decide to impose conditions on a licence, the power to immediately give the applicant an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	38(3)	If you decide to refuse to grant an application for a licence, the power to immediately give the applicant an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	39(4)	If an application for a licence is refused under section 39 of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> , the power to give an information notice to an applicant for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	40(2)	Power to decide an earlier date a licence ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	41(1)(c)	Power to impose other reasonable conditions you consider appropriate to give effect to the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> by stating the conditions in the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	41(2)(b)	Power to consider another time, in which you may impose conditions under section 41(1)(c) of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> , is necessary to minimise the infection risk associated with the provision of higher risk personal appearance services under a licensee's licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	41(3)	If you decide to impose conditions under section 41(2)(b) of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> , the power to immediately give a licensee an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	44(4)	Power to consider an application for renewal of a licence and renew, or refuse to renew, a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	44(5)	In deciding whether to grant an application for renewal of a licence, the power to have regard to the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	44(6)	If you decide to refuse to renew a licence, the power to immediately give the licensee an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	44(7)	If you decide to impose conditions on a licence, the power to immediately give the licensee an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	46A(4)	Power to consider an application	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	46A(4)	Power to decide to: (a) restore the licence; or (b) restore the licence subject to conditions; or (c) refuse to restore the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	46A(5)	In the specific circumstances, the power to have regard to the specific matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	46A(6)	In the specific circumstances, power to give the applicant notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	46A(7)	In the specific circumstances, the power to immediately give the applicant an information notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	46B(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, by notice given to the applicant, require the licensee to give you, within a reasonable period of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document you reasonably require to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	45(1)	Before deciding an application for renewal of a licence, the power to, by notice given to the licensee, require the licensee to give you, within a reasonable period of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document you reasonably require to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	47(3)	Power to consider an application for an amendment of a licence and amend, or refuse to amend, the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	47(4)	Without limiting section 47(1) of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> , the power to amend a licence by changing the location of the premises, or adding additional premises, from which the licensee proposes to carry on business providing higher risk personal appearance services.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	47(5)	If the amendment relates to the premises covered by a licence, the power to amend the licence only if satisfied on reasonable grounds that the premises comply with the requirements of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	47(6)	If you decide to refuse to amend a licence, the power to immediately give the licensee an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	47(7)	If you decide to impose conditions on an amended licence, the power to immediately give the licensee an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	48(1)	Before deciding an application for an amendment of a licence, the power to, by notice given to a licensee, require the licensee to give you, within a reasonable period of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document you reasonably require to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	49(3)	Power to consider an application for transfer of a licence and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	49(4)	Power to grant an application for transfer of a licence only if satisfied of the specified criteria.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	49(5)	In deciding whether to grant an application for transfer of a licence, the power to, in relation to the proposed transferee, have regard to the matters to which a local government may have regard in deciding whether a person is a suitable person to hold a licence and whether the premises are suitable for providing higher risk personal appearance services.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	49(6)	If you decide to refuse to transfer a licence, the power to immediately give the licensee an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	49(7)	If you decide to impose conditions on a transferred licence, the power to immediately give a transferee an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	50(1)	Before deciding an application for transfer of a licence, the power to, by notice given to a licensee, require the licensee to give you, within a reasonable period of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document you reasonably require to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	51(2)	For forming a belief that the ground mentioned in section 51(1)(a) of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> exists, the power to have regard to the matters to which a local government may have regard in deciding whether a proposed licensee is a suitable person to hold a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	52(1)	If a licence is issued, the power to form the belief a ground exists to suspend or cancel a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	52(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a licensee a notice under section 52 of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> (a "show cause notice").	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	53(2)	Power to consider all representations (the "accepted representations") made by a licensee under section 53(1) of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	54(1)	Power to form the belief that a ground no longer exists to suspend or cancel a licence after considering the accepted representations for a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	54(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a licensee notice that no further action is to be taken about a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	55(1)	Power to form a belief that — (a) a ground still exists to suspend or cancel a licence; and (b) a suspension or cancellation of the licence is warranted; after considering the accepted representations for a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	55(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to — (a) suspend a licence for not longer than the stated period — if the proposed action stated in the show cause notice was to suspend the licence for a stated period; or (b) either cancel a licence or suspend a licence for a period — if the proposed action stated in the show cause notice was to cancel the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	55(4)	Power to immediately give an information notice for the decision made under section 55(3) of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> to a licensee.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	56(1)	Power to suspend a licence immediately if you form the belief that — (a) a ground exists to suspend or cancel the licence; and (b) it is necessary to suspend the licence immediately because there is an immediate and serious risk of infection to the licensee's clients.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	56(2)(a)	Power to effect the suspension by giving an information notice to a licensee about the decision to suspend the licensee's licence together with a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	56(2)(c)(i)	Power to cancel the remaining period of a suspension.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	62(1)	Power to consider an application for replacement of a licence and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	62(2)	Power to grant an application for replacement of a licence if satisfied the licence has been destroyed, lost or stolen, or damaged in a way to require its replacement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	62(3)	If you decide to grant an application for replacement of a licence, the power to, as soon as practicable, issue another licence to the applicant to replace the damaged, destroyed, lost or stolen licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	62(4)	If you decide to refuse to grant an application for replacement of a licence, the power to immediately give the applicant an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	65(2)(e)	In the specified circumstances, the power to request other information reasonably required to ensure the licensee and operator will take reasonable precautions and care to minimise the risk of infection in providing the higher risk personal appearance service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	65(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to a lesser period for notification under section 65(2) of the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	68(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to consider that a licensee or operator has done or omitted to do something that, if done or omitted to be done in the first local government area, would be a contravention of the conditions of the licensee's licence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	68(2)	In the specified circumstance, the power to notify the first local government of the thing done or omitted to be done in section 68(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	70(1)	Power to appoint any of the following persons as authorised persons for Council and its area — (a) employees of Council; (b) if another local government consents - employees of the other local government; (c) other persons under contract to Council.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	70(2)	Power to be satisfied that a person is qualified for appointment because the person has the necessary expertise or experience to be an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	72(1)	Power to impose conditions on how an authorised person holds office in — (a) the authorised person's instrument of appointment; or (b) a signed notice given to the authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	105(1)	Power to monitor compliance with the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> by having authorised persons inspect places of business in Council's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	105(2)	Power to charge business proprietors reasonable fees for inspections carried out.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	121(2)	Power to, at any time, extend the time for applying for a review.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	122(1)	After reviewing an original decision, the power to make a further decision (the "review decision") to — (a) confirm the original decision; or (b) amend the original decision; or (c) substitute another decision for the original decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	122(2)	Power to immediately give the applicant notice of the review decisions (the "review notice").	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	140(1)	Power to consider appropriate how a forfeited thing is dealt with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	140(2)	Power to destroy a forfeited thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	147	Power to approve forms for use under the <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	153(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to — (a) assess the suitability of an applicant and premises under the Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003; and (b) for that purpose make inquiries and require further information or a document under section 37 of the Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	154(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to — (a) assess the suitability of an applicant and premises under the Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003; and (b) for that purpose make inquiries and require further information or a document under section 45 of the Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	155(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a single licence to cover all the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	14(1)	Power to agree with the chief executive that: a) the State do a thing in the administration or enforcement of this Act for a matter mentioned in section 13(1); or b) the local government do a thing in the administration or enforcement of the Act for a matter mentioned in section 12(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	14(3)	Power to perform functions and exercise powers for this Act for a matter mentioned in section 12(1), including appointing authorised persons.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	16(a)	Power to consult with the Chief Executive before the Chief Executive does a thing under Section 15(3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	17(2)	Power to give the Chief Executive information about the local Government's administration and enforcement of the matter if asked by notice by the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	17(4)	Power to be consulted by the Chief Executive before notice is given by the Chief Executive under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	22(2)	Power to consult the chief executive administering the <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i> .	Chief Executive Officer

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Public Health Act 2005	24(1)	Power to consider whether a person has contravened a public health order.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	24(2)	Power to apply to a magistrate for an order enforcing the public health order (an <i>Enforcement Order</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	25(1)	Power to give a notice of hearing of an application.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	27(2)(b)	Power to enter a place to take reasonable steps to remove or reduce the risk to public health from the public health risk, or prevent the risk to public health from reoccurring, under orders made.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	32(3)	Power to lodge a request to register the charge in the appropriate form over the land the Registrar of Titles.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	32(4)	Power to sign certificate stating there is a charge over the land under section 32.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	36(5)	In the specified circumstances power to consult with the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	39(1)(a)	In certain circumstances, the power to agree.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	39(1)(c)	In certain circumstances, the power to agree.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	57B	Power to form a reasonable belief that the provider has complied with an improvement notice and power to inform the authorised person of the belief.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	90(4)(a)	Power to agree to the appointment of a contact tracing officer for a notifiable condition under section 90(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	313E(3)	Power to publish a pollution notice in relation to the pollution event	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	313H(1)	Power to claim compensation from the State if loss is incurred because of the exercise or purported exercise for a power by or for the Chief Executive under Chapter 7A	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	333(3)	Power to agree to the appointment of an emergency officer (general) for declared public health emergencies under section 333 (1)(c).	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	376(2)	Power to give directions to an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	376(3)	Power to give directions to an authorised person for the area in which the authorised person is exercising the powers.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	377(2)	Power to appoint an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	377(2)(b)	Power to agree with the CEO of another local government about the appointment of an employee of the other local government as an authorised person for the local government and its area.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	377(3)	Power to appoint an employee of, or another person under contract to, one of the local governments to be an authorised person for the local governments' areas.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	378	Power to appoint a person as an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	378(a)	Power to be satisfied the person is qualified for appointment because the person has necessary expertise or experience.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	379(1)(b)	Power to sign and to give the signed notice to the authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer

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Public Health Act 2005	379(2)	Power to sign and give the signed notice to an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	380(1)	Power to issue an identity card to each authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	388(2)	In the specified circumstances power to at reasonable times, enter the place to take the steps stated in the order.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	393(2)	In the specified circumstances power to give the occupier and owner of the place reasonable notice that the issuing authority, by its employees or agents, intend to enter the place to take the steps required under the public health order.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	407(3)	Power to lodge a request to register the charge in the appropriate form over the land with the Registrar of Titles.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	407(4)	Power to sign certificate stating there is a charge over the land under section 407.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	427(1)	Power to approve a program (an approved inspection program).	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	440(1)	Power to give a certificate stating the matters in section 440.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	440(4)	Power to issue a certificate stating the stated costs were incurred and the way in which, the purpose for which, they were incurred is evidence of the matters stated.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	446(1)	Power to considered appropriate how to deal with a thing that become the local governments property.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	446(2)	Power to destroy a thing that has become the local governments property.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	454J(1)	Power to give the Chief Executive an annual compliance certificate	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	454J(2)(b)	Power to sign the annual compliance certificate	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005	458(2)	Power to approve forms for use by the local government under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Regulation 2018	12(2)(c)	Power to approve a site for the disposal of asbestos waste.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010	30(1)	Power to decide not to investigate or deal with a public interest disclosure having regard to matters outlined in section 30(1)(a)-(d).	Chief Executive Officer
Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010	30(1)(b)	Power to reasonably consider that the disclosure should be dealt with by another appropriate process.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010	30(1)(d)	Power to reasonably consider that the disclosure is too trivial to warrant investigation and that dealing with the disclosure would substantially and unreasonably divert the resources of the entity from their use by the entity in the performance of its functions.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010	30(2)	Power to give written reasons for its decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010	30(3)	Power to review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010	31(1)	Power to refer public interest disclosure to another public sector entity.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	31(3)	Power to consider there is an unacceptable risk that a reprisal would happen because of a referral.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	31(4)	Power to consult with the person who made the public interest disclosure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	32(1)	In certain circumstances, power to give reasonable information about the disclosure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	32(4)	Power to decide that giving information would be likely to adversely affect matters set out in section 32(4)(a)-(c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	60(3)	Power to consult with the oversight agency.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	10(1)(a)	Power to give written notice of a public record's existence to the archivist.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	16(1)(a)	Power to classify a public record as containing information that potentially is exempt information under the RTI Act, Schedule 3, section 3.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	16(1)(A)	Power to classify a public record as containing information that potentially is exempt information under the RTI Act, Schedule 3, section 2.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	16(2)	Power to classify a public record as containing information about the personal affairs of an individual, whether living or dead.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	16(2)(b)(i)	Power to give a written notice to the archivist.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	16(3)(a)	Power to give a written notice to the archivist.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	18(2)(b)	Power to give a written notice to the archivist.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	19(2)	Power to give a written notice to the archivist to change the restricted access notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	19(3)	Power to, if asked by the archivist, or by written notice given to the archivist to change the restricted access notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	19(4)	Power to refer a dispute to the Public Records Review Committee for resolution.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	26(1)	Power to apply for, or consent to, the disposal of records.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	28	Power to make an arrangement with the archivist.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	39(1)	Power to make written application to the committee for a review of the decision made by the archivist.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	13C(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written notice to the authority in relation to nominating a local government as a nominated local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	13C(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to sign a statement that the nominee is authorised by you to receive notices under Part 3 of the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> for all the local governments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	13C(2)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to sign a statement agreeing to Council being authorised to receive notices under the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> for all the local governments.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	13C(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give written notice to the authority in relation to nominating a local government as a nominated local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	13C(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to sign a statement that the nominee is authorised by you to receive notices under Part 3 of the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> for all the local governments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	13C(3)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to sign a statement agreeing to Council being authorised to receive notices under the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> for all the local governments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	18B(1)	Power to ask the Ministers— (a) to declare a government business activity that is a significant business activity to be a government monopoly business activity; and (b) if the declaration is made - to refer the government monopoly business activity to the authority under section 23 of the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	18B(2)	Power to give the authority a copy of a request made under section 18B(1) of the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	19(5)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make submissions to the Ministers about an intended declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	36A(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to have regard to water pricing determinations and water supply determinations.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	36A(4)	In the specified circumstances and as soon as practicable after a decision is made under section 36A(2) of the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> , the power to— (a) notify the decision and the reasons for the decision by gazette notice; and (b) give a copy of the decision and the reasons for the decision to the specified entities.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i>	84(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make submissions to the Ministers about an intended declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	72(1)	Power to consider an application for an exemption certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	72(2)(b)(i)	Power to assess and decide the impact of a proposed development on the cultural heritage significance of a place.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	72(3)(b)	Power to decide if a development will not have a detrimental impact, or will only have a minimal impact on the cultural heritage significance of the place.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	73(1)	Power to request, by notice to the applicant, further information reasonably required to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	74(2)	Power to approve the application, with or without conditions	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	74(3)	Power to refuse the application or approve the application with conditions	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	80(2)	Power to enter into a local heritage agreement for a local heritage place with: (a) the owner of the place; or (b) with the owner's consent, another person or entity who has an interest in the place.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	80(5)	Power to change or end a local heritage agreement for a local heritage place by agreement with the party it was entered into with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	82(1)(b)	Power to form reasonable belief that the other party to the agreement may fail to comply with the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	82(1)	Power to make an application to the Planning and Environment Court for an order under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	84(1)(a) and (b)	Power to form reasonable belief that it is necessary to carry out essential repair or maintenance work on the place and that the work is required to be carried out to protect the place from damage or deterioration caused by weather, fire, vandalism, or insects.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	84(3)	Power to consult with the owner of the place about the essential repair or maintenance work the decision-maker believes necessary to carry out.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	116(1)	Power to propose to enter a place in a local heritage register if— (a) the place is in the local government's area; and (b) the delegate reasonably considers the place is a place of cultural heritage significance for its area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	116(3)	Power to be satisfied that a place is no longer a place of cultural heritage significance for its area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	117(1)	Where it is proposed to enter a place in, or remove a place from, its local heritage register, power to— (a) give the owner of the place notice of the proposal; and (b) within 10 days after giving the notice, publish the notice in a newspaper circulating generally in the area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	118	Before deciding to enter a place in, or remove a place from, its local heritage roster, power to— (a) have regard to— i) The submissions received under section 117 about the proposal to enter or remove the place; and ii) If the chief executive, under section 115, recommended that the local government enter the place in its register - the information about the place included in the chief executive's recommendation; and (b) Have regard to other information the local government considered relevant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	125(2)	Power to, by instrument in writing, appoint a local government employee of the local government as an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	125(3)	Power to form the view that a person is appropriately qualified for appointment as an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	29(2)(a)	Power to approve the form of an application for a notice of compliance with prescribed building requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	29(3)	Within 20 business days after receiving an application for a notice of compliance with prescribed building requirements, the power to— (a) decide if the premises comply with the prescribed building requirements; and (b) give the person notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	189(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances the power to give a notice stating the extent to which premises comply with the prescribed building requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	62(1)	Power to give a document prepared for section 61 to the tenant for signing on or before the day the tenant occupies the premises under the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	62(3)	Power to sign the document referred to in section 61.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	64(3)	Power to form the reasonable belief that a tenant has contravened section 62(2) and in that case, to apply to a tribunal for an order requiring the tenant to sign the relevant document and return it.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	65(2)	Power to sign a condition report at the start of tenancy.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	66(2)(a)	Power to sign the copy of the condition report at the end of tenancy.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	66(2)(b)	Power to, if the lessor or agent does agree with the report, show the parts of the report the lessor or agent disagrees with by marking the copy in an appropriate way.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	66(2)(c)	Power to, if the tenant has given a forwarding address to the lessor or agent, make a copy of the report and return it to the tenant at the address.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	67(1)	Power to give an information statement in the approved form to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	68(2)	Power to give a copy of park rules to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	69	Power to give the tenant a copy of relevant by-laws.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	77(4)(h)	Power to sign a rooming accommodation agreement on behalf of the provider.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	78(1)	Power to give a document prepared for section 77 to the resident on or before the day the resident occupies the room in rental premises under the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	78(2)	Power to, within 3 days after receiving the document signed by the resident, sign the document and return a copy signed by both parties to the resident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	81(1)(b)	Power to sign a condition report at the start of rooming accommodation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	88(3)	Power to sign a receipt for payment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	88(5)	Power to make a written record of payment and to give a copy of the record to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	91(2)	Power to give a written notice of proposal to increase rent to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	97(3)	Power to apply to a tribunal to make an order about the payment of an amount by or to a tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	98(3)(a)	Power to give a written notice to the resident about the way to pay rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	98(3)(b)	Power to agree, in writing, with the resident (the <i>Rent Agreement</i>) to payments of rent being made in the way stated.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	99(2)(a)	Power to: (a) give a written notice to the resident that gives the resident a choice of at least two other approved ways for payment of rent under section 98(4)(a) to (f); and (b) advises the resident of the costs associated with the approved way.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	102(3)	Power to sign a receipt of payment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	105(3)	Power to give a resident a written notice stating the amount of increased rent and the day by which the rent is payable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	106(2)	Power to agree with the resident, the rent payable under the agreement decreases by the amount and from the time agreed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	106(3)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order decreasing the rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	107(2)	Power to agree with the resident to a reduction in rent for the period of the absence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	109(3)	Power to apply to a tribunal to make an order about the payment of an amount by or to the resident.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	116(1)(1)	Power to pay the rental bond to the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	116(1)(b)	Power to give the authority a notice, in an approved form, about a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	117(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to pay the instalment to authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	117(2)(b)	Power to give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	117(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to pay the instalments received by the lessor or agent to the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	117(3)(b)	Power to give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to pay the instalments to the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(2)(b)	Power to give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to pay to the authority the instalments received by the provider or agent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(3)(b)	Power to give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(4)(a)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to pay to the authority the instalments received by the provider or agent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(4)(a)(ii)	Power to give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(4)(b)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to pay the instalment to the authority within 10 days after receiving it.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	118(4)(b)(ii)	Power to give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	145(1)	Power to give a receipt for a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	145(2)(b)	Power to sign a receipt for a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	154(b)	Power to give a written notice to the tenant to increase a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	155(3)	Power to apply to a tribunal to make an order declaring an amount is or is not a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	160(1)	Power to give a receipt for a holding deposit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	168(3)(a)	Power to agree with the tenant on an amount as reflecting the amount of rent attributable to the service or facility.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	168(4)	Power to give the tenant a written statement showing each service or facility for which an amount of rent is attributable and the amount attributed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	192(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to enter the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	192(1)(h)	Power to form a belief, on reasonable grounds, that premises have been abandoned.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	192(1)(l)	Power to give the tenant a notice to remedy a breach of the agreement that is a significant breach.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	192(1)(j)	Power to agree with a tenant that the lessor or lessor's agent may enter premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	192(1)(l)	Power to form a belief, on reasonable grounds, that the entry is necessary to protect the premises or inclusions from imminent or further damage.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	193(1)(a)	Power to give a notice of proposed entry (the <i>entry notice</i>) to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	195(1)(b)	Power to make an agreement with the tenant that the lessor may enter premises on a Sunday or public holiday or on another day after 6.00 pm or before 8.00 am.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	195(5)	Power to agree a time for entry of premises under section 192(1)(j) with the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	197(1)(a)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	198(1)(a)	Power to give a tenant a notice of the lessors' intention to sell the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	203	Power to obtain the tenants written consent to use a photo or other image of something belonging to the tenant in an advertisement for the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	211(1)(a)	Power to enter into an agreement with the tenant under which the tenant agrees to not being given a key.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	211(1)(b)	Power to enter into an agreement with the tenant to change a lock.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	216(1)(a)	Power to nominate a person to act for the lessor in arranging for emergency repairs, or emergency repairs of a particular type, to be made of the premises or inclusions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	216(1)(b)	Power to nominate a person to make emergency repairs, or emergency repairs of a particular type, of the premises or inclusions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	216(2)	Power to enter into an agreement with the tenant under which the tenant agrees to not being given a key.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	220(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about the reimbursement or payment of an amount for emergency repairs to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	223	Power to give a notice to relocate to another site in the moveable dwelling park to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	229(1)(b)	Power to give a notice of proposal to each resident and any person who becomes a resident before the objection closing day of a proposed change of a park rule.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	233(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order declaring a proposal about a change of park rule to be reasonable or unreasonable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	237(2)	Power to agree with the tenant, in writing, of the transfer or subletting of a tenant's interests under an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	238(2)(a)	Power to agree in writing to the transfer or subletting of a tenants interests under an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	242(1)(a)	Power to give a written notice of tenancy to a buyer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	242(1)(b)	Power to give a written notice of transfer (the attornment notice) to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	248(1)	Power to give a written notice to the resident of address for service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	248(2)	Power to give a written notice of change to the resident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	254 and 255	Power to agree to the resident attaching a fixture, or making a structural change, to rental premises including setting the terms of the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	257(1)	Power to agree with the resident for the provider to enter the residents room for any reason.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	259(2)	Power to give a written notice of proposed entry to a resident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	259(4)	Power to give a written notice of proposed entry to the agent to whom the resident normally pays rent.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	270(1)	Power to give a written notice to each resident of rule change for rental premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	271	Power to give a written notice to a resident of a withdrawal of a proposed rule change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	272(4)(b)	Power to give a written notice to each resident if the provider receives objections to the proposed rule change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	273(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order declaring a proposed change to be reasonable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	273(7)	Power to give a written notice of the decision of the tribunal about a proposed rule change to each resident of the rental premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	274(7)	Power to give a written notice of the decision of a tribunal to each resident of the rental premises about an existing rule.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	277(2)	Power to end a residential tenancy agreement by entering into an agreement with the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	277(3)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant if a residential tenancy agreement ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	277(7)(b)	Power to give a tenant's personal representative or relative a written notice that an agreement ends because of a tenant's death.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	277(7)(c)	Power to agree a day with the tenant's personal representative or relative of when a residential tenancy agreement ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	280(1)	Power to form a belief on reasonable grounds that: (a) the rent payable under an agreement has remained unpaid; (b) the tenant has breached another term of the agreement and the breach has not been remedied.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	280(2)	Power to give a notice to the tenant requiring the tenant remedy the breach within the allowed remedy period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	281(1)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises because the tenant has failed to comply with a notice to remedy breach.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	282(1)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant because the tenant has failed to comply with an order of a tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	283(2)	Power to give a notice to leave to the tenant because the tenant has failed to comply with a notice to relocate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	284(1)	Power to give a notice to leave to the tenant because the premises have been destroyed or otherwise in the circumstances set out in that section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	285(2)	Power to give a notice to leave to the tenant because the park has become an unfit place in which to live in a moveable dwelling.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	286(1)	Power to give a notice to a tenant under a periodic agreement because the lessor has entered into a contract to sell the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	287(2)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant because the park premises is to change use or otherwise the park is to be closed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	288(1)	Power to give a notice to a tenant if the tenant's employment ends or entitlement to occupy under employment ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	289(2)	Power to give a notice to leave to the premises if the tenant's entitlement to supported accommodation ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	290A(1)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant because of a serious breach and otherwise in the specified circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	291(1)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant without stating a ground for the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	294(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order in the circumstances of that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	295(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order because the lessor would suffer excessive hardship.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	296(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order because the tenant has intentionally or recklessly caused damage or injury.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	296A(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for termination for damage or injury in public or community housing in the circumstances of that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	297(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order for tenant's objectionable behaviour.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	297A(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order for objectionable behaviour in public or community housing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	298(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order because the lessor and tenant are incompatible in a way that makes it desirable in the interests of both parties for the agreement to end.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	299(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order for repeated breaches by the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	300(1)(b)	Power to form a belief on reasonable grounds that a tenant is likely to cause further damage or injury.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	300(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order to restrain a tenant from causing further damage or injury.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	325(2)(a)	Power to sign a notice to remedy breach.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	326(1)(b)	Power to sign a notice to leave premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	333(1)	Power to withdraw a notice to leave for an unremedied breach.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	333(2)(b)	Power to give a written notice of withdrawal to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	335(1)	Power to apply to the tribunal for a termination order without giving a notice to leave the premises to the tenant. Power to give an abandonment termination notice to the tenant terminating the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	357(1)	Power to form a belief on reasonable grounds that the tenant has abandoned premises and to apply to a tribunal for an order under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	359(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order for compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	363(2)	Power to sell goods left on premises or to dispose of them and to form a reasonable belief on the grounds set out in that section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	363(4)	Power to sell goods that are not reclaimed in the circumstances in that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	366(2)	Power to enter into an agreement with the resident to end a rooming accommodation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	366(7)(b)	Power to give a written notice that an agreement ends because of the resident's death to the resident's personal representative or relative.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	366(7)(c)	Power to agree the day on which the agreement ends with the resident's personal representative or relative.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	368(1)	Power to form a reasonable belief that a resident has breached a rooming accommodation agreement and that the breach has not been remedied.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	368(2)	Power to give a resident a notice requiring a resident to remedy the breach.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	368(3)(d)	Power to sign a notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	368(4)	Power to form a reasonable belief of the steps necessary to remedy a breach or to avoid a further breach of a rooming accommodation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	369(1)	Power to give a resident a notice requiring the resident to leave the premises in the circumstances of that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	369(2)(d)	Power to sign a notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	369(5)	Power to withdraw a notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	370(1)	Power to give a resident a written notice requiring the resident to leave the rental premises if the provider reasonably believes the circumstances of that subsection exist.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	370(2)(b)	Power to sign a notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	371	Power to give a resident a notice requiring the resident to leave premises in the circumstances prescribed in that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	371(3)(d)	Power to sign the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	372(1)	Power to terminate a periodic agreement by giving a written notice to the resident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	372(2)	Power to terminate a fixed term agreement by giving a notice to a resident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	374(1)	Power to give a notice to a resident requiring the resident to leave the rental premises in the circumstances in the subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	374(2)(d)	Power to sign the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	375(2)	Power to use reasonable and necessary force to remove a resident and the resident's property from rental premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	375(4)	Power, for the purpose of exercising a power under subsection (2), to enter a resident's room.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	376(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	377(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order terminating a fixed term agreement on the grounds of excessive hardship.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	388(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order in the circumstances prescribed in that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	393(2)	Power to form a reasonable belief that property is perishable or of market value less than the amount prescribed under regulation, or, the storage of goods would be unhealthy or unsafe.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	393(5)	Power to form a reasonable belief that the market value of property is less than the amount prescribed under a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	395(3)	Power to make an application to the public trustee to pay an amount to the provider from the unclaimed monies fund kept under the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	402(1)	Power to make a request to the authority to try to resolve a tenancy dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	402(2)	Power to make a request to the authority to try to resolve a rooming accommodation dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	405(1)	Power to conduct the local government's case on its behalf.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	405(2)	Power to represent the local government in the conciliation process.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	408(2)	Power to agree with another party in dispute to resolve the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	410(1)	Power to give a written notice to an authority withdrawing a dispute resolution request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	418(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order in the circumstances of that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	419(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order it considers appropriate to resolve general disputes between lessors and tenants or providers and residents.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	419(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about a breach of agreement	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	424(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about tenants' notices.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	429(1)	Power to apply to the tribunal for an order to resolve a dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	455(1)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order excluding a person from a moveable dwelling park because of the person's behaviour in the park.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	455(3)	Power to give a written notice of application to a person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	527D(1)	Power to give a written notice to a tenant to require the tenant to give a written undertaking (and <i>Acceptable Behaviour Agreement</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	527D(4)	Power to enter into an acceptable behaviour agreement with a tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	527E(1)	Power to apply to the tribunal for a termination order in the circumstances of that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	2(3)	Power to agree on other terms of a general tenancy agreement (<i>special terms</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	5(1)	Power to prepare, in the approved form, and to sign and give to the tenant, one copy of a condition report for the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	6(1)(b)(v)	Power to enter into a written agreement with the tenant to end a fixed term agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	8(3)(b)(i)	Power to give the tenant a notice proposing a way to pay rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	8(3)(b)(ii)	Power to agree a proposal to pay rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	8(5)	Power to give a notice to the tenant stating a different place for payment of rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	10(1)	Power to, if the lessor proposes to increase the rent, give notice of the proposal to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	13(2)	Power to give the authority a notice about the bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	20	Power to enter premises during the tenancy only if the obligations under section 192 to 199 have been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	22(1)	Power to give the tenant a copy of any body corporate by-laws in accordance with that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	27(1)	Power to agree in writing to the tenant to attach a fixture or make a structural change in the matter prescribed by section 27.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	29(1)(a)	Power to agree to change the locks with the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	31(1)(b)	Power to give a notice to the tenant of the lessor's nominate repairer for emergency repairs.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	34(1)	Power to agree in writing to the transfer or subletting of a tenant's interests under an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	36(1)(a)	Power to agree to end an agreement with the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer

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Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	36(1)(b)	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	39(1)	Power to ask the tenant in writing to state the tenant's new residential address.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	40(2)(a)	Power to sign a condition report on behalf of the lessor.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	40(2)(b)	Power to mark a condition report in an appropriate way indicating the parts of the report the lessor disagrees with.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	44(4)	Power to withdraw the lessor's consent to notices being given by facsimile or email to the lessor.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	44(6)	Power to give a notice to the other party of a new address for service, facsimile number or email address of the lessor.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	2(3)	Power to agree with the tenant on other terms of a moveable dwelling tenancy agreement (<i>special terms</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	5(1)	Power to prepare, sign and give to the tenant, a copy of a condition report for the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	6(1)(b)(v)	Power to agree with the tenant to end a fixed term agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	8(3)(b)(i)	Power to give a notice to the tenant proposing a way for payment of rent.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	8(3)(b)(ii)	Power to agree to a proposal to pay rent in writing.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	8(5)	Power to give a notice to the tenant stating a different place for payment of rent.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	10(1)	Power to give a notice of proposal to increase rent to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	13(2)	Power to give to the authority, a notice about a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	14(1)(a)	Power to give a notice to the tenant to increase a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	17(4)	Power to give the tenant a written statement showing: (a) each service for which an amount of rent is attributable; and (b) the amount attributed to the service.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	20(1)	The right to enter premises during a tenancy only if the obligations under sections 192 to 199 have been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	20(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to enter the site to carry out maintenance of the site without giving the notice of entry required by section 193(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	22(2)	Power to give a copy of park rules for a moveable dwelling park to the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	22(3)	Power to give the tenant a copy of a park rule change.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	28(2)	Power to agree in writing to the tenant attaching a fixture or making a structural change.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	30(1)(a)	Power to agree with the tenant to change a lock.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	32(1)(b)	Power to give a notice to the tenant of the lessor's nominated repairer for emergency repairs.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	35(1)(a)	Power to agree in writing to the transfer or subletting of a tenant's interests under an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	36(2)	Power to agree to the transfer or subletting of a tenant's interest under an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009	38(1)	Power to give a notice (<i>notice to relocate</i>) to the tenant requiring the tenant to relocate the moveable dwelling to another site in the moveable dwelling park.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	42(1)(a)	Power to agree in writing with the tenant that an agreement ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	42(1)(b)	Power to give a notice to the lessee to leave the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	45(1)	Power to ask the tenant in writing to state the tenant's new residential address.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	46(2)(a)	Power to sign a condition report for premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	46(2)(b)	Power to mark a condition report in an appropriate way indicating the parts of the report the lessor disagrees with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	50(4)	Power to withdraw the lessor's consent to notices being given to them via facsimile or email by giving notice to the other party.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	50(6)	Power to give a notice to the other party of the lessor's new address for service, facsimile number or email address.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	7(3)	Power to form a reasonable belief that the housing service information given by the tenant is false or misleading in a material particular or the housing service information given by the tenant has changed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	7(4)	Power to change the amount payable under the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	7(5)	Power to give the tenant a written notice stating the new amount and when it takes effect.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	8(4)	Power to give a notice to the tenant stating a different place for payment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	9	In certain circumstances, power to require a tenant to pay rent in advance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	10(1)	Power to give a tenant notice stating the rental bond amount under an agreement and whether the bond is to be paid by instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	11(1)(a)	Power to give notice to the tenant to increase the bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	13(2)	Power to give the tenant written notice stating the matters set out in section 13(2)(a) to (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	14(6)	Power to give the tenant written notice stating that the tenant must pay for water consumption charges in relation to the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	17	Power to enter the premises in certain circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	24(1)	Power to agree to a fixture's attachment or structural change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	24(5)(a)	Power to take action for a breach of a term in this agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	24(5)(b)	Power to waive the breach (that is, not take action for the breach) and treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the premises (that is, treat it as not belonging to the tenant and not having to pay the tenant for it).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	25(4)	Power to request the tenant to give the lessor a key for a lock.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	26(1)	Power to agree to change the locks.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	28(1)	Power to nominate a repair for emergency repairs.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	31	Power to agree in writing to the transfer of the tenant's interest or to the tenant subletting the premises under this agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	33(1)(a)	Power to agree in writing to end the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	33(1)(b)	Power to give a notice to the tenant to leave the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	36(1)	Power to ask the tenant in writing to state the tenant's new residential address.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	37(2)(a)	Power to sign a condition report within 3 business days after receiving a copy.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	37(2)(b)	Power to make a condition report in an appropriate way indicating that parts of the report the lessor disagrees with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	41(4)	Power to consent and withdraw a consent to notices being given by fax or email.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	41(6)	Power to give notice that the lessor withdraws its consent to the notices being given by fax or email.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	42(3)	Power to give written authority to sublease the premises or allow the premises to be used as a place of residence by anyone other than the tenant, the tenant's family or other persons approved by the lessor.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	42(7)	Power to issue a notice to leave or ending of housing assistance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	43(2)	Power to give notice to the tenant stating the matters set out in section 43(2)(a) to (c).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	45(1)	Power to agree in writing, to the tenant installing or placing upon the premises, any type of swimming pool.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	2(4)	Power to agree with a resident on other terms of a rooming accommodation agreement (<i>special terms</i>).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	4(2)	Power to prepare, sign and give a resident a copy of a condition report.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	6(3)(b)	In the specified circumstance, the power to give a notice proposing a way to pay rent, or to agree to a proposed a way to pay rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	6(5)	Power to give a notice to the resident stating a different place for payment of rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	8(1)	Power to give notice to the resident of a proposal to increase rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	9(2)	Power to agree with the resident, decrease in amount of rent payable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	9(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to a tribunal for an order decreasing the rent by a stated amount from a stated time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	10(2)	Power to agree with the resident to reduce rent for the period of an absence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	11(2)	Power to give a notice to an authority a notice about a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	21(2)	Power to, in writing, agree to the resident attaching a fixture or making a structural change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	22	Power to enter a resident's room only if the obligations under sections 257 to 262 have been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	23(1)(a)	Power to agree in writing with a resident that an agreement ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	23(1)(b)	Power to give a notice to leave rental premises to the resident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	29(4)	Power to withdraw consent to the provider being given notices by facsimile or email.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Regulation 2009</i>	29(6)	Power to change the provider's address for service, facsimile number or email by notice to the other party.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2010</i>	30(1)	Power to deal with all access applications made to a local government as an agency under this Act, is given directly to the Chief Executive Officer as the Council's "principal officer".	Chief Executive Officer

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Right to Information Act 2009	30(2)	The CEO as the Council's Principal Officer has the power to delegate the principal officer powers to deal with an application to another officer of the agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	32(1)(b)	Power to decide the application is outside the scope of this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	32(2)	Power to give a prescribed written notice to the applicant of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	33(2)	Power to inform the person how the application does not comply with the relevant application requirement.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	33(3)	Power to consult with the applicant with a view to making an application in a form complying with all relevant application requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	33(6)	Power to decide the application does not comply with all relevant application requirements and give the applicant prescribed written notice of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	34(2)	Power to, within 15 business days after the application is received, inform the applicant that: (a) the application could have been made under the Information Privacy Act without any application fee or processing charge being payable; and (b) the applicant may either: (i) ask for the application to be dealt with under the Information Privacy Act; or (ii) confirm the application as an application under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	35(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to ask the applicant for a further specified period to consider the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	35(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to continue to consider the application and make a considered decision relating to it.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	36(1)	If a person makes an access application, power to: (a) consider whether a processing charge or access charge is payable in relation to the application; and (b) before the end of the processing period for the application, give the applicant: (i) a schedule of relevant documents for the applicant unless the applicant waives the requirement; and (ii) a charges estimate notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	36(2)	Power to consult with the applicant with a view to narrowing the application to reduce the applicable charges.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	36(4)	Power to give the applicant a new charges estimate notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	36(7)	Power to agree to extend the prescribed period.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	37(1)	Power to give access to a document that contains information the disclosure of which may reasonably be expected to be of concern to a government, agency or person (relevant third party) only after taking steps that are reasonably practicable to: (a) obtain the views of the relevant third party about whether: (i) the document is a document to which this Act does not apply; or (ii) the information is exempt information or contrary to public interest information; and (b) inform the relevant third party that if access is given to the document because of an access application, access may also be given to the document under a disclosure log.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	37(3)(b)	Power to decide: (i) the document is a document to which this Act does apply; or (ii) the information is not exempt information or contrary to public interest information.	Chief Executive Officer

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Right to Information Act 2009	37(3)(c)	Power to give prescribed written notice of the decision to the applicant and relevant third party.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	37(4)	Power to give the applicant written notice when access is no longer deferred under subsection (3)(d).	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	38(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to transfer an application to another agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	38(2)(b)	Power to consent to the transfer of an application.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	40(2)	Power to refuse to deal with the application without having identified any or all of the documents.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	41(1)	Power to consider that the work involved in dealing with an application or all of the applications would substantially and unreasonably divert the resources of agency from their use, and subsequently the power to refuse to deal with an access application, or if there are 2 or more, all of the applications.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	42(1)(a)	Power to give the applicant a written notice: (i) stating an intention to refuse to deal with the application; and (ii) advising that, for the prescribed consultation period for the notice, the applicant may consult with the agency with a view to making an application in a form that would remove the ground for refusal; and (iii) stating the effect of subsections (2) to (6).	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	42(1)(a)(ii)	Power to consult the applicant with a view to making an application in the form that would remove the ground for refusal.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	42(6)	Power to agree to a longer prescribed consultation period.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	43(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to refuse to deal with a <i>later application</i> to the extent it is for access to a document or documents sought under the first application.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	43(3)(b)(ii)	Power to decide that the application is for a document to which this Act does not apply.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	43(3)(b)(iii)	Power to decide that the document or documents sought are documents access to which was refused under section 47.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	43(3)(c)(ii)	Power to decide that the application is for a document to which chapter 3 of the Information Privacy Act does not apply.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	45(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to make a considered decision: (i) whether access is to be given to the document; and (ii) if the access is to be given – whether any charge must be paid before access is given.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	45(b)	Power to give the person written notice of the decision under section 54.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	46(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give prescribed written notice of the decision to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	47(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to refuse access to a document of the agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	48(1)	For an access application made for a document, power to decide to give access to the document unless disclosure would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	48(3)	Despite section 48(1), power to decide to give access to all or part of a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	49(1)	For an access application made for a document, power to decide to give access to the document unless disclosure would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	49(3)	Power to consider on the balance, disclosure of information would be contrary to the public interest.	Chief Executive Officer

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Right to Information Act 2009	49(5)	Despite section 47(3)(b), power to decide to give access to all or part of a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	50(1)	For an access application made for a document, power to decide to give access to the document unless disclosure would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	50(4)	Despite section 47(3)(c), power to decide to give access to all or part of a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	51(1)	For an access application made for a document, power to decide to give access to the document unless disclosure would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	51(3)	Despite section 47(3)(d), power to decide to give access to all or part of a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	52(1)(a)	Power to be satisfied that a document does not exist	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	52(1)(b)	Power to be satisfied that: (i) the document has been or should be in the agency's possession; and (ii) all reasonable steps have been taken to find the document but the document cannot be found	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	52(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to consider the document has been kept in, and is retrievable from, the backup system.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	54(1)	For the specified purposes, power to give a prescribed written notice to an applicant for an access application.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	55(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give a prescribed written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	64(1)	Power to consider that the likely associated costs to the agency would be more than the likely amount of the charge, and waive a processing or access charge.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	66(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to decide to waive any processing charge, or access charge for the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	66(3)	Power to give the applicant a prescribed written notice of a decision under subsection (2) before the end of the processing period.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	68(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to refuse access in a particular form and to give in another form.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	68(8)	Power to give access to a document in another form if agreed to by the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	72(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to defer giving access to a document for a reasonable period.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	72(2)	Power to give the applicant written notice when access is no longer deferred under section 72(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	73(1)	Power to reasonably consider whether information in a document is not relevant to the access application for the document.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	73(2)	Power to delete irrelevant information from a copy of a document and give access to the document by giving access to a copy of the document with the irrelevant information deleted.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	73(3)	Power to consider it is reasonably practicable to give access to the copy.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	74(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give access.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	75(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give access.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	75B(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give access.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	76(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to consider whether it is consistent with the primary object of the Act to give the applicant, or a person nominated by the applicant and approved by the agency (an <i>intermediary</i>), a summary of the person information on conditions of use or disclosure agreed between the agency and the intermediary, or between the agency, the intermediary and the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	76(3)	Power to: (a) consult with the information giver; (b) consult with the other person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	77(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to direct that access to the document is to be given instead to an appropriately qualified healthcare professional nominated by the applicant and approved by the agency.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	83(1)	Power to decide an internal review application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	83(2)	Power to notify the applicant of the decision in the circumstances specified.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	83(3)	Power to give prescribed written notice of the decision to the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	93(1)(b)	Power to apply to the commissioner to allow further time to deal with the access application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	99(2)	Power to give an additional statement to the commissioner and the applicant, containing further and better particulars of the reasons for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	114(1)	Power to apply to the information commissioner to request a declaration that a person is a vexatious applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	118(1)	Power to request the commissioner refer a question of law arising on an external review to QCAT.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	119(1)	Power to appeal to the appeal tribunal against the decision of the information commissioner on the external review.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	Schedule 4, Part 4, section 1(3)	Power to make an application to the information commissioner to extend the 10 year period if the commissioner considers the extension in the public interest.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	14(6)	Power to require a person to give a reasonable number of copies of a plan for regulated work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	14D(3)(c)(ii)	In the specified circumstances the power to require other information in relation to the testing	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	15(1)	Power to decide that a part of the compliance assessable work or onsite sewerage work is outside the local government's expertise to assess.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	15(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to accept certification of a plan for compliance assessable work and associated documents by a competent person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	18(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to require a person to give Council the information or documents needed to assess compliance assessable work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	20(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree on a time an inspector must start assessing the compliance assessable work or onsite sewerage work with the responsible person for the regulated work or onsite sewerage work.	Chief Executive Officer

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Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	22(6)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to allow a responsible person for compliance assessable work or onsite sewerage work to give a compliance report at a time more than 10 business days after the testing or commissioning.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	22(7)(b)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form an opinion that another person is competent to test or commission the plumbing or drainage.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	27	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide to test or commission plumbing or drainage, the subject of compliance assessable work carried out in a remote area.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29(1)(b)	Power to decide to accept a notice given under section 86A(3)(a) of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> from another person.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29(3)	If a notice given under section 86A(3)(a) of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> is accepted from an approved person, the power to advise the person who performs the regulated work of this decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29(4) and (5)	Power to form an opinion that a person is competent to verify the regulated work complies with the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29A(2)	Power to agree, with the responsible person and the occupier of the place where notifiable work was performed: (a) for the local government to assess the work for compliance with this regulation; and (b) the time within which the local government must start assessing the work.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29A(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree on a time with the responsible person that an inspector must start inspecting the work.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29B(2)	The power to form a reasonable belief the work does not comply with this regulation, and to give the responsible person for the work written notice (a rectification notice) of the action required to make the work comply.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29B(4)(c)	The power to form a reasonable belief an assessment of the rectification work is required.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29B(4)(d)	The power to decide conditions that the delegate considers reasonable.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	29B(10)(a)	The power to decide with the responsible person a period within which the responsible person must comply with a rectification notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	30(3)(b)	Power to: • be satisfied that use of a non-certified plumbing or drainage item is necessary for maintaining the plumbing and drainage in its original form; and • approve the continued use of the non-certified plumbing or drainage item.	Chief Executive Officer
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003	30(4)	For approving the continued use of a non-certified plumbing or drainage item under section 30(3)(b) of the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> , the power to require a person to have the plumbing or drainage item tested at the person's cost within a stated reasonable time and at a stated reasonable place.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	32	In the specified circumstances, the power to— (a) require that a plumbing or drainage item is not installed or used in the circumstances; and (b) approve the installation or use of— (i) the plumbing or drainage item, but with a protective coating, lining or wrapping for the plumbing or drainage item; or (ii) another plumbing or drainage item.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	34(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a belief on reasonable grounds that an ordinary supply pipe can not give an efficient water supply for the premises or premises group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	34(2)	In the specified circumstances and for a supply pipe for premises, the power to require— (a) part or all of the supply pipe (the "premises main") to be built to the standard of a water main; and (b) the premises main to supply directly each separately occupied part of the premises; and (c) the premises main to supply directly each fire service within the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	34(3)	In the specified circumstances and for a supply pipe for a premises group, the power to require— (a) a part of the supply pipe (the "premise group main") to be built, in the way and to the extent directed, to the standard of a water main; and (b) each separately occupied part of the premises group to be served directly by a supply pipe connected to the premises group main; and (c) each separately occupied part of the premises group that is to have a fire service to be served directly by a fire service connected to the premises group main.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	35(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form the belief on reasonable grounds that drainage alone can not give efficient drainage for the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	35(2)	In the specified circumstances and for sanitary drainage for premises, the power to require the building of a sewer for the premises (the "premises sewer") that it is to the standard of a sewer forming part of Council's or another service provider's sewerage system.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	35(3)	In the specified circumstances and for sanitary drainage for a premises group, the power to require a sewer for the premises group (the "premises group sewer") be built to the standard of a sewer forming part of Council's or another service provider's sewerage system.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	38(2)	Power to authorise an entity to keep a register of the testable backflow prevention devices.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	39(1)(d)	Power to require a larger capacity for a grease arrestor on premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	39(7)(a)	Power to approve the diameter of any outlet pipe from a grease arrestor on premises.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	39(8)	Power to approve the design and location of the ventilation for a grease arrestor on premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	39(9)	In approving the design and location of a grease arrestor's ventilation under section 39(8) of the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> , the power to have regard to the grease arrestor's design and location of trap water seals in the grease arrestor.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	41(1)(a)	Power to approve the connection of air cooling equipment to a supply pipe.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	41(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve the connection and use of air cooling equipment that is in the form of a domestic evaporative air conditioner.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	41(3)	Power to give an approval under section 41(2) of the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> only if satisfied that it is reasonable in the circumstances to allow the equipment's use.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	44(1)(a)	Power to approve the connection of hydraulic powered equipment to a supply pipe.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	44(2)(b)	Power to approve the connection and use, on premises occupied by a disabled person, of hydraulic powered equipment that is in the form of a domestic water lift.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	44(3)	Power to give an approval under section 44(2) of the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> only if satisfied there is no other practical or economic way of giving mobility to the disabled person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	45(1)	Power to give written approval to a pipe carrying water supplied by Council or another service provider— (a) being connected to a water storage tank used to store water obtained from another source; or (b) being discharged into a water storage tank used to store water obtained from another source.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	47(1)	Power to give approval of a water closet pan, urinal or another fixture being installed in part of a premises below the level of the sewer or on-site sewerage facility for the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	47(2)	Power to give an approval under section 47(1) of the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> only if satisfied on reasonable grounds that there is adequate provision for lifting waste water to the sewer or on-site sewerage facility and preventing sewerage flowing back into the room.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	52(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, by written notice given to an owner of a new building and an owner of an old building, require that— (a) the new building's owner pay the reasonable costs of changing the vents on the old building; and (b) the old building's owner change the vents.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	53(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form the opinion that an individual has the qualifications, skills and experience to give the individual the necessary competence for assessing plumbing and drainage work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	53(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form the opinion that an individual has the qualifications, skills and experience that gives the individual the necessary competence for inspecting and approving on-site sewerage facilities.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	54(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances the power to perform the work.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	54(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances the power to fairly apportion the reasonable overall cost between or among the owners.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	54(3)(c)	In the specified circumstances the power to recover, as a debt from each owner, the owner's share of the costs.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	Schedule 6 definition of "Competent person"	In the specified circumstances, the power to form an opinion that a person is competent to practise in the aspect of design of plumbing or drainage, including, for example, giving and certifying plans of plumbing or drainage work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	15(1)	Power to approve the form of the infringement notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	23(3)(b)	Power to approve of an acceptable way, other than the approved form, of making an application for payment of fine through instalments.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	23(5)	Power to be satisfied that the application was made by the alleged offender.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	28(1)	Power to withdraw an infringement notice at any time before the fine is satisfied in full.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	28(2)(a)	Power to serve on the alleged offender a withdrawal notice in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	33(1)	Power to give to SPER for registration a default certificate for the relevant infringement notice offence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	33(2)(b)	Power to approve of an acceptable way, other than the approved form, for how an election may be made.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	33(7)	Power to give an amended default certificate to State Penalties Enforcement Registry.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	57(4)(b)	Power to: (a) accept payment of the fine in full as stated in the infringement notice for the offence; or (b) issue a fresh infringement notice for the offence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	150(2)(a)(ii)	Power to determine an acceptable way of taking payment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	157(2)	Power to issue a certificate for evidentiary purposes.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	162	Power to approve forms for use as infringement notices.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Act 1915</i>	19(1)	Power to destroy any diseased stock, or stock that is suspected of being diseased found straying on any road or land under the local government's control.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Act 1915</i>	19(2)	Power to give notice to nearest inspector and to the owner of the stock.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	113(1)	Power to consider when it is appropriate for Council to review, or renew, its stock route network management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	113(1)	Power to review, or renew, stock route network management plan.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	116(2)(c)(i)(B)	In the specified circumstances, the power to be satisfied that the relevant land contains more pasture and water than is needed for the use of travelling stock.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	116(2)(c)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give notice that a person may apply for a permit for the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	117(1)	Power to, by written notice, ask an applicant to give further reasonable information or documents about the application by the reasonable date stated in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	117(2)	Power to refuse an application if an applicant does not give the information or documents by the stated day, without reasonable excuse.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	118(1)	Power to consider and decide whether to grant or refuse an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	118(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to grant an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	118(2)(b)	Power to be satisfied that the specified criteria applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	119(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an applicant a review notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	121(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an applicant a review notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	121(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to refund the permit fee, if any, paid by the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	123(1)	Power to consider and decide whether to grant or refuse an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	123(2)	Power to be satisfied that there is enough pasture and water available on the land for the continued agistment and the use of travelling stock.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	124(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an applicant a review notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	125(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an applicant a review notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	125(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to refund the permit fee, if any, paid by the applicant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	126(1)	Power to impose on a stock route agistment permit the reasonable conditions you decide.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	127(3)	Power to consider and decide whether to grant or refuse an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	127(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a holder written notice of the amended conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	127(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a holder a review notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	128(1)	Power to cancel a stock route agistment permit if satisfied the specified criteria applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	128(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a permit holder a written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	130(1)	Power to, by written notice, require the holder of a stock route agistment permit to return the permit, within a stated reasonable period, for amendment under a decision made under section 127(4) or 129(2)(b)(ii) to (iv) of the <i>Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	130(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a replacement permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	135(1)	Power to, by written notice, ask an applicant to give further reasonable information or documents about an application by the reasonable date stated in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	135(2)	Power to refuse an application for a stock route travel permit if an applicant does not give the information or documents by the stated day, without reasonable excuse.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	136(1)	Power to consider and decide whether to grant or refuse an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	136(2)	Power to be satisfied that the specified criteria applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	136(3)	In the specific circumstances, the power to seek the written consent of the other local government authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	137(1)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an applicant a review notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	139(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an applicant a review notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	141(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, by written notice, require the holder to return the stock route travel permit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	141(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a replacement permit, showing the correct particulars, to the holder.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	142(1)	Power to impose on a stock route travel permit the reasonable conditions you decide.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	143(3)	Power to consider and decide whether to grant or refuse an application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	143(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a holder written notice of the amended conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	143(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a holder a review about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	144(1)	Power to cancel a stock route travel permit if satisfied the specified criteria applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	144(2)(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a permit holder written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	144(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to refund to the holder the amount of the permit fee less the amount that would have been payable for the distance travelled by the stock before the permit was cancelled.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	144(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a notice of cancellation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	146(1)	Power to, by written notice, require the holder of a stock route travel permit to return the permit within a stated reasonable period for amendment under a decision made under section 143(4) or 145(2)(b)(ii) to (iv) of the <i>Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	147(2)	Power to authorise inspections to calculate the rate of travel of stock.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	148(1)	Power to consider whether it is necessary to build a stock-proof fence on the boundary of land adjoining a stock route network in order to protect or improve the stock route network.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	149(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, by written notice (a fencing notice) given to a land owner, require the land owner to build a stock-proof fence on the boundary of the land Schedule 2 - Limits and Conditions to the Exercising of Power to prevent stock on the land entering a part of the stock route network.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	152(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to enter an owner's land at any reasonable time to build or complete the building of the fence, or do anything necessary to make the fence stock-proof.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	152(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give an owner at least 7 days written notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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Stock Route Management Act 2008	155	Power to form a reasonable belief that it is necessary to muster stock on relevant land in Council's area to monitor compliance with: (a) a stock route agistment permit; or (b) a stock route travel permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	156(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to, by written notice (a <i>mustering notice</i>) given to a permit holder, require the permit holder to muster the permit holder's stock on the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	158(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to enter land at any reasonable time and muster the stock.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	158(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give a landowner at least 24 hours written notice of the intended entry.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	161(1)	Power to form a reasonable belief that, because of the number of stock on land within which a part of the stock route network in Council's area is fenced or otherwise enclosed, sufficient pasture will not be available for travelling stock on the network.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	161(2)	Power to, by written notice given to a landowner, require the owner to reduce the number of stock on the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	163(1)	Power to enter into an agreement (a <i>water facility agreement</i>) with the chief executive and a landowner about any of the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	167	Power to: (a) reasonably suspect stock found on the stock route network in Council's area are stray stock; (b) seize the stock.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	168(1)	Power to give the owner of seized stock written notice of the seizure.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	169	In the specified circumstances, the power to release the stock to the person.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	169	Power to be satisfied that a person is entitled to possession of the stock.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	169	Power to recover payment for the reasonable costs of seizing, removing and holding the stock and giving the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	170(2)	Power to form a reasonable belief that the stock have a market value of more than the amount prescribed under a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	170(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to sell stock by public auction or tender.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	170(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to dispose of stock in a way considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	172(1)	Power to form a reasonable belief that: (a) stock found on the stock route network in Council's area are stray stock; and (b) it is not practicable to seize the stock under section 167 of the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Network) Act 2002; and (c) it is necessary to destroy the stock in the interests of public safety.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	172(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to destroy the stock in a way considered appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2008	180(1)	Power to consent to the burning of pasture on a stock route network within Council's area.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Stock Route Management Act 2008</i>	180(2)	Power to consent to the removal of pasture on a stock route network within Council's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998</i>	26ZPC(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the Chief Executive information about the local government's administration and enforcement of the local law.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998</i>	28(2)	Power to appoint:- a) an employee of the local government; or b) if another local government consents, an employee of the other local government; or c) another person under contract to the local government as an authorised person for the local government and its area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998</i>	28(3)	Power, together with CEOs of other local governments, to appoint:- a) an employee of one of the local governments; or b) another person under contract to one of the local governments as an authorised person for the local governments' area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	25(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make submissions to the Minister on a proposed declaration, or revocation of a declaration, of a State-controlled road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	27(3)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make submissions to the Minister on a proposed declaration, or revocation of a declaration, of a State-controlled road as a motorway.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	29(1)	Power to enter into an agreement with the Chief Executive for the carrying out of specified works	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	29(2)	Power to enter into an agreement with the Chief Executive for the carrying out of road works on the local government road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	29(3)	Power to enter in a contract with the Chief Executive for the local government to carry out road works.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	29(4)	Power to contract with the state about the maintenance and operation of a State-controlled road, including arrangements about which powers of the local government are to be exercised by the Chief Executive and which powers are to be exerted by the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	29(5)	Power to enter into a contract with the Chief Executive for the carrying out of specified works under subsection (1) even though the contract relates to works or operations outside the local government's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	29(6A)	Power to enter into a contract with the Chief Executive to carry out accommodation works.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	36(1)(a)	Power to give written notice to the owner or occupier of land and the persons referred to in that subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	36(4)	Power to consider any submissions that are made in response to the notice given.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	36(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to enter the land and carry out the road works specified in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	36(6)	In the specified circumstances, the power to notify the owner or occupier of the land orally.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	41	In the specified circumstances, the power to make financial arrangements with the chief executive for improvements to be made to a State-controlled road.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	42(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the chief executive for written approval to carry out road works on a local government road or make changes to the management of a local government road where the works or changes would - (a) require the carrying out of road works on a State-controlled road; or (b) otherwise have a significant adverse impact on a State-controlled road; or (c) have a significant impact on the planning of a State-controlled road or a future State-controlled road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	43(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the chief executive for written approval where you intend to approve the erection, alteration or operation of an advertising sign or other advertising device that would be - (a) visible from a motorway; and (b) beyond the boundaries of the motorway; and (c) reasonably likely to create a traffic hazard for the motorway.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	55(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make submissions to the chief executive on a proposal to publish a gazette notice to make, amend or revoke a declaration or to make, amend or replace a policy for a limited access road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	105C(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to ask the Minister for approval for a tollway project.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	105G(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to ask the Minister to declare a local government tollway for the approved project.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	105GB(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to ask the Minister the items prescribed in 1(a) to (c) of section 105GB(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	253(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make a request to the chief executive for permission to construct, maintain and operate a road on rail corridor land by way of - (a) a bridge or other structure over a railway; or (b) a bridge or other structure that allows the road to pass under the railway; or (c) a level crossing.	
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	299(2)	Power to enter, occupy or use the land without the permission of, or notice to, the owner or occupier of the land to perform urgent remedial work to facilitate or maintain the operation of busway transport infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	299(3)	Power to notify the occupier orally or in writing before entering the land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	299(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to obtain written permission in the manner prescribed, or give notice to the occupier before the entry, occupation or use of land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	299(7)	Power to consider any submissions made in response to a notice given before carrying out accommodation works.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	307(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make a request to the chief executive for permission to construct, maintain and operate a road located on busway land, consisting of - (a) a bridge or other structure allowing traffic to pass over the level at which buses use the busway land; or (b) a structure allowing traffic to pass under the level at which buses use the busway land.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	309(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the chief executive for written approval where you intend to approve the erection, alteration or operation of an advertising sign or other advertising device that would be - (a) visible from a busway; and (b) reasonably likely to create a traffic hazard for the busway.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	358(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make a request to the chief executive for permission to construct, maintain and operate a road located on light rail land, consisting of - (a) a bridge or other structure allowing traffic to pass over the level at which light rail vehicles use the light rail land; or (b) a structure allowing traffic to pass under the level at which light rail vehicles use the light rail land.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	420(3)	Power, as a responsible entity for an intersecting area, to grant or refuse an approval for an application by a licensee to construct, maintain, use, or operate miscellaneous transport infrastructure stated in the licensee's operational licence across, over, or under an intersecting area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	421	In the specified circumstances and if an application for approval has been refused, the power to give the applicant a written notice within 14 days after refusing the application stating the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	423(1)	In the specified circumstances and if an approval is granted, the power to impose reasonable conditions for the approval ("approval conditions").	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	424	In the specified circumstances and if approval conditions are imposed, the power to give the application for the approval written notice within 14 days after imposing the conditions stating the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	426(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to join with the application for approval in appointing an independent arbitrator to resolve the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management Road Rules) Regulation 2009</i>	179(1)(c)	Power to issue a commercial vehicle identification label for stopping in zones.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management Road Rules) Regulation 2009</i>	301(4)	Power to issue a permit to a rider to lead more than 1 other animal on a road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	69(1)	Power to install an official traffic sign: (a) on a road that is not a declared road; or (b) on a declared road, with the chief executive's written agreement; or (c) on an off-street regulated parking area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	69(2)	Under section 69(1), power to install an official traffic sign that: (a) defines a traffic area; and (b) indicates that parking on declared roads within the traffic is regulated.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	69(3)	Power to remove an official traffic sign installed by the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	69(4)	Power to install or remove an official traffic sign that will result in a change to the management of a local government road.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	71(1)	Power to: (a) be satisfied in the circumstances of the case that a danger, hindrance or obstruction to traffic or other emergency exists or is likely to exist, or the use of a road or any part thereof or an off-street regulated parking area or any part thereof is prevented, hindered or obstructed, or likely to be prevented, hindered or obstructed; (b) install any official traffic sign which, in your opinion, may be necessary, required or desirable for the purpose of regulating, guiding or warning traffic.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	71(2)	Power to be satisfied that the danger, hindrance or obstruction to traffic or other emergency exists or is likely to exist or the use of the road or the part thereof or the off-street regulated parking area or the part thereof is prevented, hindered or obstructed or likely to be prevented, hindered or obstructed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	74(2)	Power to take proceedings for the imposition and enforcement of a penalty under subsection (1) for a contravention relating to an official traffic sign installed by the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	75(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to remove an official traffic sign or other thing in the nature or similar to or which is likely to be mistaken for an official traffic sign.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	76(1)	If an official traffic sign installed by the local government is injured, power to sue for damages or recover in a summary way under the <i>Justices Act 1986</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(1)	Power to consider on reasonable grounds that a vehicle, tram or animal in Council's area has been abandoned on a road, other than a busway, by the person who last drove or used it, or that: (a) a vehicle, tram or animal in Council's area has been: (i) left on a road unattended whether temporarily or otherwise for a time or in a place, condition, way or circumstances where its presence is hazardous; or (ii) found on a road in a place, condition, way or circumstances where its presence is hazardous or in contravention of the TORA; and (b) the driver of the vehicle, tram or animal: (i) can not readily be located; or (ii) has failed to immediately remove the vehicle, tram or animal when required to do so.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(1)(b)(ii)	In the specified circumstances, the power to require a person to immediately remove a vehicle, animal or tram.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to remove a vehicle, tram or animal from a road and detain it at a place for safe keeping.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(4)	In the specified circumstances, the power to cause notice in writing to be given to the owner of a vehicle, tram or animal, if the owner can be ascertained, of the removal and of the place at which the vehicle, tram or animal is then detained.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(6)(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to advertise that the local government will offer the vehicle, tram or animal for sale by public auction.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(6)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to offer a vehicle, tram or animal for sale by public auction.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(6)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to dispose of a vehicle, tram or animal in such manner and on such terms as you determine.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(8)	Power to deal with any goods, equipment or thing contained in, on or about a vehicle, tram or animal at the time of its removal in the same manner as the vehicle, tram or animal may be dealt with under section 100 of the TORA.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(9)	Power to direct how any perishable goods in or on a vehicle, tram or animal at the time of its removal may be disposed of.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	100(10)(b)	Power to be satisfied: (a) of an applicant's ownership or of the applicant's right to possession of a vehicle, tram or animal; (b) if an applicant is a person acting on behalf of an owner - of the applicant's authority to act on behalf of the owner.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	101(1)	Power to regulate parking in the local government area: (a) on a road, other than a declared road; or (b) on a declared road, with the chief executive's written agreement; or (c) on an off-street regulated parking area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	102(1)	Power to regulate parking by installing official traffic signs indicating how parking is regulated.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	166A(3)	Power to approve certain persons as toll officers for a local government tollway.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	166A(3)(B)	Power to consider an employee, of the contractor, has the necessary expertise for these sections.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	27A(1)	Power to form a reasonable belief: (a) there is or will be a serious local event in the local government's local government area; and (b) an exemption from the levy on types of waste generated as a result of the serious local event and delivered to particular waste disposal sites should be allowed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	27A(2)(a) to (c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give to the Chief Executive a notice, as soon as practicable of the specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	28(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for approval of waste, identified in the application (an <i>exempt waste application</i>), as exempt waste.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	28(3A)	Power to make an application about serious local event waste generated in the local government area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	29(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to provide the Chief Executive with the further <u>reasonable information or documents sought</u> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	29(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the Chief Executive about extending the time for providing the further information or documents.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	31(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to ask for or agree to conditions being imposed on the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	33(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to amendment of the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	34(3)(e)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make written submissions to show why the action proposed by the Chief Executive should not be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	40(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to a method of working out the waste that is taken to have been generated outside the non-levy zone and the total amount of that waste.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	42(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make a reasonable estimate of the amount of each type of waste included in the mixed waste using the information given to the operator under section 53.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	44(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for approval of a discounted rate for the waste levy for residue waste identified in the application (a <i>residue waste discounting application</i>).	Chief Executive Officer

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Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	45(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the Chief Executive about extending the time for providing the further information or documents.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	47(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to or ask for a condition to be imposed on the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	49(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the Chief Executive to the amendment of the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	50(3)(e)	Power to make written submissions to show why the proposed action should not be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	53(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to form a belief regarding what is reasonably required from the person who delivers waste to a waste disposal site to identify: (a) how much of the waste is exempt waste and how much of it is leviable waste; and (b) for each type of waste required to be measured by the operator under section 59 – how much waste there is; and (c) whether the waste was generated in the waste levy zone, the non-levy zone or outside Queensland.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	53(5)	In the specified circumstances, the power to ask a person for information in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	54(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power is to form a view about what is reasonably required to identify: (a) how much of the waste is exempt waste and how much of it is leviable waste; and (b) whether the waste was generated in the waste levy zone or outside Queensland.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	54(4)	Power to require a person to give the delivery information to the operator or entity in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	60(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the Chief Executive how to measure and record a particular amount of waste or other material	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	64(3)(f)(i)	In the specified circumstances, the power to approve a person to erase or destroy a recording.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	64(4)(b)	In the specified circumstances, the power to destroy a recording.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	64(5)(a)(ii)	Power to approve a person to operate a monitoring system.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72C(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to enter into a waste levy instalment agreement for a waste levy amount the operator must pay the State.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72D(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for an amendment of the waste levy instalment agreement in the prescribed manner.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72G(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Chief Executive for an extension of time to pay the waste levy amount.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72H(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Chief Executive for an extension of time to submit a waste data return and pay a waste levy amount.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72L(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Chief Executive for relief.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72M(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the Chief Executive about extending the time for providing the further information or documents requested by the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72R	In the specified circumstances, the power to declare an area within the site a <u>resource recovery area</u> .	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	72S(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the Chief Executive notice of a proposed resource recovery area at least 20 days before using the area as a resource recovery area.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	72U(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to amend the area's declaration as resource recovery area by giving the Chief Executive notice of the proposed amendment at least 20 days before the amendment is to take effect.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	72V(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to cancel the area's declaration as a resource recovery area by giving the Chief Executive notice of the proposed cancellation at least 30 days before the cancellation is to take effect.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	72W(2)(e)	In the specified circumstances, the power to make written submissions to show why the proposed action should not be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	99V(1)	Power to pay refund amounts for containers presented at the container refund point in one of the manners set out in section 99V.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	99ZA(3)(a)	Power to ask the Organisation, in writing, to enter into a container collection agreement for the purpose of the person operating a container refund point.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	99ZB(1)	Power to claim a collection amount from the Organisation for containers collected.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	99ZB(4)	Power to accept an information notice from the Organisation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	99ZF(4)(a)	Power to ask the Organisation, in writing, to enter into a material recovery agreement for the purpose of claiming recovery amounts for containers.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	99ZH(1)	In certain circumstances, the power to claim the recovery amount for a quantity of containers from the Organisation of the operator.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	99ZY(2)	Power to apply to the chief executive for an exemption (an extraordinary circumstances exemption).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	110(1)	Power to hold a belief on reasonable grounds that documents have been distributed by being placed in or on motor vehicles, or attached to buildings or other fixed structures in contravention of s109.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	110(2)	Subject to s110(1), power to give a notice to a person who is an adult if on the reasonable belief that the person: a) authorised or arranged for the distribution of the documents; or b) authorised or arranged for the printing of the documents; or c) placed or attached any of the documents.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	111(1)	Power to hold a belief on reasonable grounds that advertising material has been distributed in an area by being delivered to premises in contravention of the unlawful delivery provision or the secure delivery provision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	111(2)	Subject to s111(1), power to give a notice to a person who is an adult if on the reasonable belief that the person: a) authorised or arranged for the distribution of the documents; or b) authorised or arranged for the printing of the documents; or c) placed or attached any of the documents.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	112(3)	In the circumstances and subject to s112(4), power to direct a responsible entity to collect material from premises within a period of time.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	128(3)(c)	Power to make written submissions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	168	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to amend an end of waste code.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173B(1)	Power to give the Chief Executive a notice that Council intends to become a registered resource producer for the code.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173B(3)	Power to give the Chief Executive notice, in the approved form, that it is no longer a registered resource producer for an end of waste code.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173D(1)(e)	Power to make a written submission to the Chief Executive about why the proposed action should not be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173I(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for an end of waste approval for one kind of waste to be used as a resource.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173J(2)	Power to agree to extend the stated period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173L(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive, on 1 occasion, to extend the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173M(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to amend the approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173O(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to transfer the approval to another person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173O(2)	Power to consent to a proposed transfer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173P(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to extend an end of waste approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173T(3)	Power to agree to extend the stated period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173ZB(3)(f)	Power to, within a stated period (the show cause period), make a written submission to the Chief Executive about why the proposed action should not be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173ZE	Power to surrender the approval by giving the Chief Executive a notice about the surrender.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	173ZF(1)	Power to provide Chief Executive with information about an approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	175	Subject to conditions, power to consider an application for an internal review of a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	176(2)	Power to extend the time for making an internal review application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	177(2)	Power to apply for a stay of an original decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	178(1)(a)	Power to conduct an internal review of the decision the subject of the application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	178(1)(b)	Power to make a decision to: i) confirm the original decision; or ii) amend the original decision; or iii) substitute another decision for the original decision.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	183(1)	Power to appoint an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	187	To issue an identify card to an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	246(1)	Power to reasonably believe a person has contravened a prescribed provision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	246(2)	Power to give a person a show cause notice, subject to subsection (3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	246(3)	Power to reasonably consider that it is not appropriate in the circumstances to give the show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	248(1)	Subject to s246 (2) and subject to holding a reasonable belief that a person has contravened, or is contravening, a prescribed provision, power to give a compliance notice to a person requiring the person to do either or both of the following – a) to refrain from contravening the prescribed provision; b) to remedy the contravention in the way stated in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	249(2)	Power to give a compliance notice if the Chief Executive: a) has considered all submissions made by the person about the show cause notice within the period state in that notice; and b) still believes it is appropriate to give a compliance notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	253(1)	Subject to holding a reasonable suspicion that a person is contravening or has contravened a prescribed provision, power to give a notice requiring a person to commission a waste audit of the matter and to provide a waste report on the audit.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	256(1)	Power to make and provide a statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	260(2)	Power to carry out work or take any other action reasonably necessary to fulfil the requirements of the order.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	261(1)	Power to bring a proceeding in the Magistrates Court for an order to remedy or restrain an offence against this Act, or a threatened or anticipated offence against this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	264(2)(c)	Power to keep documents under this Act in accordance with this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	270	Power to approve forms for use under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	278(1)	Power to make a residue waste discounting application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	279(3)	Power to agree to a later date for the provision of further information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	281(3)	Power to agree to or ask for a condition to a grant of application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	287(1)	Power to make a transition period exempt residue waste application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	290(3)	Power to agree to or ask for a condition to a grant of application.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	293(3)(e)	Power to make written submissions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	308(2)	Power to, before the collection transition day, deal with or do the specified things in relation to a container that does not display the refund marking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	310(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Chief Executive for an approval that residue waste identified in the application (a <i>transition period exempt residue waste application</i>) is exempt waste for the transition period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	313(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree to or ask for a condition.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	315(3)(e)	In the specified circumstances, the power within a stated period to make written submissions to show why the proposed action should not be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	317(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Chief Executive for an exemption during the transition period from the requirements under section 57.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	320(3)	In the specified circumstances, the power to ask for or agree to a condition with the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	322(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the Chief Executive notice that it is not practicable to use the weighbridge to measure and record waste or other material delivered to the site.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	325(a)	In the specified circumstances, the power to give the Chief Executive written notice of a proposed alternative methodology for measuring and recording waste at the site.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	7(b)	Power, where Council has, by resolution, designated areas to conduct general waste or green waste collection, to decide the frequency of general waste or green waste collection in designated areas.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	11J(1)(b)	In the circumstances, the power to give the chief executive a report that complies with subsection (2) within 2 months after each reporting period ends.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Act 2000</i>	33(2)(b)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to the Minister for an extension of the completion date.	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Act 2000	46(2)(c)	Power to make a submission on a draft water plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	54(2)(c)	Power to make submission about intended postponement.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	61(2)(c)	Power to make submissions about draft plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	72(2)(c)	Power to make submissions about draft water entitlement notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	73(1)(a)	In certain circumstances, power to give notice to the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	73(1)(b)	Power to give notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	73(1)(c)	In certain circumstances, power to give notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	73(1)(c)	Power to give consent.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	99(1)	Power to take water to operate public showers or toilets.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	99(2)	In certain circumstances, power to take water to construct or maintain infrastructure, and power to comply with any conditions attaching to that take.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	101(1)	In certain circumstances, power to take or interfere with water.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	102(1)	In certain circumstances, power to take or interfere with water.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	102(3)	In certain circumstances, power to take or interfere with water.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	107(4)	Power to apply for a water licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	108(1)	Power to apply for a transmission water licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	112(3)	Power to: a) publish information in a specified way; and b) publish a notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	112(6)	Power to give the Chief Executive evidence of the publication.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	121(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply for one or more dealings with a water licence	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	123(2)	Power to give notice of the application to certain entities.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	123(5)	Power to give the Chief Executive a copy of the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	126(2)	Power to apply to relocate the water licence or part of the water licence	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	134(4)	Power to make a submission about the proposed amendment of a water licence	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	136(1)	Power to surrender a water licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	137(1)	Power to apply for a water permit	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	137A(1)(a)	Power to give additional information to the Chief Executive upon request, within the reasonable period stated in the requirement.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	137A(1)(b)	Power to verify by statutory declaration any information included in the application or any additional information required under section 137A(1)(a).	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Act 2000	146(2)	Power to enter into a supply contract for the allocation.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	147(4)	Power to enter into a supply contract for the allocation.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	149	Power to require allocation holder to give reasonable security for supplying and storing the allocation.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	154(2)	Power to agree the obligation has been satisfied	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	154(3)	Power to give the Chief Executive notice in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	155(2)	Power to give the transferee or lessee under the contract a disclosure statement and an acknowledgement notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	155(3)(b)	Power to prepare specified document and give the document to the allocation holder.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	155(4)	Power to ensure the matters stated in the document mentioned in subsection 3(b) are the matters that the transferee or lessee reasonably need to be aware of before entering into a contract.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	155(5)	Power to terminate the contract.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	157(1)	Power to give Chief Executive a notice of the proposed transfer or lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	159(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for a water allocation dealing other than a transfer or lease, under the water allocation dealing rules.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	161(1)	Power to lodge a Certificate with the Registrar.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	162(1)	Power to agree to surrender a water allocation.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	162(2)	Power to consent to the surrender.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	161(3)	Power to agree with the Chief Executive about fees.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	164(3)	Power to make submissions.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	166(1)(b)	Power to exercise a power of sale.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	166(1)(c)	Power to exercise a power of sale.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	166(5)	Power to give notice of the proposed exercise of the power.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	175	Power to search the water allocations register.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	178(1)	Power to give Chief Executive a notice in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	181(1)	Power to apply for a resource operations licence for existing or proposed water infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	181(2)	Power to apply for a distribution operations licence for existing or proposed water infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	183(5)	In certain circumstances, power to ask the Chief Executive, in writing, to refer the proposed change to the rules of a resource operations licence to a referral panel.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	184(1)	Power to apply to amend the licence.	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Act 2000	184(6)	In certain circumstances, power to ask the Chief Executive, in writing, to refer to the proposed changes to the rules of a resource operations licence to a referral panel.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	186	Power to agree to an amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	187(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to transfer all or part of the licence to a transferee that can hold the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	187(2)	Power to apply, with or without the consent of the approved nominee, to transfer all or part of the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	188(2)(a)(i)	Power to provide written consent to an application.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	188(2)(a) (ii)	Power to provide written consent to an application.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	193(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to amalgamate licences.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	193(2)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to amalgamate licences.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	193(4)	Power to provide written consent to the amalgamation.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	195(2)	Power to make submissions	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	197(2)	Power to prepare an operations manual and submit it to the Chief Executive for approval together with sufficient information.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	198(3)	Power to publish the approved operations manual on the holders website.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	199(3)	Power to apply in writing to the Chief Executive to have certain matters referred to a referral panel.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	200(1)	Power to apply to Chief Executive to amend or replace an operations manual.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	200(6)	Power to publish the statement of changes made to the manual.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	201(2)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive in writing to amend the manual.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	201(4)	Power to review the manual as required by the Chief Executive and apply to the Chief Executive in writing to amend it.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	203B(1)(a) and (b)	In certain circumstances, the power to take stated reasonable action or not to take the stated action within or for a stated reasonable period.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	203D	Power to decide there is a reasonable excuse not to comply with a direction	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	203G(3)	Power to be consulted by the official in preparing the report	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	203G(4)	Power to give to the official information the official reasonably requires for preparing the report required under section 203G(2)	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	206(1)	Power to apply for an operations licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	211(1)	Power to apply to amend an operations licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	212(3)	Power to make submissions.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	213(1)(a)	Power to give the Chief Executive notice in an approved form when the holder no longer wishes the holder's water to be taken under an operations licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	215(1)	Power to apply to transfer the operations licence.	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Act 2000	216(1)	Power to surrender an operations licence by giving the Chief Executive a notice of surrender.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	218(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for a Riverine Protection permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	218(3)	Power to provide written consent to an application.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	223(1)	Power to make submissions.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	227(1)	Power to apply for an allocation of quarry material.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	235(1)	Power to apply to transfer all or part of the allocation to another person.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	236(1)	Power to apply to renew the allocation notice before it expires.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	238(1)	Power to make submission.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	239(1)	Power to surrender the allocation notice by giving the Chief Executive notice of its surrender.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	426(2)(a)	Power to ask the Chief Executive to direct an authorised officer to call a conference to negotiate a resolution of the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	426(2)(b)	Power to call for the other party to agree to a non-binding alternatively dispute resolution process (an ADR) to seek to negotiate a resolution of the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	426(6)	Power to accept or refuse the type of ADR and the ADR facilitator, proposed in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	426(7)	Power to make another proposal, or obtain a decision from the Land Court or a prescribed ADR institute, about the matter not accepted.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	427(2)	Power to use all reasonable endeavours to resolve the dispute within 30 business days after the notice is given (also the usual period).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	427(3)	Power within the usual period, to ask the other party to agree to a longer period to apply instead of the usual period.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	433A(2)	Power to give a notice (an arbitration election notice) to the other party requesting the other party participate in an arbitration to decide the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	433A(4)	Power within 15 business days after the notice is given, to accept or refuse the request for arbitration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	433A(5)	Power within 10 business days after the acceptance, to jointly appoint the arbitrator proposed under subsection (3)(b), or another arbitrator, to conduct the arbitration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	433E(2)	In the specified circumstances, the power to agree with the other party in relation to liability for arbitration fees and expenses.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	434(4)	Power to apply to the Land Court to decide the matter the subject of the election notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	556	Power to make written submissions on the proposed amendment to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	598A	Power to make written submissions on the proposed change to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	700A(1)(a)(i)	Power to agree in writing to a proposed transfer by the water authority to the local government of all or part of the authority's functions and on how to implement the proposed transfer.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	700A(1)(b)	Power to notify the Minister of an agreement regarding the proposed transfer and ask in writing for the Minister's approval of the proposed transfer.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	779	Power to make written submissions about the show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Act 2000	862(1)	Power to may apply for a review (an <i>internal review</i>) of particular original decisions.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	863(3)	Power to give any other person who was given an information notice about the original decision the notice of the application (the <i>submitter notice</i>) and a copy of the application and supporting documents.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	877(1)	Power to appeal against or apply for a review of the review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	34(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for a transfer, amendment or amalgamation of an original license.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	34(3)(b)(i)	Power to give a statutory declaration in the manner required	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	34(3)(b)(ii)	Power to give written consent to proposed transfer, amendment or amalgamation.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	37(2)	Power to give the Chief Executive notice in the approved form (a transfer notice).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	58(1)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for a seasonal water assignment for the water allocation for the water year, or a shorter period prescribed by a water management protocol in which the application is made.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	58(2)	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for a seasonal water assignment for the water allocation for the water year, or a shorter period prescribed by a water management protocol in which the application is made.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	61(2)	In certain circumstances, power to enter into an arrangement for a seasonal water assignment in relation to the allocation.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	61(2)(a)	Power to consent to the arrangement for a seasonal water assignment.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	61(2)(b)	Power to consent to the arrangement for a seasonal water assignment	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	63	Power to apply for a water allocation in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	110A(3)	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1) (excluding a person given a notice under section 110AA), to give the chief executive a written notice stating the meter is a faulty meter.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	113(1)(a)	Power to give a notice to the Chief Executive of the reading of the meter.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	113(1)(b)	Power to give a notice to the Chief Executive of the reading of the meter and notify the Chief Executive about whether or not the meter is a faulty meter.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	114(a)	Power to make an application to the Chief Executive to read a meter.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	114(b)	Power to give the Chief Executive notice that the owner has decided to stop using the works	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	119(3)	Power, after receiving a transfer notice, to give written notice to the chief executive that Council is refusing to accept the transfer.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	20(1)	Power to apply for registration as a service provider.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	21(1)(c)(ii)	Power to give written consent.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	23(1)	Power to apply to change the service provider's details of registration in the service provider register	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	23A(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the regulator notice of the change in the approved form	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	25A(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the regulator notice (the transfer notice) of the proposed transfer.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	26(2)	Power to give notice of the possible stoppage.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	26(8)	In the specified circumstances, power to give notice of the stoppage.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	28(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to apply to the regulator to have the provider's registration cancelled.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	28(4)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to verify information included in the application, or the additional information provided under section 28(4)(a), by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	33(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give a person a notice asking the person to state, within a reasonable time stated in the notice, why the person's unauthorised connection should not be disconnected.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	33(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to be satisfied regarding whether an unauthorised connection should be disconnected.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	34(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give an owner a notice to do work within a reasonable time stated in the notice, to: (a) rectify the equipment; or (b) remove the vegetation or other thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	35(1)	Power to decide the position of a meter on infrastructure supplying water to premises, and to approve the installation of that meter in the position decided.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	36(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to give an occupier at least 14 days notice of the entry and the purpose of the entry.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	36(2)(c)	In the specified circumstances, the power to decide that urgent action needs to be taken to protect the service providers infrastructure at the place.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	41(1)	Power to consider it necessary, to restrict: (a) the volume of water taken by or supplied to a customer or type of customer; or (b) the hours when water may be used on premises for stated purposes; or (c) the way water may be used on premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	41(3)	Power to apply a restriction imposed under section 41(1) to water taken from a rainwater tank connected to the service provider's reticulated supply.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	43(1)	Power to give notice of a service provider water restriction to anyone affected by it in the way you consider appropriate having regard to the circumstances in which the service provider water restriction is imposed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	44(1)	Power to shut off a water supply to premises for a time reasonably necessary for work to be performed on the service provider's infrastructure, including a property service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	44(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give to anyone likely to be affected by shutting off the water supply at least 48 hours notice of the intention to shut off the water supply, advising the reasons for shutting it off, and for how long it will be shut off.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	44(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to shut off water supply, without notice, if there is: (a) a serious risk to public health; (b) a likelihood of serious injury to persons or damage to property; or (c) another emergency.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	44(4)	In the specified circumstances power to give, to anyone likely to be affected by the action: (a) notice of the action; and (b) the reasons for the action; and (c) if the action is continuing when the notice is given - notice about how long the action will continue.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	45(1)	Power to appoint a person to be an authorised person if: (a) satisfied the person has the necessary expertise or experience to be an authorised person; or (b) the person has satisfactorily finished training approved by the service provider.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	45(2)	Power to be satisfied that the person: (a) can perform the functions of an authorised person safely; and (b) can, while performing those functions, mitigate any risks to public health and safety.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	52(1)	Upon written direction of the chief executive, power to give a customer, or type of customer, a written notice: (a) to prepare a plan (a water efficiency management plan); and (b) to give it to the water service provider within the reasonable time stated by the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	52(2)	Upon written direction of the chief executive, under section 52(1) power to give a customer, or type of customer, a written notice: (a) to prepare a plan (a water efficiency management plan); and (b) to give it to the water service provider within the reasonable time stated by the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	52(3)(a)	In the specified circumstances, power to give a customer, or type of customer, a written notice, to prepare a plan (also a water efficiency management plan).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	52(3)(b)	Power to decide the reasonable period within which the customer, or type of customer, must provide the plan (also a water efficiency management plan).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	54(1)	For deciding whether or not to approve a water efficiency management plan, power to require the customer to give additional information about the plan within a reasonable period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	54(2)	Power to approve, with or without conditions, or refuse to approve a water efficiency management plan: (1) if additional information is not required – within 60 business days after receiving the plan; or (2) if additional information is required – within 60 business days of when the information is received or should have been given, whichever is earlier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	54(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the customer an information notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	54(5)	Power to extend the period of 20 business days mentioned in section 54(4).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	57(2)	Upon the direction of the chief executive, power to give a customer, or type of customer, a written notice requiring the customer to: (a) amend an approved water efficiency management plan and give it to the water service provider within the reasonable time stated by the chief executive; or (b) prepare a new water efficiency management plan and give it to the water service provider within the reasonable time stated by the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	58(1)	Power to be satisfied that: (a) for a customer, or a type of customer, production output or water consumption has increased significantly; or (b) the cost effectiveness of implementing an approved water efficiency management plan is likely to have changed significantly; or (c) there is or there is likely to be a severe water supply shortage.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	58(2)	Subject to being satisfied under section 58(1), power to give the customer a written notice requiring the customer to: (a) amend the plan and give it to the water service provider within the reasonable time stated by the water service provider; or (b) prepared a new water efficiency management plan and give it to the water service provider within the reasonable time stated by the water service provider.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	59(2)	Power to approve a request from a customer under section 59(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	60(1)	Power to be satisfied or reasonably believe that a customer to whom an approved water efficiency management plan applies has not complied with the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	60(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the customer a notice, requiring the customer to comply with the plan within the reasonable time stated in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	61(1)	Power to ensure a customer to whom an approved water efficiency management plan applies reviews the plan when the water service provider considers it appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	95(1)	Power to apply to the regulator for approval of a drinking water quality management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	99A(1)	In certain circumstances, power to agree with the regulator to amend the providers approved drinking water quality management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	100(2)	Power to apply to the regulator for approval of a proposed amended drinking water quality management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	102(2)	Power to inform the regulator notice of noncompliance and the circumstances that gave rise to the noncompliance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	102(3)	Power to give the regulator notice of the following in the approved form: (a) the noncompliance and the circumstances that gave rise to the noncompliance; (b) any action taken, or to be taken, by the provider to correct the noncompliance; and (c) the measures the provider will take to prevent the noncompliance in the future.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	102A(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to immediately inform the regulator of the prescribed incident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	102A(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the regulator notice of the following in the approved form: (a) the prescribed incident and the circumstances that gave rise to the incident; (b) any action taken, or to be taken, by the provider relating to the prescribed incident; and (c) the measures the provider will take to prevent the prescribed incident happening again in the future.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	103(2)	Power to give a notice to the owner of water storage or other infrastructure to ask the owner to give the drinking water service provider information reasonably requested about the quality of water in the water storage or infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	107(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to apply to the regulator for approval of an amended plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	109(1)	Power to sign a statutory declaration on behalf of the service provider.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	115(3)	Power to consider submissions made to the provider about the proposed customer service standard.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	142(2)(a)	Power to prepare a drinking water quality management plan report.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	142(2)(b)	Power to give the regulator a copy of the drinking water quality management plan report.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	142C(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to provide written agreement to a drinking water quality management plan report.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	145(1)	Power to permit a person to take water from a fire fighting system or a service provider's hydrant.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	166(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to impose conditions on the installation of water storage tanks and pumps.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	167(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to advise an owner of any work that is considered reasonably necessary to be carried out on premises and any reasonable connection fee to enable the premises to be connected to the infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	168(1)	Power to, by notice given to the owner of premises in the service area, require the owner to carry out works for connecting the premises to a registered service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	168(2)(c)	In the specified circumstances, power to agree to an extension of the period within which the work must be completed.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	169(1)	Power to give a notice to an owner or occupier of domestic premises not to contravene a restriction or to pay a rate or charge for a service.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	169(2)	Power to decide the minimum level of water necessary for the health and sanitation purposes of the owner or occupier.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	180(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to give a person an approval to discharge trade waste (a trade waste approval) into Council's sewerage infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	180(3)	Power to consider the effect of the proposed discharge on any existing or potential re-use of waste water or sludge.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	180(4)	Power to be satisfied: (a) having regard to the amount, type and strength of the proposed discharge, the discharge will not harm the sewerage or the health and safety of anyone working on the sewerage; and (b) the sewage treatment plant to treat the discharge is capable of treating the discharge to an acceptable standard.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	180(5)	In the specified circumstances, power to be satisfied the proposed discharge into the sewerage is consistent with the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	181(1)	Power to give a trade waste approval on conditions.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	182	Power to suspend or cancel a trade waste approval (the proposed action) if satisfied any of the specified circumstances applies.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	183(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to give an approval holder a show cause notice about the proposed action.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	183(2)	Power to consider submissions made in response to a Show Cause Notice, to be satisfied the proposed action should be taken, and then to: (a) if the proposed action was to suspend the approval for a stated period - suspend the approval for not longer the proposed suspension period; or (b) if the proposed action was to cancel the approval - either cancel the approval or suspend it for a period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	183(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the approval holder an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	183(4)	Power to consider any submissions and, if not satisfied the proposed action should be taken, the power to give the approval holder a notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	184(1)	In the specified circumstances, power to suspend or cancel an approval without giving a show cause notice, if further action is considered necessary: (a) in the interests of public health or safety; or (b) to prevent environmental harm; or (c) to prevent damage to Council's sewerage system.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	184(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to cancel a trade waste approval given by the sewerage service provider.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	184(3)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the approval holder an information notice about the action.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	185(2)	Power to give a notice to the approval holder to amend a trade waste approval to ensure that it is consistent with conditions mentioned in section 185(1)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	191	Power to give written consent to a person connecting to, or disconnecting from, the service provider's infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	192(1)	Power to give written consent to a person interfering with a service provider's infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	192(2)	Power to give written consent to a person building over, interfering with access to, increasing or reducing the cover over, or changing the surface of land in any way causing ponding of water over an access chamber for, a service provider's infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	193(1)	Power to give written consent to a person discharging trade waste into a service provider's infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	193(3)	Power to give written consent to a person discharging water from an ornamental pond, a swimming pool or the filtration system of a swimming pool into a service provider's infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	195(1)	Power to give written approval to a person taking water from a service provider's infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	195(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give written approval to a person taking water from a supply pipe on premises for use off the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	196AA(1)	Power to apply for registration of the scheme before the deadline.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	196AD(1)	Power to apply to change the details of the registration recorded in the register.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	196AE(1)	Power to apply to cancel the registration if the recycled water is no longer supplied under the scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	202(1)	Power to apply to the regulator for approval of a recycled water management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	203(1)(b)	Power to sign a statutory declaration verifying the information included in the plan, or any additional information given under section 203(1)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	208(2)	Power to give regulator notice of a stoppage or proposed stoppage of the production or supply of recycled water, in accordance with the circumstances of that section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	208(5)	Power to, as soon as practicable, give the regulator notice of the stoppage or proposed stoppage of the production or supply of recycled water under a scheme and otherwise in the circumstances of that section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	209(1)	Power to obtain the regulator's agreement to amend the recycled water management plan for the scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	212(2)	Power to apply to the regulator for approval of the proposed amended recycled water management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	212(3)	Power to exercise the delegable powers (if any) contained in sections 202(2), (3) and (4), and sections 203 to 208 as if a reference in the sections to: (a) the recycled water management plan were a reference to the amended recycled water management plan; and (b) the plan were a reference to the amended plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	215(1)	If a recycled water management plan has been suspended, power to apply to the regulator for an approval to resume supply of recycled water under the scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	215(3)	Power to exercise the delegable powers (if any) contained in sections 202 and 203 as if a reference in the sections to: (a) the recycled water management plan were a reference to the suspended recycled water management plan; and (b) the plan were a reference to the suspended plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	215(7)	Power to exercise the delegable powers (if any) contained in sections 202(2), (3) and (4), and sections 203 to 208 as if a reference in the sections to: (a) the recycled water management plan were a reference to the amended recycled water management plan; and (b) the plan were a reference to the amended plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	230(2)	Power to give a notice to the regulator of a proposed stoppage at least 30 days before the supply of recycled water is stopped.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	230(4)	Power to give the regulator notice of the proposed stoppage at least 60 days before supply of the recycled water is stopped.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	230(6)(b)	Power to sign a statutory declaration verifying the information included in the notice, or any additional information given under section 230(6)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	230(9)	Power to give the regulator notice of a stoppage of recycled water under recycled water scheme within 5 days after the supply stops.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	237(1)	Power to apply to the regulator for approval of a validation program.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	238(1)(b)	Power to sign a statutory declaration verifying the information included in the program, or any additional information given under section 238(1)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	242(2)	Power to apply to the regulator for approval of the proposed amended validation program.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	242(3)	Power to exercise the delegable powers (if any) contained in sections 237(2) and sections 238 to 241 as if a reference in the sections to: (a) the validation program were a reference to the amended validation program; and (b) the program were a reference to the amended program.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	259(2)(b)	In the specified circumstances, power to apply to the regulator for approval of the amended plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	259(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to apply to the regulator for approval of the amended recycled water management plan for the scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	259(6)	Power to exercise the delegable powers (if any) contained in sections 202(2), (3) and (4), and sections 203 to 208 as if a reference in the sections to: (a) the recycled water management plan were a reference to the amended recycled water management plan; and (b) the plan were a reference to the amended plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	270(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to immediately inform the regulator and, if another entity is the responsible entity for the noncompliance, the responsible entity, of the noncompliance and the circumstances that gave rise to the noncompliance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	270(4)	Power to give the regulator notice of the following: (a) the noncompliance and the circumstances that gave rise to the noncompliance; (b) any action taken, or to be taken, by the entity to correct the noncompliance; and (c) the measures the entity will take to prevent the noncompliance in the future.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	271(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to immediately inform the regulator and, if another entity is the responsible entity for prescribed incident, the responsible entity, of the prescribed incident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	271(4)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the regulator notice of: (a) the prescribed incident and the circumstances that gave rise to the prescribed incident; (b) any action taken, or to be taken, by the entity relating to the prescribed incident; and (c) the measures the entity will take to prevent the prescribed incident happening again in the future.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	303(4)(e)	Power to give the regulator a notice about who the provider and entities agree is the scheme manager.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	306(1)	Power to considers the scheme should not be a critical recycled water scheme, and to ask the regulator to review the making of the declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	307(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to give the regulator notice of who is the scheme manager.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	333(2)	In the specified circumstances, power to, by notice, require a recycled water provider or other declared entity for the scheme to give the scheme manager, within a stated reasonable period, information the scheme manager reasonably requires to comply with the scheme manager's obligations under this Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352F	Power to prepare an emergency action plan for a dam under subdivision 3 and to give it to the chief executive for approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352HB(1)	Power to assess and decide whether the emergency action plan is consistent with its disaster management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352HB(2)	Power to consult with its local group for the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352O(2)(c)(ii)	Power to give an emergency action plan for a dam to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352P	The power, before 1 October each year to: (a) review the approved emergency action plan for the dam; and (b) give to the chief executive: (i) a notice stating whether or not the owner proposes an amendment to the plan because of the review; and (ii) if the owner proposes an amendment – a copy of the plan including the proposed amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352Q(1)	Power to ask the chief executive to amend the approved emergency action plan for the dam to: *** correct a minor error; or *** make another change that is not a change of substance.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352T(2)	Power to prepare a report (an emergency event report) and to give it to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352T(2)(a)	Power to consider when the dam hazard giving rise to the event is no longer a material risk to persons or property.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352T(2)(b)	Power to agree a further period in writing with the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352U(3)	Power to prepare a report (an emergency event interim report) and to give it to the chief executive officer in accordance with section 352U(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	354(3)(b)	Power to agree with the chief executive, an extended period for deciding safety conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	359(3)	Power to comply with a notice issued under section 359(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	359(4)	Power to give to the chief executive officer, a notice that the person intends to remove the dam.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352P(2)(c)	Power to prepare a new emergency action plan , under subdivision 3, that effectively deals with the emergency condition to give it to the chief executive within the stated period of at least 30 business days.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352P	The power, before 1 October each year to: (a) review the approved emergency action plan for the dam; and (b) give to the chief executive: (i) a notice stating whether or not the owner proposes an amendment to the plan because of the review; and (ii) if the owner proposes an amendment – a copy of the plan including the proposed amendment.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352S(2)	At least one month before the end of an approval period for an emergency action plan power to (a) prepare a new emergency action plan for the dam under subdivision 3; and (b) give it to the chief executive for approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352T(2)	Power to prepare a report (an <i>emergency event report</i>) and to give it to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352T(2)(b)	Power to agree a further period in writing with the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352T(3)	Power to reasonably consider that a hazard no longer poses a risk to the safety of persons or property.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	352U(3)	Power to prepare a report (an <i>emergency event interim report</i>) and to give it to the chief executive officer in accordance with section 352U(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	353(3)	Power to provide information to the chief executive in response to a notice given under section 353(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	354(3)(b)	Power to agree with the chief executive, an extended period for deciding safety conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	356(4)	Power to provide information to the chief executive in response to a notice issued under section 356(3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	371C	Power to prepare a flood mitigation manual for a dam under division 2 and to give it to the minister for approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	371H(2)	Power to prepare a new flood mitigation manual and give it to the minister in compliance with a notice given under section 371H.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	372(2)	Power to amend a flood mitigation manual for a dam in compliance with a notice issued under section 372(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	373	Power to: (a) review and, if necessary, update a flood mitigation manual; and (b) give a copy of it to the minister for the minister's approval under division 3.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	374(2)	Power to prepare a new flood mitigation manual for a dam and give it to the minister for approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	375	Power to after 1 August and before 1 September each year: (a) prepare a report (an annual preparedness report) under division 6 about the level of preparedness of the dam for a flood event under a flood mitigation manual; and (b) give the report to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	378	Power to reasonably consider that: (a) an operational strategy under a flood mitigation manual for a dam does not provide or adequately provide for the flood event; (b) to achieve an objective under the flood mitigation manual and to respond effectively to a flood event that is necessary to: (i) disregard an operational procedure under the manual (the existing procedure); and (ii) observe a different operational procedure (the alternative procedure).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	379(1)	Power to give the chief executive the information referred to in that section (the authorisation request information).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	379(2)	Power to give the chief executive the authorisation to request information orally.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	379(3)	Power to give the authorisation request information in writing as soon as practicable after giving the chief executive the information orally.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	381(1)	Power to make reasonable efforts to contact the chief executive to give the chief executive the authorisation request information for the alternative procedure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	381(4)	Power to, as soon as practicable after failing to contact the chief executive, record the authorisation request information in writing and give it to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	381(6)	Power to form the reasonable belief that the chief executive is no longer able to respond to the owner for the purpose of subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	383(2)	Power to prepare a report (a <i>flood event report</i>) under division 9 and give it to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	383(2)(b)	Power to agree to a further period in writing with the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	384(3)	Power to comply with a notice given to the owner of the dam under section 384(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	399B(1)	Power to form the belief, based on the advice of a registered professional engineer, that there is an unacceptable risk of a failure of a dam if it operates at the full supply level stated in the resource operations licence for the dam.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	399B(2)	Power to reduce the full supply level of the dam to the level (the reduced full supply level) that lowers the risk of a failure of the dam to a level acceptable to the owner, having regard to the advice of the registered professional engineer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	399B(4)	Power to consider and include in a notice: (a) the reasons why it is necessary to operate the dam at the reduced full supply level; and (b) the period for which it is necessary to operate the dam at the reduced supply level.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	399C(3)(a)	Power to decide and include in a report when the owner intends to allow the dam to return to the full supply level stated in the resource operations licence for the dam.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	399C(3)(b)	Power to consider and decide and include in a report: i. the impacts the reduced full supply level has had on the provider's customers since its reduction; ii. the likely future impacts on customers for the period for which the provider proposes to keep the dam at a reduced full supply level; and iii. the impacts the reduced full supply level has had or is likely to have on achieving the water plan outcomes for a water plan under the Water Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	446(2)	Power to make an improvement plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	447	Power to make an improvement plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	463(1)(d)	Power to make submissions about the show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	475(2)(b) and (c)	Power to start a proceeding for a stated provision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	475(5)	Power to give the chief executive notice of the proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	476(1)	Power to consent to a proceeding for an enforcement order being started by a person on the entities behalf.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	496	Power to give notice to the chief executive of a proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	498(1)	Power to commence a proceeding on behalf of the service provider.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	512(1)	Power to apply for an internal review of an original decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	513(3)	Power to make written submissions on the internal review application to the reviewer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	517(1)	Power to appeal against or apply for an external review of the review decision under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	524(2)	Power to be dissatisfied with the decision and to give the authority under the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> a notice (a <i>dispute notice</i>) applying for arbitration on the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	524A(2)	Power to apply for a stay of a review decision to a court with jurisdiction to hear the proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	526	Power to withdraw the dispute notice at any time before the authority makes its decision on the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	562(2)	Power to appeal against a decision about the application to the Land Court.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	573	Power to make guidelines to provide guidance to persons about preparing a water efficiency management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	575(2)(a)	Power to consider that the information in the document is cybersecurity information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	575(2A)	Power to consider whether it is appropriate to keep a copy of the document available for inspection by the public at other places.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	575A(2)	Power to consider that information in the document is cybersecurity information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	670(2)	Power to amend the CSG environmental authority to include public health conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	670(3)	Power to consider an amendment necessary or desirable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	671(2)	Power to amend the CSG environmental authority to include public health conditions.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008</i>	671(3)(a)	Power to consider the amendment necessary or desirable.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	38(1)	Power to notify the regulator immediately after becoming aware that a notifiable incident arising out of the conduct of the business or undertaking has occurred.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	38(4)(b)	Power to, if required by the regulator, give written notice of the incident within 48 hours of that requirement being made.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	52(1)	Power to negotiate and agree upon the work group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	52(4)	Power to negotiate a variation of the agreement upon a work group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	53(1)	Power to notify the workers of the outcome of negotiations and of any work groups determined by agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	53(2)	Power to notify the worker of the outcome of the negotiations and of the variation (if any) to the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	54(1)	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector for the purposes of this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	55(3)	Power to negotiate a variation of the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	56(3)	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	57(1)	Power to notify the workers of the outcome of the negotiations and of any work groups determined by agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	57(2)	Power to notify the workers of the outcome of the negotiations and of the variation (if any) to the agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	58(1)	Power to withdraw from the negotiation or agreement by giving notice in writing to the other parties.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	71(5)	Power to refuse, on reasonable grounds to grant access to the workplace to a person assisting a health and safety representative for a work group.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	71(7)	Power to refuse to grant access to information relating to hazards at the workplace and the health and safety of the workers if the information is confidential commercial information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	71(8)	Power to decide that financial information or other information that has a commercial value, if disclosed, will cause significant financial harm to a business or undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	73(1)	Power to agree to apportion the costs.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	73(2)	Power to negotiate and agree upon a variation to the apportionment of costs between persons conducting the businesses or undertakings.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	76(1)	Subject to subsections (2) to (4) power to agree upon the constitution of a health and safety committee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	76(5)	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to decide the matter.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	77(c)	Power to agree upon the functions of a health and safety committee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	82(2)	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to attend the workplace to assist in resolving the issue.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	87	Power to direct a worker to carry out suitable alternative work at the same or another workplace if that work is safe and appropriate for the worker to carry out until the worker can resume normal duties.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	89	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to attend the workplace to assist in resolving an issue arising in relation to the cessation of work.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	102B(2)	Power to give the industrial registrar notice of the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	102G	Power to appeal the decision under the Industrial Relations Act 2016.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	141	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to attend the workplace to assist in resolving the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	142A(4)	Power to appeal the decision under the Industrial Relations Act 2016.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	224	Power to apply to the regulator for internal review.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	229	Power to apply to the external review body for an external review.	Chief Executive Officer

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Legislation	Section	Description	Delegate
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003 The Purpose of this Act The main purpose of this Act is to provide effective recognition, protection and conservation of Aboriginal cultural heritage.			
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	17	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to take all reasonable and practicable steps to ensure that the human remains are taken into the custody of the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	18	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to advise the chief executive of the existence and location of the human remains and give the chief executive all details that the chief executive reasonably requires.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	23	Power, as a person who carries out an activity, to take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	28(2)	Power to consult with the Minister about cultural heritage duty of care guidelines.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	30	Power, as a person who is involved in putting an approved cultural heritage management plan into effect, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the chief executive is advised about all Aboriginal cultural heritage revealed to exist because of any activity carried out under the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	31	Power, as a person who carries out an activity, to advise the chief executive of Aboriginal cultural heritage revealed to exist because of the activity.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	53	Power to carry out a cultural heritage study and have its findings recorded in the register including all steps authorised or required by Part 6 of the Act for the purpose of carrying out the study, recording it in the register and objecting to the way the study is recorded in the register.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	54(2)	Power to consult with the Minister about guidelines to help people in choosing suitable methodologies for carrying out cultural heritage studies.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	70(3)	Power, as the owner or occupier of land, to consult with the sponsor about obtaining access to the land and determine whether or not access should be given.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	72(1)(c)	Power to consult with the chief executive about a cultural heritage study.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	82, 83, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97(2), 98(2), 99(2), 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109(5), 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117(5) and 153	Power to consult with the chief executive about a cultural heritage study.	Chief Executive Officer
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003	85(1)	Power to consult with the Minister about guidelines to help people in choosing suitable methodologies for developing cultural heritage management plans.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967 The Purpose of this Act An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the acquisition of land for public works and other public purposes, and for other purposes.			
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	7(1)	Power to: (a) propose to take any land; (b) serve (as prescribed by section 7 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1967) a notice (a notice of intention to resume)	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	8(2)	Power to consider the grounds of objection to the taking of any land and the other specified matters.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	8(2)(b)	Power to hear the objector.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	8(2A)	In the specified circumstances, the power to discontinue a resumption or amend a notice of intention to resume if of the opinion that the resumption should be discontinued or that the notice of intention to resume should be amended.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	9(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to apply to the Minister that land be taken as prescribed by section 9 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1967 if of the opinion that the land in question is required for the purpose for which it is proposed to be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	12(2A)	Power, where the estate or interest is such that provision is made by the Land Title Act 1994 for its registration, to apply to the Registrar of Titles for registration, to produce a gazette copy of the gazette resumption notice and pay the prescribed fee.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	12(3)	Power, where the land taken is part of land subject to a building units plan registered under the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980, to pay the prescribed fees to the Registrar of Titles.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	12(3A)	Power, where the land taken is scheme land for a community titles scheme under the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997, to pay the prescribed fees to the Registrar of Titles.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	12(4B)	Power to deal with land mentioned in subsection (4) for the purpose for which it is taken on and from the day it is taken, even though the land is yet to be dedicated, granted, leased or otherwise dealt with under subsection (4A).	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	13(1) and (1A)	Power to take additional land.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	13(2) and (2A)	Power to take additional land.	Chief Executive Officer

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Acquisition of Land Act 1967	13(3)	Power to sell or otherwise deal with additional land taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	15B	Power to take land pursuant to a resumption agreement and to take all steps necessary to prepare and enter the resumption agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	16(1C)	Power to have the amount of compensation payable under subsection (1A) taxed by an officer of the Supreme Court.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	17(1)	Power as a gazetting authority to, by gazette notice, revoke a gazette resumption notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	17(1A)	Power to agree in writing with the person entitled as owner to compensation in respect of the taking of the land, to the revesting of the land or part of it to which a gazette resumption notice relates.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	17(2)(c)	Power to lodge a gazette copy of the revoking gazette notice with the land registry.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	19	Power to accept and deal with a claim for compensation served by the claimant within 3 years after the day the land was taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	19(4) and 19(6)	Power to accept and deal with a claim for compensation served by the claimant more than 3 years after the day the land was taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	23(2)	Power to make an advance on compensation to the Claimant.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	23(5)	Power to, before paying the advance, require the claimant to satisfy Council regarding taxes, rates and other moneys which, if unpaid, would be a charge upon the land, and to decide to reduce an advance by any such amount.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	23(6)	Power to reduce the advance by the sum due to the mortgagee.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	23(7)	Power to pay to Council, the Crown or a mortgagee any amount by which the advance has been reduced.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	24(1)	Power to refer a claim for compensation to the Land Court.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	24(4)	Power to apply to the Land Court for further or other particulars of a claim for compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	25(1)	Power to apply to the Land Court for the Claimant to enter an appearance on the reference.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	29 and 30	Power to pay the amount of compensation agreed upon or determined into the Supreme Court.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	32	Power to pay to a mortgagee so much of the amount of compensation as does not exceed the sum due to the mortgagee.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	35	Power to deduct from an amount of compensation and pay to the Crown or to Council any amount of taxes, rates or other moneys charged upon the land taken in favour of the Crown or Council.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	37(1)	Power to temporarily occupy and use any land for the purpose of constructing, maintaining or repairing any works and to exercise the powers prescribed in subsection (1).	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1968	38(1)	In the specified circumstances, the power to issue a warrant to the sheriff to deliver possession of any land to the person appointed in the warrant.	Chief Executive Officer
Acquisition of Land Act 1967	41(1)	Power to offer for sale land taken under the Act to the former owner of the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Care and Protection Act 2001 The Purpose of this Act The purposes of this Act are to do the following: a) Promote the responsible care and use of animals; b) Provide standards for the care and use of animals that – (i) Achieve a reasonable balance between the welfare of animals and the interests of persons whose livelihood is dependent on animals; (ii) Allow for the effect of advancements in scientific knowledge about animal biology and changes in community expectations about practices involving animals; c) Protect animals from unjustifiable, unnecessary or unreasonable pain; d) Ensure the use of animals for scientific purposes is accountable, open and responsible.			
Animal Care and Protection Act 2001	122(1)(a)	Power, as the occupier of a place, to consent to entry of the place by an inspector.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012			
Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012	2(2)	Power to comply with the requirements of schedules 2A Code of practice about sheep, Code of practice about cattle, 3 Code of practice for transport of livestock, 3AA Code of practice for livestock at depots and saleyards, 3A – Code of practice for breeding of dogs and 3B – Code of practice about rodeos.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012	5A	Power as a person in charge of a breeding dog usually kept at premises to ensure:- (a) the relevant information for the dog is recorded in writing; and (b) the records of the relevant information is kept for 3 years after the later of when the dog is last used for breeding or the dog is no longer kept for breeding.	Chief Executive Officer

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<p>Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008 The Purpose of this Act: The purposes of this Act are to do the following: a) Provide for the identification of cats and dogs; and b) Provide for the registration of dogs; and c) Provide for the effective management of regulated dogs; and d) Promote the responsible ownership of cats and dogs.</p>			
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	51(b)	Power to record the information about a registration in the appropriate register.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	52	Power to fix the fee for the registration of a dog.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	104	Power to appoint authorised persons.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	104	Power to determine conditions, and sign a signed notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	106(1)	Power to issue an identity card to each authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	178(e)	Power to include other information considered appropriate in the general register.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	187(1)	Power to issue the applicant with a review notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	198(1)	Power to authorise an employee to verify a copy of a document.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	199	Power to sign a certificate about the state of, or a fact in, a record of the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	206(1)	Power to delegate functions to an appropriately qualified officer of the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	227(2)	Where a local government has received a registration form in relation to a cat prior to 23 September 2013 and it has not yet given a registration notice, power to- (a) refund the registration fee to the owner; or (b) if the local government is a declared local government—register the cat under former chapter 3, part 2; or (c) if a local government makes a local law requiring cats to be registered—register the cat under the local law.	Chief Executive Officer
Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008	228(2)(b)	Where a local government has received a registration fee in relation to a cat prior to 23 September 2013 and it has given a registration notice for the cat, power to refund the registration fee or a portion of the fee to the owner.	Chief Executive Officer
<p>Biosecurity Act 2014 The Purpose of this Act An Act: a) To provide a framework for an effective biosecurity system for Queensland that – (i) Helps to minimise biosecurity risks; and (ii) Facilitates responding to impacts on a biosecurity consideration, including responding to biosecurity events, in a timely and effective way; b) To ensure the safety and quality of animal feed, fertilisers and other agricultural inputs; c) To help align responses to biosecurity risks in the State with national and international obligations and requirements for accessing markets for animal and plant product, including live animals and plants.</p>			
Biosecurity Act 2014	36(2)	Power, in a circumstance listed in subsection (1), to advise an inspector of the presence of the biosecurity matter.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	42(2)	Power, in a circumstance listed in subsection (1), to advise an appropriate authorised officer of the presence of the biosecurity matter that is a relevant restricted matter.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	48	Power to carry out the main function of a local government under the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	49	Power to agree with the chief executive that the State and Council act in a coordinated way to respond to a biosecurity event in the local government's area associated with its area's invasive biosecurity matter.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	50(3)	Power to consult with the Minister.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	50(5)	Power to comply with a notice issued by the Minister pursuant to subsection (4).	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	51(2)	Power to agree with the chief executive that Council cannot achieve substantial compliance with the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	52(2)	Power to comply with a request from the Minister for a written report made pursuant to subsection (1).	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	54	Power to keep a copy of the biosecurity plan available for inspection.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	60(5)	Power to pay the amount required by a notice issued by the Minister pursuant to this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	92(2)	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, in the circumstance set out in subsection (1), to build and pay for a gate or grid in the fence.	Chief Executive Officer
Biosecurity Act 2014	93	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, to undertake the activities set out in subsections (a) and (b).	Chief Executive Officer

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Bioresecurity Act 2014	107	Power to make written submissions on a proposed guideline.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	121	Power to apply to an inspector for a bioresecurity emergency order permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	132	Power to apply to an inspector for a bioresecurity instrument permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	145 and 147	Power as a registrable bioresecurity entity to apply for registration.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	146	Power as a registrable bioresecurity entity to apply for a registration exemption.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	150(3)(b)	Power to make written submissions in response to a notice from the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	152	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1) to apply for deregistration as a bioresecurity entity.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	156(2)	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive made under subsection (2) or (3).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	160(2)	Power as a registered bioresecurity entity, owner or occupier to give the chief executive a bioresecurity risk notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	164	Power to apply to the chief executive for the removal of the entry for a restricted place from the bioresecurity register.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	164A	Power to apply to the chief executive for the end of a declaration of a designated animal as a restricted animal.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	164B	Power to apply to the chief executive for the end of a declaration of a designated bioresecurity matter as a restricted bioresecurity matter.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	165	Power to give the chief executive further information or a document about the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	170(2)	Power as a registered bioresecurity entity to give the chief executive a change notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	181	Power to apply to the chief executive for a travel approval for the movement of a special designated animal.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	187	Power, as a receiver of a special designated animal at a saleyard, to take the action referred to in subsections (a) and (b).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	188	Power, as a receiver of a special designated animal at a restricted agricultural show, to take the action referred to in subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	190	Power, as a receiver of a special designated animal at a place, to take the action referred to in subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	193(2)	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), as a receiver of a special designated animal to advise an inspector of the circumstances in subsection (1).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	193(3)	Power, to comply with all reasonable directions the inspector gives.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	194(2)	Power, as a relevant person, to create a movement record for a designated animal and to give the record to the conveyor or drover of the animal.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	197	Power, as a relevant person, to keep and produce a movement record for a designated animal in accordance with the requirements of this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	198(2) and (7)	Power, as person who receives a copy of a movement record, to keep and produce the copy of the movement record for in accordance with the requirements of this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	198(5) and (7)	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (4) and as a person who accepts delivery of the animal at the end of the movement, to create, keep and produce a record complying with subsection (6).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	199	Power, as a person having responsibility for the organisation and operation of an agricultural show, to keep a record in the appropriate form for the designated animal.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	214 and 215	Power to apply for a prohibited matter permit or a restricted matter permit and to take all steps required to bring the application to finalisation and obtain a decision on the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	225 and 226	Power to apply for the renewal of a prohibited matter permit or a restricted matter permit and to take all steps required to bring the application to finalisation and obtain a decision on the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	229	Power to comply with a direction of the chief executive issued pursuant to subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	230	Power to apply for the transfer of a prohibited matter permit or a restricted matter permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	235(3)(d)	Power to consult with an interested entity about a proposed bioresecurity program.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	240	Power to give notice of a bioresecurity program before it starts.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	241	Power to make copies of a bioresecurity program authorisation available for inspection and purchase at Council's public office.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioresecurity Act 2014	268(1)	Power as an occupier of a place to sign an acknowledgement of consent to enter the place.	Chief Executive Officer

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Bioregulation Act 2014	269(2)	Power as an occupier of a place to consent to entry by an authorised officer.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	312	Power, as the administrator for relevant entity, to give an information notice to a person who owned the thing immediately before it was forfeited to the relevant entity.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	355	Power to sign a certificate stating a matter listed in subsections (1) and (3).	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	358	Power to apply to the court for an order against the person convicted of an offence against the Act to pay the costs Council has incurred in taking a thing or doing something else during the investigation of the offence.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	364	Power, as a relevant body, to stay the original decision, fix conditions on the stay, fix the period of a stay and revoke a stay.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	372(1)	Power, as the issuing authority, to make a new decision following the receipt of directions from the court.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	372(2)	Power, as the issuing authority, to give effect to a decision of the court to substitute the internal review decision with a new decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	383	Power, as a third party, to appear at the hearing of an application for a cost recovery order.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	391	Power to enter into a government and industry agreement with the Minister or the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	393	Power to enter into a compliance agreement with the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	396	Power to apply to the chief executive to enter into a compliance agreement with the State.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	399(1)(b)	Power to give the chief executive further information or a document required to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	405	Power, as the other party to a compliance agreement, to make written representations to the chief executive following receipt of a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	479 and 480	Power to give the chief executive further information or a document required to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	485	Power, as the holder for a relevant authority, to make written representations about the show cause notice to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	490	Power, as the holder for a relevant authority, to ask the chief executive to cancel the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	490(3)	Power, as the holder for a relevant authority, to comply with a notice requiring the return of the document evidencing the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Act 2014	399(1)(b)	Power to give the chief executive further information or a document required to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Regulation 2016 The Purpose of this Act This instrument prescribes important information relating to the exercise of powers by officials under the Bioregulation Act and sets out the necessary information and reporting requirements that those regulated by the Bioregulation Act are required to provide.			
Bioregulation Regulation 2016	94G(1)	Power, as a registered bioregulation entity for a designated place, to make a bioregulation management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Regulation 2016	94G(4)	Power, as an entity mentioned in subsection (1), to- (a) keep the plan as a separate document at the place; and (b) make the plan available for inspection at the place, on request, during ordinary business hours; and (c) ensure a sign is conspicuously displayed at each management area for the plan stating that- (i) a bioregulation management plan applies to the place; and (ii) it is an offence for a person entering, present at, or leaving the management area to fail to comply with the measures stated in the plan unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	Chief Executive Officer
Bioregulation Regulation 2016	128	Power to be satisfied the recipient of a bioregulation certificate will gain no commercial benefit as a result of being given the certificate, and power to waive a fee	Chief Executive Officer
Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 The Purpose of this Act An Act to provide for the horizontal subdivision and vertical subdivision of land into lots and the disposition of titles thereto; and for purposes incidental thereto and connected therewith.			
Building Act 1975 The Purpose of this Act An Act to regulate building development approvals, building work, building classification, building certifiers and pool safety inspectors, and to provide for particular matters about swimming pool safety and sustainable buildings, and for other purposes.			
Building Act 1975	34A(2)	Power, as an assessment manager, to determine whether a building development application complies with the building assessment provisions and if it does, to approve the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	41(1)	Power, as an assessment manager, to consult with the chief executive about the variation application.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	46(5)	Power, as a referral agency, to appoint or employ a building certifier to carry out the assessment against the fire safety standard.	Chief Executive Officer

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Building Act 1975	51(3)	Power to appoint or employ a building certifier where asked in writing by the nominated owner and the building work has not been certified.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	68A(2)	Power, as assessment manager, to prepare a written statement of reasons.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	87	Power to give a private certifier a document acknowledging receipt of the fee mentioned in subsection 86(1)(c).	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	97(2)	Power to consult with a private certifier with regard to further extensions of the period under the Planning Act, s 85(1) (currency period).	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	124A(2)	Power, as the owner of a building, to by notice ask for a copy of any inspection documentation for the inspection performed by the building certifier.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	143B(2)	Power, as the owner of a building, to give an additional certification notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	190(1)	Power to make a complaint to QBCC about a building certifier.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	208(1)	Power to apply to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal to conduct disciplinary proceeding to determine whether there are proper grounds for taking disciplinary action against a building certifier.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	210	Power to notify the QBCC of its application to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	243	Power to notify the QBCC of its application to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	242	Power to keep a copy of each exemption granted and make the copy available for inspection and purchase as if it were a document, that under the Planning Act, the local government must make available for inspection and purchase.	Chief Executive Officer
Building Act 1975	253	Power to authorise an officer to enter a building or structure and remove all persons found there.	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994 The Purpose of this Act An Act to protect Queensland's environment while allowing for development that improves the total quality of life, both now and in the future, in a way that maintains the ecological processes on which life depends.			
Environmental Protection Act 1994	490(5)	Power, as the administering executive, to sign a certificate stating any of the matters listed in subsection 490(5).	Chief Executive Officer
Environmental Protection Act 1994	490(5)	Power, as the administering executive, to sign a certificate stating that stated costs and expenses were incurred and the way and purpose for which they were incurred.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994 The Purpose of this Act An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the administration and management of non-freehold land and deeds of grant in trust and the creation of freehold land, and for related purposes.			
Land Act 1994	12(3)	Power to suitably indicate where the boundaries of land are across a surface of water.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	12(4)	Power to regulate or prohibit the use or movement of ships in or over water above inundated land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13A(4)	Power to, in certain circumstances: (a) exercise a right of access for the owner, the owner's family, executive officers, employees, agents and stock over the adjacent area of the watercourse or lake that is the property of the State that adjoins the owner's land; and (b) exercise a right of grazing for the person's stock over the adjacent area; and (c) bring an action against a person who trespasses on the adjacent area.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13AC(1)(a)	In certain circumstances, power to consent to the dedication of a reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13B(1)	In certain circumstances, power to apply to the Chief Executive to have watercourse land adjoining the relevant land's non-tidal boundary declared to be former watercourse land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13B(2)	Power to give notice of a person's intention to make the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	13B(6)	Power to appeal against the refusal of the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	18(1)	Power to reach agreement with the Governor in Council to grant unallocated State land in exchange for all or part of freehold land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	18(2)	Power to reach agreement with the Governor in Council to grant a freeholding lease in exchange for all or part of a freeholding lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	18(3)	Power to enter into agreement with the Minister to lease unallocated State land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	23A(1)	Power to apply to Chief Executive for the allocation of a floating reservation.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	23A(6)	Power to appeal against a Chief Executive's decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	24(3)	Power to apply to the Minister to buy the land.	Chief Executive Officer

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Land Act 1994	25(2)	Power to appeal against the unimproved value of land.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	26(2)	In certain circumstances, power to agree with the Minister in respect to the specified matters when the Minister is deciding the boundaries of land being resumed.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	26(4)	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision on the boundaries.	Chief Executive Officer
Land Act 1994	26B(8)	Power to appeal against the value decided by the Minister for the commercial timber.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009 The Purpose of this Act The purpose of this Act is to provide for: a) The way in which a local government is constituted and the nature and extent of its responsibilities and powers; and b) A system of local government in Queensland that is accountable, effective, efficient and sustainable.			
Local Government Act 2009	13	Power to carry out the responsibilities specified in section 13(3) Local Government Act 2009— (a) managing the local government; (b) managing the other local government employees through management practices that promote equal employment opportunities and are responsive to the local government's policies and priorities; (c) establishing and implementing goals and practices in accordance with the policies and priorities of the local government; (d) establishing and implementing practices about access and equity; (e) the safe custody of all records and documents; (f) complying with requests from councillors under section 170A.	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Act 2009	148E	Power to direct an authorised person to exercise a power under Division 3 of Part 3 of Chapter 5 of the Local Government Act 2009	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012			
Local Government Regulation 2012	144(1)	Power to prepare the sales notice	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	144(4)	Power to decide to offer the land for sale by negotiation	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	144(5)(a)	Power to give a copy of the sales notice to each interested party who was given a notice of intention to sell the land	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	144(5)(b)	Power to publish the sales notice on the local government's website	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	144(5)(c)	Power to display the sales notice in a conspicuous place in the local government's office	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	144(5)(d)	Power to display the sales notice in a conspicuous place on the land	Chief Executive Officer
Local Government Regulation 2012	144(5)(e)	Power to take all reasonable steps to publish the sales notice in another way to notify the public about the sale of the land	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2020			
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2020	63(2)	Power, as the holder of a plant authority, to ensure a relevant person carrying out an activity under the authority has a copy of the authority endorsed by the holder with the relevant person's name and residential address available for inspection.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2021	64(1)	Power, as the holder of a plant authority, to:- (a) give the chief executive a notice stating the nature of the change and (b) apply to the chief executive for an amendment of the authority to reflect the change.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2022	71	Power, as the holder of a protected plant growing licence, to carry out the activities listed in section 71.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	79	Power, as the holder of a protected plant harvesting licence, to take an authorised plant in accordance with section 79.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	89	Power, as the holder of a protected plant clearing permit, to carry out the activities listed in section 89.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	97	Power to apply to the chief executive for the grant of a plant authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	105	Power to comply with a request from the chief executive asking for other information or a document the chief executive requires to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	107	Power to amend an application for the grant of a plant authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	117	Power, as the holder of a plant authority, to apply to amend the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	121	Power, as the holder of a plant authority, to make written representations to the chief executive about why a proposed amendment to the plant authority should not be made.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	124	Power, as the holder of a plant authority, to make written representations to the chief executive about why the chief executive should not suspend or cancel the plant authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	125	Power to return a plant authority that has been amended to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	126	Power to return a plant authority that has been suspended to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	127	Power to return a plant authority that has been cancelled to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer

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Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	128	Power to apply to have a plant authority that has been damaged, destroyed, lost or stolen, replaced.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	129	Power to surrender a plant authority (with an accompanying notice of surrender) to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	134	Power to ask the chief executive to agree to reduce the area of the usual buffer zone for an area to be cleared.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	152	Power, as the holder of a protected plant licence in the circumstances set out in subsection 152(1), to keep a protected plant harvest record.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	153	Power, as the holder of a protected plant licence in the circumstances set out in subsection 153(1), to keep a protected plant trade record.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	154	Power, as the holder of a plant authority in the circumstances set out in subsection 154(1), to keep a record of the information listed in subsection 154(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	155	Power, as the holder of a plant authority in the circumstances set out in subsection 155(1), to keep a record of the information listed in subsection 155(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	163	Power, as the holder of a plant authority in the circumstances set out in subsection 163(1), to give the chief executive a notice stating the record or copy has been stolen, lost, destroyed or damaged.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	167	Power, as the holder of a protected plant harvesting licence in the circumstances set out in subsection 167(1), to attach a tag supplied under section 165 to the plant.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	173	Power, as the holder of a protected plant licence in the circumstances set out in subsection 173(1), to attach a protected plant harvest label.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	174	Power, as the holder of a protected plant harvesting licence in the circumstances set out in subsection 174(1), to attach a protected plant trade label.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	175	Power, as the holder of a protected plant harvesting licence in the circumstances set out in subsection 175(1), to mark or label a container containing the plant with the words required by subsection 175(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	177	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 177(2), to remove a harvest label.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	190(1)	Power, as an affected person, to apply for a review of a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	190(2)	Power, as an affected person, to ask the chief executive for an information notice for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	192	Power to agree to a longer period for the chief executive to comply with section 192.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	193	Power, as an affected person, to apply to QCAT for a stay of the operation of a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2023	194	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 194(1), to apply to QCAT for a review of an internal review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017			
Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017	14(2)(b)	Power, as trustee of a conservation park listed in schedule 1, column 1, to exercise the powers of the chief executive stated in schedule 1, column 3 for that park.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017	16(2)	Power, as trustee of a conservation park listed in schedule 1, column 1, to use a fee charged for a service provided in the park for giving effect to the management principles for the park.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992			
Object of this Act			
The object of this Act is the conservation of nature while allowing for the involvement of indigenous people in the management of protected areas in which they have an interest under Aboriginal tradition or Island custom.			
Nature Conservation Act 1992	43A(6)	Power, as a person given written notice about a proposal to declare an area of land a special wildlife reserve, to make a submission to the Minister about the proposal.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	43B(1)	Power, as a landholder, to enter a conservation agreement with the Minister for a proposed special wildlife reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	43E(1)	Power, as a landholder, to agree with the Minister to amend a conservation agreement for a special wildlife reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	43F(1)	Power, as a landholder of land in a special wildlife reserve, to consent to the Minister giving a lease, agreement, licence, permit or other authority over or in relation to the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	43F(1)(c) and 43F(3)	Power, as a landholder of land in a special wildlife reserve, to give a lease or sublease over the land, to obtain the consent of the chief executive for that lease or sublease, and to lodge the lease for registration with the entity required by section 43F(3).	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	43L	Power, where a special wildlife reserve is declared over freehold land or land in a lease under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , and Council intends, under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> to surrender all or part of the freehold land or lease, allow the lease to expire at the end of its term or transfer the lease, to obtain the chief executive's written consent.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	44(4)	Power, as a landholder, to make a submission to the Minister about the proposed declaration of a nature refuge.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	45(1) and 48(1)	Power, as a landholder, to enter a conservation agreement with the Minister about the declaration of a nature refuge.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	47(2)	Power, as a landholder, to request the cancellation of a conservation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer

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Nature Conservation Act 1992	49(2)(c)	Power, as a landholder, to make an objection to a proposed compulsory declaration of a nature refuge.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	67(5)	Power, as a landholder, to claim compensation for injurious affection arising out of the declaration of a nature refuge under section 49 of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	100K	Power, as a local government, to prepare a statement of management intent for protected wildlife required by the Minister and publish it on Council's website.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	108(1)	Power, as a landholder of land subject to an interim conservation order, to claim compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	115A(3)(c)	Power, as a landholder, to make a submission about a draft management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	120EA	Power, as a landholder intending to enter a conservation agreement for a special wildlife reserve, to prepare and give the Minister a management program for the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	120EF(1)	Power, as a landholder of land in a special wildlife reserve, to prepare an amended management program for the reserve and give it to the chief executive for approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	120GA	Power, as a landholder of land in a special wildlife reserve, to jointly review the management program for the reserve with the chief executive, and agree to prepare an amended management program under section 120EF or leave the management program unchanged.	Chief Executive Officer
Nature Conservation Act 1992	137A(5)	Power, as a landholder, to claim compensation for injurious affection arising where- (a) a regulation is made, or a conservation plan is approved, for an area identified under the regulation or plan as, or including, a critical habitat or an area of major interest; and (b) a landholder's interest in land in the area is injuriously affected by a restriction or prohibition imposed under the regulation or plan on the landholder's existing use of the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992 The Purpose of this Act An Act to provide for the recognition, exercise and any necessary and reasonable restrictions of the right of peaceful assembly and for related purposes.			
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992	4	Power to nominate an officer of Council as a "representative".	Chief Executive Officer
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992	10(2)(c)	Power, as an owner or occupier, to give a notice under subsection (2)(c).	Chief Executive Officer
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992	13(1)(d)	Power, as a relevant authority, to engage in a mediation process.	Chief Executive Officer
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992	15(1)	Power, as a relevant authority, to notify the organiser in writing that it does not oppose the holding of the assembly.	Chief Executive Officer
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992	15(2)	Power, as a relevant authority, to participate in a mediation process.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 The Purpose of this Act An Act to establish an efficient, effective, transparent, integrated, coordinated, and accountable system.			
Planning Act 2016	10	Power to make submissions to the Minister about the making or amending of a State Planning instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	48(3)(b)	Power to keep a list of persons who are appropriately qualified to be an assessment manager in relation to a particular type of development.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	48(3)(d)	Power to enter an agreement with a person on Council's list of persons who are appropriately qualified to be an assessment manager in relation to a particular type of development.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	57	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	59	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	62	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	64(9)	Power to consult with the Minister about making or amending the instrument mentioned in subsection (8)(c).	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	65	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	71	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	82		Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	82A	Power to act as an "additional referral agency" for a change application where section 82A applies. For the avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions of an additional referral agency and consider all matters as detailed in section 82A of the Planning Act 2016.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	85		Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	93(1)	A direction given by the Minister must state— (a) the Minister's reasons for the direction; and (b) the State interest for which the direction is given. (2) The recipient of the direction must comply with the direction. (3) The Minister may consider any failure to comply with the direction when exercising another power under this part.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	93(2)	Power to comply with a direction given by the Minister.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	100	If the Minister gives a direction to a referral agency, the decision-maker must not decide the application until the referral agency complies with the direction.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	101		Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	107	(1) A use or preservation covenant entered into in connection with a development application is of no effect unless the covenant is required under— (a) a development condition; or (b) an infrastructure agreement. (2) If— (a) the requirement for a use or preservation covenant under a development condition or infrastructure agreement is removed; or (b) the development approval or infrastructure agreement lapses, the covenantee must register an instrument releasing the covenant. (3) If a development condition or infrastructure agreement is changed in a way that affects rights or responsibilities under a use or preservation covenant— (a) the covenantee and the covenantor must execute a valid instrument that amends the covenant to reflect the change; and (b) the covenantor must register the instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	118	Power to carry out the steps required after making a charges resolution.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	120	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	121	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	128(2)	Power, as a local government with a LGIP that does not identify adequate trunk infrastructure to service the subject premises, to impose a development condition requiring development infrastructure necessary to service the premises to be provided at a stated time.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	129	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	132	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	133	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	134	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	137	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	141		Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	145	TBA	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	170	Power to give notice of the giving or withdrawal of an enforcement notice to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	214	Power, as an enforcement authority in an offence proceeding, to apply for a disposal order.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	221	Power to make a claim for compensation from the State where Council incurs loss because of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power by or for an inspector.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	229(4)	Power as a respondent or co-respondent to be heard in an appeal.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	230(6)	Power to elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	246(2)	Power to give the registrar information that the registrar reasonably requires for the proceedings.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	248	Power to appear as a party to a tribunal proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	249	Power to make submissions to the tribunal	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	257	Power to give notice to the Registrar once a tribunal's direction or order has been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	267(13)	Power to note the registration of premises on Council's planning scheme.	Chief Executive Officer

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Planning Act 2016	270	Power, as an owner of premises in an affected area, before entering into a lease of the premises with a person, to give a notice that states - (a)the premises are in an affected area; and (b)that restrictions may apply to the person in taking proceedings about emissions from registered premises in the affected area.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016	275B	Power to serve a document and give a copy of the document as permitted by section 275B.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules			
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	1.2	Power, as an assessment manager, to determine if the application is a properly made application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	2.3	Power, as an assessment manager, to give a confirmation notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	3.2	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period for the applicant to comply with all actions in the action notice and give notice to the assessment manager that it has complied.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	3.4	Power, as an assessment manager, to give a confirmation notice if the applicant has complied with the action notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	3.5	Power, as an assessment manager, to accept the application as a properly made application after giving an action notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	3.6(b)	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree on a further period for giving a confirmation notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	5.1	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period for the applicant to give a copy of the application to a referral agency.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	8.1(b)	Power, as a referral agency, to give a copy of the action notice to the assessment manager.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	8.2	Power, as a referral agency, to agree to a further period for the applicant to comply with all the actions in the action notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	8.2(b)	Power, as a referral agency, where the applicant has complied with all the actions in the action notice, to give a referral confirmation notice to the applicant and a copy to the assessment manager.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	8.3(b)	Power, as a referral agency, to give the assessment manager notice that the application is taken to have not been referred.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	11.2	Power, as an assessing authority, to agree to receive further information from the applicant during the development assessment process.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	12.2	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period in which to make the information request.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	12.4	Power, as a referral agency, to agree to a further period in which to make the information request.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	13.1	Power, as an assessing authority, to agree to a further period for the applicant to respond to the information request.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	18.1	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period for the applicant to give notice of compliance with the public notice requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	19.3	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period to consider the submissions.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	22.1(a)	Power, as the assessment manager, to agree to a further period to assess and decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	26.1	Power, as the assessment manager, to determine whether the change:- (a)only deals with a matter raised in a properly made submission for the application; or (b)is in response to an information request for the application; or (c)is in response to further advice provided by an assessing authority about the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	26.2(b)	Power, as the assessment manager, to determine whether the change:- (a)would be likely to attract a submission objecting to the thing comprising the change if public notification were to apply to the change; (b)only addresses a matter raised in a properly made submission.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	26.5	Power, as a referral agency, despite section 11.1, to make an information request as a result of a referral under section 26.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	27.2	Power, as an assessing authority, despite section 11.1, to make an information request about the change.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	27.3	Power, as the assessment manager, to determine whether the change would be likely to attract a submission objecting to the thing comprising the change, if public notification were to apply to the change.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	29.2	Power, as a party to the application, to give notice to each other party that the applicant has not referred the application in accordance with section 54(1) of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	33.1	Power, as a party who initiated an extension under the DA rules, to give a copy of the agreement to any other party to the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Act 2016 - Development Assessment Rules	38.2	Power, as an assessment manager, to give a notice to the applicant extending the decision period until a day no later than 10 days after the end of the caretaker period.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning and Environment Court Act 2016			

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<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	11(1)	Power to start a declaratory proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2017</i>	11(2)	Power, as the assessment manager, to start a declaratory proceeding for a matter done, to be done or that should have been done in relation to the call in.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2018</i>	16	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to participate in an ADR process.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2019</i>	16(3)	Power, as a party, to confer with the ADR registrar about the way to conduct the P&E Court proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2020</i>	18(1)	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to agree to the resolution of all or part of the dispute in an ADR process. Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding who has agreed on resolution of the dispute, to sign the resolution agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2021</i>	20(1)	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to apply to the P&E Court for an order giving effect to an agreement reached as a result of an ADR process.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2022</i>	21(2)(a)	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to agree to the ADR registrar or mediator disclosing information acquired as part of the ADR process.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2023</i>	26(2)	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding for which the ADR registrar is exercising, or has exercised, a power, to apply for a court review.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2024</i>	27(1)(a)	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to consent in writing to the ADR registrar making an order or direction in the proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2025</i>	41(2)(a)	Power to consent to a person starting a declaratory proceeding or a proceeding for an enforcement order under the Planning Act on behalf of Council.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2026</i>	41(3)	Power to pay the expenses, including legal costs, incurred by the representative in relation to the proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2027</i>	63(1)	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to appeal a decision in the proceeding.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2028</i>	64(1)	Power to apply to the Court of Appeal for leave to appeal.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2027</i>	64(2)	Power to file and serve a Notice of Appeal following the granting of leave by the Court of Appeal.	Chief Executive Officer
Planning Regulation 2017			
<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	3(2)	The local government must give notice of the approval to the person making the request within— (a)if the request complies with the criteria stated in section 2 when it is received by the local government—20 business days after it is received; or (b)if the request does not comply with the criteria stated in section 2 when it is received by the local government—20 business days after the person gives notice to the local government that the criteria stated in section 2 have been complied with; or (c)another period agreed between the local government and the person making the request.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2018</i>	68E(1)	Power to publish certain material listed in subsection (1) on Council's website after adoption of the economic support instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2019</i>	68E(1)(3)(b)	Power to give a copy of the economic support instrument and adoption notice to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2020</i>	68G(2)	Power to publish notice of revocation of an economic support instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Planning Regulation 2021</i>	68G(6)	Power to give a copy of the notice to the chief executive as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 business days, after the day mentioned in subsection (3).	Chief Executive Officer
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018			
The Purpose of this Act			
An Act about plumbing and draining, the licensing of plumbers and drainers and for other purposes.			
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	135	Power, generally, to administer the Act within Council's local government area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	135(4)	Power to administer the Act those areas not under Council's control that it has been requested to administer by the entity that has control of the area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	136	Power to monitor greywater use facilities in Council's local government area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	137	Power to monitor an on-site sewerage facility in Council's local government area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	144(1)	Power to give a show cause notice to a person who Council proposes to give an enforcement notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	144(3)(b)	Power to receive written submissions from a person given a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	145(2)	Power to form the reasonable belief that it is not possible or practical to take steps stated in section 145(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	146(2)(b)	Power to consider written submissions from a person given a show cause notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	150	Power to give an action notice if provided for in a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	157(2)(m)	Power to recover costs from the owner of premises for costs incurred in carrying out plumbing or drainage work on the premises if provided for in a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	157(2)(n)	Power to keep a register if provided for in a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019			
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	17(3)	Power to give the chief executive the information asked for under subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	26(2)	Power to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive under subsection (1)	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	73(4)	Power, in the circumstances identified in subsection (1) and where Council has refused to accept the remote area compliance notice, to ensure the decision notice includes, or is accompanied by, an information notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2020</i>	73(6)	Power, where Council is taken to have decided to refuse to accept the remote area compliance notice, to give an information notice about the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003			
The Purpose of this Act			
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	9	Power to administer and enforce the Act for Council's area.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2004</i>	69	Power to, where Council is the first local government and has been notified by a second local government of their reasonable belief that a mobile license holder or operator has breached their licence conditions, take action under the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2004</i>	74	Power to issue an identity card to an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2004</i>	110	Power to charge a business proprietor an inspection fee to check if the remedial notice given by an authorised person acting for Council to the proprietor has been complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2005</i>	111(6)	Power to prosecute a business proprietor or operator for the contravention of a relevant provision for which a remedial notice has been issued.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2006</i>	111(7)	Power to prosecute a business proprietor or operator for the contravention of a relevant provision without an authorised person first issuing a remedial notice for the contravention.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2004</i>	137	Power to, following the conviction of a person of an offence against this Act, apply to the court for an order against the person for the payment of the costs Council has incurred in taking a thing or doing something else during the investigation of the offence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2004</i>	143	Power to commence proceedings against a person who has committed an offence against the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Act 2005			
The Purpose of this Act			
An Act to protect and promote the health of the Queensland Public and for other purposes.			
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	13	Power to administer and enforce the Act regarding local government public health risks and a regulation made under section 61 stating that the regulation is to be administered and enforced by local governments only.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2006</i>	31	Power, as an issuing authority, to recover the amount, plus interest, a person has been ordered to pay under an enforcement order as an overdue rate payable to Council under the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	84	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for the disclosure of confidential information.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2006</i>	160B(1)	Power, as a person in charge of an education and care service or QEC approved service to take any of the actions mentioned in subsection 160B(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2007</i>	160C(1)	Power, as a person in charge of an education and care service or QEC approved service to take any of the actions mentioned in subsection 160C(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	362MAF(4)	Power, as a relevant person, to take all reasonable steps to ensure a person who works at a business, activity or undertaking owned, controlled or operated by the relevant person does not disclose the relevant information to anyone else, or use the relevant information, unless the relevant information is disclosed in compliance with the subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2006</i>	362MAH(2)	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances listed in subsection 362MAH(1), to disclose the relevant information in compliance with the subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2006</i>	406	Power, as an issuing authority, to recover the amount payable, including interest, of the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by Council in exercising powers under section 388 or 405 as an overdue rate payable to Council under the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	415	Power, as an owner of a thing seized by an authorised person, to inspect the thing and, if it is a document, to copy it.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2006</i>	443(1)(b)	Power to apply to the court for an order against a person convicted of an offence against the Act for the payment of the costs Council has incurred in taking a thing or doing something else during the investigation of the offence.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2006</i>	450	Power, as an owner of a thing forfeited to a relevant entity under section 413(1), to appeal against a decision resulting in the forfeiture of the thing.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2007</i>	454B(3)	Power to recover contribution from a prescribed person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2008</i>	454C(2)	Power to comply with the indemnity conditions in relation to each asbestos-related event to which the official conduct relates.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Public Health Act 2009</i>	454CA(2)	Power to give notice of the proceeding to the State.	Chief Executive Officer

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	454G	Power to ensure each authorised person who exercises powers under the Act in relation to an asbestos-related event has satisfactorily completed the training prescribed by regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
	454I	Power to keep the records prescribed in subsections 454I(1), (2) for each asbestos-related event.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Health Regulation 2018			
Public Health Regulation 2018	6, 15, and 22	Power to administer and enforce Part 2, Divisions 1, 2 and 3.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Records Act 2002 The Purpose of this Act The main purposes of this Act are to ensure: a) The public records of Queensland are made, managed, kept and, if appropriate, preserved in a useable form for the benefit of present and future generations; and b) Public access to records under this Act is consistent with the principles of the Right to Information Act 2009 and the Information Privacy Act 2009.			
Public Records Act 2002	7(1)(a)	Power to make and keep records of Council's activities.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Records Act 2003	7(1)(b)	Power to have regard to any relevant policy, standards and guidelines made by the archivist about the making and keeping of public records.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Records Act 2004	8(1)	Power to ensure the safe custody and preservation of Council's records.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Records Act 2003	11(2)	Power to give a public record in Council's possession, which is 25 years old or less, to the State archivist.	Chief Executive Officer
Public Records Act 2004	14(2)	Power to take action to ensure that a public record remains able to be produced or made available.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1992 The Purpose of this Act An Act to provide for the conservation of Queensland's cultural heritage for the benefit of the community and future generations.			
Queensland Heritage Act 1992	50A	Power, as the owner, to give the Heritage Council a heritage response to the heritage recommendation.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1993	50B(3)	Power, as the owner, to agree in writing with the Heritage Council on a later day by which the heritage response must be given.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1994	52	Power, as the owner of a place the subject of a heritage recommendation to agree to extend the day for making the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1995	56B	Power, as the owner of a place, to apply to the chief executive to have the place excluded from entry into the Queensland heritage register as a State heritage place including all powers authorised or required by Part 4 of the Act for the purpose of making the application and having the place excluded.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1996	58	Power, as the owner of a place referred to in subsection (1), to give notice to the chief executive before a prescribed application is made for the place.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1997	59	Power, as the owner of a place in the circumstances referred to in subsections (1) or (3), to advise the chief executive of a development approval and within the relevant period advise the chief executive of the relevant application.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1998	71	Power to make a submission about development the State proposes to carry out on a Queensland heritage place.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1993	89	Power to give the chief executive notice of the discovery of an archaeological artefact or underwater cultural heritage artefact.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1994	94 and 95	Power to apply to the chief executive for compensation for a loss suffered because of the exercise of a power under section 92 including all powers authorised or required by Part 9, Division 2 to obtain compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1995	98	Power to apply to QCAT for an external review of a compensation decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1996	105 and 106	Power to apply to the chief executive for a permit to enter a protected area including all powers authorised or required by Part 10, Division 1 to obtain the permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1997	110	Power to respond to a show cause notice in relation to a proposal to cancel a permit to enter a protected area.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1998	111	Power to appeal to the Planning & Environment Court in relation to those matters listed in subsection (1).	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1993	161	Power, as a person identified in subsection (1), to appeal to the Planning & Environment Court against the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Heritage Act 1994	165	Power, as a local government, to provide any information or assistance that the Minister or chief executive reasonably requires for the purposes of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011			
Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011	42(5)	Power to request the Minister to declare a project for proposed development to be a declared project.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2012	43(7)	Power to agree about the declaration of acquisition land.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2013	43(8)	Power to request the Minister to declare a part of the State to be a reconstruction area and/or acquisition land.	Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2014	49	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to comply with a progression notice given by the authority.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2015</i>	50	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to comply with a notice to decide given by the authority.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2016</i>	53(1)	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to give the authority all reasonable assistance or materials it requires.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2017</i>	53(2)	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to give the authority a written report containing the information prescribed in subsection 53(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2018</i>	53(4)	Power to give the authority a written recommendation to impose a condition for infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2019</i>	80(2)	Power, as a referral agency for a relevant application, to assess the application having regard to the development scheme and give the weight considered appropriate to any amendment or replacement of the development scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2020</i>	80(3)	Power, as an assessment manager for a relevant application, to assess the application against the matters stated in the development scheme as assessment benchmarks for the Planning Act and give the weight considered appropriate to any amendment or replacement of the development scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2021</i>	81	Power, as a responsible entity for a change application, to assess the application against the development scheme and give the weight considered appropriate to any amendment or replacement of the development scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2022</i>	92(3)	Power, as an assessment manager, to comply with the requirements under the Planning Act about giving public access to development approvals, as if the notice were a development approval.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2020</i>	111(2)	Power to request the Minister to direct the local government to take particular action about a local planning instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2021</i>	111(3)	Power to make submissions to the Minister about a proposal to direct the local government to take particular action about a local planning instrument.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2022</i>	112	Power to comply with a direction of the Minister given under section 112.	Chief Executive Officer
Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)			
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	20(5)	Power to comply with a notice issued by the Regulator pursuant to section 20(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	105(2)(a)	Power, as a road manager, to enter an interface agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	107(2)(a)	Power, as a road manager of a public road, to identify and assess, so far as is reasonably practicable, risks to safety from the existence or use of any rail or road crossing that is part of the road infrastructure because of the circumstances listed in subsection 107(2)(a)(i) and 107(2)(a)(ii).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	107(2)(b)	Power, as a road manager of a public road, to determine measures to manage, so far as is reasonably practicable, the risks identified pursuant to section 107(2)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	107(2)(c)	Power, as a road manager of a public road, for the purposes of managing risks identified under section 107(2)(a), to seek to enter an interface agreement with the rail infrastructure manager of the rail infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	108(2)(a)	Power, as a road manager of a private road given a written notice under section 108(1)(c)(i), to identify and assess, so far as is reasonably practicable, risks to safety from the existence or use of any rail or road crossing that is part of the road infrastructure of the road because of, or partly because of, railway operations.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	108(2)(b)	Power, as a road manager of a private road given a written notice under section 108(1)(c)(i), to determine measures to manage, so far as is reasonably practicable, risks identified pursuant to section 108(2)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	108(2)(c)	Power, as a road manager of a private road given a written notice under section 108(1)(c)(i), to enter into an interface agreement with the rail infrastructure manager to manage risks identified pursuant to section 108(2)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	110(6)	Power, as a road manager, to comply with a notice given by the Regulator under section 110(2) or a direction given under section 110(4).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	111(2)	Power, as a road manager, to maintain a register of interface agreements, and arrangements determined by the Regulator under section 110, in relation to roads for which it is the road manager.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	168A(4)	Power to make available for inspection by a rail safety officer, or produce to the officer for inspection, particular documents.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	177	Power to comply with an improvement notice within the period specified in the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	181	Power to comply with a direction given under Part 4, Division 8 or a prohibition notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	199(1)	Power to notify the relevant rail infrastructure manager before carrying out any works near a railway that threaten, or are likely to threaten, the safety of the railway or the operational integrity of the railway.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	199(4)	Power to comply with a notice given by the Regulator under section 199(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	199(6)	Power to comply with a notice given by the Regulator under section 199(5).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)</i>	216	Power, if an eligible person, to apply for a review of a reviewable decision.	Chief Executive Officer

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Rail Safety National Law (Queensland)	217	Power, if an eligible person, to apply to the Court against: (a) a reviewable decision made by the Regulator; or (b) a decision made, or taken to have been made, by the Regulator under section 216 in respect of a reviewable decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002 The Purpose of this Act An Act to regulate the conduct of residential services			
Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002	29(1)	Power, on application by a person conducting, or proposing to conduct, a residential service in premises, to assess and determine whether a building complies with the prescribed building requirements.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002	29(4)	Power, where a building does not comply with the prescribed building requirements, to give notice of the decision stating those matters required by section 29(4).	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 The Purpose of this Act The main objectives of this Act are to state the rights and obligations of: a) Tenants, lessors and agents for residential tenancies; and b) Residents, providers and agendas for rooming accommodation			
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	83(3)	Power to give the tenant a written notice stating an approved way, or a different approved way, as the way in which rent is required, or is proposed, to be paid. Power to agree in writing to payments of rent being made in the way stated in a written notice received from the tenant.	
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	84(2)	Power to give the tenant a written notice that gives the tenant a choice of at least 2 approved ways for payment of rent under section 83(4)(a) to (f) and advises about costs associated with the approved way.	
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	85(2)	Power to give a written notice stating a place, or a different place, as the place at which rent is required to be paid.	
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	100(2)	Power to give a written notice stating a place, or a different place, as the place where rent is required to be paid.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	119(2)	Power, as a lessor under a residential tenancy agreement in the circumstances set out in subsection 119(1), to pay to the authority an amount equal to the maximum rental bond for the agreement or the difference between the maximum rental bond and the amount of rental bond actually paid.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	125	Power to apply to the authority for payment of a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	136A	Power to make a dispute resolution request to the authority about an application for payment of a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	136B(2)	Power to make an application to the tribunal for an order about the payment of a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	136B(4)	Power, where an application has been made to the tribunal, to give the authority written notice of the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	136C(2)	Power, as an interested person, to make a written request to the authority for an extension of the claim period.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	136(5)	Power to give the Residential Tenancies Authority a written application requesting it to extend the 7 day period by not more than 3 days.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	140	Power to withdraw an application to the Residential Tenancies Authority for the payment of a rental bond.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	156	Power to require a prospective tenant to pay a key deposit.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	157	Power to give a receipt for a key deposit that was paid by a prospective tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	158	Power to refund a key deposit in full when the key is returned.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	159	Power to require a prospective tenant to pay a holding deposit for a tenancy of premises.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	161(2)	Power to refund the holding deposit to the prospective tenant within 3 days after notification that the prospective tenant intends not to exercise the option.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	169(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for a decision about: (a) the amount of the lessor's outgoing for a service charge payable by the tenant; or (b) the amount of the reduced rent payable under the agreement because a service or facility ceases to be available for use by the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	201	Power to apply to a tribunal to enter the premises under order of the tribunal, and to comply with the rules of entry as changed by the tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	205(1)	Power to ask the tenant the tenant's name or place of employment.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	205(3)(a)	Power to ask the tenant in writing to state the new address.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	206	Power to give a written notice to the tenant stating the lessor's and/or the lessor's agent's name and address for service including any change of such details.	Chief Executive Officer

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Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	207 and 208	Power to give a written notice to the tenant stating the lessor's and/or the lessor's agent's name and address for service including any change of such details.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	209	Power to waive the breach by a tenant attaching a fixture or making a structural change to the premises without the lessor's agreement and to treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the premises for the lessor's benefit.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	210	Power to supply and maintain the locks and keys that are necessary to ensure the premises are reasonably secure.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	213	Power to apply to a tribunal about a lock or key for the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	227	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about the relocation of a tenant to another site in the moveable dwelling park.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	228	Power to make rules about the use, enjoyment, control and management of a moveable dwelling park owned by Council.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	231	Power as an owner of a moveable dwelling park to set up a park liaisons committee to consider objections received to the proposal to change a park rule.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	231(3)(b)	Power to be Council's nominee on the park liaison committee.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	231(6)	Power to give a non resolution notice to each of the objectors objecting to a change of a park rule.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	240	Power to require the tenant to pay an amount equivalent to the reasonable expenses incurred by the lessor in agreeing to the transfer or subletting.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	241(1)	Power to require a tenant to pay a fee for the sale or attempted sale of a caravan on the premises.	
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	243(7)	Power to be heard on an application by a person occupying the premises to be recognised as a tenant under an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	245(8)	Power to be heard before a tribunal on an application by a person to be recognised as the tenant or a co tenant under an agreement instead of the person's domestic associate.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	246(6)	Power to be heard before a tribunal on the application of an occupant for an order to be recognised as the tenant, or a co tenant under an agreement instead of the tenant or co tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	247(2)	Power to agree about cleaning common areas for a common area used by the resident and a minority of other residents of the provider.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	250(1)	Power to supply and maintain the locks that are necessary to ensure the resident's room is reasonably secure	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	251	Power to agree to change or repair a lock at the request of a resident.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	252	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order relating to a lock or key mentioned in section 250.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	256(1)	Power to waive a breach by a resident who attaches a fixture or makes a structural change to rental premises without the provider's agreement, or to treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the rental premises for the provider's benefit.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	258(1)	Power to enter a resident's room, at a reasonable time, to inspect the room and to give notice of the entry.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	260	Power to enter a resident's room without notice for one of the reasons set out in section 260.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	264	Power to make an application to a tribunal for an order to enter the resident's room, which entry may be subject to rules of entry as changed by the tribunal.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	275	Power to give a person a copy of the house rules for the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	276	Power to display a copy of the house rules at a place in the rental premises where it is likely to be seen by the residents.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	303	Power to remedy a lessor's breach following receipt of a notice to remedy breach from the tenant.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	308C(2)	Power, after receiving the notice ending tenancy interest, to inform the vacating tenant whether the lessor proposes to apply to the tribunal under section 308H to have the notice set aside.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	308C(3)	Power, if there are other tenants for the residential tenancy agreement, to inform the vacating tenant of the matters set out in subsection 308C(3).	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	308E(3)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 308E(1), to give each remaining tenant for the agreement a continuing interest notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	308H(2)	Power to apply to the tribunal for an order setting aside the notice because it does not comply with section 308B.	Chief Executive Officer
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008	324A(1)	Power, as lessor, to:- (a) give the tenant's personal representative or relative written notice that the agreement ends because of the tenant's death; (b) agree with the tenant's personal representative or relative on a day for the tenancy to end; (c) apply to the tribunal to decide the day for the tenancy to end.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	334(2)	Power to agree to the tenant withdrawing a notice of intention to leave the premises.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	358	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order requiring the tenant to pay compensation for the tenant remaining in possession and an occupation fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	362	Power to take all reasonable steps to mitigate loss or expense incurred because of the matters set out in section 362(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	363(8)	Power to pay any balance from the sale of goods of a former tenant to the public trustee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	363(10)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order for an entitlement to receive an amount in the fund kept under the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> .	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	364	Power to give documents left on the premises in the ways prescribed under section 364.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	378	Power to remedy a provider's breach following receipt of a notice requiring remedy of breach from the resident.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	381C(2)	Power, after receiving the notice ending residency interest, to inform the vacating resident whether the provider proposes to apply to the tribunal under section 381H to have the notice set aside.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	381C(3)	Power, if there are other residents for the rooming accommodation agreement, to inform the vacating resident of the matters set out in subsection 381C(3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	381E(3)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 381E(1), to give each remaining resident for the agreement a continuing interest notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	381H(2)	Power to apply to the tribunal for an order setting aside the notice because it does not comply with section 381B.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	387A(1)	Power, as a provider, to:- (a) give the resident's personal representative or relative written notice that the agreement ends because of the resident's death; (b) agree with the resident's personal representative or relative on a day for the agreement to end; (c) apply to the tribunal to decide the day for the agreement to end.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	392	Power to deal with personal document or money in the ways stated in the section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	425(2)	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about a disputed ground stated in a notice to remedy breach or a notice of intention to leave premises (other than a notice of intention to leave without ground).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	430(2)	Power to be heard before the tribunal on an application regarding a dispute between cotenants or coresidents about a rental bond for an agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	449	Power to claim compensation for a loss or expense incurred because of the exercise or purported exercise of a power under Chapter 7, Part 2.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	458A(2) and 458B(2)	Power to give an applicant a written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	459	Power to list personal information about a person in a tenancy database after complying with the requirements of section 459(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	459A(2)	Power, in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to give a database operator written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	459A(4)	Power to keep a copy of a written notice given under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	459C(2)	Power to give a copy of a person's personal information listed about the person.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>			
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21B(1)	Power, as a lessor, to give the prospective lessee:- (a) a draft of the lease; and (b) a disclosure statement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21B(2)	Power, as a prospective lessee, to give the lessor a waiver notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21C(1)	Power, as a prospective sublessor, to request a head lessor disclosure statement from the lessor and pay the lessor's reasonable expenses incurred for preparation of the head lessor disclosure statement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21C(2)(a)	Power, as a lessor, to give the prospective sublessor a head lessor disclosure statement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21E(2)	Power, as a lessor, to give the lessee a current disclosure statement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21E(3)	Power, as a lessee, to give a renewal notice with or without a waiver notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21E(4)	Power, as a lessee, upon receiving the current disclosure statement, to give the lessor a written notice stating that the renewal notice is withdrawn.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21F(1)	Power, as a lessee in the circumstances set out in subsection 21F(1), to terminate the retail shop lease by giving written notice to the lessor.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	21F(5)	Power, as a lessor, to pay to the lessee the reasonable compensation decided by way of the dispute resolution process.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	22	Power, as a lessor, to give the lessee the signed lease document or a certified copy of the signed lease.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	22B	Power, as the assignor of a retail shop lease for a leased shop, to give a prospective assignee a disclosure statement and a copy of the current lease.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	22B(1A)(b)	Power, as a prospective assignee, to give the assignor a waiver notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	22B(2)	Power, as a prospective assignee, to give the assignor a waiver notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	22B(3)	Power, as an assignor, to give the lessor a copy of the disclosure statement given to the assignee to the lessor.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	22C(1)	Power, as a lessor, to give the prospective assignee a disclosure statement and a copy of the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	22C(2)(b)	Power, as a prospective assignee, to give the lessor a waiver notice.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	26(2)	Power, as a lessor, to disclose the information permitted by the section.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	26(3)(b)	Power, as a lessee, to agree to a person given information under subsection 26(2)(b)(i), (ii) or (iii) disclosing the information to someone else.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	27(8)(b)	Power, as a major lessee before the lease is entered, to give the lessor a written notice stating the lessee agrees that subsections 27(2) to (7) do not apply in relation to the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	27A(1A)(b)	Power, as a major lessee before the lease is entered, to give the lessor a written notice stating the lessee agrees that part 6, division 4, subdivision 2 does not apply in relation to the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	27A(2)	Power, as a lessee, to give written notice to the lessor asking for the current market rent to be determined. Power, as a lessee or a lessor, to agree on the current market rent.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	28(2)	Power, as a lessee or a lessor, to agree on the specialist retail valuer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	28A(5)	Power, as a lessee or a lessor, to give a submission to the valuer and give a copy to the other party.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	28A(6)	Power, as a lessee or a lessor, who receives a copy of a submission to give the valuer a written response to it.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	30(1)	Power, as a lessor, to give the valuer the relevant information required by the valuer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	34	Power, as a lessee or a lessor, to pay to the specialist retail valuer one-half of the valuer's fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	35(1)(b)	Power, as a lessee or a lessor, to agree to the valuer disclosing the information obtained under section 28A or 30 to someone else.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	35(3)	Power, as a lessee or a lessor, to agree with the valuer about the reasonable compensation to be paid by the valuer.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	38A	Power, as a lessor, to give the lessee an outgoings estimate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	38B	Power, as a lessor, to give the lessee an audited annual statement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	38C(2)	Power, as a lessee in the circumstances set out in subsection 38C(1), to withhold payment of apportionable outgoings.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	40(3)	Power, as a lessor, to pay maintenance amounts paid by the lessee for the credit of the sinking fund into an interest bearing account.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	40(4)	Power, as a lessor, to apply amounts standing to the credit of the sinking fund and interest earned on the fund for a purpose mentioned in subsection 40(1).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	40A(2)	Power, as a lessor, to make available to the lessee a marketing plan that gives details of the lessor's proposed spending on promotion and advertising during that accounting period.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	41(2)	Power, as a lessor, to apply amounts for promotion and advertising directly attributable to the centre.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	41(4)	Power, as a lessor, to make available to the audited annual statement.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	41(6)	Power, as a lessor, to carry forward the unspent promotion amount to be applied towards spending on promotion and advertising of the centre.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	43(2)	Power, as a lessee, to give the lessor written notice of the loss or damage mentioned in subsection 43(1)	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	44	Power, as a lessor or a lessee, to agree on the amount of compensation payable under part 6, division 7.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	44A(2)	Power, as a lessor, to give the lessee a written notice that complies with subsection 44A(3).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	45(2)	Power, as a lessor, to agree with the prospective secured creditor about the matters listed in subsection 45(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Retail Shop Leases Act 1994</i>	46(2)	Power, as a lessor, to give the lessee written notice of the option date.	Chief Executive Officer

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Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46AA(2)	Power, as a lessor, to by written notice to the lessee- (a)offer the lessee a renewal or extension of the lease on terms, including terms about rent, stated in the notice; or (b)tell the lessee that the lessor does not intend to offer the lessee a renewal or extension of the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46AA(3)	Power, as a lessor, to revoke an offer made under subsection 46AA(2)(a).	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46AA(4A)	Power, as a lessee, to, by written notice to the lessor, ask for an extension of the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46AA(5)	Power, as a lessee, to terminate the lease before the extended period ends by giving written notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46D	Power, as a lessor, to give the lessee a relocation notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46E(1)	Power, as a lessee who has received a relocation notice, to give the lessor a written notice terminating the lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46E(2)(a)	Power, as a lessor or lessee, to agree on the day the lease terminates.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46E(3)	Power, as a lessor or lessee, to agree on an alternative retail shop.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46E(3)(a)	Power, as a lessor or lessee, to agree on the terms and conditions of an alternative retail shop lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46G(2)	Power, as a lessor or lessee, to agree on the lessee's reasonable costs of relocation.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46I	Power, as a lessor, to give a lessor's termination notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46J	Power, as a lessee who has received a lessor's termination notice, to give the lessor a lessee's termination notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	46K(3)(a)	Power, as a lessor or lessee, to agree on reasonable compensation for loss or damage suffered by the lessee.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	48(3)(d)	Power, as a lessor or lessee, to agree on reasonable compensation for loss or damage suffered by the lessee.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	50(1)(b)	Power, as a lessor, to give the prospective lessee a copy of the prospective lessor's invoice for expenses for the preparation of the final lease.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	50(1)(c)	Power, as a lessee, to give the lessor full particulars of a proposed assignment of the lease and asked the lessor, in writing, to consent to it.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	52(c)	Power, as a lessor, to respond to a proposed assignment of the lease by the lessee.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	55	Power, as an eligible lessee, to cast a vote in a secret ballot.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	56A	Power, as a party to a retail tenancy dispute that is within a mediator's jurisdiction under section 97, to lodge the dispute notice with the commissioner and pay the fee.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	57	Power, as a party to a retail tenancy dispute, to represent Council at the mediation conference and conduct Council's case.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	61	Power, as a party to a retail tenancy dispute, to reach an agreement on the solution of the dispute and sign the mediation agreement.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	64(1)	Power, as a party to a retail tenancy dispute, to apply, as provided under the QCAT Act, to QCAT for an order to resolve the dispute.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	91(1)	Power to, by written notice given to the commissioner, withdraw a dispute notice lodged for a retail tenancy dispute	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Act 1994	113(2)(a)	Power, as a party to the dispute resolution process, to agree to the mediator or former tribunal member disclosing information coming to the knowledge of the mediator or member during the dispute resolution process or the hearing	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Regulation 2016			
Retail Shop Leases Regulation 2016	9A(2)	Power, as a party who receives a notice under the Act, section 56(1)(b)(ii), to ask the mediatory in writing to change the mediation conference date.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Regulation 2016	9B(1)	Power, as a party who receives a notice under section 9A(1), to ask the mediator in writing to mediate related disputes together at the mediation conference.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Regulation 2016	9B(2)	Power, as a party to a related dispute, to agree to the mediator mediating the related disputes together at the mediation conference.	Chief Executive Officer
Retail Shop Leases Regulation 2016	9C	Power, as a party to a dispute, to agree with the mediator to the mediation being held using technology.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009			
The Purpose of this Act			
An Act to give a right of access to information in the government's possession or under the government's control unless, on balance, it is contrary to the public interest to give the access.			
Right to Information Act 2009	22	Power to disclose information under a publication scheme, without limiting another way Council may disclose information.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	27(2)	Power to give access to a document created after the application is received but before notice is given under section 54.	Chief Executive Officer

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Right to Information Act 2009	29(2)	Power to search for a document from a backup system if Council considers the search appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	30(5)(b)	Power to appoint an appropriately qualified healthcare professional to make a healthcare decision in relation to an access application.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	89(1)	Power, as an agency, to participate in an external review.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2010	89(2)	Power to apply to the information commissioner to participate in an external review if Council is affected by the decision the subject of the external review.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	96(1)	Power to comply with a reasonable request from the Commissioner for further assistance with an external review.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	97(2)(b)	Power to make oral or written submissions to the Commissioner in an external review.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	97(3)	Power to seek the approval of the Commissioner for Council to be represented by another person in an external review and to appoint the representative.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	98	Power to respond to a preliminary inquiry from the Commissioner.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	99(1)	Power to give the applicant for external review and the commissioner an additional statement containing further and better particulars of the reasons for the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	100	Power to give the commissioner full and free access at all reasonable times to the documents of the agency or Minister concerned, including documents protected by legal professional privilege.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	101(2)	Power to give the commissioner a written transcript of the words recorded or contained in a document and a written document created using equipment that is usually available to Council for retrieving or collating stored information.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	102	Power to conduct a particular further search, or further searches, for a document when required to by the commissioner.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	103	Power to comply with a notice issued by the commissioner pursuant to this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Right to Information Act 2009	111(2)	Power, as a participant in an external review, to apply to the information commissioner to correct an error in a written decision of the commissioner.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940			
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	3(3)	Power to, either singly or jointly, apply to the Minister for the establishment, change or abolition of a river improvement trust area.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	5(1)(a)	Power to appoint a councillor to a river improvement trust.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	5(3)	Power to decide the term of appointment for a councillor appointed pursuant to subsection (1)(a) or (2).	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	5A(1)	Power to appoint a councillor to a river improvement trust where the office becomes vacant.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	5A(2)	Power to comply with a notice from the Minister requiring Council to appoint a councillor to a vacant office.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	5A(5B)	Power to give the Minister the local government's views on the recommendation of an appointment to the Governor in Council.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	5K	Power to remove a person from office as a member of a trust.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	6(1A)	Power to consent for the trust to appoint the chief executive officer to be its secretary.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	12A	Power to enter into a written arrangement with a trust to use the accounts and the accounting systems of Council.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	14A(1A)	Power to pay to the trust the amount of revenue estimated by the trust in the budget adopted by it for such year.	Chief Executive Officer
River Improvement Trust Act 1940	14A(1B)	Power to negotiate and agree for each financial year the amount to contribute to the trust and to pay the amount to the trust.	Chief Executive Officer
Safety in Recreational Water Activities 2011			
Safety in Recreational Water Activities 2011	29	Power, as a person who conducts a business or undertaking that provides recreational water activities, to ensure that the regulator is notified immediately after becoming aware that a notifiable incident arising out of the conduct of the business has occurred.	Chief Executive Officer
Safety in Recreational Water Activities 2011	29(7)	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking that provides recreational water activities, to keep a record of each notifiable incident for at least 5 years from the day that notice of the incident is given to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Safety in Recreational Water Activities 2011	30	Power as a person with management or control of a place at which a notifiable incident has occurred, to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the site where the incident occurred is not disturbed until an inspector arrives or otherwise directs.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999			
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	15(1)	Power, as administering authority, to approve a form for an infringement notice.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	23	Power, as administering authority, to approve (or refuse where the conditions in this section have not been complied with) an application for payment of a fine by instalments.	Chief Executive Officer

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State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	24(1)	Power, as administering authority, to submit particulars required for registration of approval of instalment payments with the State Penalties Enforcement Registry.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	28(1)	Power, as administering authority, to withdraw an infringement notice at any time before the fine is satisfied in full and take the steps required by subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	32J(1)	Power, as an approved sponsor, to apply to the registrar on behalf of the subject applicant for a work and development order to satisfy all or part of the enforceable amount of the applicant's SPER debt.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	32K(1)	Power, as an approved sponsor, to undertake an eligibility assessment.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	32K(2)	Power, as an approved sponsor, to give the registrar evidence to support the eligibility assessment.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	32O(1)	Power, as an approved sponsor, to apply to SPER on behalf of the individual for an increase in the order amount.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	32P(1)	Power, as an approved sponsor, to withdraw the work and development order because the approved sponsor is unable to continue as the approved sponsor.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	32S	Power, as the recipient of a notice under section 32L, 32O or 32Q, to apply, as provided under the QCAT Act, to QCAT for a review of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	33(1)	Power, as administering authority in the circumstances listed in subsections 33(1)(a) to (d), to give the State Penalties Enforcement Registry a default certificate for the infringement notice offence.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	33(3)	Power, as administering authority who has given a default certificate under subsection 33(1), to pay the registration fee.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	33(7)	Power, as administering authority who has given a default certificate under subsection 33(1), to give an amended default certificate to the State Penalties Enforcement Registry.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	41(2)	Power, as an approved sponsor who has the agreement of the debtor, to apply on behalf of the debtor under part 3B for:- (a)work and development order to satisfy the amount of the order; or (b)If the debtor is subject to a work and development order – a variation of the order.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	57	Power, as administering authority, to (a)accept payment of the fine in full; or (b)issue a fresh infringement notice where the registrar has cancelled an enforcement notice and referred the matter back to Council.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	81	Power, as an employer who pays earnings to an employee for whom a fine collection notice for redirection of the enforcement debtor's earnings is in force, to when paying the earnings, deduct an amount from the earnings as required under Part 5, Division 4.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	84(1)	Power, as an employer who deducts an amount from an employee's earnings under a fine collection notice, to pay the amount to the registrar and give to the registrar a return in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	84(2)	Power, as an employer who does not deduct an amount from an employee's earnings under a fine collection notice, give to the registrar a return in the approved form.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	84(3)	Power, as an employer who pays earnings to an employee while a fine collection notice relating to the employee is in force, to give the employee the written notice required under the subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	84(4)	Power, where an employee to whom a fine collection notice relates stops being an employee while the notice is in force, to give the registrar the written notice of that fact.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	94	Power, as an employer, to keep the records required to be kept by this section.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	157(2)	Power, as an administering authority, to state any matter in subsection (2) is evidence of the matter.	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	157(4)	Power, as an administering authority, to request the Registrar to give a certificate under subsection (3).	Chief Executive Officer
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999	162	Power to approve forms for use as infringement notices.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982			
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	31(1)	Power, as a statutory body, to operate a deposit and withdrawal account with a financial institution.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	21(2)	Power, as a statutory body, to seek the approval of the Treasurer to operate a deposit and withdrawal account with an overdraft facility.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	34(1)	Power, as a statutory body, to borrow money and to seek the treasurer's approval for the borrowing.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	35(3)	Power, as a statutory body, to, (a)create an encumbrance; and (b)otherwise transfer property, or assign income, by way of security, and to seek the treasurer's approval for same.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	42 and 44	Power, as a statutory body, to exercise category 1 investment powers.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	42 and 45	Power, as a statutory body, to exercise category 2 investment powers.	Chief Executive Officer

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Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	46	Power, as a statutory body, to exercise category 3 investment powers.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	47(2)	Power, as a statutory body, to keep records that show Council has invested in the way most appropriate in all the circumstances.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	52(2)	Power, as a statutory body, to- (a)obtain the Treasurer's approval for continuing with an investment arrangement referred to in section 52(1); or (b)liquidate an investment arrangement referred to in section 52(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	53(1)	Power, as a statutory body, to enter a derivative transaction.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	51(1)(b)	Power, as a statutory body, to appoint a person as an agent for Part 7, Division 1 and obtain the treasurer's approval for the appointment.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	53(2)	Power, as a statutory body, to obtain the treasurer's approval for the entering of a derivative transaction.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	55 and 56	Power, as a statutory body, to give the treasurer a report about a derivative transaction and give a copy of the report to the Minister that administers the Local Government Act 2009.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	59	Power, as a statutory body, to appoint a person as a funds manager and obtain the treasurer's approval for the appointment.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	60A	Power, as a statutory body, to enter a type 1 financial arrangement and obtain the treasurer's approval for the arrangement.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	61A	Power, as a statutory body to which section 61 applies, to enter a type 2 financial arrangement and obtain the treasurer's approval for the arrangement.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	62(1)	Power, as a statutory body, to sign documents for a financial arrangement under the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	62(2)	Power, as a statutory body, to obtain the treasurer's approval before signing for a financial arrangement that- (a)creates an encumbrance; or (b)otherwise transfers Council's property, or assigns Council's income, by way of security.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	71	Power, as a statutory body, to apply to the treasurer for approval of the exercise of a power under the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	72	Power, as a statutory body, to respond to a request from the Treasurer for a document or information the Treasurer considers necessary for considering Council's application under section 71 of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	74	Power, as a statutory body, to keep a register of the Treasurer's approvals under Part 9, Division 3 of the Act for Council's exercise of a power.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002			
Stock Route Management Act 2002	105 and 109	Power to prepare a stock route network management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	113	Power to review, or renew, its stock route network management plan when the chief executive officer of the local government considers it appropriate.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	116(2)(c)(ii)	Power, as an issuing entity, to give notice that a person may apply for a permit for the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	117	Power to by written notice, ask the applicant of a stock route permit to give further reasonable information or documents about the application by the reasonable date stated in the notice and refuse the application if the applicant does not comply.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	118	Power to grant or refuse an application for a stock route agistment permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	123	Power to grant or refuse an application to renew a stock route agistment permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	126	Power to impose on a stock route agistment permit the reasonable conditions it decides.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	127	Power to amend the conditions of a stock route agistment permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	128	Power to cancel a stock route agistment permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	130	Power to require the holder of a stock route agistment permit to return the permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	135	Power to ask the applicant to give the further reasonable information or documents about the application, and to refuse the application if the applicant does not comply.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	136	Power to grant or refuse an application for a stock route travel permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	141	Power to require a stock route travel permit holder who gives a notice of the correct particular to return the permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	142	Power to impose on a stock route travel permit the reasonable conditions it decides.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	143	Power to amend a stock route travel permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	144	Power to cancel a stock route travel permit.	Chief Executive Officer

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Stock Route Management Act 2002	146	Power to require the holder of a stock route travel permit to return the permit for an amendment under a decision made under certain sections of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	148	Power to consider it necessary to build a stock-proof fence on the boundary of land adjoining a stock route network.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	149	Power to issue a fencing notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	156	Power to give a mustering notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	160	Power to manager and conserve pasture on its stock route network.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	161(2)	Power to require an owner to reduce the number of stock on the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	180	Power to consent to the burning or removal of pasture.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	184(3)	Power to consult with the Minister about the performance of the function or obligation under the Stock Route Management Act 2002.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	184(5)	Power to take action to comply with any notice given by the Minister in relation to the administration and enforcement of the Stock Route Management Act 2002.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	187(5)	Power to pay the amount to the chief executive in the stated period.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	187A	Power to pay half of the amounts referred to in subsection (1) to the department.	Chief Executive Officer
Stock Route Management Act 2002	188	Power to provide any information that the Minister may required in relation to: (a) details of amounts payable to Council under the Stock Route Management Act 2002; and (b) functions or powers performed or exercised or required to be performed or exercised by Council under the Stock Route Management Act 2002.	Chief Executive Officer

State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999			
The Purpose of this Act			
An Act for: a) Maintaining the integrity of fines as a viable sentencing or punitive option for offenders; and b) Maintaining confidence in the justice system by enhancing the way fines and other money penalties may be enforced; and c) Reducing the cost to the State of enforcing fines and other money penalties.			
Stock Act 1915			
The Purpose of this Act			
An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to diseases in stock.			
Strong and Sustainable Resource Communities Act 2017			
Strong and Sustainable Resource Communities Act 2017	7(3)	Power to consult with the owner of a large resource project preparing an operational workforce management plan	Chief Executive Officer
Strong and Sustainable Resource Communities Act 2017	9(5)	Power to consult with the owner of, or proponent for, a large resource project described in section 9(1) about the social impact assessment prepared under section 9(2)	Chief Executive Officer
Summary Offences Act 2005			
Summary Offences Act 2005	8(2)(b)	Power to authorise a person to busk in a public place.	Chief Executive Officer
Summary Offences Act 2005	32(3)	Power to recover from the owner of a place, as a debt, any damages, including costs, paid by Council under section 32(2), if the breach of duty by the owner that caused the injury to, or death of, a local graffiti removal officer amounts to gross negligence.	Chief Executive Officer
Summary Offences Act 2005	33(2)	Power to make an agreement with the owner of a place in relation to the fee payable by Council to the owner for the removal of public graffiti by the owner.	Chief Executive Officer
Summary Offences Regulation 2016			
Summary Offences Regulation 2016	10(1)(a)	Power to consult with an entity that intends to make an application for an area of public land to be prescribed as motorbike control land about the proposal.	Chief Executive Officer
Summary Offences Regulation 2016	14(3)	Power, as entity having a legitimate interest in the area, to consult with a government entity for the purposes of reviewing the number and location of prescribed areas of motorbike control land.	Chief Executive Officer
Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003			
Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003	21(2)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to consent to a surveyor placing a permanent survey mark on the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003	34	Power, as a public authority that placed, or requested to be placed, a survey mark, to give to the chief executive a copy of a survey plan or other information necessary to establish a survey mark as a recognised permanent survey mark.	Chief Executive Officer
Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003	39	Power, where the survey mark is on a road under the control of Council, to maintain the integrity of survey markers, and provide updated information to the survey control register.	Chief Executive Officer
Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003	40	Power, as a public authority, where the survey mark is on land, other than roads, controlled by Council, to maintain the integrity of survey markers, and provide updated information to the survey control register.	Chief Executive Officer
Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003	44	Power, as a public authority, where a person interferes with a recognised permanent survey mark, to take action reasonably necessary to reinstate the physical and survey integrity of a recognised permanent survey marker.	Chief Executive Officer

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Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003	49	Power, as a public authority, to provide the chief executive with information about the boundaries of an administrative area.	Chief Executive Officer
Tattoo Industry Act 2013 The Purpose of this Act An Act to provide for the licensing and regulation of body art tattooing businesses and body art tattooists and other related matters.			
Tattoo Industry Act 2013	61(1)	Power to enter into an arrangement (an information-sharing arrangement) with the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998 The Purpose of this Act An Act to improve the health of members of the public by reducing their exposure to tobacco and other smoking products.			
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	26U(1)	Power, as an occupier of an enclosed space, to give directions to stop persons from smoking in the enclosed space.	
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	26ZPB	Power to consult with the Department about a proposed local law under section 26ZPA.	
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	26ZPC	Power to respond to a request for information from the chief executive about a local law made under section 26ZPA.	
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	26ZU	Power to administer and enforce Part 2BB, divisions 4 to 8 and Part 2C, division 3 of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	26ZW	Power to respond to a request for information from the chief executive about the local government's administration and enforcement.	Chief Executive Officer
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	33(1)(a)	Power, as an occupier of a place, to give consent to an authorised person to enter the place.	Chief Executive Officer
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	34(3)	Power, as an occupier of a place, to sign an acknowledgement confirming that consent to enter the place was given to an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	44B(1)	Power, as an owner of a seized thing, to inspect the thing seized by an authorised person and, if it is a document, to copy it.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003			
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	17(2)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to take all reasonable and practicable steps to ensure that the human remains are taken into the custody of the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	18(2)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to advise the chief executive of the existence and location of the human remains and give the chief executive all details that the chief executive reasonably requires.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	23(1)	Power, as a person who carries out an activity, to take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	28(2)	Power to consult with the Minister about cultural heritage duty of care guidelines.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	30(1)	Power, as a person who is involved in putting an approved cultural heritage management plan into effect, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the chief executive is advised about all Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage revealed to exist because of any activity carried out under the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	31(1)	Power, as a person who carries out an activity, to advise the chief executive of Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage revealed to exist because of the activity.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62(2), 63(2), 64(2), 65(2), 67, 68, 69(2), 70, 71, 76, 77(2) and 153	Power to carry out a cultural heritage study and have its findings recorded in the register including all steps authorised or required by Part 6 of the Act for the purpose of carrying out the study, recording it in the register and objecting to the way the study is recorded in the register.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	54(3)	Power to consult with the Minister about guidelines to help people in choosing suitable methodologies for carrying out cultural heritage studies.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	70(3)	Power, as the owner or occupier of land, to consult with the sponsor about obtaining access to the land and determine whether or not access should be given.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	72(1)(c)	Power to consult with the chief executive about a cultural heritage study.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	82, 83, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97(2), 98(2), 99(2), 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109(5), 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117(5) and 153	Power to object to the Land Court to:- (a)the chief executive's recording in the register of the findings of a cultural heritage study; and (b)the chief executive's refusal to record in the register the findings of a cultural heritage study.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	85(3)	Power to develop, reach agreement on and seek approval for a cultural heritage management plan including all steps authorised or required by Part 7 of the Act for the purpose of developing, reaching agreement on and seeking approval of the plan and objecting to any refusal to approve the plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003	153	Power to consult with the Minister about guidelines to help people in choosing suitable methodologies for developing cultural heritage management plans.	Chief Executive Officer
Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003		Power, as the owner or occupier of land, to consult with a person who wishes to enter land to perform a cultural heritage activity about obtaining access to the land and to determine whether or not access should be given.	Chief Executive Officer

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994 The Purpose of this Act An Act that is, consistent with the objectives of the Transport Planning and Coordination Act 1994, to provide a regime that allows for and encourages effective integrated planning and efficient management of a system of transport infrastructure.			
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	11(4)	Power to consult with the chief executive concerning the development of a roads implementation program if the chief executive believes that Council would be affected by the program.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	14(3)(a)	Power to consult with the chief executive concerning the development of a rail implementation program if the chief executive believes that Council would be affected by the program.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	17(4)	Power to consult with the chief executive concerning the development of implementation programs for miscellaneous transport infrastructure if the chief executive believes that Council would be affected by the programs.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1995	26	Power, as a railway manager, to:- (a)consult with, and make submissions to, the Minister before a declaration is made making a road or route, or part of a road or route, that crosses rail corridor land and continues on the other side of the rail corridor land a State-controlled road; (b)construct, maintain and operate a railway on a declared common area in a way not inconsistent with its use as a State-controlled road; (c)make an agreement with the chief executive regarding the State-controlled road on the common area.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	32	Power to make a sharing arrangement with the chief executive for the costs of:- (a)acquisition of land for transport infrastructure; (b)road works on a State-controlled road; (c)other works that contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of the road network; or (d)the operation of a State-controlled road; including all necessary preliminary costs associated with acquisition, works, or operation.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	33(2)	Power to apply for an approval to carry out road works on a State-controlled road or interfere with a State-controlled road or its operation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	37	Power, as an owner of land, to give notice to the chief executive claiming compensation for physical damage caused by the temporary entry, occupation, or use, or for the taking or consumption of material.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	40	Power to enter into agreements with the chief executive in relation to funding for road works on Council's roads.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	50(3)	Power to apply for an approval to construct, maintain, operate or conduct ancillary works and encroachments on a State-controlled road.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	52(6)	Power, as an owner of ancillary works and encroachments, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for a contribution towards the cost of the alteration, relocation, making safe or removal of the ancillary works and encroachments.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	62(1)	Power to make an application to the chief executive to make a written decision stating any of the matters provided in sub-sections (a)-(k) concerning access between 1 or more State-controlled roads and particular adjacent land which Council has an interest in.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	67A	Power to ask the chief executive, in writing, to give Council a copy of any decision in force under section 62(1) for land that Council has an interest in.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	72(2)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for:- (a)the supply by the chief executive of, or a contribution towards the supply by the chief executive of, alternative road access works between a State-controlled road and Council's land or between Council's land and another road; or (b)the carrying out, or contributions towards the carrying out of, other works in relation to Council's land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	73(4)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to recover, as a debt from the chief executive, compensation for the diminution in land value because of the prohibition or change made to the access between a State-controlled road and Council's land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	76	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for the supply of roadside service centres, roadside rest facilities and other roadside businesses adjacent to or near State-controlled roads.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	81	Power, as the owner of a public utility plant, to give the chief executive written notice of Council's intention to take action mentioned in section 80 on a State controlled road.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	83	Power, as the owner of a public utility plant (whether existing or proposed), to arrange with the chief executive for the sharing of the costs, including preliminary costs, of all or any of the following:- (a)acquisition of land associated with the plant; or (b)construction, augmentation alteration or maintenance of the plant; or (c)construction of road works affected by the plant.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	84B(2)	Power, as a railway manager, to consult with, and make submissions to, the Minister about an intended declaration under section 84A.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	84B(4)	Power, as a railway manager for a rail corridor land that has been declared to be part of a common area, to construct, maintain and operate a railway on the common area in a way not inconsistent with its use as a toll road.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	84B(5)	Power, as a railway manager for rail corridor land that has been declared to be part of a common area, to enter into an agreement with chief executive, or the lease holder for the particular State toll road corridor land, regarding the following: (a) responsibility for maintaining a toll road, and the transport infrastructure relating to a toll road, on the common area; and (b) responsibility for the cost of removing road transport infrastructure from the common area and restoring the railway.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	84D	Power to claim compensation regarding land, in which Council has an interest but has been declared to be State toll road corridor land under section 84A, under the Acquisition of Land Act 1967, section 12(5A) and (5B), and part 4 as if the interest were land taken by the State under that Act.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	85A	Power, as a railway manager, to:- (a) consult with, and make submissions to, the Minister regarding the construction, maintenance or operation of a road, or part of a road, that crosses rail corridor land and continues on the other side of the rail corridor land; (b) construct, maintain and operate a railway on the common area in a way not inconsistent with its use as a franchised road; (c) enter into an agreement with the franchisee regarding the franchised road on the common area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	94(2)	Power, as a toll road operator, to recover, as a debt, from the driver the amount of any unpaid toll or user administration charge, subject to any applicable agreement made by Council.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	95(2)	Power, as a toll road operator, to enter into an agreement with a person regarding the liability of a designated vehicle's driver for the toll payable at a toll plaza.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	99	Power, as a toll road operator, to give the registered operator of a vehicle a written notice requiring the registered operator, within the prescribed time for the notice— (a) to pay Council the deferred toll amount; or (b) to give Council the registered operator's statutory declaration containing the required information.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	99AA	Power, as a toll road operator, to give a single notice to a registered operator for notices under section 99 and 105ZH.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	100	Power, as a toll road operator, to give written notice, in the approved form, under this section if Council has not received a deferred toll amount and it considers, on reasonable grounds, that a person other than the vehicle's registered operator has information that could help the toll road operator establish the name and address of the driver.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	100(2)	Power to give a statutory declaration complying with subsection (3).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	101	Power, as a toll road operator, to give a written notice, in the approved form, under this section if Council has not received a deferred toll amount and it considers, on reasonable grounds, that Council has correctly identified the person who was the driver.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	101A	Power, as a toll road operator, to give a single notice to a person for notices under section 101 and 105ZK.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	104(2)	Power to disclose, allow access to, record or use personal information under certain circumstances.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	Chapter 6, Part 8	Power to exercise all the powers of Council, including applying for the Minister's consent for a local government tollway, under Part 8 (Local Government Tollways).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	105I	Power— (a) as a railway manager, to consult with, and make submissions to, the Minister about an intended declaration under section 105H; (b) to construct, maintain and operate a railway on a declared common area in a way not inconsistent with its use as a local government tollway; (c) to make an agreement with the chief executive regarding the local government tollway on the common area.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	105J(9)	Power to enter into a lease or sublease of local government tollway corridor land to another person, for use as a tollway.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	105JA(3)	Power, as a person with an interest in land declared to be a local government tollway corridor land under section 105H, to claim compensation under the Acquisition of Land Act 1967, section 12(5A) and (5B) and part 4 as if the interest were land taken by the State under that Act.	Chief Executive Officer

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	105N	Power, as a public utility provider, to do the following on local government tollway corridor land— (a) build, replace or take away, or alter, other than for maintenance or repair, its public utility plant; (b) maintain or repair, or alter, for maintenance or repair, its public utility plant; (c) take reasonable steps to stop obstruction or potential obstruction to, or interference or potential interference with, its public utility plant; (d) seek written agreement from the local government for whom the declaration of the local government tollway corridor land was made; (e) in the interests of public safety, carry out urgent maintenance of its public utility plant on local government tollway corridor land without the written agreement of the local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	105O(1)	Power, as a public utility provider, to ask another local government for information about lines and levels for planned local government tollway infrastructure on local government tollway corridor land.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	105X(4)	Power, as a public utility provider, to make an agreement with a local government regarding the reduction in cost of replacing or reconstructing a public utility plant.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	105Y	Power to enter into a local government tollway franchise agreement with another local government.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	109A(4)(a)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to allow the chief executive to enter the land by giving written consent to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	110	Power to apply to the chief executive for a rail feasibility investigator's authority for an area of land.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	114(3)(a)	Power:- (a) as an owner or occupier of land, to consent to an investigator or an associated person to enter onto land; or (b) as an authorised investigator, to enter land, with the owner's or occupier's consent; for the purpose of investigating the land's potential and suitability as a rail corridor.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	115(1)	Power, as an authorised investigator, to allow an associated person to act under the investigator's authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	115(4)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to ask person who has entered, is entering, or is about to enter Council's land under an authority for the person's identification or about the person's authority to enter Council's land.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	117(b)	Power, as an authorised investigator, to do anything necessary or desirable to minimise damage to the land or inconvenience to the land's owner or occupier.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	118(1)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to:- (a) claim compensation from the relevant person for the loss or damage arising out of an entry onto land, any use made of the land, anything brought onto the land, or anything done or left on the land in connection with the relevant person's authority; (b) require the relevant person to carry out works to rectify, within a reasonable time, the damage after the relevant person has finished investigating the land under the authority; or (c) require the relevant person to carry out works to rectify the damage and claim compensation from the investigator for any loss or damage not rectified.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	118(4)(a)	Power:- (a) as an owner or occupier of land, to make an agreement with the relevant person with regards to the amount of compensation; or (b) as an authorised investigator, to make an agreement with owner or occupier of the land with regards to the amount of compensation.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	126(2)(d)(i)	Power, as an owner of land, to agree to allow an applicant for accreditation as a railway manager and/or operator to access the land where the railway is constructed or is proposed to be constructed.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	165(c)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to agree to allow the chief executive or an accredited person to take or use the material on Council's land.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	166(1)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to give written notice to the chief executive or an accredited person regarding:- (a) a claim for compensation for the loss or damage caused by the entry or railway works carried out on Council's land; (b) a claim for compensation for the taking or use of materials; (c) a requirement that the accredited person carry out works in restitution for the damage; or (d) a requirement that the accredited person carry out works in restitution for the damage and a claim for compensation for any loss or damage not restituted.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	168	Power to seek the chief executive's written approval to carry out works near a railway.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	168(7)(b)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to make an agreement with an authorised person to allow the authorised person to enter Council's land and inspect railway works.	Chief Executive Officer

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	169	Power, as a railway manager, to— (a)temporarily close or regulate a railway crossing if satisfied it is necessary because of an immediate threat to— (i)the safety of the railway; or (ii)the public using it or who may use it; (b)construct a substitute crossing if Council decides to close or regulate a crossing.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	178(1)(a)	Power, as an occupier of a place, to consent to the entry of a rail safety officer into the place.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	179(3)	Power, as an occupier of a place, to sign an acknowledgement of Council's consent to allow a rail safety officer to enter the place.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240(4)	Power, as a railway manager, to enter into a sublease with the chief executive for rail corridor land or non-rail corridor land.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240B(2A)	Power, as a railway manager, to make an agreement with the chief executive to renew a sublease for a section of rail corridor land before or immediately after its expiry.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240B(5)-(7)	Power to make an agreement with the chief executive, or commence proceedings in a court, for compensation to be paid to Council because of the revocation of an unregistered right in a railway manager's sublease for a section of rail corridor land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240D	Power to enter into a sublease with the chief executive for a section of non-rail corridor land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240E(2) and (3)	Power, as an owner of land, to seek and negotiate with the railway manager a right of access across a proposed railway if Council's land is adjacent to the relevant land or Council has access over the relevant land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240E(5)	Power, as a railway manager or as an owner of land, to ask the chief executive, if an agreement regarding right of access cannot be made, to decide whether a right of access across the proposed railway should be granted.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240E(7)	Power, as a railway manager or an owner of land, to give the chief executive the information the chief executive requires in deciding whether to grant a right of access across the proposed railway.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240F(3)(a)	Power, as a railway manager of a rail corridor land or as a right of access holder, to agree to cancel the right of access to the land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240(F)(4)	Power, as a railway manager of a rail corridor land or as an owner of land, to enter into an agreement in relation to the compensation payable for the cancellation of a right of access across a rail corridor land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	240F(6)	Power, as an owner of land, to commence proceedings in the Land Court for compensation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	241(3)	Power, as a railway manager, to grant a sublicence in relation to an easement described in schedule 4 to a railway operator.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	244(2)(b) and 244A(2)(b)	Power, as a railway manager, to— (a)alter the rail transport infrastructure; and (b)manage the railway using the rail transport infrastructure, whether or not altered; and (c)operate, or authorise a railway operator to operate, rolling stock on the railway.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	249(3)(a) and (b)	Power:- (a)as a railway manager for rail corridor land or future railway land, to construct, maintain and operate a railway on the common area in a way not inconsistent with its use as a relevant road; (b)to construct, maintain and operate a local government tollway corridor land within a declared common area in a way not inconsistent with its use as a railway.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	249(5)	Power:- (a)to make an agreement with the railway manager for a railway within a common area; or (b)as a railway manager, to make an agreement with a relevant person for a relevant road within a common area; regarding the costs of removing rail transport infrastructure from the common area and restoring the relevant road.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	250	Power:- (a) as a railway manager, to- (i) in constructing or managing a railway, to alter the level of a road or require the authority responsible for the road to alter its level; (ii) make an agreement with the authority responsible for the road with regards to the responsibility for the payment of all reasonable expenses incurred in altering the road level; (iii) make an agreement with a person, whose land is directly affected by the road alteration, regarding the amount of compensation payable to the person; (iv) if an agreement cannot be reached with the person directly affected by the road alteration, make an application to a court with jurisdiction to make a decision on the amount of compensation; or (b) as an authority responsible for a road, to make an agreement with the railway manager with regards to the responsibility for the payment of all reasonable expenses incurred in altering the road level; or (c) as an occupier or owner of land that has been directly affected by the road alteration, to- (i) make an agreement with the railway manager regarding the amount of compensation payable to Council; (ii) make an application to a court with jurisdiction to make a decision on the amount of compensation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	253(3)	Power, as a railway manager of rail corridor land or as a sublessee of non-rail corridor land, to consult with the chief executive before the chief executive makes a decision on proposed relevant infrastructure on rail corridor land or non-rail corridor land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	253(4)	Power, as a railway manager of rail corridor land or as a sublessee of non-rail corridor land, to continue to use the land and the airspace above the land, other than any land and airspace excluded by a condition of the permission.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	253(7)	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive concerning the maintenance of a road and a bridge, structure or crossing constructed on rail corridor land or non-rail corridor land, as well as the costs of removing the bridge, structure or crossing when the road is no longer in use and the subsequent restoration of the relevant infrastructure on the land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	255(1)	Power:- (a) as a railway manager, to give written approval to a person seeking to interfere with the railway; or (b) to seek written approval from a railway's manager to interfere with the railway; and (c) to interfere with a railway provided that the interference is:- (i) with the railway manager's written approval; (ii) permitted or authorised under a right of access under sections 240E or 253, or under the Transport (Rail Safety) Act 2010; or (iii) otherwise approved, authorised or permitted under this Act or another Act.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	256	Power, as a railway manager, to require, by written notice, a person who has contravened section 255(1) to rectify the interference within a stated reasonable time, or to rectify the interference if the person fails to comply with the requirement.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	258A	Power to make an application to the chief executive to make a change to the management of a local government road if the change would require work on a railway or would have a significant adverse impact on the safety and operational integrity of a railway or future railway.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	260(3)	Power, as a railway manager, to construct and maintain a fence of substantially similar quality to any fence around the neighbouring land when the railway was constructed in order to satisfy its obligation under subsection (2)(b).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	260(4)(b)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land next to existing railway, or as a railway manager of the existing railway, to enter into an agreement for compensation for railway works with the railway manager or the owner or occupier of the land, respectively.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	260(6) and (7)	Power:- (a) as an owner or occupier of land adjacent to an existing railway, to carry out further works at Council's expense, with the railway manager's agreement, if Council considers that the works carried out under section 260 are insufficient for the convenient use of the land; or (b) as a railway manager of an existing railway:- (i) to agree to the further works proposed to be carried out by the owner or occupier of land adjacent to the existing railway at its expense; (ii) to require, by written notice given to the owner or occupier, the further works to be carried out under the supervision of a person nominated by Council and according to plans and specifications approved by Council.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	260(9) and (11)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land adjacent to an existing railway, to cross the existing railway with Council's, and its employees' and agents', vehicles and livestock until the railway manager carries out the works pursuant to subsection (2), unless Council has received compensation for the works.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	266A(2)(a)	Power, as a railway manager, to give written notice to the chief executive, at least 2 months before a preserved train path is allocated to a person, stating details of the proposed allocation.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	266D	Power, as a railway manager, to make a submission against the imposition of a penalty pursuant to section 266C(2) in the way stated in the proposed penalty notice.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	266F	Power, as a railway manager, to appeal a penalty notice to the Supreme Court against the chief executive's decision to impose a penalty.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	273	Power to exercise all the powers and functions of a port authority under Chapter 8 if Council is given management of a port under Chapter 8.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	279A	Power— (a) as a port lessor, port lessee or port manager of the Port of Brisbane, to impose charges in relation to port services and port facilities; (b) as a port user, to make an agreement with the port lessor, port lessee or port manager regarding subsection (1).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	279B	Power, as a port lessor, port lessee or port manager of the Port of Brisbane, to enter into a port agreement with the Minister about charges imposed pursuant to section 279A.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	281C	Power, as a port lessor, port lessee or port manager of the Port of Brisbane, to— (a) decide a reasonable time for payment of a charge imposed pursuant to section 279A and a reasonable interest rate to be applied to any unpaid amount; and (b) recover a charge, or part of a charge, and any interest payable in relation to the charge, as a debt payable to Council.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	281F	Power, as a port lessor, port lessee or port manager of the Port of Brisbane, to (a) by written notice, require a person to give Council a security deposit as a security for a liability or debt incurred, or that may be incurred, by it under chapter 8, part 3A in relation to the payment of a charge or damage caused, or that may be caused, to port facilities; (b) appropriate, or partly appropriate, a security deposit to meet the liability or indebtedness of the person if the liability or debt is unpaid after becoming due; (c) by written notice, require the person to give Council a further security deposit subsequent to the appropriation, or part appropriation, of a security deposit; and (d) by written notice, require the person to give Council a security deposit in a greater amount, or in a different form, or both, if Council considers that the person's liability or indebtedness, or potential liability or indebtedness, to Council under chapter 8, part 3A should be more adequately guaranteed.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to display or publish a port notice to control activities or conduct in its port area if Council reasonably considers the activities or conduct may— (a) affect the port's operation; or (b) cause damage to the port authority's strategic port land or Brisbane core port land; or (c) cause damage to the environment.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282AA	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to display or publish a port notice requiring a person or class of persons to produce to the port lessor or port lessor's delegate, information relevant to the matters listed in sub-subsections (a)-(e).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282AA	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to control by port notice— (a) the movement or mooring of ships at its port facilities; or (b) the movement or mooring of ships if the movement or mooring may affect the port's operation; or (c) activities on or by ships moored at its port facilities or in its port if the activities may affect the port's operation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282C	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to control, by port notice, the movement, handling or storage of goods loaded, waiting to be loaded, unloaded or transhipped to or from ships at its port facilities.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282D	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to control, by port notice, the movement of persons at its facilities including, for example, where the movement of members of the public, or another identified group, is restricted or prohibited.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282E	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to control by port notice the parking or stopping of vehicles at or on its port facilities, strategic port land or Brisbane core port land including, for example, by indicating a place where parking or stopping of a vehicle is restricted or prohibited.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282F	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to control by port notice the movement, stopping or parking of rolling stock at its port facilities including, for example, by indicating where parking of rolling stock is restricted or prohibited.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282K	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to appoint a person as an authorised officer for Council.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	283ZJ	Power, as a port operator, to consult with the Minister before the Minister gives a direction under subsection (2).	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	283ZZ	Power, as an assessment manager for a development application for development on Brisbane core port land under the Sustainable Planning Act 2009, to impose a condition on the development approval for the application requiring a contribution only in relation to the following infrastructure provided by the Brisbane City Council or a service provider— (a) drainage; (b) public transport; (c) roads; (d) sewerage and water supply headworks.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	282ZZB	Power to apply to the planning chief executive for a planning and development certificate for premises on Brisbane core port land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	283ZZJ	Power, as an assessment manager for a development application for development on land that becomes Brisbane core port land, to give the application to the planning chief executive and respond to any request for information from the planning chief executive.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	283ZZN	Power, as a port lessor, port lessee or port manager of the Port of Brisbane, to grant a licence to enter and use port land, if leased by Council under the Land Act 1994, or trade lease of land, if subleased to Council.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	285C	Power to make written submissions in respect of a statement of proposal under section 285A or draft plan under section 285B made by a port authority over land in or adjoining Council's area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289C	Power to apply to a port authority for approval to perform a controlled activity in a port authority's port area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289G	Power, if Council's interests are affected by a decision mentioned in section 289F(1), to ask the port authority to review the decision or, pursuant to the Transport Planning and Coordination Act 1994, part 5, division 2, make an application to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal to have the original decision stayed.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289I(2)(b)	Power, as a port operator, to have abandoned property found at the port facility moved to a place Council considers appropriate.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289J	Power to seek the return of abandoned property from a port authority or port operator.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289K	Power, as a port operator, to sell property that has remained unclaimed 28 days after the publication of a notice under section 289I about the abandoned property.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289L	Power, as a port operator, to sell abandoned property if it is perishable and it is impracticable for Council to keep it having regard to its nature and condition.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289N	Power, as a port operator, to dispose of abandoned property that is insufficient value property in the way Council considers appropriate.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289Z	Power, as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to delegate a function under Chapter 8, other than under part 3A, to a port lessee or port manager.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	289ZA	Power:- (a) as a port lessor of the Port of Brisbane, to appoint an entity as a port manager for the Port of Brisbane; or (b) as a port lessee (i) to seek written approval from the port lessor to appoint an entity as a port manager for the Port of Brisbane; and (ii) with the written approval of the port lessor, appoint an entity as a port manager for the Port of Brisbane.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	299(4)(a)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to give permission to a person proposing to enter Council's land for purposes other than for the performance of urgent remedial work to facilitate or maintain the operation of busway transport infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	300(2)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to claim compensation from the chief executive for loss or damage caused by the entry, occupation, or use, including by the taking or consumption of materials, of Council's land by the chief executive or a person authorised by the chief executive for purposes relating to busway transport infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	300(4)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to commence proceedings in the Land Court against the chief executive for compensation in the absence of a prior agreement between Council and the chief executive for compensation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	303AAA	Power, as a person given a written notice under section 303(2D), to claim compensation under the Acquisition of Land Act 1967, section 12(5A) and (5B) and part 4.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	303AA	Power to enter into a sublease with the State for an established busway, or a proposed busway, on busway land, including the power to negotiate, and agree upon, the terms of the sublease.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	303AB(1)	Power to seek a licence from the chief executive in relation to busway land or busway transport infrastructure for any of the following purpose:- (a) construction, maintenance or operation of any thing on the land; (b) the use of the land or infrastructure for any purpose; (c) maintenance, management or operation of the land or infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	303AB(3A)	Power, in relation to a licence granted under section 303AB(1), to:- (a) surrender the licence; and (b) mortgage, sublicense or transfer the licence with the consent of the chief executive.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	303AC(2)	Power, as an owner or occupier of busway land or busway transport infrastructure that is subject to a licence granted under section 303AB, to:- (a)claim compensation from the chief executive for loss or damage caused by a relevant activity, including by the taking or consumption of materials; and (b)enter into an agreement with the chief executive about the payment of compensation; or (c)in the absence of an agreement about the payment of compensation, commence proceedings in the Land Court for payment of compensation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	303B(d)	Power to construct, maintain and operate a non State controlled road on a busway common area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	305(2)	Power to:- (a)consult with the chief executive concerning the nature and extent of the alteration of the level of the road for busway transport infrastructure works, or the management or operation of a busway, before the alteration is commenced; and (b)make an agreement regarding the amount payable to Council for costs incurred by Council in altering the road level.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	307(5)	Power to make an agreement with the chief executive concerning the maintenance of a road and a bridge or other structure located on busway land, and the costs of removing the bridge or other structure once it is no longer in use and the subsequent restoration of the busway land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	308	Power to enter into a contract with the chief executive for the following:- (a)carrying out busway transport infrastructure works on a busway or on land that is intended to become a busway; or (b)carrying out other works that contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of the busway network; or (c)carrying out the operation of a busway; or (d)which powers of Council are to be exercised by the chief executive and which powers are to be exercised by Council for the busway – even though the contracted works or operations, as stated in (a), (b) or (c), relate to areas outside Council's area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	308(5)	Power, as an owner of land adjacent to a busway, to make a request to the chief executive for work to be carried out on the land and enter into a contract with the chief executive for the chief executive to carry out works on the land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	308(10)	Power to enter into an arrangement with the chief executive for the sharing of costs, including preliminary costs, of— (a)acquiring land for busway transport infrastructure; or (b)busway transport infrastructure works on a busway; or (c)other works that contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of the busway network; or the operation of a busway.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	309	Power to obtain the chief executive's written approval if Council intends to approve the erection, alteration or operation of any advertising sign or device that is visible from a busway and may reasonably create a traffic hazard, and the conditions applied by Council to the erection, alteration or operation of the sign or device do not comply with the chief executive's permission criteria.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	318(1)	Power, as a public utility provider, to do the following things on busway land:- (a)build, replace or take away, or alter, other than for maintenance or repair, its public utility plant; (b)maintain or repair, or alter, for maintenance or repair, its public utility plant; (c)take reasonable steps to stop obstruction or potential obstruction to, or interference or potential interference with, its public utility plant.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	318(2)	Power, as a public utility provider, to seek written agreement from the chief executive for Council to do the things mentioned in subsection (1).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	318(4)	Power, as a public utility provider, to carry out urgent maintenance of its public utility plant on busway land without the written agreement of the chief executive, if acting in the interests of public safety and Council:- (a)makes all reasonable attempts to obtain the chief executive's oral agreement to the carrying out of the maintenance; and (b)whether or not the chief executive's oral agreement is obtained, acts as quickly as possible to advise the chief executive of the details of the maintenance being carried out.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	319	Power, as a public utility provider, to make a request to the chief executive to give Council information about lines and levels for planned busway transport infrastructure on busway land necessary to enable Council to minimise possible adverse effects of the establishment of the infrastructure on Council's works.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	328(2)(b)	Power, as a public utility provider, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for the reduction of the cost to the chief executive for the replacement or reconstruction of a public utility plant owned by Council on busway land.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	332, 333 and 335	Power to seek compensation from the chief executive for interference caused to land in which Council has an interest, or Council occupied land, by the establishment of busway transport infrastructure on busway land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	334(1)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive, with regards to the establishment or proposed establishment of busway transport infrastructure on busway land, for:- (a)the supply by the chief executive, or a contribution by the chief executive towards the supply, of works for alternative access for Council's land; or (b)the carrying out, or a contribution towards carrying out, of other works in relation to Council's land for the purpose of access for Council's land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	335(3)	Power to:- (a)enter into an agreement with the chief executive concerning the period upon which an agreement for compensation is to be entered into between the parties; (b)enter into an agreement with the chief executive for compensation within 60 days of the compensation application or within an agreed period; and (c)make an application to the Land Court for compensation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	335AC	Power to apply to the chief executive for accreditation as the busway manager for a busway.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	335AJ	Power, as a busway manager, to apply to the chief executive for an amendment of the conditions of Council's accreditation as a busway manager.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	335AL(2)(e) and 335AM(4)	Power, as a busway manager, to show the chief executive officer that Council's accreditation should not be suspended or cancelled.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	335AO	Power, as a busway manager, to surrender Council's accreditation by written notice given to the chief executive.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	337	Power to apply to the chief executive for authorisation as an authorised busway user for a busway.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	346V	Power, as an owner of a thing seized by a busway safety officer, to inspect the seized thing and, if it is a document, to copy it.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	346Z	Power to claim compensation from the State if Council incurs loss or expense because of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power under relevant busway legislation, including, for example in complying with a requirement made of Council under chapter 9, part 6.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	350(4)(a)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to give permission to the chief executive, or a person authorised by the chief executive, to enter, occupy, or use Council's land in order to perform work other than urgent remedial work to facilitate or maintain the operation of light rail transport infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	351(2)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to make a claim for compensation from the chief executive for loss or damage caused by the entry, occupation, or use, including by the taking or consumption of materials, of Council's land by the chief executive or a person authorised by the chief executive for purposes relating to light rail transport infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	351(4)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to commence proceedings in the Land Court against the chief executive for compensation in the absence of a prior agreement between Council and the chief executive for compensation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	355	Power, as a light rail manager, to:- (a)enter into a sublease with the State for an established light rail, or a proposed light rail, on light rail land, including the power to negotiate, and agree upon, the terms of the sublease, such as an option to renew; and (b)if Council attaches light rail transport infrastructure to the land subject of the original sublease, and subsequent subleases, enter into an agreement with the chief executive concerning ownership of the infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	355A(1)	Power to seek a licence from the chief executive in relation to light rail land or light rail transport infrastructure for any of the following purposes— (a)construction, maintenance or operation of anything on the land; (b)the use of the land or infrastructure for any purpose, including, for example, a commercial or retail purpose; (c)maintenance, management or operation of the land or infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	355(3A)	Power, in relation to a licence granted under section 355A(1), to:- (a)surrender the licence; and (b)mortgage, sublicense or transfer the licence with the consent of the chief executive.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	355B(2)	Power, as an owner or occupier of light rail land or light rail transport infrastructure that is subject to a licence granted under section 355A, to:- (a)claim compensation from the chief executive for loss or damage caused by a relevant activity, including by the taking or consumption of materials; and (b)enter into an agreement with the chief executive about the payment of compensation; or (c)in the absence of an agreement about the payment of compensation, commence proceedings in the Land Court for payment of compensation.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	357(2)	Power to: (a)consult with the chief executive concerning the nature and extent of the alteration of the level of the road for light rail transport infrastructure works, or the management or operation of a light rail, before the alteration is commenced; and (b)make an agreement regarding the amount payable to Council for costs incurred by Council in altering the road level.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	358(2)	Power, as a light rail manager, to consult with the chief executive before the chief executive makes a decision regarding whether to give permission under subsection (1).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	358(6)	Power to make an agreement with the chief executive in relation to the following:- (a)maintenance of a road and a bridge or other structure located on light rail land; (b)the costs of removing the bridge, or other structure, once it is no longer in use; and (c)restoring the light rail land following the removal of the bridge or other structure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	359(3)	Power, as a light rail manager, to consult with the chief executive before a designation under subsection (1) is made.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	359(6)	Power to consult with the chief executive before the chief executive includes any directions in the gazette notice designating light rail land as light rail land that is to be used as a road under the control of Council.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	360(3)	Power, as a light rail manager, to consult with the chief executive before a designation under subsection (1) is made.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	360A	Power to enter into a contract with the chief executive for the following:- (a)carrying out light rail transport infrastructure works on a light rail or on land that is intended to become a light rail; or (b)carrying out works on land affected by a light rail or proposed light rail, including, for example, road works on a road; or (c)carrying out other works that contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of the light rail network; or (d)carrying out the operation of a light rail; or (e)carrying out the operation of a public passenger service using light rail transport infrastructure; or (f)which powers of Council are to be exercised by the chief executive and which are to be exercised by Council for the light rail – even though the contracted works or operations, as stated in (a)-(e), relate to areas outside Council's area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	360A(5)	Power, as an owner of land adjacent to a light rail, to make a request to the chief executive for work to be carried out on the land and enter into a contract with the chief executive for the chief executive to carry out works on the land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	360A(10)	Power to enter into an arrangement with the chief executive for the sharing of costs, including preliminary costs, of:- (a)acquiring land for light rail transport infrastructure; or (b)light rail transport infrastructure works on a light rail or land that is intended to become a light rail; or (c)works on land affected by a light rail or a proposed light rail, including, for example, road works on a road; or (d)other works that contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of the light rail network; or (e)the operation of a light rail; or (f)the operation of a public passenger service using light rail transport infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	362(1)(a)	Power, as a light rail manager, to:- (a)give written approval to allow a person to interfere with light rail transport infrastructure or light rail transport infrastructure works; and (b)consult with the chief executive before approval is given.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	363(2)	Power, as a light rail manager, to give a written notice to a person who has interfered with light rail transport infrastructure, or light rail transport infrastructure works, requiring the person to rectify the interference, following consultation with the chief executive.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	363(6)	Power, as a light rail manager, to:- (a)rectify an interference with light rail transport infrastructure or light rail transport infrastructure works; and (b)recover the reasonable costs of rectifying the interference as a debt from the person who was given written notice of the interference.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	366(1)	Power, as a public utility provider, to do the following on light rail land:- (a)build, replace or take away, or alter, other than for maintenance or repair, its public utility plant; (b)maintain or repair, or alter, for maintenance or repair, its public utility plant; (c)take reasonable steps to stop obstruction or potential obstruction to, or interference or potential interference with, its public utility plant.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	366(2)	Power, regarding the matters mentioned in subsection (1) of the section- (a)as a public utility provider, to seek written agreement from each light rail authority for the light rail land for Council to undertake the activities; or (b)as a light rail authority, to agree in writing to activities a public utility provider seeks to undertake.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	366(4)	Power, as a public utility provider, to carry out urgent maintenance of its public utility plant on light rail land without written agreement of each light rail authority for the light rail land, if acting in the interests of public safety and if Council- (a)makes all reasonable attempts to obtain each authority's oral agreement to the carrying out of the maintenance; and (b)whether or not each authority's oral agreement is obtained, acts as quickly as possible to advise each authority of the details of the maintenance being carried out.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	367	Power, as a public utility provider, to make a request to the chief executive to give Council information about lines and levels for planned light rail transport infrastructure on light rail land necessary to enable Council to minimise possible adverse effects of the establishment of the infrastructure on Council's works.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	368	Power, as a light rail authority for light rail land, to consult with a public utility provider regarding a proposal by the provider to replace the whole or a substantial proportion of its public utility plant on light rail land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	369(2)	Power, as a light rail authority, to require a public utility provider, at the provider's cost and within the time stated in a written notice, to take action to remedy an action undertaken by the provider pursuant to section 366(1) of the Act- (a)without the written or oral agreement of Council; or (b)in a way inconsistent with an agreement between Council and the provider.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	369(5)	Power, as a light rail authority, to arrange for action the authority considers necessary to remedy the action undertaken by a public utility provider pursuant to section 366(1), should the provider fail to comply with subsection (2) notice.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	371(2)	Power, as a light rail authority, to ask a public utility provider owning public utility plant located on light rail land to give information defining the location of the plant.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	372, 373 and 374	Power, as a light rail authority, to agree to be liable for any damage to public utility plants located on light rail land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	376(2)(b)	Power, regarding replacement or reconstruction of a public utility plant on light rail land- (a)as a light rail manager, to enter into an agreement with a public utility provider for the reduction of the cost to Council of the replacement or reconstruction of public utility plant owned by the provider; or (b)as a public utility provider, to enter into an agreement with a light rail authority for the reduction of the cost to the authority of the replacement or reconstruction of a public utility plant owned by Council.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	377	Power, as a light rail manager, to give permission to a person to be on light rail, light rail land, light rail transport infrastructure or light rail transport infrastructure works site.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	377B	Power to enter into a light rail franchise agreement with the Minister.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	377D(2)(a)	Power to give the Minister a written notice claiming that part of a light rail franchise agreement or an amendment to the agreement should be treated as confidential on the grounds of commercial confidentiality.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	377R	Power to- (a)apply to the chief executive for compensation for compensable taking of overhead wiring easement or compensable overhead wiring damage; or (b)make an agreement with the chief executive to- (i)allow a longer period during which a compensation application can be settled; or (ii)settle a compensation application; or (c)apply to the Land Court for the compensation.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	380 and 383(1)	Power to seek compensation from the chief executive for an interference with access to land, in which Council has an interest, caused by the establishment of light rail transport infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	382(1)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive, with regards to the establishment or proposed establishment of light rail transport infrastructure on light rail land, for- (c)the supply by the chief executive, or a contribution by the chief executive towards the supply, of works for alternative access for Council's land; or (d)the carrying out, or a contribution towards carrying out, of other works in relation to Council's land for the purpose of access for Council's land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	383(3)	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive with regards to the period of time during which an agreement for compensation can be made for an act done under chapter 10, part 4, division 5	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	383(3)(a)	Power to apply to the Land Court to decide a compensation claim under subsection (1).	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	403(1)	Power, as an affected person, to enter into negotiations with the person proposing a development under Chapters 9 or 10 with regards to the entry to Council land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	403(2)	Power to apply to the chief executive for an investigator's authority for the land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	404(1)(a)	Power, as an affected person, to consult with the chief executive about the proposed entry onto Council's land by a person proposing a development under Chapters 9 or 10.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	407(3)	Power:- (a) as an affected person, to give written consent to an investigator or an associated person of the investigator to enter Council's land; or (b) as an authorised investigator, to enter land with the affected person's written consent.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	408(1)	Power, as an authorised investigator, to allow an associated person of Council to act under Council's authority.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	408(4)	Power, as an affected person, to ask an individual who has entered, is entering or is about to enter Council's land under an investigator's authority for identification or about the individual's authority to enter the land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	410(b)	Power, as an investigator under chapter 11, to do anything necessary or desirable to minimise the damage or inconvenience to an affected person's land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	411(2)	Power, as an affected person, to require the investigator, once the investigator has finished investigating, to rectify loss or damage suffered by Council as a consequence of:- (a) the investigator entering the land; (b) the use made of the land by the investigator; (c) anything brought onto the land by the investigator; or (d) anything done or left on the land by the investigator under its authority.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	412(2)	Power, as an affected person or as an investigator under chapter 11, to- (a) make an agreement with the other party in relation to the compensation payable as a result of the failure to rectify the affected person's land; or (b) make an application to the Land Court to decide the compensation amount.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	420	Power, as an operational licensee, to- (a) apply for an approval by a responsible entity to construct, maintain, use or operate miscellaneous transport infrastructure stated in the licensee's operational licence across, over or under an intersecting area and (b) subject to any approval conditions, construct, maintain, use or operate the miscellaneous transport infrastructure identified in the application across, over or under the area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	422	Power, as an operational licensee, to apply in writing to the Minister for an approval under section 420 should the responsible entity refuse the application or fail to grant the application within 20 business days after the application is made.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	426(2)	Power to make an application to the Minister and the Minister administering the Sustainable Planning Act 2009, if Council and the licensee applicant do not appoint an arbitrator within 10 business days of the giving of a dispute notice, to appoint an independent arbitrator to resolve a dispute concerning approval conditions.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	431	Power, as an operational licensee, to make an agreement with the State regarding the ownership of miscellaneous transport infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	432(3)	Power to commence proceedings against a licensee to claim an amount incurred by Council for the cost, damage, liability, or loss because of the existence, construction, maintenance, use or operation of the miscellaneous transport infrastructure by the licensee.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	434	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to give permission to the chief executive, or a person authorised by the chief executive, to occupy or use Council's land for the purposes of Chapter 12.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	435	Power, as an owner of land, to claim compensation from the chief executive for physical damage caused to Council's land by the entry, occupation, use, or for the taking or consumption of materials from the land under Chapter 12.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	443(1)	Power to apply to the chief executive for an exemption from complying with a provision of a regulation about transporting dangerous goods by rail.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	458	Power to help, or attempt to help, in a situation in which an accident or emergency involving dangerous goods happens or is likely to happen.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	459(2)	Power to consent to Council's appointment as a manager of a public marine facility.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	459(4)	A condition of Council's appointment as a manager of a public marine facility may be changed, under a regulation, if the manager consents to the change.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	462	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to exercise all its functions, powers and obligations under the Local Government Act 2009, and do anything Council considers necessary or convenient for the facility's effective and efficient management.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	466	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to impose fees for the use of the facility, whether as a condition of an approval to use the facility or otherwise, and recover the fee as a debt owing to Council.	

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Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	467	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to resign.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	468	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to remove, within 3 months of its resignation or the revocation of the appointment, any improvements to the facility added by Council that do not form an integral part of the facility.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	475I	Power, as an occupier of a place, to give consent to an authorised person under Chapter 15 to enter the place.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	475J(3)	Power, as an occupier of a place, to sign an acknowledgement of the consent given to an authorised person under Chapter 15 to enter the place.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	475Z(2)	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in relation to a proposed declaration of a transport interface management area.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	475ZJ	Power to enter into a transport interface agreement for a transport interface.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	476B(7)(b)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to provide written agreement to a person authorised by the chief executive to enter the land and inspect Council works that threaten, or are likely to threaten, the safety or operational integrity of transport infrastructure.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	476C(2)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to undertake the following concerning the entry onto Council land pursuant to section 476B(7):- (a)claim compensation for loss or damage caused by the entry on Council land; or (b)claim compensation for the taking or use of materials; or (c)require the chief executive to carry out works in restitution for the damage; or (d)require the chief executive to carry out works in restitution for the damage and then claim compensation for any loss or damage not restituted.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	476C(4)(a)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive with regards to the amount of compensation to be claimed by Council pursuant to subsection (2).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	477(4)	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive with regards to the amount of compensation to be claimed by Council pursuant to subsection (2).	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	477C	Power, as a relevant entity under this section and lease holder under the Land Act 1994 of port land or land relating to a declared project that has been subleased to a person, to grant a concurrent sublease of all or part of the land to another person for all or part of the term of the lease.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	477E	Power, as a relevant entity under this section and lease holder of land under the Land Act 1994 in relation to a declared project, to grant a licence to enter and use the land.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	477G	Power, as a holder, or proposed holder, of a licence to construct or establish transport infrastructure under the Act, to:- (a)seek consent from the chief executive allowing Council to submit a compliance management plan; and (b)submit a compliance management plan addressing 1 or more compliance matters for the licence.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	480(4)	Power to retain penalties received or recovered by Council in relation to Council's tolling enforcement.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	480(8)	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to retain fees or other amounts recovered by Council pursuant to section 466 and not paid into the consolidated fund.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	485	Power to ask the chief executive to review a decision described in schedule 3 that has affected Council's interests.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	485A	Power to apply to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal ("QCAT"), as provided under the QCAT Act, for a review of the chief executive's decision on a review under section 485.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	485B	Power to enter an appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the chief executive's decision on a review under section 485.	
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	576(2)(b)	Power, as a railway manager, to make an agreement with the chief executive regarding the period in which it must give the chief executive a written notice identifying the preserved train paths relating to Council's railway.	
Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011			
Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011	5, 7 and Schedule 1	Power to manage the public marine facilities listed in schedule 1.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011	6(b)(i)	Power, as a manager of a public marine facility, to give written approval for the use of the facility for a commercial purpose.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011	79	Power, as a manager of a non-State managed boat harbour, to pay to the chief executive the fees stated in schedule 3 for each mooring in the boat harbour.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011	81(2)	Power, as a manager of a non-State managed boat harbour, to ask the chief executive to enter into another arrangement for the payment of fees under section 79.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Infrastructure (State Controlled Roads) Regulation 2017			

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Transport Infrastructure (State Controlled Roads) Regulation 2017	14(2)	Power, where given a notice by the chief executive, to give the chief executive further information required to decide an application for an approval mentioned in section 50(2)(a) of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995			
Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995	93(5)	Power to consult with the State, the port authority or port operator, if required, in preparing a response to a discharge or probable discharge of pollutant into coastal waters.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995	113(3)	Power, if acting as a prescribed entity, to ask the chief executive to secure its discharge expenses.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995	122(1)	Power, if acting as a prescribed entity, to recover its discharge expenses as a debt.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995	122(2)	Power, if acting as a prescribed entity, to ask the chief executive to recover its discharge expenses.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994			
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994	219C(4)	Power as a public authority to make a submission on a proposal to prepare a draft standard.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994	219E(3)	Power as a public authority to make a submission on a draft standard.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016			
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016	179(1)	Power to give the general manager a proposal for an area (a proposed area) to be a marine zone under section 177 of the Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016	180(1)(a)(iii)	Power to consult with the proposing entity, if it is a government entity, about a proposal under section 179 of the Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management - Road Rules) Regulation 2009			
Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995			
The Purpose of this Act			
An Act about road management and other purposes related to transport.			
Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995	104	Power to exercise control over land for use as an off street parking area under an arrangement with a person who owns or has an interest in the land.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995	105(5)	Power to install a parking meter or parkatarea for a designated parking space if it is installed in a way specified by the MUTCD or approved by the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995	109(1)	Power to enter into an agreement with the commissioner of police in respect of annual or periodical payments to the commissioner of police for costs incurred in the carrying out of duties by police officers enforcing parking regulations.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015			
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015	125(1)	Power to apply to an authorising officer for a special event permit for an event.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015	127	Power to ensure the conditions of a special event permit are complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015	128(1)	Power to apply to an authorising officer for a special circumstances permit (e.g. to breach a provision of the Queensland Road Rules to serve an infringement notice).	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015	132(1)	Power to apply to the chief executive for a permit under section 132.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015	133(a)	Power to apply to the chief executive for written consent to drive a vehicle over the bridge or culvert.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Road Rules) Regulation 2009			
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Road Rules) Regulation 2009	179(1)(c)	Power to issue a commercial vehicle identification label for the purposes of stopping in a loading zone	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Road Rules) Regulation 2009	301(4)	Power to issue a permit to lead more than one animal on a road.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021			
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	13(1)	Power to apply to the chief executive for an authorisation to use either of the following on a road:- (a)a particular unregistered vehicle; (b)a class of unregistered vehicle.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	19(1)	Power to apply to the chief executive to register a vehicle eligible for registration under section 18 in Council's name and pay the relevant fees.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	32(1)	Power to apply to the chief executive to renew vehicle's registration and pay the relevant fees.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	42	Power, as an acquirer of a registered vehicle, to apply to the chief executive to transfer the vehicle's registration to the acquirer and pay the relevant fees.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	44	Power, a disposer of a registered vehicle, to:- (a)apply to the chief executive to transfer the vehicle's registration to the acquirer of the vehicle; or (b)give the chief executive a disposal notice.	Chief Executive Officer

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Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	45(2)	Power, as an acquirer of a registered vehicle in the circumstances set out in subsection 45(1), to give a statement to the chief executive to the effect that the acquirer can not state the full name and address, or include the signature, of the disposer.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	49	Power, as a person who acquires a registered vehicle under a legal process, to give the chief executive notice of the acquisition and any other information required to accompany the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	52	Power, as a registered operator of a vehicle, to cancel the vehicle's registration and give any other information required to cancel the registration.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	68	Power, as a registered operator of a vehicle, to give the chief executive notice of the change and written evidence, satisfactory to the chief executive, of the change.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	69	Power to give the chief executive notice of the modification.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	73	Power to apply to the chief executive for an unregistered vehicle permit and pay the relevant fees.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	123	Power to apply to the chief executive for a replacement number plate and pay the relevant fees.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	123(3)(a)(iii)	Power to give the chief executive a statement giving details of the destruction, loss or theft.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	124	Power to apply to the chief executive for a replacement number plate.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	124(3)(b)	Power to give the chief executive a statement about the unlawful copying.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	125(4)(b)	Power to give the chief executive notice of the loss, theft or destruction.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	126(3)(a)	Power to give the chief executive notice of the loss, theft or destruction.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	127(5)	Power to give the chief executive notice of the loss, theft or destruction.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	151(2)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 151(1) to give the chief executive the notifiable information for the vehicle.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	152(2)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 152(1), to change the notifiable information previously given to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	153(2)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 153(1), to apply to the chief executive to correct the notifiable information previously given and give written evidence, to the satisfaction of the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	155(2)	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 155(1), to give notice of the repair.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	156(3)	Power to comply with a requirement to give the chief executive other information.	
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	195(3)	Power to comply with request for information from the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	202(1)	Power, as an eligible person, to request an extract from the register about a vehicle, and pay the relevant fee to, the chief executive.	
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	203(1)	Power, as client user, to request an extract from the register about a vehicle, and pay the relevant fee to, the public access provider.	
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	204(1)	Power, as a local government toll road operator, to enter a written arrangement with the chief executive for the chief executive to give an extract from the register of information about a vehicle to an entity or person listed in section 204(1) or 204(2).	
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2021	206(1)	Power to request vehicle-related information, and pay the relevant fee to, the information provider.	
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021			
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	11(1)	Power to comply with a defect notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	13(1)	Power to sign a clearance declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	14(1)	Power to apply to an authorised officer to extend the period for complying with a defect notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	15(3)	Power to apply to the chief executive to extend the period for complying with a defect notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	21	Power to apply to the chief executive for approval to modify a light vehicle.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	22	Power to apply to the chief executive for approval of an interstate modification of a light vehicle.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	58	Power to apply to the chief executive for a safe movement permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	71	Power as the owner of a registered COI vehicle to obtain a certificate of inspection for the vehicle.	Chief Executive Officer
Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021	73(3)	Power to apply to the chief executive to extend the time to obtain a certificate of inspection.	Chief Executive Officer

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<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021</i>	75(1)(b)	Power to give the acquirer the inspection certificate for the vehicle or the unique number for the certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021</i>	88(1)(a)	Power to ask the proprietor of the AIS where the inspection report was issued to arrange for the vehicle to be reinspected.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021</i>	94	Power to ask the proprietor of the AIS where the inspection report was issued to again inspect the vehicle for a replacement inspection certificate.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021</i>	96 and 97	Power to ask an authorised officer for a certificate of inspection to be issued for a vehicle and to pay the relevant fee.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021</i>	103(1)	Power to apply to the chief executive for approval to remove an identification plate or modification plate from a light vehicle.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Standards and Safety) Regulation 2021</i>	107(3)	Power to give the decision-maker the information the decision-maker reasonably needs to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Trusts Act 1973			
<i>Trusts Act 1973</i>	116	Power, where appointed trustee for certain purposes, to administer trust property.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011			
The Purpose of this Act			
An Act to: a) To promote waste avoidance and reduction, and resource recovery and efficiency actions; b) To reduce the consumption of natural resources and minimise the disposal of waste by encouraging waste avoidance and the recovery, re-use and recycling of waste; c) To minimise the overall impact of waste generate and disposal; d) To ensure a shared responsibility between government, business and industry and the community in waste management and resource recovery. e) To support and implement national frameworks, objectives and priorities for waste management and resource recovery.			
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	56 and 57	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site in the waste levy zone, to ensure a weighbridge is installed and operates at the site, is brought back into operation if out of operation, and give notice to the chief executive where the weighbridge is out of operation and brought back into operation, as required by sections 56 and 57. NOTE: an exemption may apply until 30 June 2029 pursuant to chapter 16, part 3, division 2.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	67, 68 and 69	Power, as the operator of a levyable waste disposal site, to carry out volumetric surveys, ensure volumetric surveys are carried out, and give the chief executive copies of the results of the volumetric surveys as required by sections 67, 68 and 69.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	72J(3)(c)	Power, as the operator of a levyable waste disposal site where the chief executive has decided an estimated waste levy amount under section 72J, to adjust the waste levy amount payable if a different amount is decided under a review of the chief executive's decision on the estimated waste levy amount.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	72X	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site with a resource recovery area, to keep the documents and results stipulated in section 72X.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	72Y	Power, as the operator of a resource recovery area at a waste disposal site in the waste levy zone, to carry out volumetric surveys, ensure volumetric surveys are carried out and give the chief executive a copy of the results of the volumetric survey as required by section 72Y. **NOTE: section 72Y only applies from 01 June 2020.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	72Z	Power, as the operator of a resource recovery area at a waste disposal site not in the waste levy zone, to carry out volumetric surveys, ensure volumetric surveys are carried out and give the chief executive a copy of the results of the volumetric survey as required by section 72Z.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	73A	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site that has declared, or claims to have declared, a resource recovery area under section 72S, to ensure that the resource recovery area complies with section 73A(2).	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	73C(2)	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site that has declared a resource recovery area and there is a change to the physical barrier or points of access for the resource recovery area that does not change the boundaries of the area, to amend the plan of the waste disposal site, and give the chief executive notice and a copy of the amended plan.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	73C(3)	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site that has declared a resource recovery area and there is a change to the recycling activities, to advise the chief executive of the change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	73C(4)	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site that has declared a resource recovery area and there is a change to the entity having responsibility for the operation of the resource recovery area, to advise the chief executive of the change.	Chief Executive Officer
<i>Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011</i>	73D(1)	Power, as a local government affected by the waste levy, to receive an annual payment from the chief executive and use that payment to mitigate any direct impacts of the waste levy on households in Council's local government area.	Chief Executive Officer

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Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	73D(4)	Power, as a local government affected by the waste levy that receives an annual payment from the chief executive, to include a statement on rate notices that informs the ratepayer of the amount paid to the local government and the purpose of the payment.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	89	Power to apply to the chief executive for accreditation as scheme manager for a voluntary product stewardship scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	95	Power, as a participant in an accredited stewardship scheme, to amend the scheme by agreement with all other participants in the scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	97	Power, as scheme manager of an accredited stewardship scheme that the minister is proposing to revoke, to make written submissions to show why the proposed action to revoke the accreditation should not be taken.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	99S(1) and 99U(1)	Power to claim a refund amount for an empty container under chapter 4, part 3B, division 3, subdivision 1.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	99S(2)	Power, as the operator of a container refund point, to accept the container and pay the person the refund amount for the container.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	99Y(1)	Power, as the operator of a container refund point, to:- (a) keep each refund declaration given to the operator for at least 5 years after the declaration was given; (b) for the proof of identity document mentioned in section 99T(3)(c) that accompanied the declaration, make a copy of the proof of identity document and keep the copy with the declaration for at least 5 years after the declaration was given; (c) if asked by an authorised person - produce the declaration and copy of the proof of identity document for inspection by the authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	99ZL	Power, as the operator of a material recovery facility, to comply with the recovery amount protocol.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	123	Power, as a local government, to prepare and implement a waste reduction and recycling plan (Nb. this obligation does not commence until 30 June 2015).	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	147	Power, as a local government, to give the chief executive a report about the operation, in the financial year, of all the local government's waste reduction and recycling plans in force in its local government area (Nb. this obligation does not commence until 2 months after 30 June 2015).	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	152	Power, as a reporting entity, to give the chief executive a report about the entity's receiving, sorting, recycling, treatment or disposal of waste in the financial year.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	160	Power to make a submission about a potential end of waste code	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	165	Power to make a submission about a draft end of waste code	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	172	Power, in relation to an end of waste code which the chief executive proposes to amend, cancel or suspend, to make written submissions about the proposed action.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	173H	Power to respond to a request for advice, comment or information about the operation of an end of waste code issued by the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	173K	Power to comply with the conditions of an end of waste approval.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	173Q	Power to respond to a request from the chief executive for advice, comment or information about the operation of Chapter 8, Part 3.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	179	Power to, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, give notice of an internal review decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	180	Power, where given, or entitled to be given, a QCAT information notice under section 179 of the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011, to apply to QCAT, under the QCAT Act, for external review of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	323	Power, as an operator of a levyable waste disposable site in the waste levy zone, to carry out a volumetric survey, ensure a volumetric survey is carried out, give a copy of the results of the volumetric survey to the chief executive, and keep a copy of the results as required by section 323.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Act 2011	324	Power, as an entity having responsibility for the operation of a resource recovery area for a waste disposal site in the waste levy zone, to carry out a volumetric survey, ensure a volumetric survey is carried out, give a copy of the results of the volumetric survey to the chief executive, and keep a copy of the results as required by section 324.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2011			
Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2011	22(3)	Power, where the container collection agreement allows the operator to subcontract the operation of the container refund point, to give the Organisation notice of the information contained in subsection (3)	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2011	26(3)(a)	Power to sign the notice about a recovery sharing arrangement on behalf of Council.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2012	41Q	Power to give the information required by sections 41Q(2) and 41Q(3) to the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2013	41ZL	Power to give the information required by sections 41ZL(1) and 41ZL(2) to the Chief Executive.	Chief Executive Officer

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Waste Reduction & Recycling Regulation 2014	412M	Power to prepare an emergency plan and keep it up to date.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000 The Purpose of this Act An Act to provide for the sustainable management of water and the management of impacts on underground water and for other purposes.			
Water Act 2000	25C(d)(iii)	Power, as a service provider directed to impose water restrictions under section 25D, to provide the Minister with a response stating the way it intends to ensure the restrictions are complied with.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25C(d)(v)	Power, as a service provider directed to achieve outcomes, to provide the Minister with a response stating: 1.its intended actions to achieve those outcomes; and 2.if the actions include restrictions; how it intends to ensure compliance with the restrictions.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25E	Power, as a service provider, to comply with a direction given under a water supply emergency declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25O	Power, as a service provider and to the extent stated in a declaration or regulation, to recover, as a debt due, from Council's customers or other service providers: (a)contributions made by the State; and (b)costs in section 25O(1) Water Act 2000 to the extent approved by the Minister; and (c)the rate of return.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25R	Power, as a service provider, to apply to the Minister for compensation for loss or damage because of actions taken under Chapter 1A, Part 1 Water Act 2000 and to provide other relevant information required by the Minister.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25T	Power, as a service provider who has made an application under section 25R, to provide the information the Minister requires to decide the application.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25Y	Power, as a service provider, to comply with a notice requiring information issued by the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25ZA(1)	Power, as a service provider, to apply for written approval to restrict the use of subartesian water by a customer of the water service provider in an area if the water is taken, other than for stock purposes, for a purpose mentioned in subsections 25ZA(1)(a) or (b).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25ZA(3)	Power, as a service provider, to respond to a request for further information about the application from the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	25ZE	Power, as a water service provider in the circumstance provided in subsection (1), to impose a restriction on the use of subartesian water by a customer of the water service provider in an area.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	30(3)(d)	Power, as a person who is completing works that have been started, to give the chief executive notice about the works by the day stated in the moratorium notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	35	Power, as person who is authorised, or has an entitlement to take or interfere with water, to provide information requested by the chief executive under section 35.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	36	Power, as an owner of land, to give the chief executive an owner's notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	40B	Power, as a resource operations licence holder, to consult with the chief executive about the proposed temporary release of water from the reserve.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	44	Power to respond to a notice of public consultation on a proposed water plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	69(2)(c)	Power to consult with the chief executive about the amendment or replacement of a water management protocol.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	93	Power to take water for any of the purposes referred to in section 93.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	94	Power to interfere with water for any of the purposes referred to in section 94.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	96	Power as owner of land to take water for stock or domestic purposes.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	97(2)	Power to interfere with the flow water by impoundment if the interference is not more than is necessary to satisfy the requirements of an environmental authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	107	Power, as an owner of a parcel or parcels of land, to apply for a water licence for the parcel or parcels.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	111	Power to comply with a requirement for additional information received from the chief executive and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	125	Power to apply to have a water licence reinstated.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	151	Power to respond to a requirement from the chief executive to give additional information about the correction and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	189	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	196	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to agree with the chief executive that the licence is no longer required and that it can be cancelled.	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Act 2000	207	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	219	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	222	Power, as a permittee, to respond to a show cause notice issued by the chief executive about the proposed amendment or cancellation of a riverine protection permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	225(5)	Power, as an owner of land to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to subsection (3).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	228	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application, to pay the chief executive the reasonable amount and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	237	Power, as an allocation holder, to respond to a show cause notice issued by the chief executive about the proposed amendment, suspension or cancellation of the allocation notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	240	Power, as an allocation holder, to pay the royalty or price payable for quarry material removed under the allocation notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	345	Power to make written submissions in response to a notice published pursuant to section 345 of the Water Act 2000	
Water Act 2000	354	Power to prepare a draft water security program	
Water Act 2000	357(4)(m)	Power to prepare a revised draft water security program	
Water Act 2000	357(6)	Power to decide not to prepare a revised draft water security program	
Water Act 2000	358	Power to finalise a water security program	
Water Act 2000	359	Power to review a water security program	
Water Act 2000	360	Power to amend a water security program	
Water Act 2000	360H	Power, as a bulk water party, to amend a bulk water supply agreement	
Water Act 2000	360I	Power, as a bulk water party to an amended bulk water supply agreement, to respond to Minister's notice under section 360I	
Water Act 2000	360U	Power, as a code regulated entity to make submissions to the Minister about the making or amending of the bulk water code	
Water Act 2000	382	Power to make a submission to the responsible entity about a proposed underground water impact report or final report and give a copy of the submission to the chief executive.	
Water Act 2000	404	Power, as an owner of land, to comply with any reasonable request by the holder made under subsection (1).	
Water Act 2000	406	Power, as an owner of a water bore the holder reasonably believes has an impaired capacity, to negotiate and enter into an agreement with the holder about the matters listed in subsection (2).	
Water Act 2000	416	Power, as an owner of a water bore, to comply with any reasonable request by the tenure holder made under subsection (1).	
Water Act 2000	423	Power, as an owner of a water bore for which a responsible tenure holder has undertaken a bore assessment under division 2, to negotiate and enter into make good agreement for the bore.	
Water Act 2000	423A	Power, as an owner of a water bore who has entered a make good agreement for the bore, to terminate the agreement within the cooling off period by giving written notice to the responsible tenure holder for the water bore.	
Water Act 2000	424	Power, as a party to a make good agreement, in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to:- (a) give a notice under subsection (2); and (b) negotiate a variation of a make good agreement for the water bore.	
Water Act 2000	426(9)	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425 and who is the resource tenure holder, to bear the costs of the ADR facilitator.	
Water Act 2000	429(1)	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to attend a conference.	
Water Act 2000	429(3)	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to seek the authorised officer's approval for someone else to be present at the conference.	
Water Act 2000	429(4)	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to agree to the other party being represented by a lawyer.	
Water Act 2000	430	Power, as a party who attended the conference where the other party did not attend, to apply to the Land Court for Council's costs.	
Water Act 2000	433	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to negotiate an agreement about the matters the subject of the conference and to sign the agreement on Council's behalf.	

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Water Act 2000	433A(6)	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 426, the party giving an arbitration election notice and where the parties do not jointly appoint an arbitrator under section 433A(5), to require a prescribed arbitration institute to appoint an arbitrator.	
Water Act 2000	454	Power, as an owner of a water bore, to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give the information referred to in subsection (2).	
Water Act 2000	692	Power, as a landholder who receives a notice from the chief executive, to make a submission regarding a proposed amalgamation or dissolution of water authorities.	
Water Act 2000	695A	Power, as a relevant registered owner of land in the authority area, to enter a closed water activity agreement.	
Water Act 2000	700A(2)	Power to comply with a requirement of the Minister made under this subsection.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	966(2)(a)	Power, as lessee of the leased land, to provide written consent to arrangements about the route the person may use across the lessee's land for the removal of the quarry material.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	927H(2)	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 972H(2) and to comply with any notice issued pursuant to section 972H(3).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	972I(1)	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 972I(1) and to comply with any notice issued pursuant to section 972I(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	972J(2)	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 972J(2) and to comply with any notice issued pursuant to section 972J(3).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	988	Power to give a claim for compensation under Chapter 8, Part 3 to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	992C	Power, if one of the stated authorities, to have a supply contract with SEQ Water for Council's water entitlement.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	1010A	Power, as a client, to consent to the disclosure of commercially sensitive information.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	1273A	Power, as an owner of land to which the expired licence attached, to apply to the chief executive:- (a) to reinstate the licence and make a validating declaration; or (b) to replace the licence and make a validating declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	1273B	Power, as holder of the new licence, to request the chief executive to make a validating declaration in relation to the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Act 2000	1288	Power, as a holder of a distribution operations licence or a resource operations licence, to consent to the chief executive amending the licence without complying with the provisions of chapter 2, part 3, division 5, subdivision 2.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Fluoridation Act 2008			
Water Fluoridation Act 2008	7(1) and (2)	Power to decide that fluoride be added to the water supply and to give the requisite notice (if applicable) to the water supplier.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Fluoridation Act 2009	7(3) and (4)	Power to decide that fluoride not be added to the water supply and to give the requisite notice (if applicable) to the water supplier.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Fluoridation Act 2010	13(2)	Power to give the chief executive notice stating the Council has made a fluoridation decision and to publish that notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Fluoridation Act 2011	13(3)	Power to give the chief executive a fluoridation notice and to publish that notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016			
Water Regulation 2017	38(2)	Power, as a proposed transferee, to give the chief executive a document evidencing ownership of land to which the new licence will attach.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2017	64(2)	Power to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive under subsection (2).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2018	64(5)(a)	Power to give the chief executive evidence of the publication.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2019	65	Power to give the chief additional information required under subsection (1) and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2020	66(3)	Power, where Council has made an application under section 63, to pay the estimated cost to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2020	108	Power to comply with a meter notice issued by the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2017	110A(4)	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to give the chief executive all the information stated in subsection (4) before the expiry date.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2018	110A(5)	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to, before the expiry date:- (a) ensure that a meter, other than a faulty meter, is attached to the works; (b) arrange a validation inspection for the meter and give the chief executive a copy of the validation certificate for the meter.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2019	110A(6)	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to request the expiry date be extended.	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Regulation 2020	112	Power to arrange for a validation inspection to be carried out on a meter and to give a copy of the validation certificate to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2021	112A(5)	Power, as a holder or owner mentioned in section 112(1), to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive under subsection (3) before the expiry date.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2022	112A(6)	Power, as a holder or owner mentioned in section 112(1), to request the expiry date be extended.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	113(3)	Power to comply with a notice from the chief executive requiring Council to read a meter, provide the meter reading to the chief executive and notify the chief executive about whether or not the meter is faulty.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	115	Power to pay a meter operating charge to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	116	Power to pay a meter use charge to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	117(1)	Power to give the chief executive a notice that Council has decided to stop using an approved meter.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	117(3)	Power to pay the metering exit charge.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	131(2)(b)	Power as a licensee to pay the water licence fee stated in the notice received from the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Regulation 2016	134(1)(d)	Power to pay a charge levied by a notice received from the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008 The Purpose of this Act The purpose of this Act is to provide for the safety and reliability of water supply.			
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	13	Power, as a responsible entity, to respond to a notice to give information received from the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	40(2)	Power, as service provider, to recover from a person as a debt, the amount of the loss or reasonable cost of repairing damage to Council's infrastructure caused by the person.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	46	Power, as service provider, to issue an identity card to an authorised person.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	56(3)	Power, as service provider, to give the chief executive:- a) a copy of an approved water efficiency management plan; or b) information about a plan that has not yet been approved; or c) a report summarising progress by the water service provider's customers in achieving water savings and efficiencies.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	96	Power, as a drinking water service provider, to provide information requested by the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	101	Power, as drinking water service provider, to make submissions in response to a show cause notice issued by the regulator regarding proposed amendments to the drinking water quality management plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	108	Power, as a service provider, to arrange for the preparation of a drinking water quality management plan audit report and to give it to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	108A	Power, as a service provider, to arrange for the preparation of a performance audit report and to give it to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	110(7)	Power, as a service provider, to comply with an information notice given by the regulator pursuant to section 110(6) of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	112	Power, as a service provider, to give access to the service provider's infrastructure and records relating to the infrastructure to the auditor and any person employed or authorised by the auditor.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	119	Power, as a service provider, to revise a customer service standard if required to by the regulator under section 118 of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	120	Power, as a service provider, to review a customer service standard.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	142A(2)	Power, as a relevant service provider, to prepare a performance report for each financial year and give a copy to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	142B(2)	Power, as a relevant service provider, to prepare a system operating plan report for each financial year and give a copy to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	162	Power to give notice of the making or amendment of a declaration under section 161 of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, to make the notice available for inspection and purchase, and to give the regulator a copy of the notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	163	Power, as a service provider, to:- a) keep a map of the service area; b) update the map, at least annually.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	165	Power, as service provider, to recover from a customer the reasonable costs of complying with its obligations under section 164 of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	196AB	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, other than a CSG recycled water scheme, to give additional information about an application under section 196AA to the regulator and to verify the information in a statutory declaration.	Chief Executive Officer

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Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	210(3)(a)	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme, to amend a recycled water management plan in the way required by a notice issued by the regulator under section 210(3) of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008 and to give a copy of the amended plan to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	211(3)	Power, as the scheme manager or declared entity for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to make a submission in response to the regulator's show cause notice issued under section 211(2) of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	213(3)	Power, as the responsible entity, scheme manager or declared entity for a recycled water scheme, to make submissions in response to the regulator's show cause notice issued under section 213(2)(a) or (b) of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	258(2)	Power, as a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme to arrange for a review of the approved recycled water management plan for the scheme	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	260(1)	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme or a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to arrange for an internal audit report and give it to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	261(1) and 261(2)	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme or a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to arrange for an audit report and give it to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	262(3)	Power, as the scheme manager or declared entity for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to respond to the regulator's show cause notice about a proposed spot audit.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	262(8) and 262(9)	Power, as the responsible entity, to comply with the regulator's notice issued pursuant to section 262(8) of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	265	Power, as the relevant entity and any declared entity for a recycled water scheme, to give the auditor, and any person employed or authorised by the auditor, free and uninterrupted access to the infrastructure forming part of the scheme and any records relating to the infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	274	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme to augment a supply of drinking water, or a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme to premises by way of a dual reticulation system, to prepare and make publicly available a public report about the scheme.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	302	Power, as recycled water provider or another entity, to respond to a notice issued by the regulator pursuant to this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	330	Power, as sewerage service provider, to comply with a regulator notice.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	348	Power, as the owner of a dam, to pay the cost of preparing and certifying a failure impact assessment where required under section 348.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	349(2)	Power, as a dam owner, to give the chief executive additional information about a failure impact assessment.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	351	Power, as a dam owner, to comply with an information notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section and return the recertified assessment to the chief executive.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	353	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to provide the chief executive with information that will help the chief executive to decide what safety conditions are to apply to the dam.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	356	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to provide the chief executive with information that will help the chief executive to decide what changes should be made to the safety conditions and development conditions that apply to the dam.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	366	Power, as a former owner of a dam, to give the chief executive notice of the change in ownership and give the new owner all relevant documentation for the dam.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	390(5)	Power, as a dam owner, to publish a copy of a notice given to the owner under subsection (2) in the gazette.	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	448	Power to comply with a direction issued by the regulator pursuant to this section 448.	
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	516(2)	Power, as the applicant on an internal review application, to apply for the stay of an original decision to the relevant entity listed in section 516(2).	Chief Executive Officer
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	576	Power, as the relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, to keep available for inspection and purchase the documents referred to in the section.	
Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008	576A	Power, as the relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, to publish the annual report prepared under section 273.	
Work Health and Safety Act 2011 The Purpose of this Act An Act to provide comprehensively for work health and safety, to provide for a new definition of asbestos in particular legislation and for a work health and safety levy, to amend other legislation as a consequence and to amend the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003 for particular purposes.			
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	47	Power to make an application to the commission to disqualify a health and safety representative.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	65	Power to make an application to the commission to disqualify a health and safety representative.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	72(5)	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to decide the matter.	Chief Executive Officer

Attachment 11.7.1 Delegations Register

Work Health and Safety Act 2011	74	Power as a person conducting a business or undertaking to comply with subsections (a) to (c).	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	80 and 81	Power, as a party to an issue, to resolve the issue in accordance with an agreed procedure or the default procedure.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	97A	Power to give a copy of the provisional improvement notice to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	103A	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to appoint a work health and safety officer for that business or undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	103F	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to instruct a work health and safety officer to take reasonable action to eliminate or minimise risks to health and safety.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	112	Power to apply to the Magistrates Court for an order under section 112 about engaging in or inducing discriminatory or coercive conduct.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	138	Power to apply to the Commission to revoke a WHS entry permit.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	140	Power to appeal a decision of the commission.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	180	Power to apply to the regulator for the return of a seized thing.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	181	Power to demand that the regulator allow the CEO to inspect a seized thing and if the seized thing is a document to make copies of it.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	184	Power to claim compensation from the State.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	216	Power to make a written undertaking (a WHS undertaking) in connection with a matter relating to a contravention or alleged contravention of the Work Health and Safety Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	221	Power, as a person who has made a WHS undertaking, to at any time, with the agreement of the regulator, withdraw the undertaking or vary the undertaking.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	229F	Power to appeal a decision of the commission.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	231(1) and (1A)	Power to, in the circumstances provided in subsections (1) or (1A), make a written request to the WHS prosecutor that a prosecution be brought.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Act 2011	231(3)	Power to, in the circumstances provided in subsection (3), request the WHS prosecutor to refer the matter to the director of public prosecutions.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011			
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	31B	Power, as an approved RTO, to grant a person a certificate of authority.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	43	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking at a workplace, to prepare, maintain and implement an emergency plan.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	85(4)	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking at a workplace, to maintain a written record of the evidence provided under subsections (1), (2) and (3).	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144B	Power to apply to the regulator for a licence to carry out demolition work.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144I	Power to make a submission to the regulator in relation to a proposed refusal.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144P	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work, to make a submission to the regulator in relation to a proposed amendment to a licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144Q(1)	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work to apply to the regulator to amend the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144Q(2)	Power after receiving a written notice of intention to refuse an application to amend the licence from the regulator, to make a submission to the regulator in relation to the proposed refusal.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144U	Power to apply to the regulator for a replacement document.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144V	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work to voluntarily surrender the licence document to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144VA	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work, to apply to the regulator for renewal of the licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	144Y	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work to make a submission to the regulator in relation to the proposed suspension, cancellation and/or disqualification.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	265	Power, as a person with management or control of an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2, to apply to the regulator for the registration of that item of plant.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	270(1)(b)	Power to respond to a notice from the regulator on a proposal to refuse registration of an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	288C	Power to respond to a notice from the regulator on a proposal to cancel the registration of an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	288D	Power to return the registration document for an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2 to the regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	344	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to obtain the current safety data sheet for a hazardous chemical used at a workplace.	Chief Executive Officer

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Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	346	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to prepare and maintain a register of hazardous chemical used at a workplace.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	383	Power to apply in writing to the regulator for authorisation to use, handle or store a prohibited carcinogen or restricted carcinogen.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	422(1)	Power to ensure that all asbestos or asbestos contaminated material at a workplace is identified by a competent person.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	424	Power to ensure that the presence and location of all asbestos or asbestos contaminated material at a workplace is clearly indicated and if practicable labelled.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	425(1) and 426	Power to prepare, maintain and review an asbestos register for each workplace.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	429 and 430	Power to prepare, maintain and review an asbestos management plan for each workplace.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	678(1)	Power, as an eligible person in relation to a reviewable decision set out in section 676 of the Work Health and Safety Regulation, to apply to the regulator for an internal review of a decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	678(2)	Power, as an eligible person in relation to a reviewable decision under section 89(5), 118(5), 256(5), 269(5) or 497(5) of the Work Health and Safety Regulation to apply to the regulator for an internal review of the decision.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	683	Power, as an eligible person to apply to QCAT for an external review of reviewable decision made by the regulator or of a decision made, or taken to have been made, on an internal review.	Chief Executive Officer
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011	684	Power to apply for an exemption from compliance with any provision of the Work Health and Safety Regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003			
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	48	Power, as an employer, to insure and keep insured all Council's employees and Councillors.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	54(7)	Power, as an employer, to pay a premium notice issued by WorkCover.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	56(5)	Power, as an employer, to pay a reassessment premium notice issued by WorkCover.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	57(3)	Power, as an employer, to apply to WorkCover for a waiver or reduction of a penalty for contravening section 48.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	58(6)	Power, as an employer, to object to a default assessment issued by WorkCover.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	58(1)	Power, as an employer, to pay a default assessment notice issued by WorkCover.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	64(2)	Power, as an employer, to apply to WorkCover for a waiver or reduction of an additional premium.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	66(2)	Power, as an employer who is not a self-insurer, and who is or is required to have accident insurance, to pay the weekly payment of compensation payable to an injured worker during the excess period.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	66(7)	Power, as an employer, to apply to WorkCover for a waiver or reduction of a penalty provided in section 66(6).	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	68A(3)	Power, as a local government self-insurer, to cover councillors under the self-insurer's licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	69 and 70	Power to apply to the Regulator to be licensed as a self-insurer, as described in Chapter 2, Part 4.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	77(3)	Power, as a prospective self-insurer, to make a submission to the Regulator about a decision to refuse an application to be licensed as a self-insurer.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	79	Power, as self-insurer, to apply to renew a self-insurer licence or to notify the Regulator that Council intends not to apply for renewal.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	80(3)	Power, as self-insurer, to make a submission to the Regulator about a decision to refuse an application to renew a self-insurer licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	81	Power, as a self-insurer, to pay the annual levy to the Regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	83	Power, as a self-insurer, to comply with the conditions imposed on the licence under the Regulation and by the Regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	84	Power, as a self-insurer, to lodge security with the Regulator before the issue or renewal of a self-insurer licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	86	Power, as a self-insurer, to obtain a contract of reinsurance of liabilities and lodge the contract with the Regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	92	Power, as a self-insurer, to exercise all of the powers identified in section 92 in relation to the self-insurer's workers.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	92A	Power, as a local government self-insurer, to exercise all of the powers identified in section 92A in relation to councillors covered by the self-insurer's licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	93 and 93A	Power, as a local government self-insurer, to keep the documents identified in sections 93 and 93A.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	94	Power, as a self-insurer, to comply with a notice to give documents issued by the Regulator under this section.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	96	Power, as a self-insurer, to respond to a written notice issued by the Regulator under this section.	Chief Executive Officer

Attachment 11.7.1 Delegations Register

Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	97	Power, as a self-insurer, to send a written notice to the Regulator seeking to cancel a self-insurer licence.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	100(2)	Power, as former self-insurer, to request the Regulator to allow Council to continue to exercise the powers referred to in sections 92 and/or 92A.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	103	Power, as a former self-insurer, to request the return of the balance of the section 84 security from the Regulator.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	107E(2)	Power, as an employer, to ask the Regulator to approve the amount provided for in the industrial instrument for the purposes of section 107B of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	107E(6)	Power, as an employer, to appeal the Regulator's decision to refuse to approve the amount provided for in the industrial instrument under Chapter 13 of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	109(1)	Power, as a self-insurer, to pay compensation for an injury sustained by a worker.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	109(5)	Power, as an employer, to pay a worker an amount, either in compensation or instead of compensation, in the circumstances provided for in subsection 109(5).	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	109A(4)	Power, as an employer, to apply to WorkCover for a waiver or reduction of a penalty provided in section 109A.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	133	Power, as an employer whose worker sustains an injury for which compensation may be payable, to complete a report in the approved form and give the report to the insurer.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	133A	Power, as an employer to give the insurer written notice in the approved form if- (a) a worker asks the employer for compensation for an injury sustained by the worker; or (b) the employer pays the worker an amount, either in compensation or instead of compensation, that is payable by the employer as a self-insurer or WorkCover under the Act for an injury sustained by the worker.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	144	Power, as an employer, to pay compensation to an injured worker for the day the worker stops work because of the injury.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	207B(4)	Power, as an employer, to pay the amount of the first charge or the whole of the damages to the insurer.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	226(1)	Power, as an employer, to appoint a Rehabilitation and Return to Work Coordinator where the employer meets the criteria prescribed under a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	226(4)	Power, as an employer, to give the insurer the prescribed details of a person appointed as a Rehabilitation and Return to Work Coordinator and details of any change to the prescribed details.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	227	Power, as an employer, to prepare and have in place a workplace rehabilitation policy and procedure, and review those policies and procedures every 3 years.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	228(1)	Power, as an employer, to assist or provide an injured worker with rehabilitation.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	228(3)	Power, as an employer, to cooperate with an insurer to enable the insurer to meet its obligations under section 220.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	228(4)	Power, as an employer, to give the insurer written evidence that it is not practicable to provide a worker with suitable duties.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	229(4)	Power, as an employer other than a self-insurer, to apply to WorkCover for a waiver or reduction of a penalty provided in section 229.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	280	Power, as an employer against whom negligence is alleged, to cooperate fully with and give WorkCover all information and access to documents in relation to the claim.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	300(6)	Power, as a self-insurer against whom a proceeding for damages has been brought, to conduct the proceedings and/or settle the claim.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	300(7)	Power, as an employer, other than a self-insurer, against whom a proceeding for damages has been brought, to execute all documents and do everything that WorkCover considers reasonably necessary to allow the proceedings to be conducted by it.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	532C	Power to comply with the requirement of an authorised person to give information or produce documents required under section 532C.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	523D	Power, as an employer or contractor, to keep the documents about workers, and contracts for the performance of work, prescribed under a regulation.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	536(3)	Power, as an employer who is not a self-insurer, to give WorkCover information the employer has in relation to a person defrauding, or attempting to defraud, WorkCover, or in relation to a person stating anything, or giving a document containing information, to WorkCover or a registered person that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	536(4)	Power, as an employer who is a self-insurer, to give the Regulator information the employer has in relation to a person defrauding, or attempting to defraud, the self-insurer, or in relation to a person stating anything, or giving a document containing information, to the self-insurer or a registered person that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	541	Power to apply for a review of a decision identified in section 540(1) of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003 and to take all steps necessary to conduct the application and to appear at the hearing.	Chief Executive Officer

Attachment 11.7.1 Delegations Register

Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	549, 550, 552A and 554	Power to appeal to an appeal body against the following decisions of the Regulator or the insurer: (a) a review decision, other than a decision to return a matter to a decision-maker under section 545 of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003; and (b) a decision under Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003 that is not a decision mentioned in section 540(1) (a non-reviewable decision), and to take all steps necessary to file and serve the notice of appeal and conduct the appeal, to appear at any conference in the proceeding and to appear at the hearing.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	552B	Power to seek the consent of the other party or the leave of the appeal body for Council to be represented by a lawyer at a conference under section 552A or at the hearing of an appeal.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2004	568	Power to appeal against a decision of the Regulator identified in section 567 of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003 and to take all steps necessary to file and serve the notice of appeal and conduct the appeal, to appear at any conference in the proceeding and to appear at the hearing.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2005	571B	Power, as a prospective employer, to request in writing that a prospective worker disclose to Council the worker's pre-existing injury or medical condition, if any.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2006	576C	Power, as a principal contractor for a construction project to, by written notice, to ask the relevant contractor for a copy of a required document.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014			
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	8(2)	Power, as an employer other than a self-insurer, to submit to WorkCover a declaration of wages.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	10(2)(d)	Power as an employer, other than a self-insurer, to enter a payment plan with WorkCover.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	13(3)	Power, as a former employer, to give written notice to WorkCover.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	26	Power, as a self-insurer, to appoint an actuary to calculate an amount of outstanding liability for section 87 of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	31	Power, as an employer, to agree with WorkCover on a calculation of an outstanding liability for section 87 of the Act, based on a joint summary report prepared by actuaries under section 30 of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	32	Power, as an employer, to advise the Regulator that WorkCover and the employer do not agree on the outstanding liability amount.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	46	Power, as a former self-insurer, to appoint an actuary to calculate an amount of liability for section 102 of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	47	Power, as a former self-insurer, to give the information, in the approved form, necessary to enable the actuaries to complete the calculation.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	51	Power, as a former self-insurer, to agree with WorkCover on the amount of the calculation for section 102 of the Act.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	52	Power, as a former self-insurer, to advise the Regulator that WorkCover and the former self-insurer do not agree on the self-insurer's liability amount.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	56	Power, as a self-insurer, to give the Regulator and the approved actuary, in the form approved by the Regulator, the self-insurer's data.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	62	Power, as a self-insurer, to agree with the Regulator about the self-insurer's estimated claims liability.	Chief Executive Officer
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2014	115(3)	Power, as an employer of employees to appoint 1 rehabilitation and return to work coordinator for more than one workplace.	Chief Executive Officer
Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000			
Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000	171	Power, as a person who employs someone in employment that is regulated employment, to develop and implement a written strategy about the person's employees that complies with the requirements of subsection 171(1).	Chief Executive Officer
Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000	172	Power, as a person who carries on a regulated business, to develop and implement a written strategy about the regulated business that complies with the requirements of subsections 172(a) and 172(b).	Chief Executive Officer
Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000	173(1)	Power as an employer, before giving a notice mentioned in section 175(1)(b) or 176C(1)(b) to take reasonable steps to verify the person's identity.	Chief Executive Officer
Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000	173(2)	Power as an employer, to give a notice mentioned in section 175(1)(b) or 176C(1)(b), in the approved form and in the approved way.	Chief Executive Officer

11.8 - 2022/23 Operational Plan Q4 Review

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: James Ngoroyemoto - Manager - Governance and Administration Services

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Jason Bradshaw - Director Corporate Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. 2022-23 Operational Plan Q 4 Review [11.8.1 - 36 pages]

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to present a written assessment of Council's progress towards implementing the annual Operational Plan 2022/23 for the period ending 30th June 2023 (Quarter Four review).

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council receive the Operational Plan 2022/23 Quarter Four (Q4) Progress Report.

BACKGROUND

Local Governments must prepare and adopt an annual operational plan for each financial year, must discharge its responsibilities in a way that is consistent with its annual operational plan and report on Council's progress on a quarterly basis as an accountability and performance measure.

Council adopted its 2022/23 Operational Plan on the 24th of June 2022. The Operational Plan outlines activities proposed to be undertaken during the 2022/23 financial year which will contribute to the achievement of the strategies outlined in Council's Corporate Plan.



Monitoring of the delivery of the Operational Plan provides Council with oversight of the performance of the organisation in delivering Council's objectives and longer-term goals under the Corporate Plan.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

The Operational Plan provides the basis for reporting to Council on the quarterly progress towards achieving the Corporate Plan outcomes through the implementation of the annual Operational Plan. This includes measuring performance and managing risk.

Actions have been identified that are linked to Key Focus Areas identified in the Corporate Plan. Reporting on these actions in the attached is based on progress against time, budget spend, or other applicable milestones as outlined in reports to Council.

A summary of Quarter four (Q4) progress for all actions against the 2022/23 Operational Plan is provided below:

Action Status	Number of Actions
Not Started	4
Progressing	49
Not Progressing	2
Completed	46
On Hold	13
Total	114

This table indicates that based on overall performance at the conclusion on quarter four, there is 2 actions 'Not Progressing' and 4% of actions have not yet commenced. The majority of actions identified in the Operational Plan are currently progressing representing 43% of all actions, with 11% being put on hold and 40% completed.

The details of progress on each action are included within the attached report for your information.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

This report for Q4 is presented to Council in accordance with section 174(3) of the Local Government Regulation 2012 that requires the Chief Executive Officer to present a written assessment of the local government's progress towards implementing the annual operational plan.

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Support the organisation in ensuring appropriate compliance with legislation and to support the elected council in its decision-making processes and obligations as a local government.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The Operational Plan has been structured within the bounds of the resources available to Council and is consistent with the 2022/23 annual budget. There are a number of resourcing challenges at present which have impacted the delivery of some outcomes either through vacancies or external resources that are proving difficult to source. That supports the fact that not all activities for the year have been completed and that some remain ongoing.

The format and approach to the 2023/24 is different and focusses on key areas rather than an exhaustive list of activities. Those activities that have continued on from the 2023 year will be finalised.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Executive Leadership Team
All Managers and designated Responsible Officers

RISK ASSESSMENT

Failure to present and adopt the quarter four performance report on the Operational plan, presents a non-compliance risk under the *Local Government Act 2009*. As well an opportunity being lost to inform the community on the implementation of the Operational Plan 2022-2023 which may result in reputational risk for Council for not being seen as transparent and accountable in its delivery of the Operational Plan.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

Under the Local Government Regulation 2012, the Chief Executive Officer must present a written assessment of the local government's progress towards implementing the annual operational plan at meetings of the local government held at regular intervals of not more than 3 months.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

N/A

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

N/A


OPERATIONAL PLAN

Quarterly Review - 30 June 2023



Themes: Corporate Plan - Key Focus Areas

Asset Management

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 1	Oversight, Management and operation of assets to provide the services and facilities that our community utilises and directly contribute to overall quality of life. Planning to ensure the benefits derived will continue. An Asset Management Plan holistically deals with all aspects of asset management and is strategically fundamental to our long-term sustainability.	Manager Financial Services		100%	<p>The Strategy was adopted in September 2022. Council's governance structure has been in full operation for 12 months with the Steering Committee & Working Group meeting throughout the year to progress key priorities. Three priority Asset Management Plans have been developed with the Custodianship Model in use for a 12-month period. A review has been undertaken to identify draft service types for consideration in a future Service Planning Framework.</p> <p>Project Management Framework was embedded in the development of the 23/24 capital budget. Processes, systems & documents will continue to be refined. A Project Management Support Office has been established. The minimum training level required has been set, with stakeholders committed to training in 23/24 and 24/25. A scope of works has been developed for data improvement & will be implemented in 2024. The AM Improvement (AMI) Project commenced with key roles being sourced to assist in the delivery.</p>

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold




Progressing




Not Progressing

Review of Commercial Business Operations

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 2	Detailed understanding of the commercial viability of Council Commercial facilities to ensure operations are self-sustainable as such, Council needs to enable informed and strategic operational decisions.	Manager Financial Services		100%	Completed during budget 2023/24.

Community Plan (long-term)

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 3	Develop a long-term Community Plan that seeks to inform Council when considering future strategic plans, policies and operational decisions.	Director Community Services		100%	Adopted - Ordinary Meeting 12/10/2022

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold




Progressing




Not Progressing






Arts, Cultural & Heritage Strategy

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 4	Develop a strategy framework that aims to recognise, support, and invigorate arts, culture and heritage of our community and region.	Director Community Services		80%	Draft progressing


Establishment of a place of refuge – Cannonvale, Airlie Beach & Jubilee Pocket

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 5	Council progressively works to build sustainability and community resilience. This includes the establishment of places of refuge to protect the wellbeing of affected residents during times of need.	Director Development Services		10%	Place of Refuge is reliant on the Multi Storey carpark being developed. Stantec engaged to undertake design work for possible MS Carpark.


STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing

Economic Development Strategy

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 6	Develop an Economic Development Strategy that aims to provide a framework to guide for our long-term growth and prosperity for a strong and resilient local economy.	Economic Development Manager		100%	Economic Development Strategy completed and endorsed by Council. Implementation is underway.

Marine Facilities

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 7	Establish a Centre of Marine Excellence in Bowen and further development of Shute Harbour as part of the Whitsundays Destination Tourism Plan 2019 - 2024.	Economic Development Manager		40%	Project has been placed on hold on advice from Dept of Transport & Main Roads (TMR) while that agency undertakes a Land Use Study of the precinct.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold




Progressing








Not Progressing


Long - term Financial Plan

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 8	Adequately model future financial trends and evaluate the impact of Council decisions through the development and implementation of a long-term financial plan that will allow Council to fully understand the financial ramifications of projects and actions and assist with the making of informed decisions.	Manager Financial Services		100%	The Long-Term Financial Forecast was adopted on the 30th of June 2023 with Council's annual budget. This will be provided to Queensland Treasury Corporation in August for review as required under Council's borrowing agreements.


STATUS

-  *Not Started*
-  *Completed*
-  *On Hold*
-  *Progressing*
-  *Not Progressing*






Analysis of Full Cost Pricing for Water, Waste and Sewer functions

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 9	Undertake Full cost pricing for all relevant variable costs and an appropriate share of fixed costs that can be directly attributable to the Water, Waste and Sewer functions to determine a price path and applicable charge for services. Fundamental to this strategy, is the concept of “user pays” and that no subsidisation from other sources is received to support the operation of a function.	Manager Financial Services		100%	Completed for 2023/24 budget.


Advocacy Policy & Plan

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 10	Develop an advocacy policy and plan that guides process and assists to determine Council's regional priorities to effectively represent the community on issues impacting the community.	Economic Development Manager		90%	Draft Advocacy Policy has been developed. An Advocacy Group has been established within Council and activated twice to develop advocacy plans specific to upcoming opportunities. The list of target stakeholders is currently being updated.


STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing






Governance Leadership Framework

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 11	Develop A governance leadership framework that helps to guide our elected members with their decision making and actions to reduce risk and achieve the standards expected by our community and other levels of government and good governance and leadership for democracy	Manager Governance and Administration Services		100%	Completed

Development and Introduction of Business Plans for Directorates and Functions

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 12	Detail all aspects of Council operations to understanding of the issues and options. Applying a formalised process of business planning to ensure that decisions are made with a high level of due diligence	Manager Governance and Administration Services		85%	Decision making framework incorporated into the Project management governance framework.

STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing



Assessment of Electoral Distribution Structure

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 13	Review of Electoral Distribution Structure	Manager Governance and Administration Services		20%	Council resolution passed not to proceed.


Strategic Workforce Plan

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 14	Develop a Strategic workforce plan responsible for delivering all the services and facilities that the community enjoys and expects. A Strategic Workforce Plan evaluates the existing workforce and determines what is required to ensure our people are structured and capable to meet future needs and demands.	Manager Human Resources		100%	Completed.


STATUS

- Not Started
- Completed
- On Hold
- Progressing
- Not Progressing






Reinvigoration and Resetting of Organisational Safety Obligations

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 15	Establishing an operational culture that embraces the need to be safety aware significantly reduces the risk of accidents and serious injury, attaining organisational consistency with the application of required safety standards.	Manager Human Resources		100%	Activities for 2022/23 have been completed. Over the last quarter the WH&S Strategy has been delivered for approval. The LGW Mutual Obligations Risk Audit was undertaken, and key recommendations are being actioned. Training continues to be provided and the WH&S Management Plan has been updated.

Waste Management Strategy

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 16	Revision of Council's current Waste Management Strategy that addresses the future waste management needs of the region.	Chief Operating Officer Whitsunday Water		90%	Draft Waste Management Completed. Further stakeholder input required. Due to Regional Waste Strategy (WIM) critical linkage, the WRC waste strategy cannot be finalised until the regional strategy draft (WIM) is finalised. This will then allow the final draft to be presented to council for consideration after March 2024. Therefore, the KFA completion is on hold (temporary) until regional waste strategy direction is confirmed.

STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing



Land Use – Planning for the Future

Corporate Plan	Description	Responsible Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
KFA 17	A detailed review of land use planning across the region.	Director Development Services		95%	Awaiting advice from Minister after providing updated material to the state agency.

STATUS

- Not Started*
- Completed*
- On Hold*
- Progressing*
- Not Progressing*

Themes: Governance

Consistent organisational processes and legal requirements provide accountability for Council to follow recommended guidelines for the structure and running of the organisation. Honesty; openness; appropriate; regulatory - processes that ensure Council provides service to the community that is legal, appropriate and equitable. The Community plan will inform Council when considering future governance, strategic plans, policies and operational outcomes.

Operational Plan - Governance

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP03	Develop a Portable and Attractive Items Policy.	Director Corporate Services	On Hold	0%	The development of this policy has been on hold due to competing priorities and resourcing.
CORP08	Develop financial sustainability strategy incorporating Long Term Financial Plan.	Director Corporate Services	Progressing	75%	The Long-Term Financial Forecast was adopted on the 30th of June 2023 with Council's annual budget. This will be provided to Queensland Treasury Corporation in August for review as required under Council's borrowing agreements. The draft Financial Sustainability Strategy has been received for review based on the workshops undertaken across Council.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed







On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP09	Undertake the exercise of establishing the Full Cost Pricing for the identified Business Activities (incorporating the revised overhead allocations) and establish the required price paths for each such Business Activities.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Full Cost Pricing has been incorporated into the 23/24 budget deliberations.
CORP10	Investigate a suitable insurance management solution, developing key metrics for measurement and documentation of processes.	Director Corporate Services		100%	An Insurance Management Improvement Plan has been developed and the suitable solution has been identified. Implementation will be undertaken in 2023.
CORP11	Undertake a review on the cost/benefit of streamlining rates and water notice issue dates.	Director Corporate Services		5%	Review has been deferred to 2023/24 in line with the Council election.
CORP12	Develop Phase 1 - Business Intelligence Reporting Framework.	Director Corporate Services		100%	The required analytics training has been undertaken by the Management Accounting team to enable Phase 2 delivery in 2023/24.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed








On Hold








Progressing






Not Progressing






Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP14	Implement a Centre Led Procurement Model across Council.	Director Corporate Services		60%	Council's Project Management plan for the implementation of a Centre Led Model has been tabled at Audit and Risk Committee. In addition, one Procurement Officer has been budgeted for in 23/24 to enable the commencement of the team.
CORP15	Process review of Procure to Pay and Inventory Management processes.	Director Corporate Services		100%	A review of the P2P and Inventory management has been completed. Technology One has been engaged to commence implementing changes for the use for Preferred Supplier Goods arrangements and amended workflows.
CORP16	Develop and implement a Project Management Framework.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Project Management Policy and Framework has been adopted and utilised to develop the 2023/2024 Capital program.
CORP17	Develop a Council leasing policy and manual.	Director Corporate Services		95%	The draft Community Leasing Policy and Guideline have been completed for consultation. The endorsement of the policy will be completed in line with the staged policy adoption process.
CORP18	Implement the 2020/23 findings outlined in the ICT Strategic Plans and review beyond 2023.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Completed in quarter 2.






STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing






Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP19	Implement the findings outlined in the Records Management Improvement Program.	Director Corporate Services		45%	The technology and training project is progressing with a focus on information security and capturing records created in different systems. Further digitisation of physical records has also occurred with another 92 boxes completed, which is helping to reduce the physical storage requirements. The project will continue into the 2023/24 year.
CORP20	Implement the CyberCX security review findings.	Director Corporate Services		60%	50% of the original of the security uplift programs of work is complete. A re-assessment was completed in the changing security environment. A new roadmap was approved to align with current requirements including a Microsoft Enterprise Security Uplift (program of work mapped with 30% of this program completed). Other items were included in an RFT that closed in June with evaluations in progress.
CORP21	Establish and implement a fit for purpose asset management solution.	Director Corporate Services		80%	ERP and asset management review completed with recommendations presented to ELT and Council. Commenced standing up project team, documenting processes and reviewing data locations and structures. Project is currently on-track with an implementation timeframe over a 3-year period.







STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP22	Implement an automated Accounts Payable Solution.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Completed.
CORP23	Roll out of a Smart Meter Program pilot and review findings.	Director Corporate Services		10%	Progress on the implementation of the smart water meter project is currently on hold due to managing business as usual tasks. This project will carry over to the following year with resource assistance from the Rates team to complete the setup.
CORP24	Create a central repository of strategic service levels for each asset class by individual asset and service managers.	Director Corporate Services		0%	Dependency exists on the asset management project. Currently some work has commenced on creating strategic service levels for some asset classes, however a re-prioritisation of organisational activities will extend the timeframe for this activity over the next two years.
CORP25	Conduct testing exercises of Council's business continuity plans.	Director Corporate Services		80%	Crisis management framework developed; desktop training exercises scheduled for 2023-2024 program. To be carried over.
CORP26	Develop and implement Council's integrated risk management system.	Director Corporate Services		60%	Rolled over into 2023-2024 program, business case developed, to be carried over.

STATUS

 Not Started
  Completed
  On Hold
  Progressing
  Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP27	Implement and implement Council's strategy and corporate planning system.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Completed
CORP28	Implement Public Interest Disclosure (PID) Awareness Program.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Public Interest Disclosure Agents appointed and managed through whistle blower hotline service
CORP29	Develop Council's integrity and governance awareness program.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Fraud and corruption framework reviewed and adopted.
CORP30	Review Council's Standing Orders/Meetings Policy.	Director Corporate Services		90%	Rolled over to 2023-2023 program of works and carried over.
CORP31	Facilitate the development and adoption of business plans for the Infrastructure Services, Development Services and Community Services departments.	Director Corporate Services		30%	Rolled over into 2023-2024 schedule of work, carried over.
CORP32	Review 2021-2026 Corporate Plan.	Director Corporate Services		0%	On hold to be revisited following local Government Elections

STATUS



Not Started



Completed






On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
OMCEO01	Review guidelines and for entry level programs - Traineeships, Apprentices, Graduates and Cadets and initiate opportunities and budget proposals for entry level positions.	Chief Executive Officer		100%	The guidelines have been reviewed and consultation has taken place. Are ready for approval.
OMCEO02	Review recruitment methods for engagement of staff and selection for panel members.	Chief Executive Officer		100%	Process improvement in recruitment is ongoing in order to source suitable and available candidates in a timely manner. Further training in recruitment is planned for panel members and access to the recruitment system has been enhanced.
OMCEO03	Review the Performance and Development Planning Process and provide skill development through training and coaching for supervisors.	Chief Executive Officer		90%	The PDP process has been reviewed and forms have been configured in One Council. Training will be provided as the forms are rolled out over the September and November periods.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed






On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
OMCEO04	Improve efficiencies and compliance of HR data collection, reporting and decision making through the implementation of further modules of One Council to be delivered by the HRP Project.	Chief Executive Officer		100%	Actions for 2022/23 have been completed. This project is continuing in 2023/24 in order to implement further modules and actions within OneCouncil
OMCEO05	Improve processes and develop capability for supervisors in managing performance and implementing change in the workplace.	Chief Executive Officer		95%	Training was provided in Leading your Team through Change for Managers. The guideline and tools for Change Management are in draft awaiting approval.
OMCEO06	Review and update Council's Safety Management Plan to align with ISO 45001 - Occupational Health and Safety Standard.	Manager Human Resources		80%	The Safety Management Plan is progressing. The WH&S Strategy has been through consultation and is ready for approval. Procedures are under review. The Critical Risk and major Hazard Control Program has been released. An action plan is in place to implement recommendations from the LGW Mutual Risk Obligations audit.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed










On Hold








Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
OMCEO07	Implement an on-line Safety Management System for improved incident reporting, data collection, information management and reporting.	Manager Human Resources		70%	WH&S Monitor has been delayed due to resourcing constraints and requirements by the vendor to undertake development of the system to meet requirements. The project is now progressing with configuration and testing ongoing.
OMCEO19	Review and update Corporate Style Guide.	Chief Executive Officer		0%	This is not complete. This project will be undertaken in late 2023/early 2024.
OMCEO20	Undertake bi-annual Community Satisfaction Survey.	Chief Executive Officer		100%	Completed. Results placed on Your Say Whitsunday online engagement portal and communicated to staff via The Landing.
OMCEO21	Develop an Internal Communications Strategy.	Chief Executive Officer		100%	Completed and being implemented. Used to inform other internal comms strategies and frameworks.
OMCEO22	Revise and update the Social Media Strategy.	Chief Executive Officer		90%	Digital Media Officer on three months leave - no further progression. Final review to occur in October.
OMCEO23	Revise and update the Crisis Communications Plan.	Chief Executive Officer		90%	Progression to completion.
OMCEO24	Develop a Writing Style Guide to ensure consistency of language and tone.	Chief Executive Officer		0%	Still to be progressed due to re-arrangement of priorities and reduced temporary reduction in comms team members.





STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing

Themes: Community

The community represents our residents and visitors, who are our customers and who we serve in our roles. We also refer to groups among our residents as communities, based on location (i.e. a coastal community such as Dingo Beach) and background i.e. our First Nations People. In a personal sense, community is about a sense of belonging and cohesion; being able to support one another during difficult times.

Operational Plan - Community

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CS01	Develop the long-term Community Plan.	Director Community Services		100%	Adopted - Ordinary Meeting 12/10/2022
CS02	Develop the draft Arts, Cultural & Heritage Strategy.	Director Community Services		80%	Progressing Draft for decision
CS03	Review and Implement Council's Reconciliation Action Plan.	Director Community Services		20%	On Hold.
CS04	Develop Customer Service Strategy.	Director Community Services		60%	Information for draft strategy has been collated, final production of Strategy document to be completed in Q1 of FY23/24.
CS05	Review Customer Service Charter.	Director Community Services		100%	Project has been completed.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed





On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CS06	Implement changes to current Customer Relationship Management (CRM) system.	Director Community Services		100%	All planned changes in Op Plan 23/24 have now been deployed. These include review of categories, Complaints Management Framework implementation and changes to workflows and training
IS09	Develop a Natural Hazard Guide for Whitsunday Accommodations Providers and Tourists.	Director Infrastructure Services		100%	

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold



Progressing







Not Progressing

Themes: Socio-Economic Connectedness

Understanding there is a direct correlation between the strength of the economy and social capital. Investment is linked to social and community needs and outcomes. The balance between social and economic networks within a community and how they interact/support each other.

Operational Plan - Socio-Economic Connectedness

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
OMCEO08	Implementation of priorities identified in the Advocacy Plan.	Chief Operating Officer Aviation and Tourism		100%	Advocacy process has progressed. A template has been designed, tested and implemented for four priorities to date with success. Advocacy Group established.
OMCEO09	Complete a Project Management Plan Feasibility study for the Bowen Marine Industry Precinct.	Chief Operating Officer Aviation and Tourism		30%	Overall Marian Project on hold on advice from TMR. Work is underway on developing background information to enable completion of a WRC Master Plan concept for the site
OMCEO10	Complete a Project Management Plan Feasibility study for the Shute Harbour Stage 2 facility at Grubby Bay.	Chief Operating Officer Aviation and Tourism		15%	Initial discussion held. Project scope to be reconsidered.
OMCEO11	Advocate to the state government for investment and development at the Abbot Point State Development Area (SDA).	Chief Operating Officer Aviation and Tourism		80%	Advocacy has continued with State Government. A Full Master Plan has been requested and is now being considered. An ongoing activity.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed





On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
OMCEO12	Develop business case and attract funding for a cold storage facility at Whitsunday Coast Airport to reflect expanding businesses such as Tassal - Prawn Farm.	Chief Executive Officer		20%	On the completion of our Master Plan re-design, we will look to undertake work to identify potential customers and their interests in such a facility as more will be understood about the location and size requirements.
OMCEO13	Develop Feasibility study for Heart of the Reef Discovery Centre.	Chief Operating Officer Aviation and Tourism		100%	Feasibility Study completed
OMCEO14	Develop 2022-2023 Investment prospectus.	Chief Operating Officer Aviation and Tourism		95%	Investment Prospectus is close to completion.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold



Progressing









Not Progressing

Themes: Environment & Climate Change

Building understanding of climate change and environmental values, growing stewardship in the community, and assisting the community to adapt, mitigate and manage climate and environmental risks and changes towards a low carbon economy.

Operational Plan - Environment & Climate

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CS07	Amend Local law No1 Administration and subordinate local law - prescribed activities (Short Term Accommodation).	Director Community Services		100%	Adopted at Ordinary Meeting 12/10/2022.
CS08	Complete Council's Carbon Offset feasibility project.	Director Community Services		100%	The Study has been completed. Actions from study progressing.
CS09	Develop a framework for Council's Urban Catchment stormwater quality plan.	Director Community Services		15%	This will now be incorporated into the Council stormwater strategy.
CS10	Coordinate the development of a Whitsunday Paradise foreshore reserve.	Director Community Services		100%	The Whitsunday Paradise Foreshore Plan was Completed and is currently being implemented.
CS11	Investigate options to improve water quality in Mullers lagoon.	Director Community Services		10%	Project plan is underway and exploring options for aeration.
CS12	Coordinate the review of Mainland camping.	Director Community Services		5%	Project Plan is being developed.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed











On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CS13	Coordinate the development of a concept Plan for Hydeaway Bay foreshore to Dingo Beach.	Director Community Services		15%	Council has applied for a road opening from the State government. Once Road opening has been surveyed and plan sealed, then Council will apply for development approval
CS14	Review of Climate Hub Operations.	Director Community Services		100%	This project has now been completed and is being implemented.
CS15	Develop the Cannonvale Lake Management Plan.	Director Community Services		100%	The Cannonvale Lake Management Plan has been finalised. The Plan will start to be implemented.
CS16	Implement the Urban Leucaena Control Management Program.	Director Community Services		100%	The Program was completed for the financial year. The Program treated 44 sites over 6.26ha.
CS17	Coordinate the development of Council's Environmental Sustainability framework.	Director Community Services		5%	Initial discussions have commenced. No project plan yet.
CS18	Develop a Whitsunday Paradise Community Bushfire Plan	Director Community Services		10%	The Project area has been defined. Initial discussions have been held with Queensland Fire and Emergency Services (QFES).
CS19	Coordinate the development of Council's Climate Change Implementation Plan.	Director Community Services		25%	A draft report has been prepared and is currently being reviewed.
CS20	Investigate Cannonvale Lake dredging activity.	Director Community Services		5%	The Project plan for this activity has commenced. This project will aim to commence in October-November 2023.

STATUS

Not Started



Completed





On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
IS08	Develop a Community Resilience Strategy.	Director Infrastructure Services		85%	The Community Resilience Strategy is at final draft stage and currently being reviewed by Director of Infrastructure Services.
IS10	Roll-out Whitsunday Regional Council Disaster Management Functions, Roles and Responsibility Awareness Campaign.	Director Infrastructure Services		100%	The Disaster Management Team have completed the roll out of Disaster Awareness to the community via, WDCC Open Day, Video presentations, and updated resources. All photo and video collateral will be used in future engagement activities.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold



Progressing






Not Progressing

Themes: Movement & Access

The ability to move freely around the region through whichever mode of transport is appropriate and the ability to safely and easily access destinations. Linear networks for the community for connectivity between Council owned land for easy safe access. Interconnected and efficient transport services.

Operational Plan - Movement & Access

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
OMCEO15	Develop an Asset Management Plans for Airport infrastructure.	Chief Executive Officer		30%	This is part of an organisational undertaking. A number of workshops have been completed with the Manager of Finance to continue the progression of this plan.
OMCEO16	Review current business plans across the Aviation and Tourism departments.	Chief Executive Officer		15%	Based on the restructure of commercial businesses and directly related to Aviation and Tourism, the development of business plans for the department will be developed within the first half of the 23/24 financial year.
OMCEO17	Develop a business continuity plan for key roles within the Whitsunday Coast Airport management team.	Chief Executive Officer		80%	Work shops were held with staff to identify areas of risk within the structure and human resources of Aviation and Tourism. As a result of these workshops, a restructure and reshaping has progressed through Council. Once positions are filled, and re-structure completed a formal continuity plan for all key roles within Whitsunday Coast Airport management team will be created.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing



Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
OMCEO18	Continue the development and implementation of the Whitsunday Coast Airport Freight Hub as per Grant guidelines.	Chief Executive Officer		100%	Completed.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold



Progressing





Not Progressing

Themes: Places & Spaces

A place is a defined precinct with a theme and guiding framework for construction of the infrastructure or business. Space is an open area, generally parkland, playground used by the community. Social infrastructure is a framework that includes hard physical components such as schools, hospitals, police stations, neighbourhood centres, parks, sporting fields, community centres & halls and libraries. In addition, the service delivery functions undertaken by doctors, teachers and service organisations, all levels of government and church organisations are also included as social infrastructure. The structure and processes, both formal and informal that contribute to the planning and delivery of service are the final component of social infrastructure.

Operational Plan - Places & Spaces

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP01	Development and Adoption of Asset Management Plans (AMPs) for each asset class.	Director Corporate Services		85%	Asset Management Plans (AMPs) for Shute Harbour, Quarry and Waste have been developed and reviewed by the Asset Management Steering Committee. AMPs to be considered by Council at a future Council Briefing for future adoption.
CORP02	Establish an Asset Hierarchy (Data Structure) in consultation with each Asset Manager including the development of an Asset Category Data Dictionary for each asset class.	Director Corporate Services		20%	A detailed scope of works has been developed to address this and a temporary resource engaged for delivery in Aug - October 2023.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed







On Hold








Progressing








Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP04	Align Councils Schedule of Declared Assets for insurance purposes with the Financial Asset Register.	Director Corporate Services		10%	An Insurance Management Improvement Plan has been developed to understand stakeholders involved and timing of this project. However, commencements are on hold until a vacancy is filled in the Asset Management Team, this project will be able to commence with expected completion in line with the 2024/25 insurance policy deliberations.
CORP05	Establish an Asset Accounting Policy.	Director Corporate Services		0%	Asset Accounting Policy is on hold due to competing priorities and resourcing. This will be developed in 2023/24.
CORP06	Development of a rolling Four Year Valuation Plan for all asset classes incorporating elements of the Improvement Plan from the Asset Management Plans.	Director Corporate Services		30%	Asset Revaluation for the 2022/23 Financial Year for Building and Facilities has been completed and audited with an unmodified audit opinion received. The refinement of the rolling Four Year Valuation Plan is ongoing with asset classes brought forward for revaluation in the 2023/24 Financial Year due to not applying indexation in 2022/23 and also to enable a reset of the rolling cycle in line with the Four-Year Valuation Plan being developed.
CORP07	Undertake a full review of two identified Commercial Business Operations.	Director Corporate Services		100%	

STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
CORP13	Develop a detailed Business Case for a Council Presence at Cannonvale/Airlie Beach.	Director Corporate Services		100%	Council has completed a Project brief and conducting Project Control Group (PCG) meetings. Land selection is currently underway following the submission of an EOI for funding based upon a concept plan and cost estimate. The architect and project delivery team have been engaged as Stage 3 of the initial engagement to ensure the timely completion of the project.
DS01	Complete Planning Scheme Major Amendment V4.	Director Development Services		95%	Awaiting Ministerial consent.
DS02	Obtain Minister's Approval of the Local Government Infrastructure Plan V2.	Director Development Services		90%	State Agency has requested further details and consultation meeting has been organised in late August to discuss possible matter of concern to the State Agency. Outcome of meeting will set forward direction.
DS03	Complete Development Manual Amendment.	Director Development Services		100%	Completed.
DS04	Commence Public Consultation on the Housing Affordability Planning Scheme Amendment V1.	Director Development Services		65%	Awaiting outcome from Regional Housing Summit and Regional Strategy, with local strategy to be a product out of Housing Strategy.

STATUS



Not Started



Completed








On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
DS05	Complete a Draft Whitsunday 15 Year Growth Study.	Director Development Services		55%	Economic and Population Study due for completion by the end of September 2023
DS06	Commence Proserpine Industrial Structure Plan.	Director Development Services		100%	Further consultation required with DTMR given Proserpine Highway bypass significantly impacts on this land which was not evident until recently
IS01	Develop a revised Waste Management Strategy.	Director Infrastructure Services		90%	Draft Waste Management Completed. Further stakeholder input required. Due to Regional Waste Strategy (WIM) critical linkage, the WRC waste strategy cannot be finalised until the regional strategy draft (WIM) is finalised. This will then allow the final draft to be presented to council for consideration after March 2024.
IS02	Develop and implement a level of service framework.	Director Infrastructure Services		50%	Our Levels of Service Framework is on hold due to staffing constraints.
IS03	Centralise the planned maintenance works and undertake workforce planning to align resources with required levels of service.	Director Infrastructure Services		50%	

STATUS



Not Started



Completed







On Hold








Progressing







Not Progressing






Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
IS04	Undertake asset data collection and condition rating of all network classes.	Director Infrastructure Services		75%	The plan is on hold. The remainder is scheduled to recommence in the 2023-24 financial year.
IS05	Develop strategies and guidelines relating to engineering and infrastructure matters to inform the planning scheme.	Director Infrastructure Services		100%	The Planning Scheme Amendment to update the Development Manual commenced 20 January 2023. The amendment included: Updates to align with Australian standards Amendments to parks and roads network desired standards of service Rectifying historical issues and design improvement within the following themes: Erosion and sediment control Parks and open space design Stormwater management Roads hierarchy and design standards Water and sewer design standards
IS06	Develop a Floodplain Management Plan that through modelling of the major floodplains.	Director Infrastructure Services		95%	Floodplain Management Plan Final documentation draft for WRC review due 25/08/23. Project Completion Date 1/09/23.
IS07	Develop a Stormwater Management Strategy to provide guidance on acceptable standard of infrastructure for the region.	Director Infrastructure Services		30%	Consultant undertaking stormwater network gap analysis to inform hold point, WRC scoping workshop with Technical Reference Group to follow.


STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
IS11	Develop Muller Lagoon Master Plan.	Director Infrastructure Services		50%	Parks and Gardens have engaged a Landscape Designer to draft a sketched Concept plan from internal stakeholders feedback and the Community Consultation which took place in March/April 2023. The draft concept plan has been requested to be presented to the internal stakeholders for their review prior to Community catch up in Bowen at the end of August 2023.
IS12	Review Levels of Service Document.	Director Infrastructure Services		75%	Parks and Gardens Technical Levels of Service Document is currently still in progress and making progress. Expected adoption this financial year 23/24.
IS13	Renew the Foxdale Quarry Mine Management plan.	Director Infrastructure Services		100%	The new Quarry development and mine plan has been received from Groundworks Plus Pty Ltd and will guide the development of the quarry for the next five years.
IS14	Finalise review of business model and pricing structure.	Director Infrastructure Services		100%	The AEC business model has been implemented and now is in use. Pricing recommendations from the model have been implemented.

STATUS

-  Not Started
-  Completed
-  On Hold
-  Progressing
-  Not Progressing

Action Code	Action Name	Authorising Officer Position	Status	Progress	Comments
IS15	Meet Capital Works Delivery targets.	Director Infrastructure Services		90%	Per the financial reporting provided at end of year roads and drainage completed 87% of financial delivery of the budget at Q3. This does not accurately reflect completion as some carry overs are for projects completed below budget. Of the incomplete projects only approximately \$250k remained unspent due to timing or weather delays, putting the completed figure closer to 100%

STATUS



Not Started



Completed



On Hold



Progressing



Not Progressing

11.9 - 2022-2023 Annual Report

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: James Ngoroyemoto - Manager - Governance and Administration Services

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Jason Bradshaw - Director Corporate Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

1. WRC Annual Report [11.9.1 - 97 pages]

PURPOSE

Council's Annual Report provides an opportunity for Council to document and record its activities, achievements, and financial performance for the period in an open, transparent, and accountable manner.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council adopt the 2022-23 Annual Report (Attachment 1).

BACKGROUND

The 2022-23 Annual Report of the Whitsunday Regional Council details our performance in meeting the strategic priorities outlined in our Corporate Plan and provides an analysis of our financial performance. This document demonstrates our commitment to supporting our region with infrastructure, services, and ensuring an active and engaged community. Council continues to provide essential programs and services to the community. The 2022-23 Annual Report also details our successes and challenges faced over the year whilst ensuring we remain open and accountable to our stakeholders.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

The 2022-23 Annual Report outlines the achievements made against the Corporate and Operational Plans for the last 12 months as well as addressing several statutory requirements for disclosure in the interests of transparency and accountability.

The 2022-23 Annual Report also includes the Annual Financial Statements for the year to 30 June 2023, and reports on the overall performance of Council for the year.

The format for the 2022-23 Annual Report has been streamlined to improve readability and to more simply present the information to demonstrate Council's achievements for the year.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

The *Local Government Act 2009* (the Act) and Local Government Regulation 2012 apply. Section 182 Preparation of annual report of the Act provides:

- (1) A local government must prepare an annual report for each financial year.
- (2) The local government must adopt its annual report within 1 month after the day the auditor-general gives the auditor-general's audit report about the local government's financial statements for the financial year to the local government.
- (3) However, the Minister may, by notice to the local government, extend the time by which the annual report must be adopted.

- (4) The local government must publish its annual report on its website within 2 weeks of adopting the annual report.

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Lead and coordinate of the organisation's corporate governance and risk management, in addition to the delivery of efficient and customer focused administration support for the organisation to ensure high levels of performance and compliance.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The activities reported in the 2022-23 Annual Report were resourced through the 2022-2023 budget. The 2022/23 Annual Financial Statements form part of the Annual Report, along with a plain language Community Financial Report.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Chief Executive Officer
Executive Leadership Team
Manager Finance

RISK ASSESSMENT

The risk associated with not adopting the 2022-23 Annual Report in the granted extended timeframe will result in non-compliance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 2009.

There are no set penalties associated with non-compliance; however, this will present a reputational issue for Council as this will be noted as non-compliance in the next audit.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

The Annual Report must be adopted with 1 month of the signoff date on the Auditor General. A Ministerial extension to the deadline for the adoption the Annual Report has been sought and approved to the 27 September 2023, due to the early finish of the financial statements and the change in Council meeting dates.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

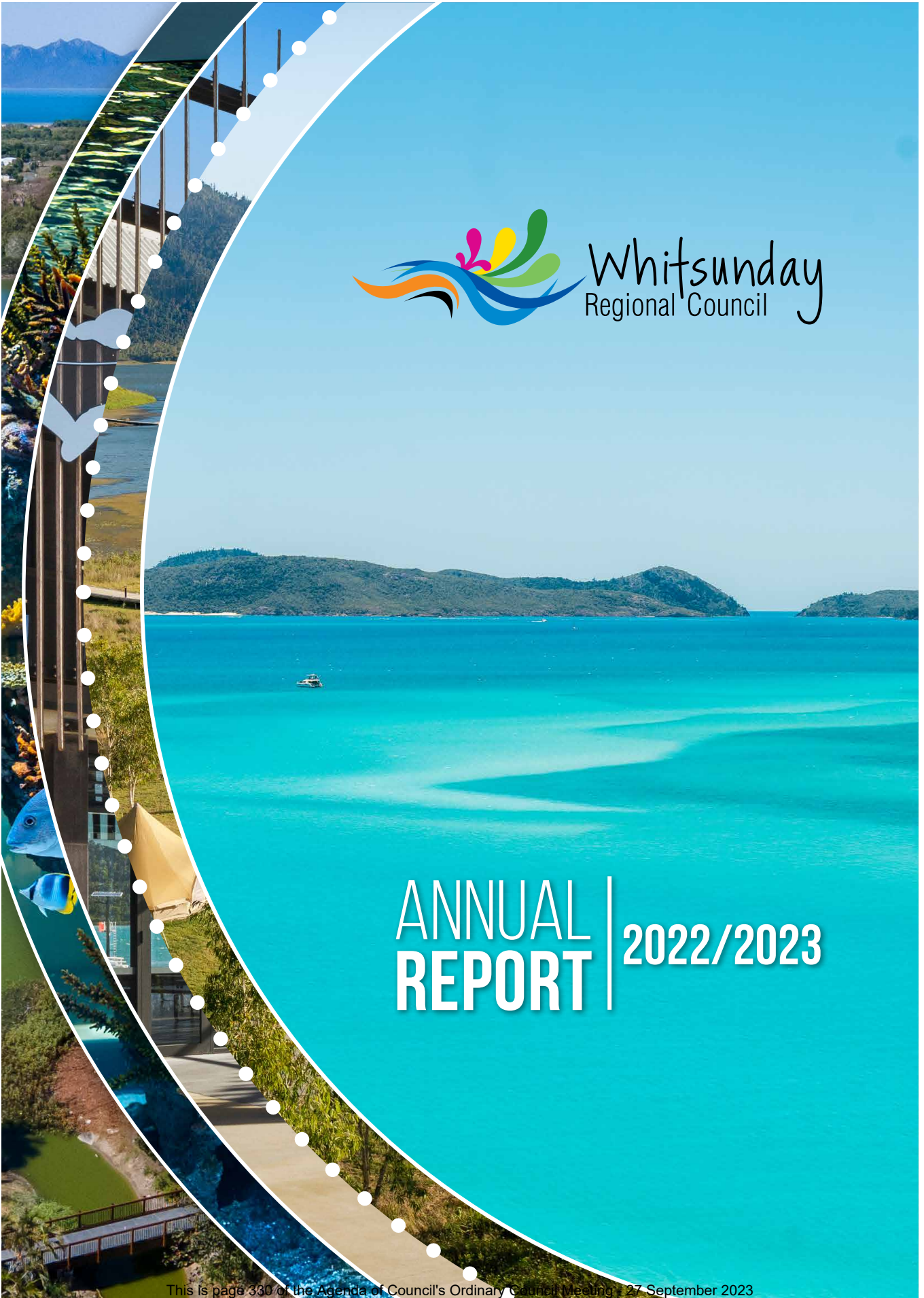
Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial, or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Nil



ANNUAL REPORT | 2022/2023

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY

Council acknowledges the traditional owners and custodians of the lands in our region. We pay respect to Elders past, present and emerging and acknowledge their ongoing relationship and connection to Country.

Whitsunday Regional Council endorses the vision of a nation which values First Nations People Heritage, cultures and peoples and recognises their distinct position as the original custodians of Australia. Council's aim is to make a sustainable future possible by building stronger relationships, mutual respect and encouraging cultural practices that strengthen and support harmony between First Nations People and the broader community within the Whitsunday Region.

WELCOME TO THE ANNUAL REPORT

The Whitsunday Regional Council 2022-23 Annual Report provides an account of the council's performance, achievements, challenges, and financial management for the year to 30 June 2023.

The report demonstrates how Council performed against the Corporate Plan 2021-2026 as well as our Operational Plan and the *Local Government Act 2009*. The Annual Report also provides an insight into council's operations and financial position. Our stakeholders include ratepayers, residents, businesses, community and interest groups, news media, all levels of government, council staff and the wider general community.



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1.0 Welcome To The Annual Report



This annual report provides a comprehensive overview of the performance and activities of the Whitsunday Regional Council (WRC) for the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023.

We provide our council's vision, mission and values that guide our decision making and tell the story of our region for the past year.

1.1 OUR VISION & MISSION

A Corporate Plan is council's main planning tool, providing the basis from which specific council strategies, plans and policies are developed. It guides our annual budget, capital works program and operational plan, underpinning all of our decision-making and connecting the community's vision to what we do.

VISION

To be a sustainable and progressive region achieved by unified and innovative leadership for the benefit of our diverse community, visitors and the environment.

MISSION

To provide engaged, accountable, proactive and unified leadership that is focused on delivering sustainable outcomes.

CORPORATE VALUES

The fundamental principles and practices how we as an organisation conduct our business. They set standards and define what our organisation considers are imperative to success.

OUR CORPORATE VALUES ARE:

ACCOUNTABILITY We are responsible, open and transparent about what we do and how we do it.

LEADERSHIP We provide direction and good decision making for our organisation and community in an understanding environment that embraces trust and continuous improvement.

UNITY We work together as a cohesive and proactive team.

TRUST We foster trust within our community and organisation.

PRIDE We take pride in our diverse community and the service we deliver.

SAFETY We actively care for the health and wellbeing of our organisation and community.

1.0 Welcome To The Annual Report

1.2 MAYOR'S MESSAGE



In this, my first annual report as Mayor of Whitsunday Regional Council, I would like to acknowledge and thank my fellow Councillors, staff and the community for giving me a warm welcome since I took my Declaration of Office in August 2022.

Looking at this report, it really summarises our collective efforts, accomplishments, and the strides we've taken towards a creating a brighter future for our Whitsunday Region communities.

It's been focus of this council to ensure our residents are engaged and at the core of our decision-making process. This year we commenced a series of 'Community Catch-ups' to better connect with our local communities, build relationships, share information and gather feedback on local issues. We've visited a range of smaller communities, each of them well represented by residents wanting to chat to council about key topics ranging from land and natural resource management to town planning to roads and rates.

This council has a commitment to long-term planning and investment in our region's future. We've welcomed the opportunity to develop a ten-year Community Plan to gain a clear appreciation of the needs and priorities of our residents and develop a shared vision for the future of our region. We worked closely with our residents, businesses, industry and other key stakeholders to ensure the plan accurately identifies the current and future issues facing the community how we intend to address these issues.

Council is passionate about maintaining a consistent level of service for our 38,000 plus residents and delivering key infrastructure projects to build resilience, improve community liveability, create jobs and ensure a positive and sustainable future for the Whitsunday region.

Council has, during these difficult economic times, aimed to provide residents with a level of certainty. We acknowledge that housing affordability and availability is a massive challenge for the region, and it's been a particular focus of mine to advocate for increased state and federal funding and support to help alleviate this problem. It is going to take a whole range of short, medium and long-term solutions to fix this crisis and we will continue to work for our community to find innovative solutions that strike a balance between growth and the affordability of housing options.

I am deeply committed to the advocacy and progress of the Whitsunday Region. We've developed an internal advocacy group with key officers of Council and combined with recent structural changes to the organisation which will allow us to focus on strategic priorities and planning, we will be well placed to advocate for projects that matter most to our

community and ensure we're driving positive change.

One of the key challenges we face is ensuring that our infrastructure keeps pace with the demands of a growing population and economy. Our roads network and public services must be able to accommodate the increasing needs and expectations of residents and visitors alike.

Council must invest wisely in our infrastructure to alleviate congestion, improve connectivity, and enhance the overall liveability for our residents.

Our Whitsunday Coast Airport has become more than just a gateway to the Whitsundays; it is now a vibrant hub that connects us to a record number of destinations and enables our community to thrive.

The continued growth of the Whitsunday Coast Airport brings with it immense opportunities for our region. In the 2022/23 financial year, 477,328 passengers passed through the airport which was higher the previous record of 469,000 set in 2018-19.

Our airport continues to smash records, and this can be attributed to a variety of factors, including increased flight frequencies, expanded routes, and strategic partnerships with airlines. This financial year we've welcomed new routes to Sunshine Coast, Toowoomba, Newcastle and the Gold Coast, instantly boosting our economy and we've diversified our business model by opening up our very own Freight Distribution Centre.

To ensure the airport can keep pace with growth, we've now engaged an external expert to conduct a comprehensive review and redesign of the Whitsunday Coast Airport Master Plan.

Finally, I'd like to say it's been an immensely rewarding in my first year as Mayor and I've been able to reach out to the community to truly understand the challenges and likewise, find out what our community values about our region.

By working collaboratively, I know we can build a region that not only thrives economically but also nurtures its natural beauty, enhances quality of life, and preserves our unique sense of community.

I look forward to continuing to represent the people of the Whitsundays in the future.

Mayor Julie Hall

1.0 Welcome To The Annual Report

1.3 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S MESSAGE



I had the pleasure of joining Whitsunday Regional Council as the Chief Executive Officer in February of 2023 in what has been a period of change.

I would like to thank my predecessor Rod Ferguson for his three years at the helm. Rod retired in January after more than 40 years of outstanding service within Queensland Local Government.

Council welcomed Mayor Julie Hall into the role in August 2022 to replace Andrew Willcox after his election as Federal Member for Dawson at the 2022 Federal Government election.

Division 2 Councillor Al Grundy resigned in late 2022 and Councillor Clay Bauman was elected at a bi-election and sworn in as the new Division 2 Councillor in December last year.

I've spent much of my time here observing the organisation and getting out and about in the community to get a true sense of the Whitsunday region and how it currently sits.

In the 2022-23 budget council carefully allocated funds for strategic projects that will drive service delivery, economic growth, foster innovation, and create new opportunities for our residents.

Every capital project approved has been prioritised through practical and proactive asset management and project planning, when we better plan and manage whole of life costs, we maximise the life and value of our assets, which saves money and ensures our infrastructure remains sound and delivers sustainable service for the future.

Former major catalyst projects like the Shute Harbour Marine Terminal, Flagstaff Hill Cultural and Conference Centre and the Proserpine Entertainment Centre are now operating so financial management and asset management is a focus going forward to support our long-term financial sustainability.

Our region's water and sewer plants have recently had major upgrades, while waste and recycling facilities are a focus for the 2023/24 budget so we can effectively and sustainably manage waste to landfill.

The council's leadership group also did an exceptional job of guiding the organisation through the post COVID pandemic era to ensure that our region can capitalise on the growth that has taken place in regional areas.

This report outlines the activities undertaken by the organisation during the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023.

There have been many achievements and equally as many challenges during the year.

We installed more solar panels on council facilities including our administration buildings in Proserpine and Bowen and our Whitsunday Coast Airport and Shute Harbour Marine facility.

As a council, we will implement a clear road map for the future of our organisation to ensure a focus on delivering a sustainable, customer-centric, agile organisation to serve the community.

Council has been active in reviewing governance, policies and processes and has welcomed external audits with results provided to the Audit and Risk Committee and council.

The Queensland Treasury Corporation were also invited to provide a Financial Sustainability Review which identified council's long term financial sustainability was stable.

Safety of staff continues to be a key focus with the continuation of the successful Switched-On safety program and with improved efforts of staff there has been a noticeable decline in incidents and injuries across the organisation.

Having been in the role of Chief Executive Officer for five months, I know council is full of hard-working

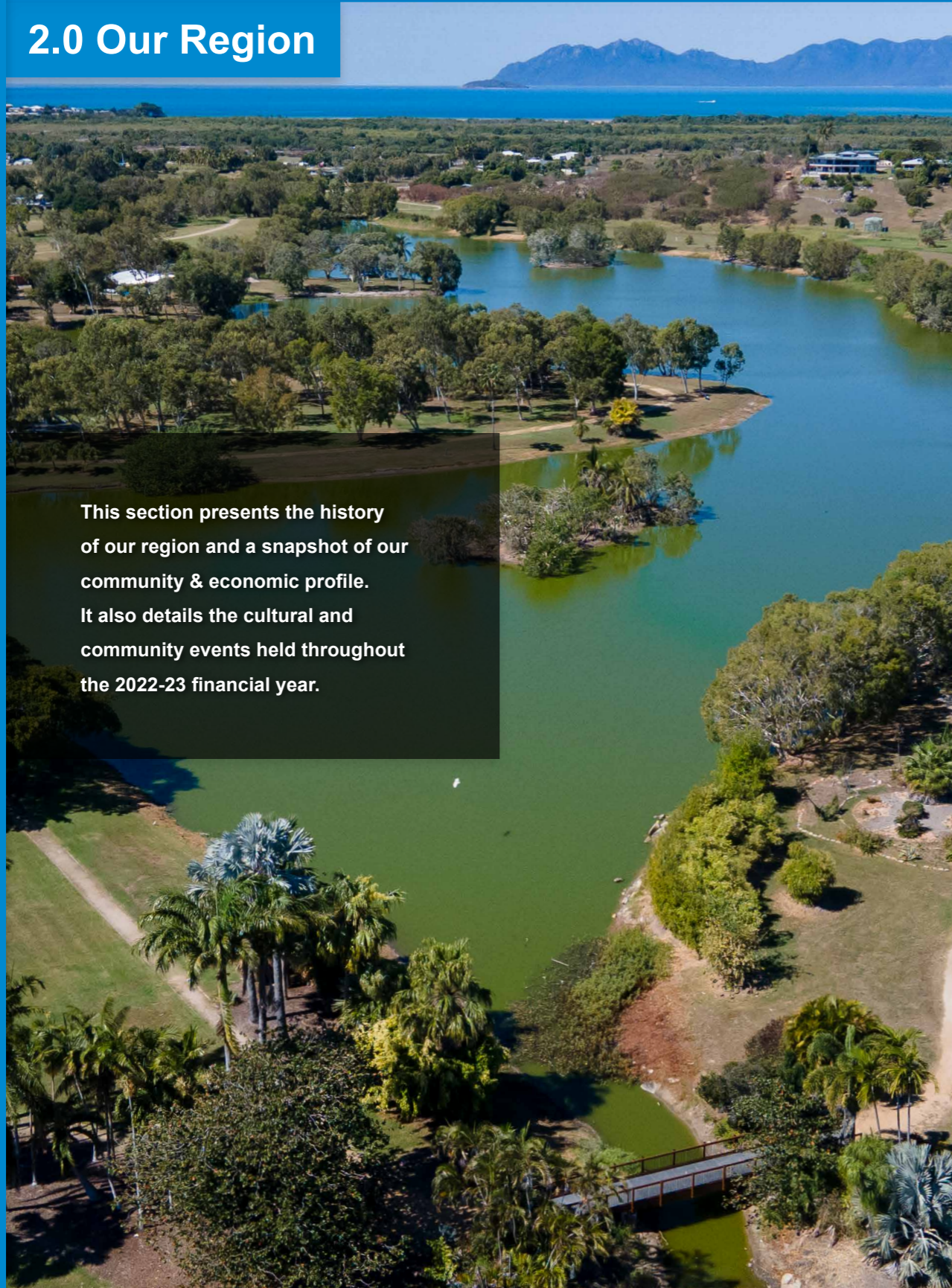
people who are proud to serve this community. This annual report is a celebration of their achievements and I want to recognise their efforts. Together we look forward to the year ahead as we continue delivering the services that our Whitsunday region deserves.

Council prides itself on delivering services and programs which enable our community to thrive, and this is made possible by our 393 plus employees who are passionate about our region and our community. From parks, roads and pathways, storm water drainage and environmental conservation, to libraries, venues, sport, and recreational facilities and much more, our organisation remains focused on responding to the current and future needs of our communities.

I would like to thank Mayor Julie Hall and Councillors for their support and acknowledge the invaluable guidance from the Executive and Senior Leadership teams.

Warren Bunker
Chief Executive Officer

2.0 Our Region



This section presents the history of our region and a snapshot of our community & economic profile. It also details the cultural and community events held throughout the 2022-23 financial year.

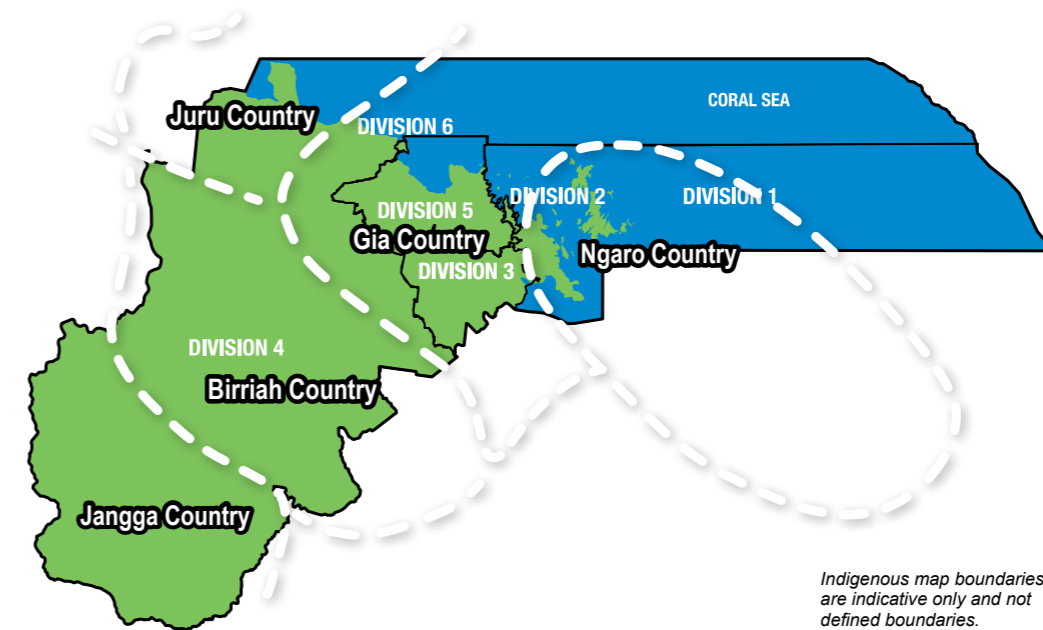
2.1 HISTORY

Indigenous History

Council acknowledges the traditional owners and custodians of the lands in our region. We pay our respect to Elders past, present and emerging and acknowledge their ongoing relationship and connection to Country.

Within the Whitsunday Region, five groups of traditional owners occupy the country, within, but not limited to the following areas:

- Ngaro Country around the Whitsunday Islands and the mainland coastlines;
- Gia Country around Proserpine and Gloucester surrounds (north to Bowen, south to O'Connell River and east to the Clarke Connor Ranges)
- Juru Country around Bowen and Gumlu north to the Burdekin River
- Jangga Country around Mount Coolon and surrounds
- Birriah Country around Collinsville and surrounds



Indigenous map boundaries are indicative only and not defined boundaries.

2.0 Our Region

Places and objects of First Nation Peoples Cultural Significance, such as sites for story telling or other cultural activities, scarred trees, stone extraction sites, ceremonial sites, fireplaces, ochre, axe grinding grooves, rock art, fish traps, graves, old growth vegetation, including culturally significant flora and fauna, shell middens, artefact scatters and traditional foods are found throughout following over 50,000+ years of occupation.

Whitsunday Regional Council is a party to the following registered Indigenous Land Use Agreements (ILUA's) that were negotiated between council and three of the native title holding groups currently recognised in the local government area.

- Jangga People and Charters Towers Regional Council, Isaac Regional Council and Whitsunday Regional Council ILUA (QI2007/007)
Registered 11/02/2010
- Juru People and Local Government ILUA (QI2014/011)
Registered 28/07/2014
- Birriah People and Local Government ILUA (QI2014/090)
Registered 19/05/2015

Each of the ILUA's record how the parties shall work together to recognise each other's rights and interests and help each other meet their responsibilities. The agreement forms part of an on-going relationship between Whitsunday Regional Council and native title holders.

HISTORY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN THE WHITSUNDAY REGION

The Whitsunday Region was, prior to amalgamation in 2008, administered as two separate local government areas – the Shire of Bowen and the Shire of Whitsunday.

The region has a rich political history dating back to the mid 1800's when the Bowen Municipality was constituted on 7 August 1863 under the Municipalities Act 1858.

On 11 November 1879, the Wangaratta Divisional Board was created as one of 74 divisions around Queensland under the Divisional Boards Act 1879. With the passage of the Local Authorities Act 1902, Wangaratta became a shire and Bowen became a town on 31 March 1903.

19 January 1910, saw the Shire of Proserpine being excised from Wangaratta. It was renamed to Shire of Whitsunday on 18 February 1989 due to its inclusion of the popular Whitsunday Islands.

On 2 April 1960, the Town of Bowen was abolished, and merged into the Shire of Wangaratta, which was also renamed Bowen Shire Council.

In July 2007, the Local Government Reform Commission released its report and recommended that the two areas amalgamate. On 15 March 2008, the Shires formally ceased to exist, and elections were held on the same day to elect Councillors and a mayor to the new Whitsunday Regional Council.

2.2 REGIONAL PROFILE

The Whitsunday Region is home to approximately 38,580 permanent residents. Renowned for its relaxed lifestyle, the region boasts beaches, rainforests and large tracts of national parkland, encompassing a total land area of 23,682 square kilometres.

The region encompasses the five main townships of Airlie Beach, Bowen, Cannonvale, Collinsville and Proserpine with numerous rural and coastal communities and residential areas scattered throughout the region. The 74 Whitsunday Islands are also within the council area. Many of these islands are uninhabited national parks, but four islands offer a variety of resort accommodation, all with the Great Barrier Reef and fringing coral reefs at their doorstep.

While the region is rural and coastal in its nature, residents and visitors alike enjoy access to good community infrastructure such as transportation, hospitals, educational facilities, telecommunications, power, water and sewer utilities as well as contemporary facilities including museums, art galleries, cafes, hotels and restaurants, entertainment facilities and a cinema.

The region is a well-established transport hub with the council owned and operated Whitsunday Coast Airport located 10 minutes' drive from the township of Proserpine, and a number of smaller aerodromes in Bowen, Collinsville and Mt Coolon. Privately owned airports are located on Hamilton Island and Jubilee Pocket. It is less than 2 hours by air to the Queensland state capital of Brisbane from the Whitsunday Coast Airport. The Bruce Highway is the major transport corridor running from Brisbane in the South to Cairns in the North.

To the year ending March 2023, the region attracted 862,000 visitors, 4.73M visitor nights and \$1.58B in visitor expenditure.



2.0 Our Region

OUR ENVIRONMENT

LAND AREA 23.863M2

514KM OF COASTLINE

11 RIVERS

121 PARKS AND OPEN SPACES (530 HA)

OUR COMMUNITY

POPULATION OF 38,580

FAMILIES – 15,443

AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE IS 2.34

MEDIAN AGE 40

4 REGIONAL LIBRARIES

17 SCHOOLS

3 HOSPITALS

4 LIBRARIES

OUR ECONOMY

LOCAL JOBS 18,860*

TOP EMPLOYING INDUSTRY –
ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES

GROSS REGIONAL PRODUCT ESTIMATED -
\$2.88 BILLION

INDUSTRY OUTPUT – \$5.55 BILLION

MINING LARGEST ECONOMIC OUTPUT AT
\$1.3 BILLION

Source: The information presented here is derived
www.economy.id.com.au/whitsunday and
Whitsunday Regional Council

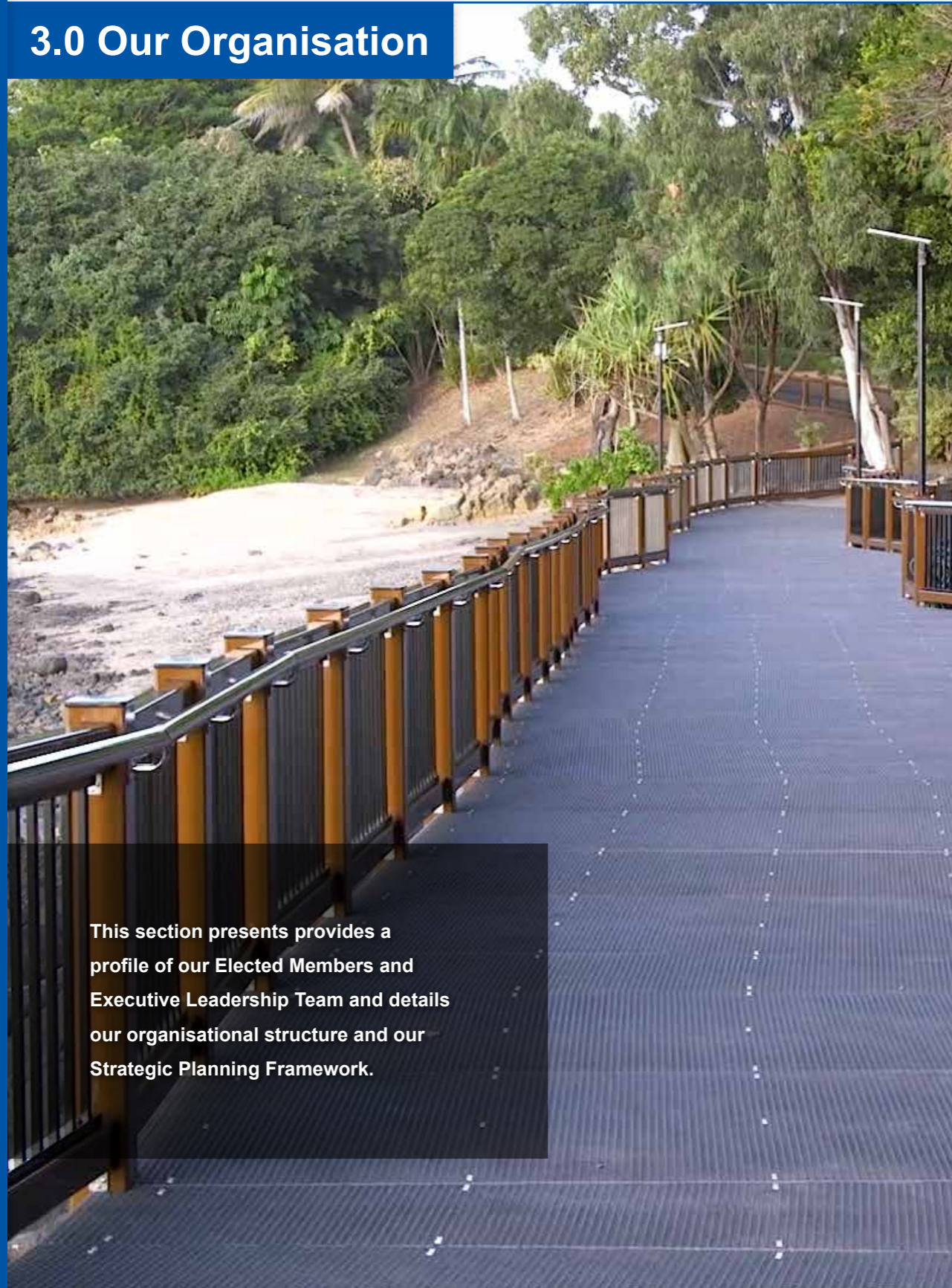


2.3 CULTURAL & COMMUNITY EVENTS

Council conducted the following cultural and community events through the year:

DATE	EVENT	LOCATION
7 July 2022	Movie Night – The land before time & Jurassic Park	Airlie Beach
12 August 2022	Movie Night - Madagascar	Airlie Beach
9 September 2022	Movie Night - Up	Airlie Beach
16 September 2022	Get Active- Airlie Beach	Airlie Beach
20 September 2022	Citizenship Ceremony	
14 October 2022	Movie Night – Nanny McPhee & The Man from Snowy River	Airlie Beach
11 November 2022	Movie Night - Shrek	Airlie Beach
4 December 2022	Rotary Xmas Carols & Movie Night – The Grinch	Airlie Beach
9 December 2022	Xmas Movie Night - Elf	Airlie Beach
16 December 2022	Mayor's Xmas Tree Gift Appeal – Gift Handover with The Salvation Army	Bowen
26 January 2023	Citizenship Ceremonies & Australia Day Celebrations	Proserpine
10 March 2023	Movie Night - Sing	Airlie Beach
11 March 2023	Get Active - Collinsville	Collinsville
26 March 2023	Get Active - Proserpine	Proserpine
2 April 2023	Get Active – Airlie Beach	Airlie Beach
14 April 2023	Movie Night – Shark Tale & Oddball	Airlie Beach
15 April 2023	Get Active - Bowen	Bowen
21 May 2023	Multicultural Festival & Citizenship Ceremony	Airlie Beach
4 June 2023	Queensland Day – Our Whitsunday Way	Proserpine
9 June 2023	Movie Night – The secret life of pets	Airlie Beach
16 June 2023	Movie Night – The snail & the whale	Airlie Beach

3.0 Our Organisation



This section provides a profile of our Elected Members and Executive Leadership Team and details our organisational structure and our Strategic Planning Framework.

3.1 OUR ELECTED MEMBERS



MAYOR JULIE HALL

PHONE: 0460 041 446

EMAIL: mayor@wrc.qld.gov.au

Mayor Julie Hall entered the local government arena directly from the private sector where she ran her own business successfully for the past 16 years. A published author and creator of an internationally recognised personal development profiling system, Mayor Hall developed her passion for politics after running for the seat of Dawson in the Federal Election in May 2022.

Mayor Hall ran for local government as she felt it was the perfect fit for her passion for people and community. She feels grassroots local government is the best avenue to truly make a difference and connect and work for the Whitsunday Region community.

Attracting funding and increased investment in rural Australia are priorities for Mayor Hall to ensure our region moves forward productively and economically into the future.

She believes as a council we have a responsibility to support our residents through these tough economic times and that we are proactively addressing community concerns.

Mayor Hall believes that council has a responsibility to ensure we are providing our rate payers the best value for money in delivering services and enhancing the liveability of our region, without compromising our future financial sustainability.

Born in Glenelg South Australia, her parents moved to rural SA when she was nine years old. Her childhood cultivated her love for regional living and after residing in the hustle and bustle of the Gold Coast for 16 years, Mayor Hall found her paradise in Bowen. She has three grown children and four grandchildren, and her hobbies include fishing, camping and sailing.

3.0 Our Organisation



CR JAN CLIFFORD – DIVISION 1

PHONE: 0412 721 969

EMAIL: jan.clifford@whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au

Councillor Jan Clifford was re-elected in the 2020 Queensland local government elections as the representative for Division 1 of the Whitsunday Regional Council, making this her fourth successive term as a Councillor.

Jan is well known for her energy and commitment to the well-being of the Whitsunday area and its citizens and is an active member of the community, serving on many boards and committees and volunteering at events.

Jan has called the Whitsundays home since early 1995 after a long career across Australia in various management, sales and marketing roles. In 1997 Jan started her own sales and marketing business and was voted Best Sales Representative by A.F.T.A. She was eventually drawn to council to be of service to the Whitsunday Region and its people.

Jan has completed a Diploma in Management and has been recognized as a Paul Harris Fellow with Rotary International.

Jan has always been a strong advocate for protecting and preserving the natural environment in the Whitsundays, both on the mainland and in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park.

Committees

- ALGWA State Executive (Zone 2)
- State representative ALGWA - APPOINTED BY ALGWA
- NRWC Director national / company Secretary – APPOINTED BY ALGWA
- Regional Development Australia - Whitsunday/Isaac/Mackay
- Audit & Risk Committee
- Environment Recovery Sub-Group
- Greater Whitsunday Communities Director
- Safe Night Out Precinct
- Whitsunday Chamber of Commerce
- Whitsunday Housing Company director/ chair
- Whitsunday PCYC
- Whitsunday Headspace Committee
- Whitsunday Sports Park



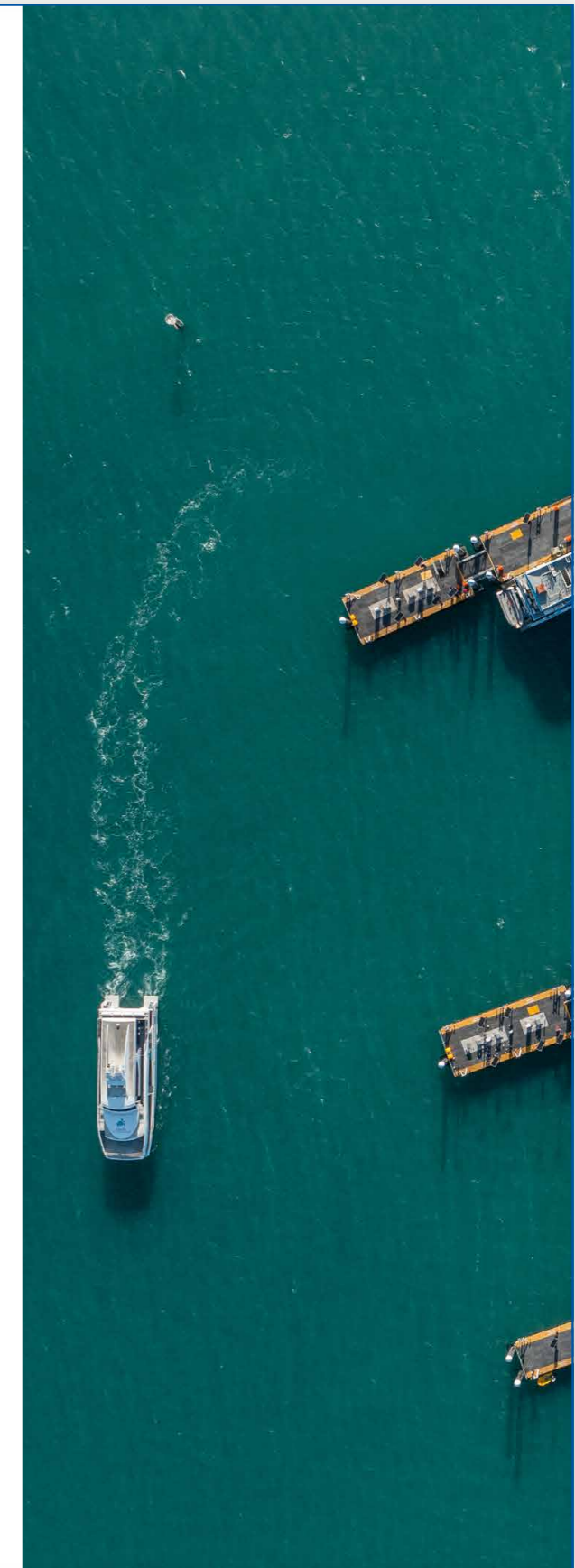
CR AL GRUNDY – DIVISION 2

Resigned

Councillor Al Grundy resigned from his role as Whitsunday Regional Councillor for Division 2, effective Friday 14th October 2022. Cr Grundy was elected to council in 2020 and served two and a half years of the four-year term.

Cr Grundy was a very active member in the community and represented council on a range of committees, with the environment, waste management and tourism at the centre of his approach.

Whitsunday Regional Council acknowledges his efforts and contribution to serving his community.



3.0 Our Organisation



CR CLAY BAUMAN - DIVISION 2

PHONE: 0459 327 494

EMAIL: clay.bauman@whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au

Clay Bauman was elected as Councillor for Division 2 at a by-election in December 2022.

Born in Brisbane and educated at Gregory Terrace St Joseph's College in Brisbane, the travel bug hit Clay and he travelled the world while also working in digital video editing.

After his return to Australia, Clay moved to Airlie Beach in 2007 and has now settled in Cannonvale, doing video work and managing private sailing boats.

Clay has always been an active volunteer for sporting clubs and community groups and is a passionate advocate for retaining the beach town character of the area to ensure a successful future for our region.

After many years of reading council agendas and reports and attending meetings, Clay put his hand up and was elected to represent Division 2 following the resignation of Councillor Al Grundy in late 2022.

Committees

- Tourism Recovery Group
- Coastal Councils Adaptation Taskforce (C-CAT)
- Domestic & Family Violence Council Network
- Local Authorities Waste Management Advisory Committee (LAWMAC)
- Mackay Whitsunday Healthy Rivers to Reef Partnership
- Reef Islands Initiative Whitsundays Project Advisory Group
- Suicide Prevention Network Taskforce
- Tourism Whitsundays (proxy for Mayor Hall)
- Whitsunday Community Services
- Whitsunday Local Marine Advisory Committee



CR JOHN COLLINS - DIVISION 3

PHONE: 0429 059 726

EMAIL: john.collins@whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au

Cr John Collins was council's Acting Mayor until Mayor Hall was sworn in after the by-election on Saturday 13th August 2022.

Councillor John Collins was first elected as Councillor for Division 3 on Whitsunday Regional Council in 2012 and was returned for his third term at the 2020 Local Government Elections.

Division 3 is centred on the town of Proserpine, which is the Whitsunday region's agricultural and government services hub, and includes the surrounding rural communities of Mount Julian, Preston, Conway and Wilsons Beach.

While John's family lived at Silkwood, south of Innisfail, he was born in Toowoomba. At age four, his family relocated to Proserpine when his father was transferred as the local police sergeant. John completed his schooling at the local St. Catherine's Catholic Primary School and Proserpine State High School, and currently lives in Proserpine with his wife Jill and four daughters.

Since 1990, John and Jill have owned and operated their own small business on Proserpine's Main Street.

Cr Collins is a strong advocate for developing the local rural tourism sector to entice travellers off the highway and into our townships. John has championed the creation of further tourism opportunities at the Peter Faust Dam, which has the largest Barramundi population of any impoundment in Australia and is a strong advocate for promoting Proserpine as RV Friendly town.

Committees

- Les Stagg Oval Advisory Committee
- Local Disaster Management Group
- Local Recovery Group
- Proserpine Junior Sporting Complex
- Whitsunday Rivers Improvement Trust

3.0 Our Organisation



CR MICHELLE WRIGHT - DIVISION 4

PHONE: 0417 121 010

EMAIL: michelle.wright@whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au

First time Councillor Michelle Wright is born and bred in Bowen and lives there with husband Wal and their three children.

She has been actively involved with community groups for many years and taking the next step to playing a role in council was the natural progression.

Being community minded, Michelle is passionate in providing improved liveability and care for families, the elderly and future generations.

She is honoured and proud to have been elected at the 2020 Local Government Elections to serve the Whitsunday region community.

Committees

- ALGWA
- Bowen Chamber of Commerce
- Bowen Collinsville Enterprises
- Bowen Gumlu Growers Association
- Bowen Sporting Complex Committee
- Don River Improvement Trust
- Human Social Recovery Subgroup
- Jangga Consultative Committee
- Regional Arts Development Fund



CR GARY SIMPSON - DIVISION 5

PHONE: 0439 631 272

EMAIL: gary.simpson@whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au

Councillor Gary Simpson was appointed Deputy Mayor on 14 September 2022.

Deputy Mayor Gary Simpson has welcomed the challenges of being a first term Councillor the challenges of the role as a first term Councillor. He was born and schooled in Proserpine and first started work on the family farm in 1981. He has been manager of the family business, since 2000 and has recently sold one of the three farms to enable him to concentrate on his Councillor role.

Gary is married to wife Debbie. Gary has a daughter, Lauren and son, Dean.

He is a family figure in cane growing circles having been a director of Proserpine District Canegrowers Cooperative (PDCC) for 9 years and was the inaugural Chairman of the SSP Proserpine for 3 years and Deputy Chairman of the PDCC for 3 years.

In his spare time Gary loves fishing and camping and spending time on the water with his wife around the beautiful Whitsunday Islands.

Committees

- Bowen Burdekin Local Marine Advisory Group
- Infrastructure Recovery Sub-Group
- Whitsunday Catchment Landcare
- Whitsunday Rivers Improvement Trust
- Traffic Advisory Committee

3.0 Our Organisation



CR MIKE BRUNKER - DIVISION 6

PHONE: 0419 708 351

EMAIL: mike.brunker@whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au

The Councillor for Division 6, Mike was born and raised in Collinsville but has lived in Bowen for 20 years where he currently runs a newsagency with his wife Kylie.

As a former coal miner and former Mayor of Bowen Shire and Whitsunday Regional Councils for 17 years, Mike has a proven track record of delivering outcomes for the people of Bowen and Whitsunday.

Mike's background in mining and local government has given him a thorough understanding of the challenges faced by communities, families, and local businesses from the coalfields to the coast.

Mike has always been passionate about creating job opportunities through economic development and that remains his focus today.

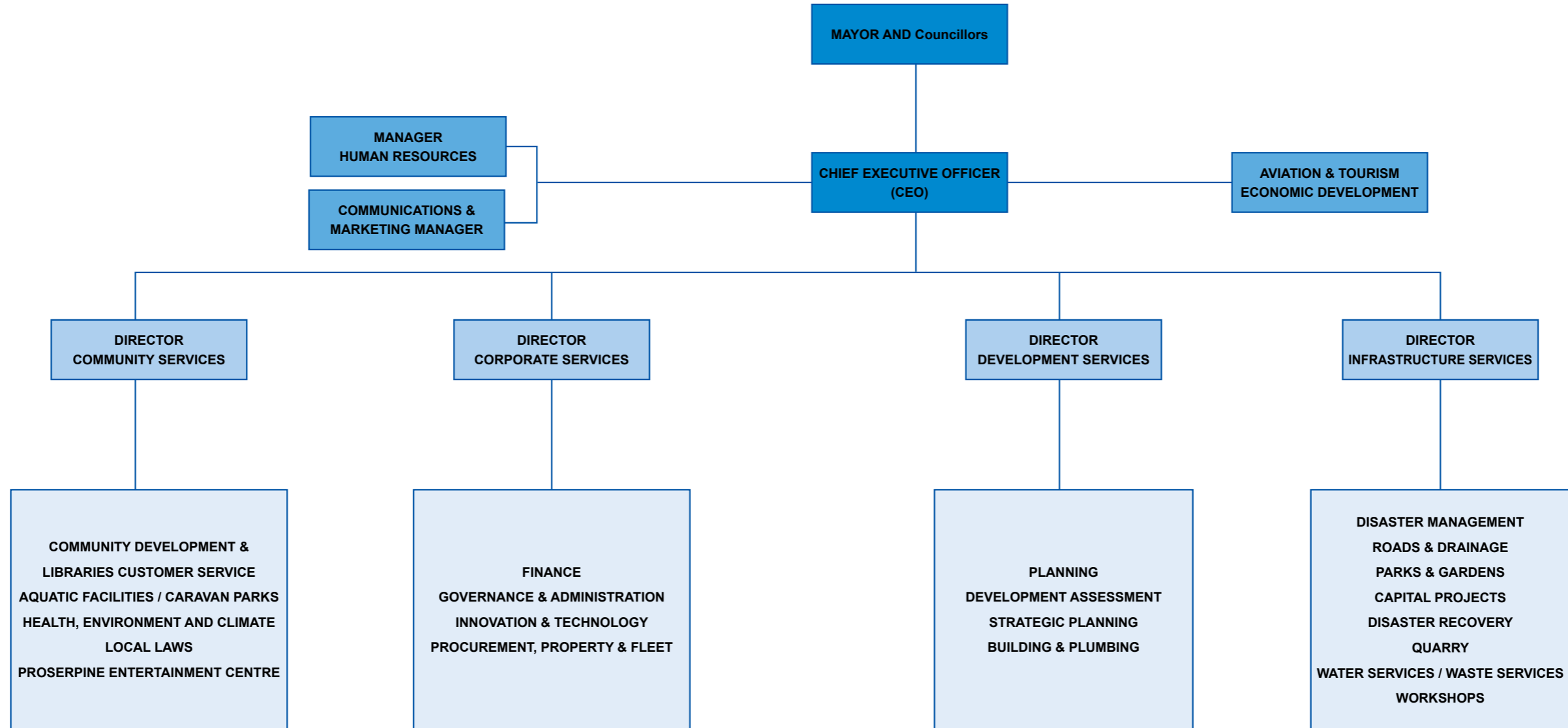
Committees

- Bowen and Collinsville Mental Action Group
- Community Engagement Committee
- Don River Improvement Trust
- Economic Development Advisory Committee
- Economic Recovery Sub Group
- North Queensland Sports Foundation
- Tourism Bowen



3.0 Our Organisation

3.2 ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE



3.0 Our Organisation



3.3 OUR EXECUTIVE LEADERSHIP TEAM



**CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
WARREN BUNKER**

Current

Warren Bunker was appointed to the role of Chief Executive Officer in December 2022 and commenced in the role on 27 February 2023. Warren has over 30 years' experience in private practice and Queensland local government on the Sunshine Coast and North Queensland.

Warren began his career in the planning department as the first Strategic Planner to be employed by Caloundra Council. He then worked his way up through the ranks, becoming the Director of Governance and Strategy, before taking on the role of Director of Regional Strategy and Planning for the newly amalgamated Sunshine Coast Council. His most recent position prior to coming to Whitsunday Regional Council was Group Executive of Liveability and Natural Assets where he was responsible for leading the environmental sustainability agenda, managing growth and managing the capital works program. Warren was awarded life fellowship of the Planning Institute of Australia for his contributions to planning on the Sunshine Coast and to the planning profession more generally.

In his spare time, Warren likes enjoying the natural wonders of the Whitsunday region.



ROD FERGUSON

Retired

Rod Ferguson was appointed to the role of Chief Executive Officer on 8 June 2022 and retired in February 2023. Rod had over 40 years of experience within regional local governments in Queensland including over 20 years in CEO roles. He led the amalgamation of the Southern Downs Regional Council in 2008 and in 2013 was appointed by the state government to lead the de-amalgamation of the Mareeba Shire Council.

Rod is considered a living legend in Local Government circles, having demonstrated a proven ability to effectively manage large, complex teams and build strong relationships across government, industry, business, and community. Council is grateful to Rod for his leadership and commitment to the organisation over the past few years, particularly during the challenging circumstances we faced during the COVID-10 pandemic.

3.0 Our Organisation



DIRECTOR COMMUNITY SERVICES
JULIE WRIGHT

Julie Wright's career in Local Government has spanned over 26 years and across three council's – Burdekin, Cairns & Whitsunday Regional Council's. Julie believes her position as an Animal Management Officer in those first years with the Burdekin Shire Council gave her the foundation to understand the strong connection of Local Government and the Community, followed by 10 years with Cairns Regional Council to strengthen her experience in the compliance fields of local government.

Julie loves the family orientated feel of Whitsunday Regional Council – colleagues are friendly and it's a great place to work. She feels that trust is important in an organisation as it enables staff to grow into their positions, take ownership and be the best they can possibly be.

Julie and her partner Peter enjoy spending time watching their grandchildren participate in their chosen sports plus outdoor activities including fishing, beach walks and swimming.

Key responsibilities include Community and Library Services, Sport & Recreation including Aquatic Facilities, Environmental and Public Health, Climate Change, Natural Resource Management, Community Events, Regulatory matters, Arts & Cultural Heritage, Community safety, council's Caravan Parks, Local Laws, Customer Service, the Proserpine Entertainment Centre and the Flagstaff Hill Conference and Culture Centre.



DIRECTOR INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES
ADAM HAGY

Adam Hagy started his local government career as the Coordinator of Shire Presentation with the Corowa Shire Council in NSW approximately seven years ago. Prior to this, Adam was owner of a successful business specialising in all facets of horticulture, landscape design, construction, maintenance, and earthmoving.

Since commencing with Whitsunday Regional Council as the Coordinator for Parks & Garden in 2015, Adam has worked from the ground up to his current position as Director of Infrastructure. This hands-on experience across council's ground operations makes Adam well-placed to provide clear leadership and direction to council's largest directorate.

The Directorate of Infrastructure is responsible for roads and drainage, stormwater, water, wastewater, waste, parks and gardens, quarry, major projects, disaster management, and recovery services.

In his spare time, Adam enjoys spending time with his family, boating, fishing and playing golf.



DIRECTOR OF CORPORATE SERVICES
JASON BRADSHAW

Jason Bradshaw has led a productive local government career spanning more than three decades. Jason joined council in January 2020 as Director Corporate Services, bringing with him significant experience in finance, corporate governance and local government management. He has played a pivotal role driving organisational reform within Queensland and has held the position of CEO at two other Queensland local governments since the 2008 local government reforms.

Jason says the Whitsundays' has been very welcoming and lifestyle is a key attraction with the relaxed nature of North Queensland. In his spare time, Jason and his wife Lesa enjoy travel and exploring the local region.

His current role incorporates financial services, procurement, asset management, property services and fleet management, GIS, innovation and technology, records management and corporate. Jason has qualifications in business and management, and is a member of CPA Australia, LGMA (QLD), Australian Institute of Company Directors and the Institute for Managers and Leaders.



DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
NEIL MCGAFFIN

Neil McGaffin started his local government career in Adelaide at the then City of Noarlunga and moved across states with appointments in Mildura, Kilmore and in state government in Wollongong and Sydney. Neil has extensive experience working with and in the State and Local Government fields.

In his spare time, Neil likes to spend time with family, travel to the islands, snorkelling, and the whole lifestyle of living close to the water.

Neil's Directorate supports sustainable living in the region through land use & infrastructure planning and development control. Key areas of responsibility include helping to grow the local economy and workforce, strategic land use planning, urban design, development assessment, development compliance, infrastructure planning, growth management, environmental planning and place making.

3.0 Our Organisation

3.4 STRATEGIC PLANNING FRAMEWORK

Council's strategic and corporate plans set the goals and direction for the region's future. The strategic planning framework integrates annual, medium, and long-term plans and strategies.



3.5 OUR EMPLOYEES

Council's workforce is responsible for delivering all of the services and facilities that the community enjoys and expects.

In addition to the training positions for Apprentices and Trainees, council also offers a range of work experience for secondary and tertiary students. During the reporting period council provided placements to 9 secondary school students.

As at 30 June 2023 there are 393 people employed by council in over 100 different occupations including operational, technical and professional positions.

As at 30/6/2023

Directorates	Approved FTE	Actual FTE	Actual Headcount
OMCEO	43.59	40.53	42
Development Services	18.5	18.04	19
Community Services	55.54	54.95	62
Corporate Services	61.44	58.17	61
Infrastructure Services	222.46	194.61	195
Apprentices	9	8	8
Trainees	7	6	6
TOTAL	417.53	380.3	393



3.0 Our Organisation

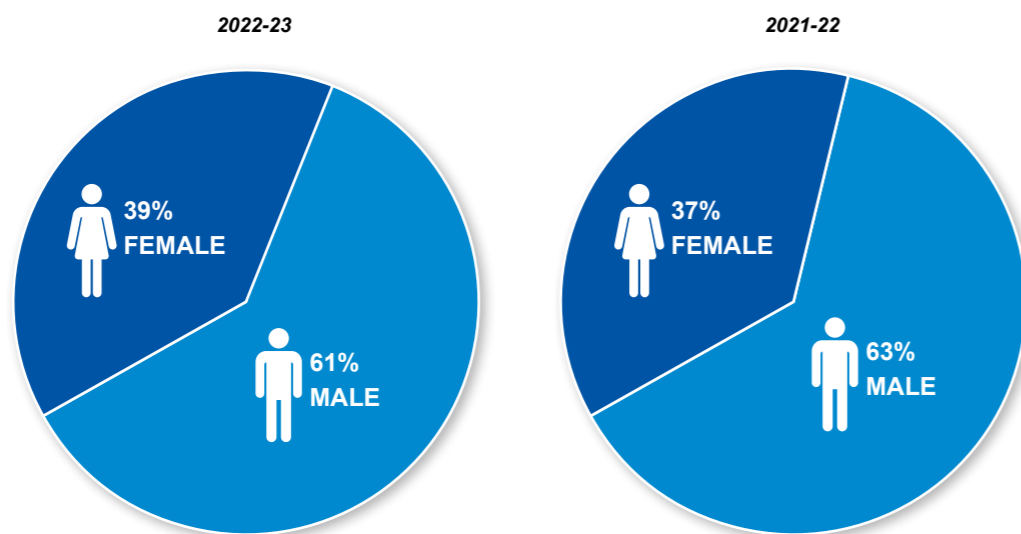
DIVERSITY

As at 30/6/23

Role	Male	Female
Councillor	4	3
Employees		
Executive Officer (CEO and Directors)	4	1
Managers	18	5
Operational, Technical and Professional	219	146
Total Employees	241	152

(Includes Apprentices and Trainees)

MALE/FEMALE EMPLOYEES



Council has in place the Diversity and Inclusion Policy Guideline, with the organisational goal to create a culture that is diverse, inclusive and that respects and celebrates our differences.

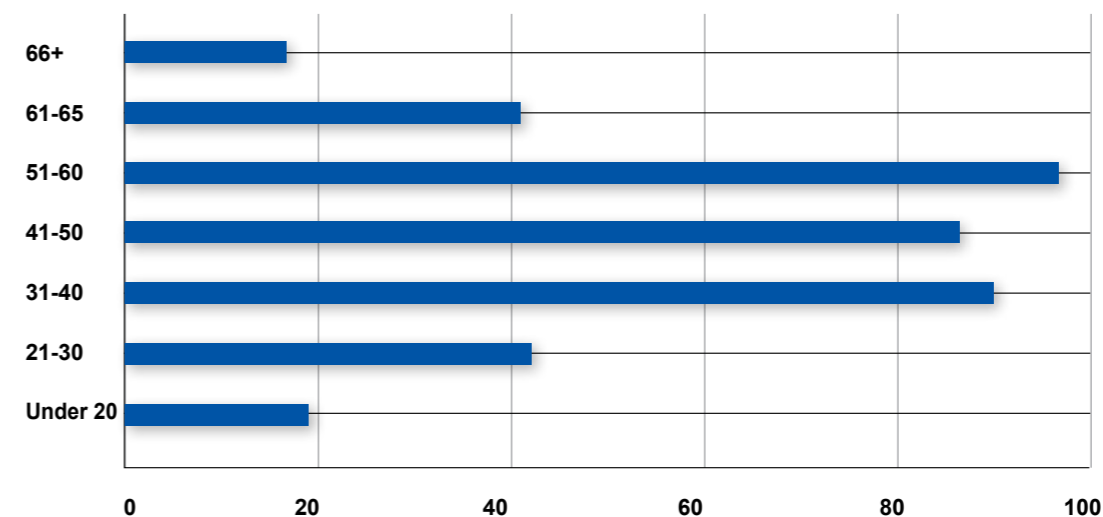
In November 2022 Employees covered by the Whitsunday Regional Council Certified Agreement (the Agreement) voted in favour of the 2022 Agreement. The Certified Agreement 2022 included an increase in Paid Parental Leave for employees. It is noted that the average weekly full-time equivalent earnings of females covered by the Agreement was higher than males mainly due to a higher percentage of females under Local Government Award Stream A holding more senior positions.

Council's Strategic Workforce Plan identified the key issues of:

- Aging of our workforces
- Retention and engagement
- Diversity and inclusion
- Enhance the skills of our workers
- Organisational resilience
- Leadership capability
- Safety behaviours

With a range of actions in place to address these issues. This included reviews of our policies and guidelines to update our Flexible Work Options, Transition to Retirement, Recruitment & Selection, and Relocation during the year.

AGE OF WORKFORCE



3.0 Our Organisation



CASE STUDY

LUKE HANDLEY

Luke Handley is a dedicated and passionate employee who loves working for his community and has aspirations to continue progressing his career at council.

Luke started with council as a trainee completing his Certificate Two in Construction in 2022 with council's Roads and Drainage team. Luke was then successful in gaining full time employment with council as a Civil Construction Worker and he will soon commence working through Certificate III in Construction.

In addition to Luke's achievements at council, his previous leadership roles and commitment to rugby league have inspired him to become a teacher and role model for other indigenous students.

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

Council has in place a Joint Consultative Committee with representatives from employees, management and unions who meet quarterly. Negotiations on the Whitsunday Regional Council Certified Agreement continued through 2022 with an agreement reached following mediation through the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission.

The Whitsunday Regional Council Certified Agreement 2022 became operative on 7 December 2022, with a nominal expiry date of 8 February 2024. An amendment to the Whitsunday Regional Council Certified Agreement 2022 to include a clause on Equal Employment Opportunity, following amendments to the Queensland Industrial Relations Act in November 2022, was certified on 23 March 2023.

3.6 CODE OF CONDUCT

Whitsunday Regional Council acknowledges that there are particular responsibilities which Councillors and employees have for safeguarding the public interest, exercising a duty of care, and inspiring public confidence and trust.

Council actively supports, encourages and develops its employees to work safely, be customer focused, use technology and council assets effectively, adapt to changes, improve capabilities and contribute to council's Corporate and Operational Plans.

The Code of Conduct provides guidance to council employees in behaving ethically at work. Application of the code assists council in being more efficient and will give employees a better appreciation of the need to use resources responsibly, comply with council policies, develop good community relations and promote public interest.

Council's Code of Conduct was reviewed and updated in June 2022 with reference to council policies as a Smoke Free Workplace and Working with Children and Young People added.

Internal training on the Code of Conduct and Fraud and Corruption content was delivered to all employees of council from October 2022, finishing in February 2023.

The Public Sector Ethics Act 1994 identifies four ethical principles fundamental to good public administration and that guide our behaviour.

**PRINCIPLE 1:
INTEGRITY AND
IMPARTIALITY**

**PRINCIPLE 2:
PROMOTING THE PUBLIC
GOOD**

**PRINCIPLE 3:
COMMITMENT TO THE
SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT**

**PRINCIPLE 4:
ACCOUNTABILITY AND
TRANSPARENCY**

3.0 Our Organisation

3.7 TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Council invests in the future of our employees and the organisation through supporting training, education and development activities. Particular areas of focus over the last year have been:

- Developing our current and future leaders through the continuation of the Australian Local Government Leadership Colloquium, including management levels; Supervisor Training Program; and participation in the LGMA Australasian Management Challenge.
- Delivery of vocational training for operational workers who have gained qualifications and formal recognition of their skills in the areas of – Certificate II in Horticulture; Certificate III in Civil Construction (Road Maintenance); Certificate IV in Civil Supervision; and Water Industry Workers Certificate III Water Operator, Certificate IV Water Operations and a new addition with the treatment stream now available through this program. This training provides career pathways for employees, and supports retention and succession opportunities across the organisation
- Employment and training for Apprentices and Trainees with three (3) Apprentices and three (2) Trainees completing their training and attaining their qualifications.



- Change management training was a focus for the organisation, with (22) managers participating. Community engagement training was delivered to elected members and employees to strengthen and further develop essential engagement skills for community consultation processes. Training was also delivered to those employees who hold a delegation according to the *Local Government Act* as an Authorised Person. Contract Management Fundamentals and Contract Management for Supervisors was delivered to council employees. Safety and Compliance training to enable our workers to have the skills and knowledge to work safely. This included training to update and/or renew licences and tickets.
- Safe work behaviours through continued delivery of the Switch ON Program, which all employees participate in.
- Review and update of the Corporate Induction Program for new employees.
- Providing work experience for secondary students at all council locations and opportunities for tertiary students through the University Vacation Employment program.
- Supporting employees in gaining professional/tertiary qualifications through the Studies Assistance Program and participation in short courses made available through the Training Request process.

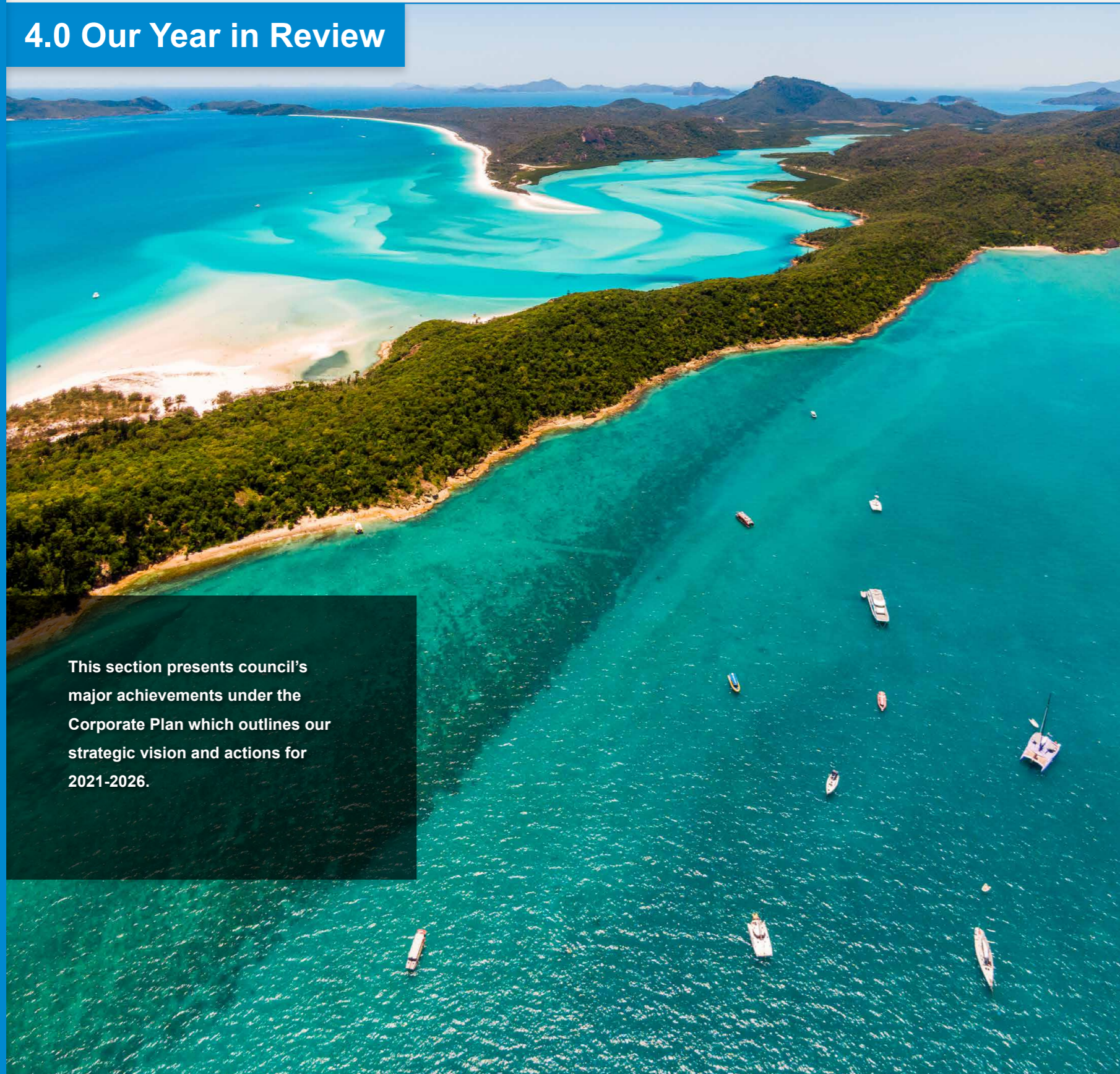
3.8 HEALTH AND WELLBEING

Council is committed to providing for the safety, health and wellbeing of our employees providing ongoing assistance and programs.

- Council provides access to an Employee Assistance Program that provides confidential counselling and independent assistance with work and personal issues, as well as Manager Assist, designed to support managers and supervisors in dealing with workplace issues.
- Several of our employees were trained and accredited in Mental Health First Aid.
- Council enabled employees to access flu shots ahead of the flu season in 2023.
- For the first time council delivered an organisation wide Skin Check program which saw 114 employees participate.
- Corporate Health Agreements were secured with Medibank Private, Queensland Country Health and Bupa, which provides for discounted Private Health Insurance premiums for new and existing members.
- Drug and Alcohol Awareness sessions were delivered and groups of employees participated in the 10,000 Steps program.

Providing for the safety, health and wellbeing of employees is important to Council and further knowing that safety is a key value corporate value of council – we actively care for the health and wellbeing of our organisation and community.

4.0 Our Year in Review



This section presents council's major achievements under the Corporate Plan which outlines our strategic vision and actions for 2021-2026.

4.1 KEY FOCUS AREAS

In addition to council's usual services and functions, the following Key Focus Areas have been identified and each Key Focus Area aligns with council's Vision.



KFA 1 - ASSET MANAGEMENT

IN PROGRESS

- With council's asset base growing from \$1.2B in 2021/22 to \$1.27B in 2022/23, Asset Management has been a focus for council during this year with significant achievements being realised over the year.
- Council's Asset Management Strategy was adopted in September 2022 setting guiding principles and objectives for delivery from 2022 to 2026. A substantial amount of work has been undertaken since adoption to progress this Strategy. Below summarises the strategy on a page and the highlights of this year's achievements.

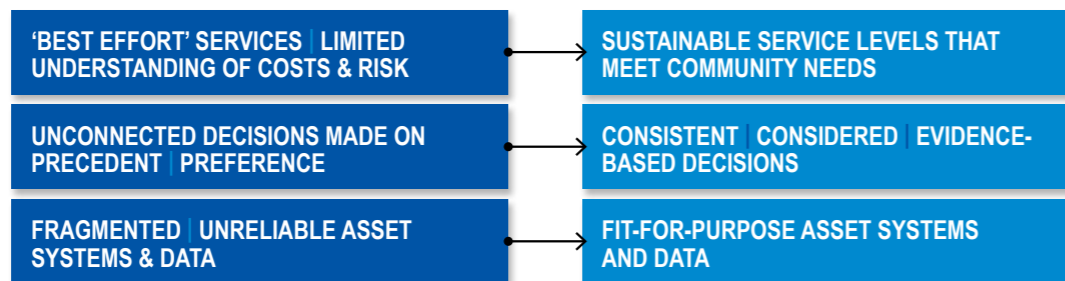
4.0 Our Year in Review

KEY FOCUS AREAS

STRATEGIC CONTEXT



CURRENT STATE



HOW DO WE GET THERE?



>> Implement the Asset Management Governance Framework

- Council's Asset Management governance structure has been in full operation for 12 months with an Asset Management Steering Committee (AMSC) and an Asset Management Working Group (AMWG) meeting throughout the year to progress key priorities and ensure asset management decisions are made consistently and in line with council's strategic vision.
- A draft Strategic Asset Management Plan (SAMP) has been developed identify output measures required in order to achieve the strategic objectives linking these objectives with both outcome and output measures. This will be further refined into 2023/24.
- The Asset Management Steering Committee (AMSC) and Audit and Risk Committee agreed on how council's individual Asset Management Plans (AMPs) will be developed moving forward. Throughout the year, Officers have been developing the first three priority Asset Management Plans for Shute Harbour, Waste and Quarry and the next priority AMPs have been identified to progress in 2023/24.

- The Asset Custodianship Model identifies roles and responsibilities in relation to all individual assets and has been in use for a 12 month period and is ready for review to ensure it is fit for purpose before being fully embedded into the structure. This model has assisted in ensuring good governance in relation to asset management decision-making, consultation and collaboration.

>> Establish Sustainable Levels of Service

- A high-level review has been undertaken to identify the service types council provides for consideration in a future Service Planning Framework and program of work.
- The Project Management Framework was endorsed by council putting in place a robust structure to assist in delivery of all projects moving forward. This new process was embedded in the development of the 2023/24 capital budget. Processes, systems and documents will continue to be refined as maturity develops across the organisation.
- A Project Management Support Office has been established to ensure success of all projects and develop better practice with Project Managers.

4.0 Our Year in Review

KEY FOCUS AREAS

>> Improve Asset Management Skills and Competencies

- Agreement has been provided by the Executive Leadership Team on the proposed path forward for Asset Management Capacity Building across council. This endorsed position paper sets the minimum training level required for staff involved in managing assets.
- Asset Managers and Service Managers have been engaged and have committed to the mandated training over the 2023/24 and 2024/25 financial years.

>> Define Asset Management Data Model and Data Quality Standards

- A scope of works has been developed to define the approach required to achieve this objective. A resource has also been engaged to enable the delivery of a data quality audit and improvement plan for council. The data model and quality standards will be developed with Asset Managers, Service Managers and data owners across the organisation in 2023/24 to assist in the delivery of Objective 7 below and ensure quality data is maintained to enable effective asset management decision-making.

>> Implement a Fit for purpose asset management information system

- A grant funding application was approved through the 2022-24 Local Government Grants and Subsidies Program (LGGSP) to assist with the delivery of this objective over a number of years.
- The Asset Management Improvement (AMI) Project commenced during the year with key roles of Project Manager and Project Support Officer being filled to assist in the delivery of this objective. Decisions have been made in relation to the technology council will be investing in, in line with council's ICT Strategy, with negotiations underway on the agreement to enable the success of this project.



KFA 2 - REVIEW OF COMMERCIAL BUSINESS OPERATIONS



- A review of two of council's commercial business operations was undertaken during the year. This involved the development and/or refinement of Full Cost Pricing Models linking to KFA9 as well as the assessment of pricing paths for water, sewerage and waste operations embedded into budget deliberations.
- A scope of works has also been developed providing a structured way forward to identifying, assessing and improving commercial viability of all of council's business operations to be progressed over the next few years.



KFA 3 - COMMUNITY PLAN (LONG-TERM) COMMUNITY TO UPDATE



- The Community Plan was adopted at the Ordinary Council Meeting on 12th October 2022.
- Council undertook a consultation process with residents, industry and businesses in early 2022 to identify their shared vision for the Whitsunday Region.

4.0 Our Year in Review

KEY FOCUS AREAS

KFA 4 - ARTS, CULTURAL & HERITAGE STRATEGY COMMUNITY TO UPDATE

 **IN PROGRESS**

- Preliminary draft prepared for future discussion.



KFA 5 - ESTABLISHMENT OF A PLACE OF REFUGE (CANNONVALE, AIRLIE BEACH & JUBILEE POCKET)

 **IN PROGRESS**

- The Place of Refuge is being considered potentially within the multi-storey car park facility section at Airlie Beach. Part of the delivery of this strategy includes the development of two choices concept designs and cost benefit analysis of each concept.



KFA 6 - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

 **COMPLETED**

- The Economic Development Strategy 2022-2025 was adopted by council on the 27 April 2022 with implementation ongoing.
- Following the endorsement of the Economic development Strategy several projects/initiatives have been undertaken. The provision of facilitation support to Tier 1 Social Housing provider Blue CHP, resulted in the company being successful through an EOI process, in securing two adjacent parcels of land in Bowen where 32 Social Housing dwellings will be built. The Heart of the Reef Discovery Centre project feasibility stage was completed, with the report recommending the next step being a "Virtual Reality" offering before progressing to a Centre construction stage.
- Support has been provided to companies such as Tassal (Proserpine Prawn Farm) to assist with their proposed expansion, and the Whitsunday SkyWay during their investment attraction phase. Other projects that have been supported through the year include: Twin Creeks Eco Park (Hidden Valley); Collinsville Green Energy Hub; Energy Estate; Alder Group of Companies; and The Elvin Group.



KFA 7 - MARINE FACILITIES

 **IN PROGRESS**

- Bowen Marine Industrial Precinct – This project continues with discussions with Department of Transport and Main Road. Expressions of Interest were invited to prepare a scoping document detailing what is required for the project to proceed such as environmental considerations, licences, agencies etc. Negotiations held in June with submitters to clarify outcomes expected.
- Shute Harbour Stage 2/Grubby Bay – discussions continuing with Department of Transport and Main Roads to identify what needs to be done to enable project to proceed.

4.0 Our Year in Review

KEY FOCUS AREAS



KFA 8 - LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLAN

 **COMPLETE**

- The Long-Term Financial Plan is developed each year based on audited actual figures from the previous financial year. This plan is reviewed during budget reviews as the year progresses.
- Council's Long-term financial plan was endorsed by council on the 30 June 2023 for the 2023/24 budget year.

KFA 9 - ANALYSIS OF FULL COST PRICING FOR WATER, WASTE & SEWER FUNCTIONS

 **COMPLETE**

- Full Cost Pricing assessment of water & sewerage and waste have been completed and incorporated into the 2023/24 budget endorsed by council on the 30th June 2023.



KFA 11: GOVERNANCE LEADERSHIP FRAMEWORK

 **COMPLETED**

- The Governance Framework was developed and adopted by Council in 2022.

KFA 10 – ADVOCACY POLICY & PLAN

 **IN PROGRESS**

- An initial draft of the Advocacy Plan was presented to the Economic Development Committee in June 2022.
- A six-monthly review of priority issues will be carried out to ensure issues are current and relevant.
- The Draft Advocacy Policy has been prepared and is ready to be presented at an ELT meeting for discussion.



4.0 Our Year in Review

KEY FOCUS AREAS

KFA 12 - DEVELOPMENT AND INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS PLANS FOR DIRECTORATES AND FUNCTIONS



- The Corporate Planning Framework is under development.
- The development of a Business Plan for Corporate Services has commenced.
- Business Plans for Development Services, Community Services and Infrastructure Services will be developed in the 2023-24 financial year.



KFA 14 – STRATEGIC WORKFORCE PLAN



- It was presented to Council and the Audit and Risk Committee in February 2022.



KFA 13 - ASSESSMENT OF ELECTORAL DISTRIBUTION STRUCTURE



- Council at its meeting of 11 May 2022 resolved to defer any review of the electoral arrangements of the local government area until after the 2024 quadrennial election.



KFA 15 - REINVIGORATION AND RESETTING OF ORGANISATIONAL SAFETY OBLIGATIONS



- The Switched-On Safety Program was conducted for the entire workforce. There was an identifiable trend showing reduction in work related incidents and improved awareness of safety in the workplace over the year.



4.0 Our Year in Review

KEY FOCUS AREAS

KFA 16 - WASTE MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

II ON HOLD

- A preliminary draft Waste Management Strategy was developed during the year. Stakeholder consultation was undertaken internally and will continue into next year.
- This Strategy is temporarily on hold until the Regional Waste Strategy is completed in 2023/24 to ensure alignment between both critical Strategies.



KFA 17 – LAND USE – PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE

IN PROGRESS

- The Proserpine to Airlie Beach Growth Study and Structure Plan was adopted by Council on 23 November 2022, setting the direction for future growth. The Planning Scheme Major Amendment was forwarded to the Minister seeking approval to allow Council to adopt the new Planning Scheme and introduce a range of initiatives to accommodate future development.



4.2 OUR ACHIEVEMENTS

Each year, Whitsunday Regional Council identifies a number of major projects, functions and services that are fundamental to delivering on our Corporate Plan and Community Plan. The projects detailed below have been delivered in the 2022/23 budget cycle for each Directorate.

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR & CEO

Key Functions

ORGANISATIONAL LEADERSHIP – ADVOCACY – HUMAN RESOURCES AND SAFETY – AVIATION AND TOURISM – COMMUNICATION AND MEDIA



AVIATION AND TOURISM

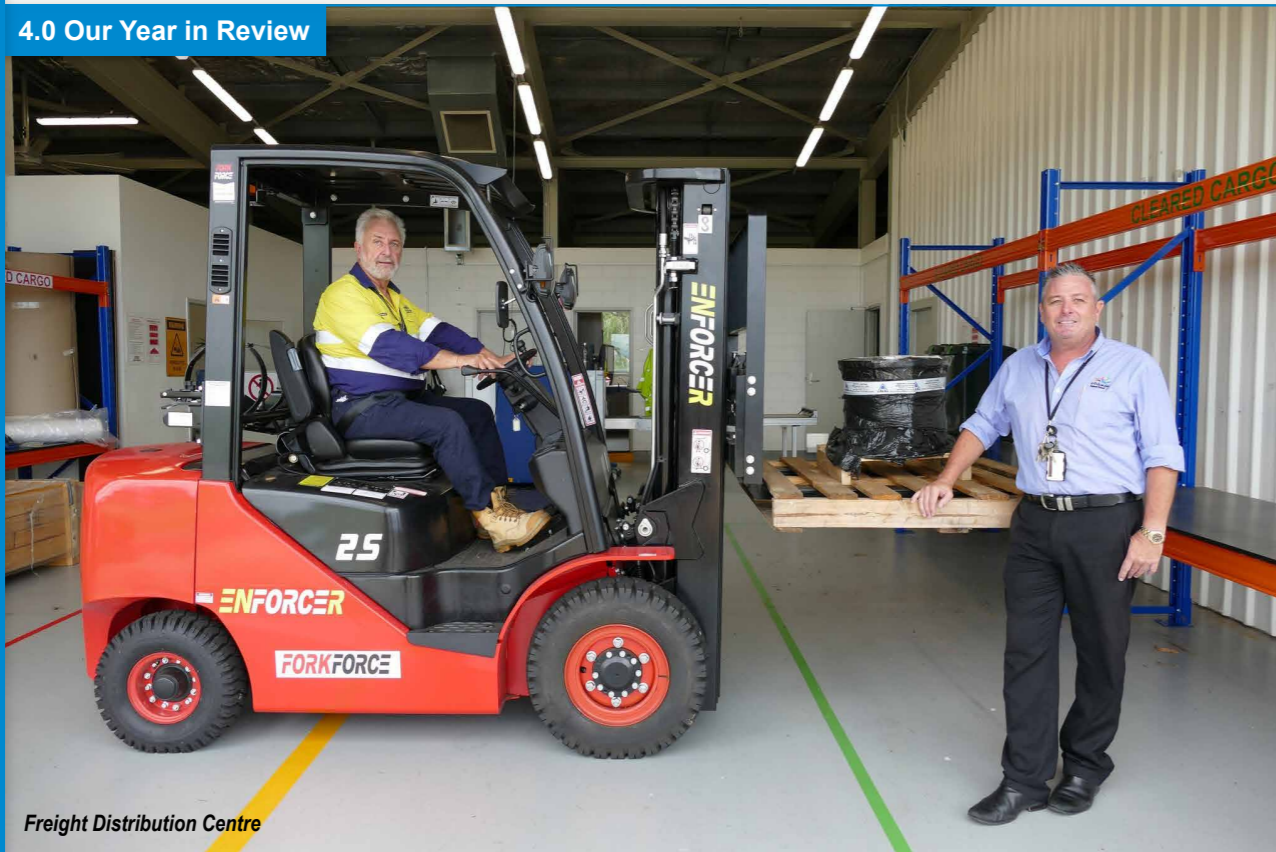
Whitsunday Coast Airport

In April 2023, Whitsunday Coast Airport had its busiest passenger day, week, and month. This comes as we welcomed new airline Bonza from the Sunshine Coast for its inaugural flight in January 2023 followed by the Newcastle route in March 2023 and Toowoomba in April 2023. Flights to the Gold Coast have been secured commencing in December 2023.

WCA was also awarded 2022 Large Regional Airport of the Year by the Australian Airports Association, Gold at 2022 Whitsunday Tourism Awards and Silver in 2022 Queensland Tourism Awards.



4.0 Our Year in Review



Freight Distribution Centre

Freight Distribution Centre

Whitsunday Coast Airport's rapid growth continues with the opening of a purpose-built Freight Distribution Centre in April 2023. The purpose of this centre is to process all freight from packaging, paperwork and ground staff, ensuring the freight is loaded onto the aircraft. It also means pet owners no longer need to travel to Mackay or Townsville to transport their pets. The Freight Distribution Centre will also support local tourism and other businesses with more efficient delivery and dispatch services and could lead to exciting opportunities to expand internationally.

Lake Proserpine

Lake Proserpine has experienced significant growth over the past 12 months through guest visits and yield. Red Cat Adventures were awarded as caretakers in July 2023 and since taking over are now offering non-motorised water sports plus a glamping experience where guests can add a touch of luxury to their stay. The glamping experience is set within its own exclusive area featuring signature bell tents, bedding, and linen plus all the extras you'd expect with such a unique experience.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Over the past financial year, the Economic Development team facilitated the development of 32 Social Housing dwellings in Bowen – working closely with Tier 1 Accredited Housing Provider Blue CHP. The land was secured by Blue CHP through a council run EOI process, offering council owned land for sale, two blocks were purchased and the Development Application is currently being assessed by council's Planning Department.

The team developed and submitted a total of 43 grant applications for council projects throughout the year. Of those submitted, 21 were successful in securing a total of \$9.11M of grant funding for council projects.

Notable projects include:

\$2.1M multi-year funding for the development and implementation of the council's Asset Management Improvement (AMI) Project. This project will deliver a fit-for-purpose asset management information solution that will strengthen governance, process, data quality including condition rating and valuation of council's \$1.27B worth of assets. The project objective is to deliver a fit for purpose asset management solution for council to enable strategic decision making in relation to council's long-life assets to ensure ongoing financial sustainability.

\$1.8M to upgrade the Collinsville airstrip with a sealed runway with lighting. An important user of the airfield is The Flying Doctor Service, and this upgrade will ensure 24-hour availability of the airfield.



Lake Proserpine

4.0 Our Year in Review

Council supported an industry day for Gilmour Space Tech in Bowen. Gilmour Space was seeking interest from local businesses for the provision of a range of services to be delivered to Gilmour's Launch Centre at Abbot point. The day was a huge success with local 22 businesses attending and negotiating service contracts with Gilmour Space.

Finally, this year saw the development and introduction of the Economic Development Quarterly which is a quarterly newsletter distributed to business and community in the region. The most recent newsletter was sent to 2,481 readers with a conversion number of 1,134.

COMMUNICATIONS AND MEDIA

Whitsunday Regional Council implemented a new way of engaging with outreach communities across the Whitsunday Region known as 'Community Catch-Ups'.

The Community Catch-ups were designed to better connect with our local communities, build relationships, share information and gather feedback on local issues. They provide an informal setting to discuss topics important to the local community.

Face to face catch ups allow council to facilitate a two-way flow of information, updating residents on council projects relevant to them and listen to issues affecting the local community.



Council's first catch-up was held at Dingo Beach on 1 March, attracting over 50 participants and topics discussed included raising awareness of Yellow Crazy Ants, managing 4WD impacts on coastal habitats and turtles, and the Dingo Beach bollard project.

Subsequent Catch-Ups were held at the Cannonvale TAFE on March 29, Mt Coolon on April 27 and Collinsville on 27 June. Future catch-ups were scheduled for Conway and Wilsons Beach, Proserpine, Bowen, Shute Harbour and Gumlu & Cape Upstart.

WORKPLACE HEALTH SAFETY AND WELLBEING

Council has a Workplace Health and Safety Strategy 2023-2026 and an action plan with key objectives and outcomes for continuously improving the organisation's health and safety performance and culture.

The Workplace Health and Safety strategy incorporates the council's transition from the AS4801 to the modern ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety standard.

Key changes within the Health and Safety Management system include introducing a critical risk and major hazard control program, changes to incident and injury management and reporting procedures, and installing contemporary contractor management and health and wellbeing surveillance procedures. The system is administered by a combination of existing and introduced processes with online platforms and technologies under review and trial.

4.0 Our Year in Review



Council has continued to meet its obligations under the self-insurance LGW Workcare framework and participates in mutual obligation arrangements, NAT and 45001 auditing requirements and continually strengthening harm prevention strategies.

The behavioural and culture-focused Switch on program continues to be rolled out across the organisation, with all employees attending the program. Several health and wellbeing initiatives have been engaged, including targeted psychosocial risk assessment programs, mental health first aid and mental health triage, centralised health surveillance programs, respirable dust awareness and protection programs and the introduction of an annual safety symposium involving the entire WRC workforce.

Workplace health and safety consultation processes remain vital to the council's management approach. Employees are consulted and represented within several arrangements, the WHS committee, the WHS Steering Committee and Joint Consultative Committee.

Workplace injury and illness reduction remain the focus within the Workplace Health and Safety Strategy 2023-2026. All incidents and events are investigated, recorded, and presented to the Executive Leadership Team. All significant incidents are investigated using the (ICAM method). The Workplace Health and Safety Strategy 2023-2026 defines incident and injury reduction targets and measurement methods.

CORPORATE SERVICES

Key Functions

FINANCE – GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION – INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY – PROCUREMENT AND PROPERTY – FLEET

FINANCE

The Finance team have had a busy year ensuring business as usual services to the organisation as well as implementing continuous improvement initiatives across the functions.

Some of the key achievements of the team include:

- The team achieved an unmodified audit opinion for the 2022/23 Financial Statements which is included at the end of this Annual Report.
- Undertaking an investment review which saw council secure term deposits at competitive rates to maximise council's return on investment increasing the interest earned on investment from \$496K in 2021/22 to \$4M in 2022/23 due to economic impacts.
- Council's Asset Management Strategy 2022 – 2026 was developed and adopted by council during the financial year identifying the objectives required to improve asset management across the organisation.
- A revaluation of Building and Other Structures asset class was undertaken during the year which saw an increase

in value of those assets by \$13M while minimising the impact on ratepayers with depreciation only increasing \$77k per year.

- Using professional judgement, the team worked closely with external auditors to minimise the impacts that high Consumer Price Index (CPI) had on council's asset base. The impact of this was to be able to keep depreciation as low as possible to avoid significant rates increases in 2023/24.
- An eServices campaign was undertaken during the year to encourage ratepayers to sign up for electronic delivery of rates and water notices. This campaign saw a total of 754 applications received over the promotional period with 5 lucky winners winning \$500 to go against their rates assessment. Throughout the year, the team processed a total of 1,714 eServices applications representing an increase of 175% in take-up during the year.

INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY - CYBER SECURITY UPLIFT

The Whitsunday Regional Council has undergone a systematic review of its cyber security capability and awareness. Internal security actions have been undertaken to improve security and reduce risk throughout the council's IT infrastructure and application landscape. In addition cyber awareness training and campaigns are now a regular part of all council's employee's digital experience. The council continues to engage with government and industry forums and groups to leverage current expert knowledge and actions to minimise risk.

4.0 Our Year in Review

INFORMATION MANAGEMENT - DIGITISING RECORDS

Following 6 years of digitising the planning and development physical records that dated from the 1970s to 2016, the Information Management team in conjunction with Grace Information and Records partner completed this project in late 2022. The planning and development files include building, plumbing and development assessments, assisting staff to locate and be able to answer queries in a shorter time frame. Council commenced the project with 1,240 archive boxes worth of records containing 33,548 folders of developments.

Over the last 15 years, council has reduced the number of physical records being maintained and stored from over 6,100 boxes (over 91,000 file folders) down to 1,021 archived boxes, with the aim to achieve only permanent retention and a small number of temporary retention boxes onsite by then end of 2026, reducing council's record storage costs.

PROJECT MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

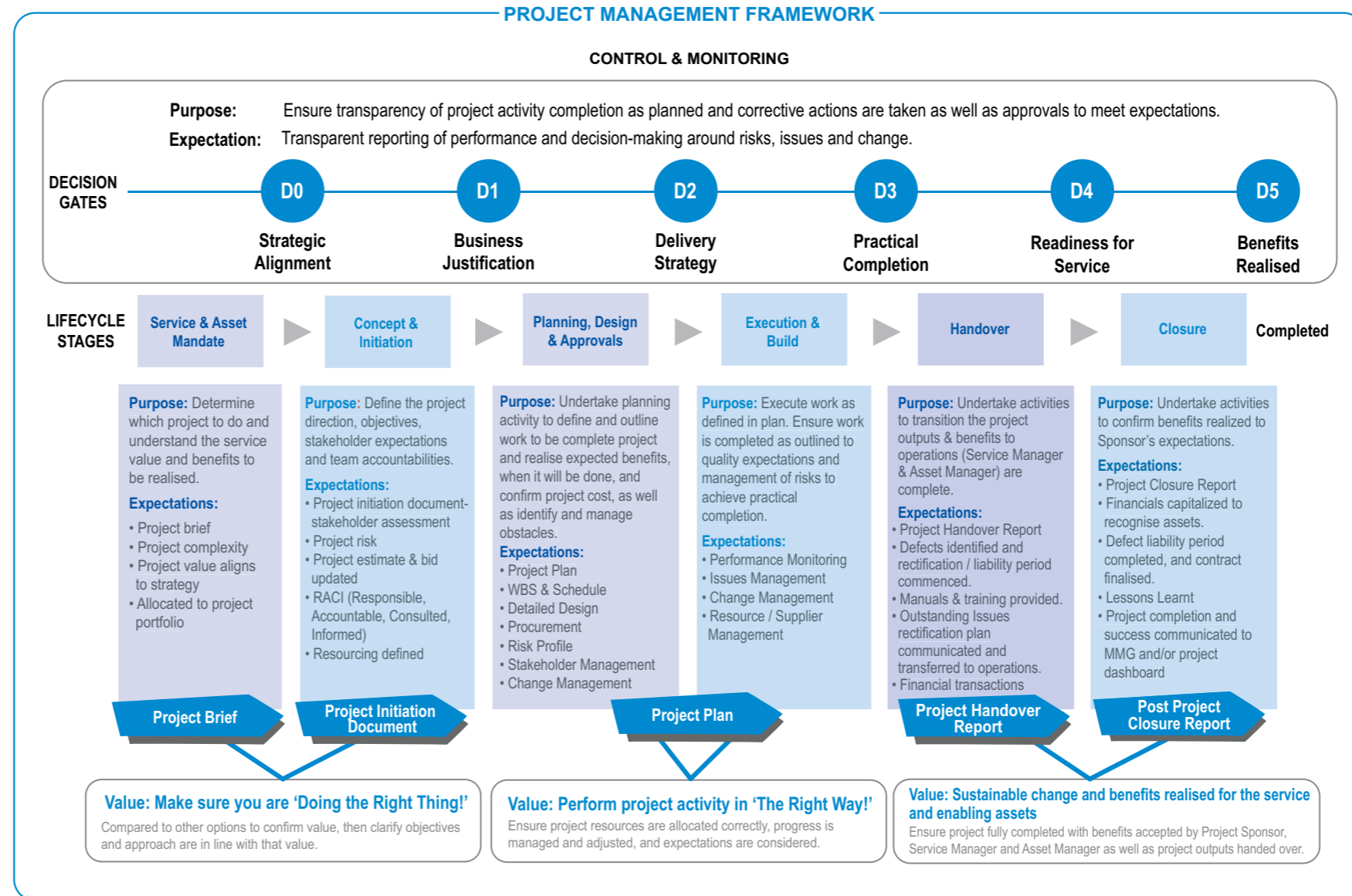
As a key element within its "creating our Whitsunday Way" continuous improvement program, council commenced the capability and capacity building program – Whitsunday Way Project Management, across the portfolio of projects for;

- Infrastructure and service enabling assets
- Policy development
- Strategy development
- Systems' enhancement

The Whitsunday Way – Project Management enhances how council realises desired service benefits for our community through the introduction of a whole of council approach to select, plan,

resource, report & implement projects that deliver the most valuable (Safe & Sustainable Service) outcomes to stakeholders.

Council adopted CORP75 – Project Management Policy 14th December 2022 to guide the organisation towards better practice in project management through a principles based approach;



4.0 Our Year in Review

PRINCIPLE 1

Our Community and our people are at the heart of our Projects.

PRINCIPLE 2

Alignment to our Service Strategy and Risk Appetite ensures we are “doing the right projects”.

PRINCIPLE 3

Transparency of Performance continually justifies council’s investment in service value creating projects.

PRINCIPLE 4

Clearly defined roles build a Collaborative Team Environment

PRINCIPLE 5

Management Control and Governance reflect project complexity (value & risk) to ensure council is “Doing projects right”

PRINCIPLE 6

We all Lead by example and learn from experience to continuously Improve.

INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES

Key Functions

DISASTER MANAGEMENT – ROADS AND DRAINAGE – PARKS AND GARDENS – CAPITAL PROJECTS – DISASTER RECOVERY – QUARRY – WATER SERVICES – WASTE SERVICES

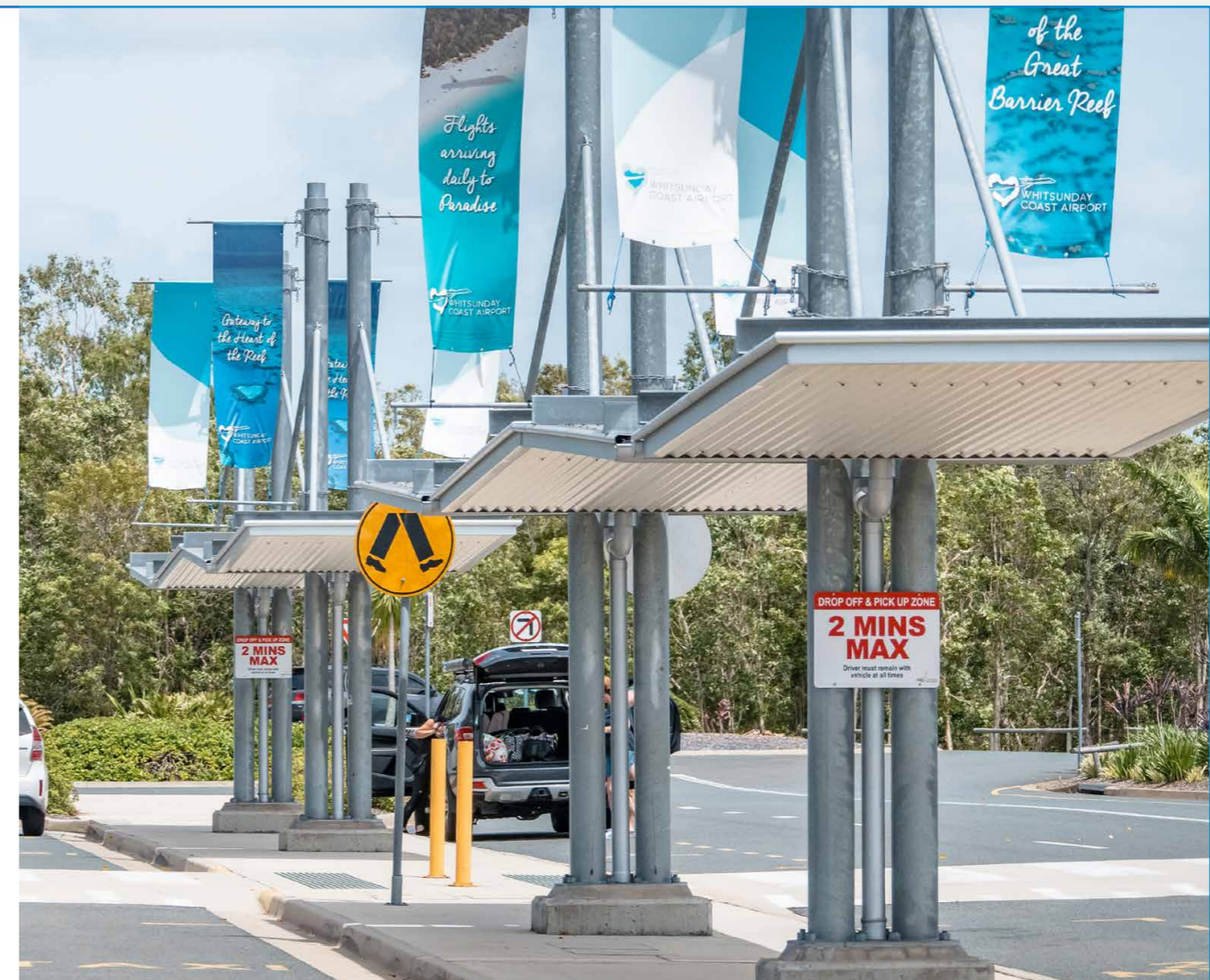
PARKS AND GARDENS

The Bowen town entry murals upgrade and Shute Harbour Lions Lookout projects were completed. Mullers Lagoon Masterplan is in concept design stage, to be presented to the community at the August 2023 Community Catch-up with the Cape Edgecumbe Trails upgrade project expected to be completed by the end of 2023.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

The Stay ok in the Whitsundays Resilience Workshop was facilitated in Cannonvale by the Climate Change and the Disaster Management units in collaboration, resources created were based on engagement feedback from workshop participants.

The Disaster Management Coordinator (DMC) followed on with the dissemination of these practical resources to the business community and accommodation providers. Resources included magnets with Disaster Dashboard QR Code, door hangers with vital disaster information and flipbooks for the business sector, ongoing work will continue for greater impact and disbursement of resources and information.



The DMC has presented Preparedness for the Business community at a Whitsunday Chamber of Commerce meeting and an updated Disaster Management survey was distributed through the community to engage and gather feedback on trends and informative data to include in our newly developed draft Disaster Resilience Strategy. This strategy has been developed and is currently awaiting review and approval to be further distributed to the Whitsunday Disaster Management Group (WDMG) members for approval.

Each year we hold Cyclone Sunday events for community disaster awareness and information. In 2022 events were held in Bowen, Collinsville, and Airlie Beach. The Disaster Management Unit conducted a survey with a generator prize for a lucky community member and event days saw participation from Queensland Police, Maritime Safety Queensland, Red Cross, Emergency Services, Ergon Energy, and council staff.

4.0 Our Year in Review

CASE STUDY



The Whitsunday Coordination Centre Open Day was held on Sunday 11 June and was a great way to enlighten and educate community members about how council coordinates Disaster Management during a natural disaster. The Disaster Management Team explained the disaster management process through an informative video highlighting the roles and responsibilities of the Whitsunday Disaster Management Group (WDMG) members, showing how to use the Whitsunday Disaster Dashboard, and presenting an excellent option for obtaining photos and video collateral to use at future events and in marketing communications.



The coordination centre was open as if it were activated for a real event and the community were able to visually see how the room is set up and see the various roles people play when dealing with a disaster.



Childrens activities and dress-ups were available as well as brochures and information detailing how to prepare for a disaster.



ROADS, FOOTPATHS AND BRIDGES

Airlie Beach Boardwalk Stage 1

Work commenced in April on the replacement of the first section of boardwalk and completed in just under 6 weeks. The boardwalk was widened to provide more capacity for users and council have utilised products that vastly reduce maintenance and have lengthy design lives. It was opened to the public in June 2023 with stage 2 works to commence in the 2023-2024 financial year.

Cantamessa Road Bridge

Following approval of the funding survey and design have progressed to allow discussions to be carried out with Department of Fisheries. Due to the limited window to carry out these works between wet weather and impacts to nearby farmers, plus the need to consult with the community, the delivery is expected to occur in the 2024 dry season.

Road Re-sealing Program

The reseal and rehab program was carried out between December and May with various roads throughout the region renewed.

Ted Cunningham Bridge

Ted Cunningham Bridge suffered damage to the approaches late in 2022. Council have reopened the old bridge to ensure access is available while discussions continue with the contractor and their designer.

Eshelby Drive Footpath

The footpath commenced in May and completed in July providing access between Jones Road and Island Drive, improving pedestrian access for many properties in the area.

Richmond Road Culvert Upgrade

The Richmond Road upgrade increased stormwater immunity for this key link into Bowen and was completed in May 2023. The road would typically be closed for several days of the year following heavy rainfall with the new expectation of closures only being required above Q100 events.

4.0 Our Year in Review

CASE STUDY



On the 17th of August 2022, WRC contracted Veolia Water Treatment Services to replace 12 failing membrane modules at Cannonvale Sewage Treatment Plant that had reached their end of life.

Works commenced on the 29th of May 2023 with the installation of the membranes completed by the 16th of June, 3 days ahead of schedule. The full complement of 12 cassettes were replaced with Suez Zeeweed Membranes.

Total project value was \$2.4M and was completed ahead of time and on budget.

We are currently in Performance Verification Phase and to date the results are perfect, with a total exclusion of bacteria. This is an outstanding success as a KPI for the project was to eliminate the Department of Environment and Sciences concerns for bacterial exceedances occurring at the plant.



COMMUNITY SERVICES

Key Functions

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND LIBRARIES – CUSTOMER SERVICE – AQUATIC FACILITIES / CARAVAN PARKS – ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH & LOCAL LAWS – NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT & CLIMATE – CULTURAL HERITAGE

NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT & CLIMATE

Council has been managing approximately 81ha of Yellow Crazy Ant infestations across five locations. Baiting generally occurs three times a year to reduce the infestations with the largest infestation is at Shute Harbour.

The Whitsunday Yellow Crazy Ant Steering Group has been guiding the Yellow Crazy Ant response across the various infestations.

The flying fox population in Collinsville has fluctuated widely over the year. At times the flying fox count has been zero, however it peaked in September 2022 at 26,000. The two main Flying fox species are the Black and the Little Red Flying Fox.

Efforts to manage the roost reduced the population from 1080 to 550 in July 2023 however the current population has swelled again to approximately 4600.

In 2022-23 there were 2024 feral animals destroyed for 2022-23 (including 1852 pigs) from the aerial shooting program.

The Whitsunday Healthy Heart Project is a four-year project funded by the Great Barrier Reef Foundation (GBRF). The two components of the program have been continuing through the financial year. Decarbonisation of the tourism industry is the first component which as seen 42 tourist businesses signed up with over half now having completed their emissions calculations. The Tourism industry currently have free access to the Earth Check Carbon Calculator.

The second component is the Sustainable Destination Program which has seen the Draft Sustainable Tourism Policy developed for discussion.

Council has held 6 bushfire training workshops including three on bushfire theory and three planned burns in Proserpine, Bowen and Collinsville areas.

Council has plans to develop Community bushfire plans for Binbee, Crystalbrook and Whitsunday Paradise in the near future. There are 32 Property Bushfire Plans either finished or underway.

Moving forward, plans are also in place to hold two Bushfire and home workshops in October and one on regenerative agriculture and bushfires later in 2023.

4.0 Our Year in Review

CUSTOMER SERVICE

Our Customer Service team received 56,271 calls with 80.28% resolved at first point of contact and 82.3% answered within 25 seconds during business hours.

1,194 calls were received by council's after hours call centre with 65% answered within a time frame 30 seconds.

In addition, 19,751 people visited the Customer Service Centres and had their request resolved at first point of contact.

From those contacting council, 13,402 customer requests (CRM's) were logged for action.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & LIBRARIES

The Bowen library received capital expenditure funding to purchase new shelving and signage. This included mobile shelving in both the adult and junior areas, resulting in a more open, flexible use of the library space.

A variety of outreach activities extended the libraries reach into the community, notably the popular First 5 Forever Splash & Rhyme program at the local Collinsville and Bowen pools, attendance at community events, regular visits to the PCYC library stations, playgroups, kindergartens and our pop-up library visiting Gumlu State School.

Proserpine Entertainment Centre

Over the past FY 2022/23, The Proserpine Entertainment Centre has seen a whopping 59* events take place, entertaining almost 12,000 locals and visitors alike!

A variety of events took place including:

- Cinema Screening (39)
- Live theatre
- Morning Melodies: (6)
- Family Theatre: (4)
- Misc. Live Events (opera, cabaret, comedy, circus etc.) (6)
- Local Dance concerts/school productions: (4)

*NB: some of these events were broken down into multiple sittings/screenings.

The top performing events overall, were the dance concerts/school productions with the below totals across all hosted events:

- Chez's House of Dance Annual Concert: 1122 pax
- Beauty and the Beast (St Cath's): 1063 pax
- A Night to Shine (Edge Dance Studio): 991 pax
- Whitsunday Dance Connection: 760 pax



Amongst the other categories (PEC Hosted) the top five performing events were as follows:

- The Gruffalo – Live on Stage: 624 pax
- Avatar: The Way of Water (Cinema): 496
- Lyle Lyle Crocodile (Cinema): 423
- Camerata in Concert: 375
- Melbourne International Comedy Festival Roadshow: 374

In the category of cinema, the top five performing events were:

- Avatar: The Way of Water: 496
- Lyle Lyle Crocodile: 423
- The Super Mario Bros. Movie: 347
- Puss in Boots; The Last Wish: 330
- The Little Mermaid: 328

In all live performance, the top five performing events were:

- The Gruffalo – Live on Stage: 624 pax
- Camerata in Concert: 375 pax
- Melbourne International Comedy Festival Roadshow: 374 pax
- On by Circa: 300 pax
- A Holly Christmas: 242 pax

Airlie Beach Outdoor Cinema

The Airlie Beach Foreshore Outdoor Cinema ran a total of 14 movie screenings with more than 3500 attendees. The movie nights are free for community members and visitors to the area to attend they also support local businesses and vendors.

4.0 Our Year in Review

Talisman Sabre Exercise

The Bowen region hosted three Defence Exercises – Sea Raider, Sea Explorer and Talisman Sabre 23 (TS 23). Approximately 750 US Army Personnel were based at the Bowen Aerodrome over a number of months to conduct training associated with the exercises.

Talisman Sabre 23 will be the tenth and largest iteration of the exercise and consists of a Field Training Exercise incorporating logistics activities, amphibious landings, ground force manoeuvre, and air combat and maritime operations. More than 30,000 military personnel from Australia, the United States and 12 other nations will directly participate in TS23 with other nations attending the exercise as observers.

Bowen is one of the most critical training areas for the testing a large force entering an area of operation and deploying further forward. The maritime approaches to Bowen mean the training audience can transport a significant fighting force from ship to shore via a temporary pier facility so that it can move north towards Townsville where the bulk of the land combat phase of the exercise will take place.

This activity will largely comprise United States Military personnel with Australian personnel supporting. The purpose of the Joint Logistics Operation Talisman Sabre (JLOTS) is to offload ships in harsh/severe areas where port facilities are damaged, unavailable or inadequate. A Trident Pier was built on Kings Beach, Bowen to unload equipment from Naval ships anchored off the coastline onto land to be transported to various staging areas throughout Queensland.

Aquatic Facilities

Maintenance was undertaken to the Collinsville Swimming Pool with contractors completing plumbing repairs and replacements to the underground recirculation pipes, reducing water wastage at the site and increasing longevity to the Memorial Pool. The damaged and deteriorated sections of the pool deck have been resurfaced and made safe and a wheelchair ramp has also been installed allowing access from the kiosk into the pool area.

A new pool heater was installed at the Bowen Swimming Pool in time for the cooler winter months. It is set at a warm 28 degrees, with a heating period of April to October each year. Since the installation there has been an increase in patronage for the winter months compared to the same time last year.

Bowen Swimming Pool Attendance		
	2022	2023
April	3233	4803
May	1504	3973
June	1076	4400

A new pool heater was installed at the Proserpine Swimming Pool in March 2023. It is set at a warm 28 degrees, with a heating period of April to October each year. Heating the Pool has seen increased patronage for the winter months compared to the same time last year.

Proserpine Swimming Pool Attendance		
	2022	2023
April	1711	2853
May	1677	2069
June	693	1402

Local Laws

247 animals impounded and 6 animals rehomed. Local Laws Officers conduct patrols daily in various locations throughout the regions to detect non-compliance in regard to regulating and managing the keeping and control of animals in the local government area in respect to balancing community expectations with the rights of individuals; and protecting the community against risks to health and safety; along with preventing pollution and other environmental damage plus protecting the amenity of the local community and environment.



4.0 Our Year in Review

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

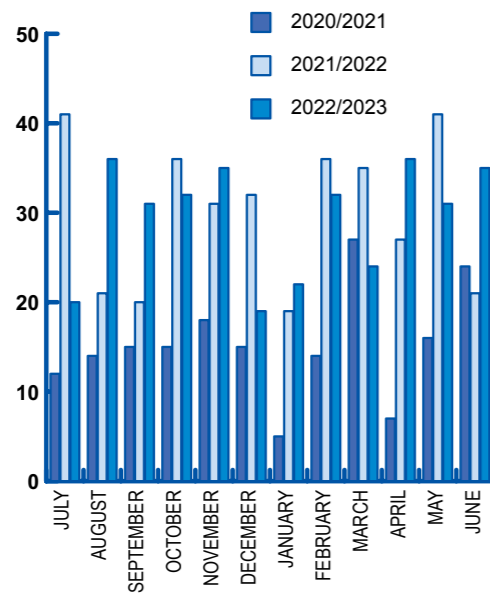
Key Functions

Planning – Development Assessment – Strategic
 Planning – Building and Plumbing

The Development Assessment Team received 353 development applications for the financial year. Development applications range from dwelling house extensions to large residential land developments.

The most significant increase in applications was for operational work which involves the civil construction approval required in order to undertake site works. Sixty-one applications were received, up from 45 in 2021/2022, which is an encouraging sign that confidence to move forward with land development is growing.

Total applications lodged development



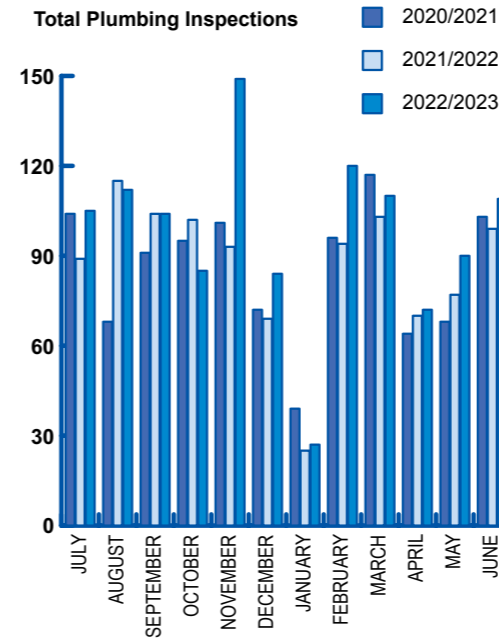
A steady number of land developments were completed for the financial year with 150 new lots created for the region.

The creation of these lots will provide for 150 new homes to be constructed to meet our growing population.

2021/2022	Lots Approved	Lots Released
Q1	30	44
Q2	23	60
Q3	160	22
Q4	7	46
TOTAL	220	172

2022/2023	Lots Approved	Lots Released
Q1	16	37
Q2	33	70
Q3	38	31
Q4	5	12
TOTAL	92	150

The number of applications and inspections completed continue to reflect the regions active building scene. Plumbing permits issued throughout the year were primarily for new residential builds but also commercial projects. Whilst plumbing applications lodged with council decreased, plumbing inspections increased by 21% from 1044 in 2021/2022 to 1266 in 2022/2023.



A full review continues on all existing building, plumbing and planning compliance matters. Due to the large number of current listings on the Compliance Register, matters are prioritised in accordance with urgency, risk and availability of resources.

A review of unlawful short term accommodation operators in the region continues with compliance being commenced on a number of properties. Positively a number of properties have submitted development applications in response to compliance action.

The number of building, plumbing and planning compliance matters remains constant with new concerns being received as quickly as others are being completed.

The Development Manual Update was to include parks and roads networks desired standards of service and include further erosion control methods, parks and open space design, and water and sewer design standards. The Open Space Strategy is the council's vision through refined desired standards of

service for open space provision, identification of gaps for future investments in open space and better utilisation of existing open spaces.

Council went to the community on issues of affordable housing. Targeted outcomes have been identified to support the local communities wishes, which includes future amendments to the Planning Scheme.

The Proserpine to Airlie Beach Growth Study was adopted and provides a wholistic investigation into the future needs of the Greater Airlie Beach community, while the Structure Plan is to confirm the future growth corridor of the Greater Airlie Beach Area while protecting infrastructure corridors to ensure future orderly development.

Local Heritage Placecards – A review and update was completed on the Local Heritage Register to strengthen the Placecards including further descriptions and photos of each site.

Significant projects to be endorsed in the coming months that have been worked on during the financial year include:

- Major Amendment
- LGIP Amendment
- Proserpine Industrial Structure Plan – to future plan the Industrial area East of Proserpine and confirm new access to orderly development from the Bruce Highway for the benefit of the area.
- Airlie Beach Parking Policy (Contribution in Lieu Policy) – to formalise (from the Airlie Beach Local Plan) how to fairly pay monetary contributions from development in Airlie Beach in lieu of carparks onsite for each development towards a council owned car park construction.
- Land Supply Analysis, Housing Needs Assessment and Economic and Population Study 2023 – These reports will inform future planning scheme amendments and council initiatives.

4.0 Our Year in Review

4.3 CONNECTING WITH OUR COMMUNITY

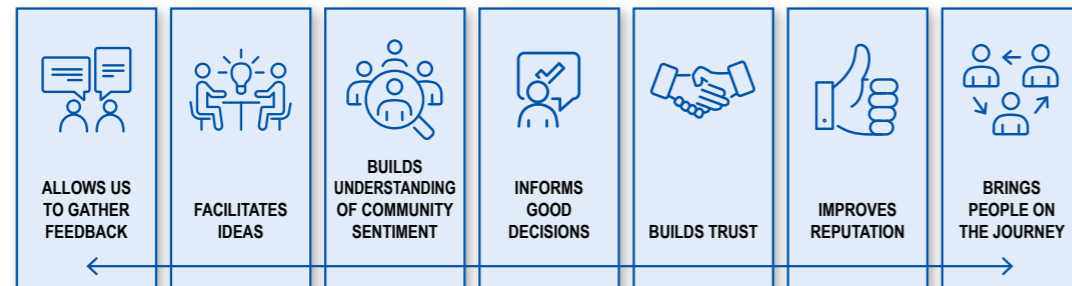
Whitsunday Regional Council engages with residents and visitors over a wide range of plans, projects, aspirations and changes to legislation. We believe input from community members into our decision-making process leads to better, more informed decisions.

We seek to connect with our residents and receive meaningful input into our plans and projects. A Community Engagement Policy has been in place since 2018 and demonstrates our commitment to open, transparent and meaningful community engagement. As a member of the International

Association of Public Participation (IAP2), we endorse and aspire to the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, Core Values and Code of Ethics.

With an established framework, including a Community Engagement Strategy and Guidelines for staff, we celebrate innovative, best-practice community engagement principles, activities and tools.

We use a variety of tools, including traditional face-to-face and online methods, to engage with residents and better understand the needs and priorities of our community.



OUR KEY STAKEHOLDERS

Council has many overlapping groups of stakeholders and these are listed in the table below. Acknowledging the diversity of the groups, council engages with them through a multiple channels to ensure a focus on their needs and on delivery of services is maintained.

STAKEHOLDER GROUPS	HOW WE ENGAGE	WHY THE RELATIONSHIP IS IMPORTANT TO US	VALUE TO THE STAKEHOLDER
Ratepayers and residents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community engagement forums, surveys and public meetings/stalls Community events Council meetings, committees and working groups Customer request system Libraries and hubs Publications Social media & video production Print media Annual Report Strategic Community Plan engagement Website and digital platforms Correspondence & brochures Elected Members 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assists in develop effective strategies, programs and projects Guides delivery of services for our community Provides knowledge, cultural experience and feedback Community are forthcoming with information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To ensure sustainable financial, social and community management and growth Empowers residents to provide open and honest feedback. Increase resident satisfaction
Indigenous Groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correspondence ILUA Events - Welcome to Country Acknowledgement at formal council meetings and events 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support and acknowledge in areas such as respect, civic participation, access to and protection of cultural heritage

4.0 Our Year in Review

OUR KEY STAKEHOLDERS

STAKEHOLDER GROUPS	HOW WE ENGAGE	WHY THE RELATIONSHIP IS IMPORTANT TO US	VALUE TO THE STAKEHOLDER
Community & sporting groups and organisations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community and sporting facilities and programs Community engagement forums, surveys and Community events Community funding Council meetings, committees and working groups Customer request system Libraries and hubs Publications Social media Annual Report Strategic Community Plan engagement Website and digital platforms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assists in develop effective strategies, programs and projects Guides delivery of services for our community Provides knowledge, cultural experience and feedback 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Civic leadership and governance Service and facility provision; Partnership, collaboration, and representation
Business community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advocacy and economic development programs, forums and services Training Annual Report Business forums Collaboration and partnership programs Publications (Advocacy documents; Economic Development Strategy; Major Festivals & Events Strategy) Social media Website and digital platforms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Economic growth and opportunities Upskilling workforce Increase in employment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Partnership, collaboration, and representation Support for business development, investment and growth

STAKEHOLDER GROUPS	HOW WE ENGAGE	WHY THE RELATIONSHIP IS IMPORTANT TO US	VALUE TO THE STAKEHOLDER
Government and partner organisations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual Report Briefings Business forums Community forums Correspondence Events Formal meetings Networks and conferences Partnerships Submissions Website Press conferences 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provision of funding for projects, assets and initiatives Input to policy and legislative development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Collaboration and partnerships Funding Alignment of policies and priorities
Visitors & tourists	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Promotional events Major Festivals & Events attraction strategy Marketing Campaigns Social Media Website RV & Tourist Parks Financial support to RTO 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Generate local economic benefits, growth and leisure activities for the community 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provision of facilities, Information, activities and services
Media	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Council meetings Interviews Media briefings Media releases Publications Social media Website 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise awareness and promotion of activities, industry, projects, services Builds trust and reputation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Partnerships Provision of information

4.0 Our Year in Review

OUR KEY STAKEHOLDERS

STAKEHOLDER GROUPS	HOW WE ENGAGE	WHY THE RELATIONSHIP IS IMPORTANT TO US	VALUE TO THE STAKEHOLDER
Employees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CEO emails/videos • Directorate and team meetings • Email • Forums • Health and wellbeing programs • Intranet • Newsletters - digital and print • Personal and professional development and training • Tool Box meetings • Microsoft Teams 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Positive workplace culture • Positive employee performance and productivity • Employee retention • Valuable skills, knowledge and labour to deliver activities and operations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workplace satisfaction • Employment opportunities within a supportive environment • Training and career development
Suppliers, contractors & developers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community engagement forums • Developer forums • LG Tenderbox • Industry policy direction groups • Meetings • Stakeholder forums • Website • Print media 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Economic growth and stimulus for community development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical support, advice and guidance

HOW WE ENGAGE AND COMMUNICATE WITH OUR COMMUNITY



OUR COMMUNICATIONS TEAM

- Our Whitsunday Community Update
- Council Meeting Video Update
- Instagram
- YouTube
- Linkedin
- Facebook
- Climate Change Innovation Hub Website
- Whitsunday Regional Libraries Website
- Whitsunday Regional Council Website
- Whitsunday Coast Airport Website
- Shute Harbour Marine Terminal Website
- Proserpine Entertainment Centre
- Film and Distribute News Grabs
- Feature Advertising in Local Newspapers and Magazines
- Your Say Whitsunday Online Engagement Portal
- Letterbox Drop
- Radio
- Public Notices
- Media Release
- General Video Updates
- Door Knocking
- Television
- Email to Key Stakeholders
- Public Displays and Meetings

4.0 Our Year in Review

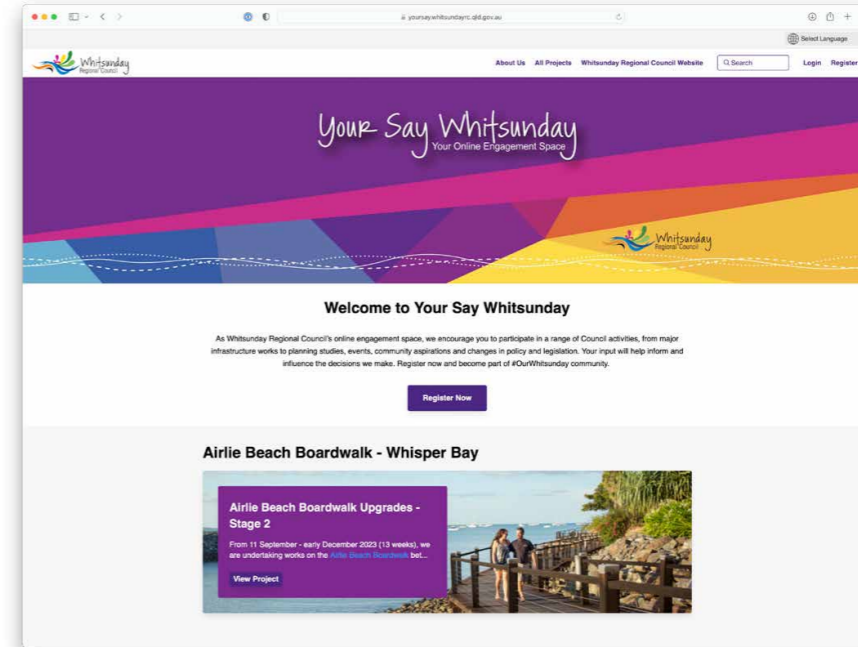
YOUR SAY WHITSUNDAY

Your Say Whitsunday is an online engagement website where residents can leave comments and suggestions, complete surveys and polls, and participate in live Q&As.

To date, Your Say Whitsunday has had over 90,434 views, over 1,660 active participants registered to get involved in and have their say. In the past 2022/2023 financial year residents made over 1,188 contributions across 40 projects. Your Say Whitsunday has become well-established in the community and is the key tool for council when consulting and informing residents, alongside other more traditional engagement tools such as public meetings and displays.

Your Say Whitsunday has established itself as a free, accessible, easy way for people to find information, ask questions and provide feedback. Every year, the platform grows in both registration and participation levels.

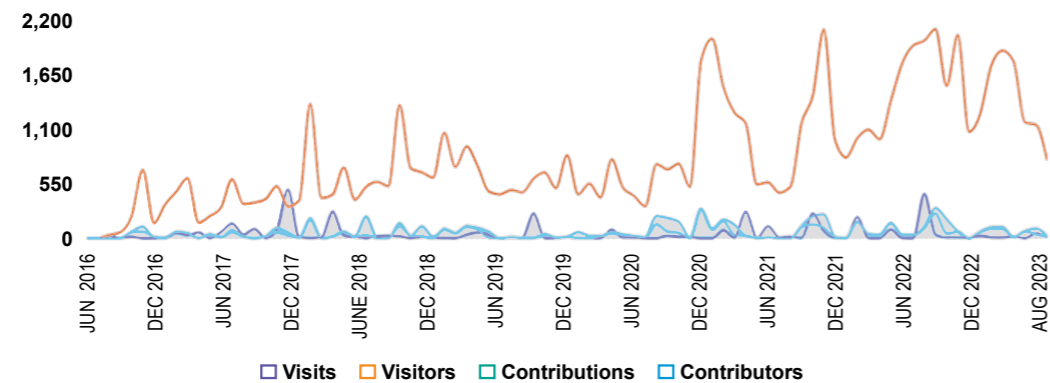
To keep our community updated and close the loop on community consultations, an email is sent to project participants with a response and a copy of the consultation summary and a copy is placed on the corporate Facebook page.



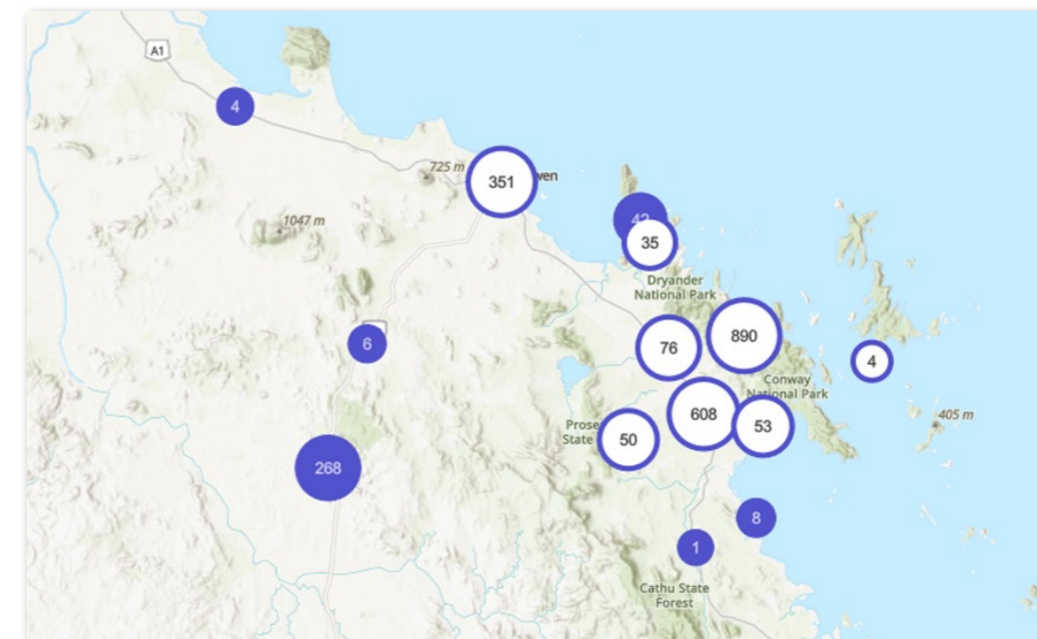
All time contributions and growth in Your Say since 2016:

Visits 90,434 Contributions 5,800 Registrations 1,660 Engagement Rate 5.7%

Activity over time



All time contributions by registered participants location. *Note not all submitters have registered a location



Map of Your Say Whitsunday registered users that have made a contribution via location.

4.0 Our Year in Review

FACEBOOK 

Whitsunday Regional Council operates a corporate Facebook page as well as a range of other pages for business activities and services.

These include:

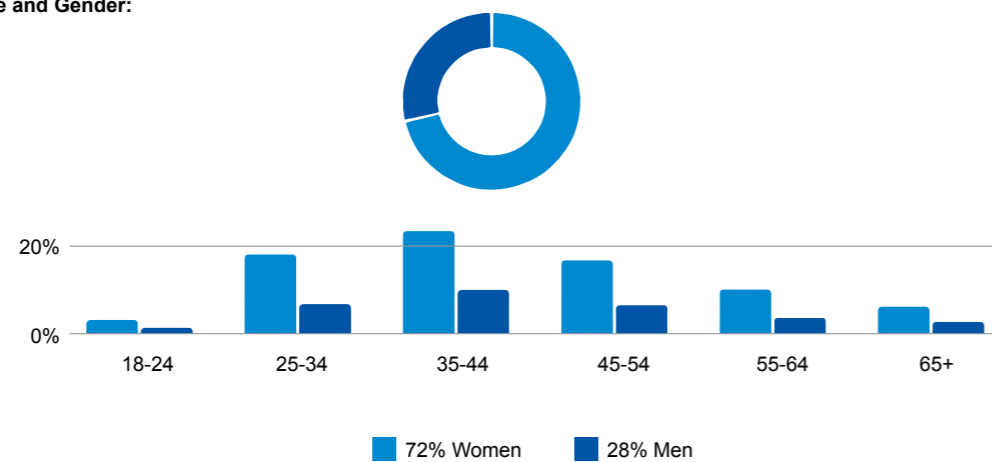
- Whitsunday Disaster & Emergency Information
- Whitsunday Coast Airport
- Proserpine Entertainment Centre
- Lake Proserpine – Lakeside Camping
- Wangaratta at the Beach Caravan Park
- Proserpine Tourist Park

In 2023, the Whitsunday Climate Change Innovation Hub was absorbed to become a function operating within council and therefore a separate Facebook page was no longer required.

The Whitsunday Regional Council page currently has 13,898 followers, which is an increase of 1108 followers since the previous year.

Facebook Followers 13,898

Age and Gender:

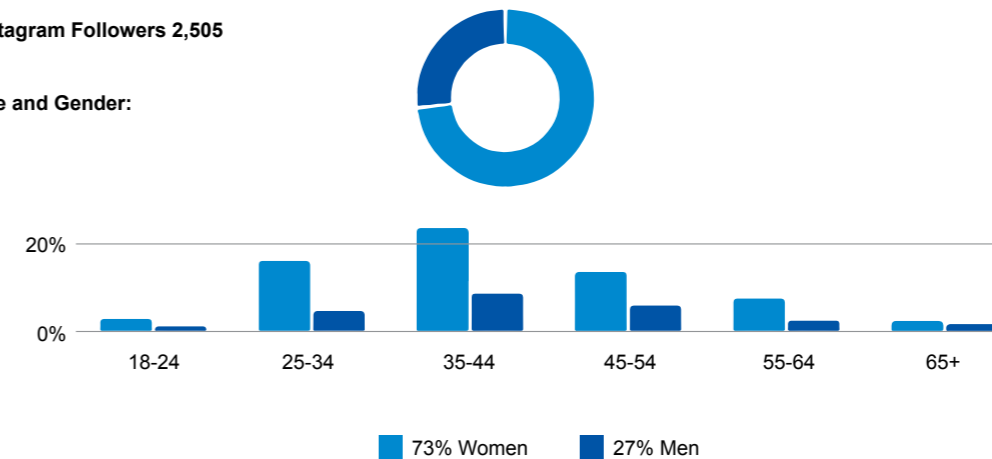


INSTAGRAM 

Whitsunday Regional Council's Instagram page currently has 2,015 followers, which is an increase of 490 followers since the previous year.

Instagram Followers 2,505

Age and Gender:



LINKEDIN 

Whitsunday Regional Council's LinkedIn page currently has 4138 followers which is an increase of 521 since the previous year.

Follower Demographics:



4.0 Our Year in Review

DIGITAL MEDIA

We continue to use innovative digital media to engage with our community, producing high-quality videos to promote our projects and latest news. We aim to grow our social media platforms every year, developing new content strategies to build our audience. The Communications & Marketing team are responsible for the content and production of most videos, with staff trained in video production and editing. Some of the key videos and marketing campaigns over the past twelve months include:

- Social media reels for Whitsunday Coast Airport
- News grabs for local television
- Awareness and community videos such as the WRC Christmas Video 2022, International Women's Day 2023, 90 seconds with Seniors three video series
- 2023-24 Budget Video
- Our Whitsunday Way Focus Videos
- Fortnightly council meeting updates
- Project focused videos with highlights including Feral pigs management, planned burns, introduction of the new Mayor, Airlie Beach Boardwalk, Cannonvale Skate Park, Mullers Lagoon consultation, Citizenship ceremony promotion, Collinsville Town Centre upgrade, Cannonvale Reservoir opening
- Internal focused videos such as CEO update, Executive Leadership Team updates and safety videos

TRADITIONAL MEDIA

Council continues to communicate via traditional media methods such as local newspapers and magazines to reach the demographic in our community that aren't on social media.

A full page 'Our Whitsunday Community Update' is placed in the two local newspapers each month and aims to inform our community of project or service updates or calls to action.

Each week Whitsunday Life published a Councillor Column and a Mayor's Did You Know Fact highlighting something that residents may not know about a council project or service.

Council also advertises bi-monthly in a magazine that circulates in the Whitsunday region and the surrounding council areas. Content for this magazine highlights council's major facilities or the current campaign, Our Whitsunday Way.



PROJECT CONSULTATION

A summary of key projects which were regularly communicated to our residents in 2022-23 are outlined below:

- Flying Fox Management in Collinsville
- Get Ready - Storm Season Preparation
- Airlie Beach Crossing Works and Survey
- Whitsunday Bushfire Resilience Project
- Proserpine Basketball Court – Les Stagg Oval or Halpannel Park
- Airlie Beach Boardwalk Upgrades
- Cape Edgecumbe Trail Upgrades
- Eshelby Drive Footpath and Line Marking
- Collinsville Town Centre Upgrade

PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS

- Community plan 2022 / 2032
- Whitsunday Development Manual Amendment and Open Space Strategy
- Whitsunday Planning Scheme Major Amendment
- Housing Affordability
- Proserpine to Airlie Beach Growth Study and Structure Plan
- Library Satisfaction Survey
- Whitsunday Arts, Culture and Heritage Plan
- Mullers Lagoon Park Masterplan
- Whitsunday Sustainable Events Guide
- Collinsville Transfer Station opening hours review
- Customer Satisfaction Survey 2022
- Community Engagement Strategy
- Shute Harbour Cruise Ship Investigation
- Whitsunday Coast Airport Masterplan

4.0 Our Year in Review

COMMUNITY SATISFACTION SURVEY

In November 2022, Whitsunday Regional Council undertook a Community Satisfaction Survey with independent market research company, Market Facts.

This was the second survey of its type for Whitsunday Regional Council and aims to give council a greater understanding of:

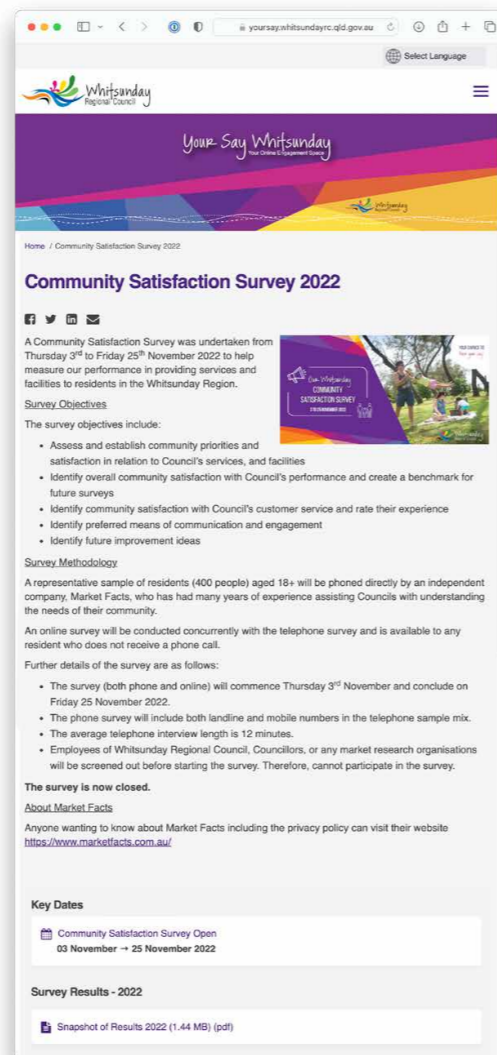
- Priorities and satisfaction in relation to our services and facilities
- Overall satisfaction with our performance
- Satisfaction with our customer service
- Preferred methods of communications and engagement
- Ideas for future improvements

Most residents were satisfied overall with council's services scoring on par with the survey undertaken in early 2021.

In total, 60.4 percent of residents were satisfied overall with council's services and facilities over the past 12 months. Only 7.4% of residents were dissatisfied while 32.2% percent provided a neutral rating. These results combined for a medium average satisfaction score of 3.4 out of 5.

The survey highlighted a high level of satisfaction around climate mitigation, our fundamental services such water supply & security, sewerage, cemeteries, finance services and of course our aquatic facilities, parks & playgrounds and town centres.

Residents that provided a dissatisfied satisfaction rating felt that there needed to be more of a focus on roads and infrastructure such as boat ramps, better decision making that considers the local community and improved community engagement.



4.3 AWARDS & RECOGNITION

**Whitsunday Coast Airport
– Large Regional Airport of the Year**



Whitsunday Regional Council was awarded the 2022 Large Regional Airport of the Year by the Australian Airports Association at an award ceremony in Adelaide in November 2022.

It is significant to point out that our airport previously won the Best Large Regional Airport in 2018 so to have shown our resilience and bounced back so quickly after the COVID pandemic is a credit to the team.

Connectivity is key to making it easy for visitors to explore the Whitsunday region post-pandemic and our airport is leading the way with record numbers in 2022.

**Whitsunday Regional Council
– Finalist in Queensland Training Awards, North Qld Region – Large Employer of the Year**

On July 8, 2022, Whitsunday Regional Council was recognised as a finalist in the Queensland Training Awards, North Qld Region.

These awards are presented by the State Department of Employment, Small Business and Training.

Council was a finalist in the category of Large Employer of the Year, for outstanding achievements in Vocational Education and Training by a Queensland Business with 200 or more full-time equivalent employees.

Council was selected as a finalist for developing targeted programs for entry level positions over the last two years, with the aim to provide opportunities and career pathways, while upskilling our current workforce, encouraging retention and providing succession planning.

This is great recognition for the Learning & Development team and for our managers, supervisors and employees who all work together to provide vocational learning opportunities and qualifications for our employees.

**Whitsunday Coast Airport & Shute Harbour
– Marine Terminal Tourism Awards**

Whitsunday Coast Airport was awarded a Gold Award and Shute Harbour Marine Terminal awarded the Bronze award at the 2022 Whitsunday Tourism Awards.

This is a great result to be recognised by the judges knowing that the infrastructure that council owns really supports the community and industries as well.

Following this award, Whitsunday Coast Airport won Silver and Shute Harbour Marine Terminal won Bronze at the Queensland Tourism Awards.

**Whitsunday Disaster Coordination Team
– Finalists at the LGMA Awards**

Congratulations to the Whitsunday Disaster Coordination Centre team who were finalists at the Local Government Management Awards for their response to Operation Nimbus in January 2023.

Being a finalist was great recognition for our hard-working Disaster team led by Disaster Management Coordinator Sandra Black and is a testament to our team's hard work, expertise, and their ability to excel in challenging circumstances.

5.0 Democratic Governance

This section demonstrates council's Democratic & Corporate Governance arrangements including information on our elected members, our decision making and the presentation of mandatory information.

5.1 ROLE OF COUNCIL

Our elected members make decisions on behalf of the local government and make important decisions which plan for the future of our community. The *Local Government Act 2009* ('the LGA') outlines the roles and responsibilities of Councillors, the Deputy Mayor, Mayor and the Chief Executive Officer.

THE ROLE OF THE MAYOR & COUNCILLORS

1. A Councillor must represent the current and future interests of the residents of the local government area.
2. All Councillors of a local government have the same responsibilities, but the mayor has some extra responsibilities.
3. All Councillors have the following responsibilities:
 - a. ensuring the local government –
 - (i) discharges its responsibilities under this Act; and
 - (ii) achieves its corporate plan; and
 - (iii) complies with all laws that apply to local governments;
 - b. providing high quality leadership to the local government and the community;
 - c. participating in council meetings, policy development, and decision-making, for the benefit of the local government area;
 - d. being accountable to the community for the local government's performance.
4. The mayor has the following extra responsibilities:
 - a. leading and managing meetings of the local government at which the mayor

is the chairperson, including managing the conduct of the participants at the meetings;

- b. leading, managing, and providing strategic direction to the chief executive officer in order to achieve the high quality administration of the local government;
- c. directing the chief executive officer and senior executive employees, in accordance with the local government's policies;
- d. conducting a performance appraisal of the chief executive officer, at least annually, in the way that is decided by the local government (including as a member of a committee, for example);
- e. ensuring that the local government promptly provides the Minister with the information about the local government area, or the local government, that is requested by the Minister;
- f. being a member of each standing committee of the local government;
- g. representing the local government at ceremonial or civic functions.

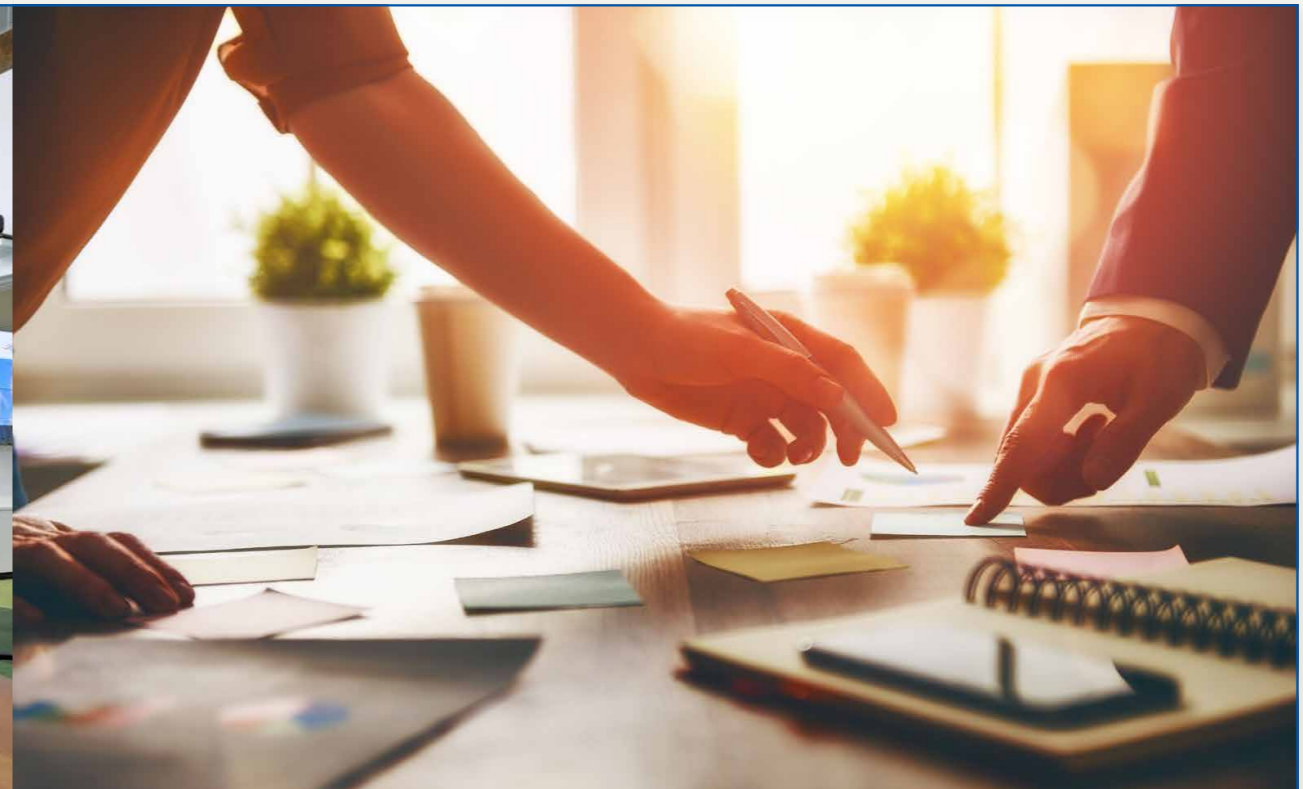
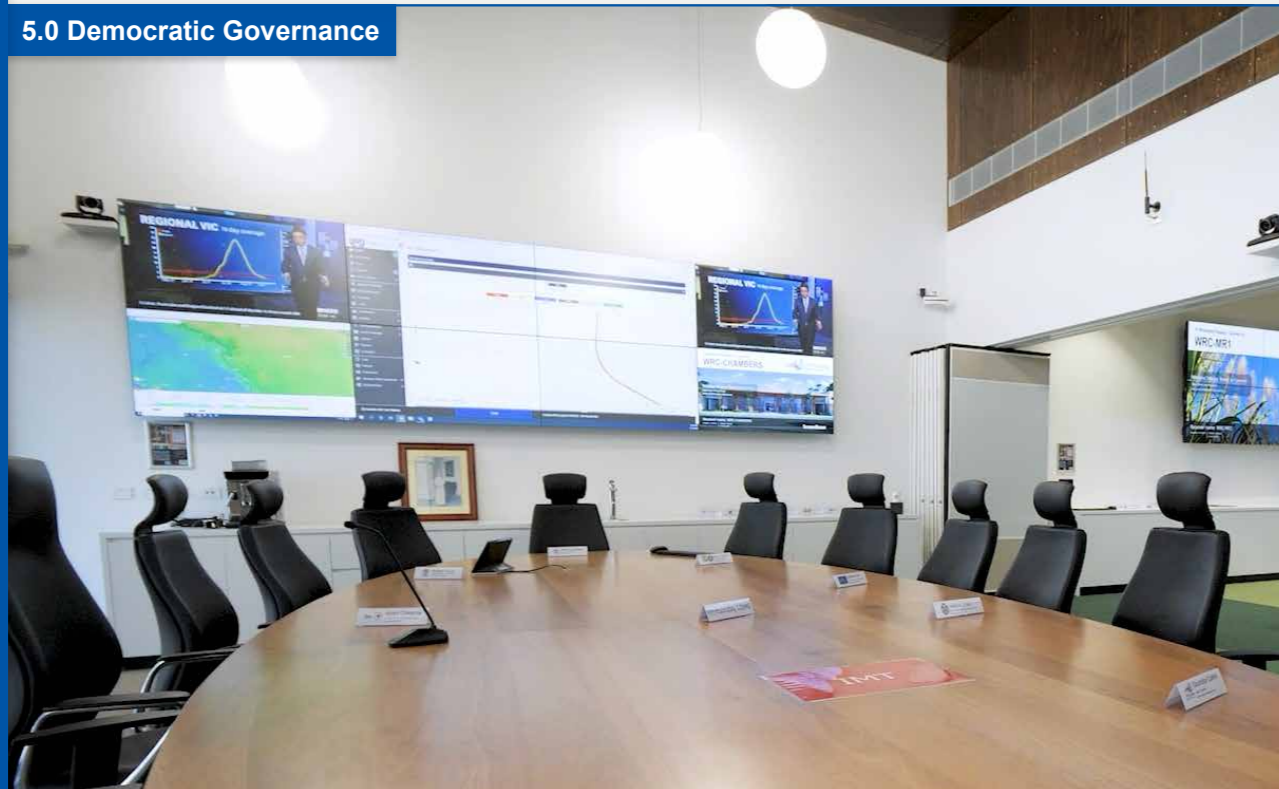
ROLE OF THE ADMINISTRATION

The Role of the Chief Executive Officer is defined in section 13(3) of the LGA.

The Chief Executive Officer:

- Implements the local government's policies and decisions;
- Is responsible for organising the presentation of reports and reporting to the local government; conducts correspondence between council and other persons; manages and oversees the administration of council and its corporate plan and coordinates the activities of all council employees.

5.0 Democratic Governance



5.2 COUNCIL MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE

A total of 22 Ordinary Meetings and 2 Special Meetings were held in the 2022-2023 Financial Year. In accordance with section 186(c) of the Regulation, meeting attendance for the financial year is shown in table below:

COUNCILLOR MEETING ATTENDANCE 2022-23			
Councillor	Ordinary Meeting	Special Meeting	Total
Cr Julie Hall (Mayor)	18	1	19
Cr Jan Clifford (Div 1)	22	2	24
Cr Al Grundy (former Div 2)	6	1	7
Cr John Collins (Div 3)	21	2	23
Cr Michelle Wright (Div 4)	22	2	24
Cr Gary Simpson (Div 5)	22	2	24
Cr Mike Brunker (Div 6)	17	2	19
Cr Clay Bauman (Div 2)	11	1	12

Council made 567 decisions in 2022-2023 of which 81 were procedural motions and 486 decisions required an action.

5.3 COUNCILLOR CONDUCT

State government legislation dictate the ways that Councillor conduct complaints are managed and reported in Queensland. The following information is provided identifying all complaints made about Councillors and is extracted from the Councillor Conduct Register (kept pursuant to Section 150DX of the *Local Government Act 2009*):

5.0 Democratic Governance

COMPLAINT REFERENCE(S)	DATE OF COMPLAINT	SUBJECT COUNCILLOR*	SUMMARY OF COMPLAINT	CATEGORY OF CONDUCT#	DECISION MAKER	DATE OF DECISION	SUMMARY OF AND REASONS FOR THE DECISION
C/23/00372, C/23/00373, C/23/00374, C/23/00375, C/23/00376, C/23/00377, C/23/00378	28/06/2023		It is alleged a Councillor engaged in misconduct when the Councillor disclosed information that the Councillor knew or reasonably knew was information confidential to council.	Inappropriate conduct	Charles Kohn Deputy Independent Assessor	11/07/2023	The OIA dismissed this matter pursuant to section 150X(c)(ii) of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> (the Act) as I am satisfied that further dealing with the complaint or information would be an unjustifiable use of resources. The OIA was unable to get further and particular details about the Councillor, or other participants of the confidential briefing session, who allegedly made the disclosure to an external party.
C/23/00180, C/23/00184, C/23/00189, C/23/00193, C/23/00196 & C/23/00197	17/03/2023		It was alleged a Councillor made false and/or inappropriate statements at an ordinary council meeting and that another Councillor who was the chair of the meeting, allowed it to continue.	Inappropriate conduct	Charles Kohn Deputy Independent Assessor	06/04/23	The OIA dismissed this matter pursuant to section 150X(c)(ii) of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> (the Act) as further dealing with the complaint would be an unjustifiable use of resources. Assessment of this matter identified some systemic issues about the process followed. It was considered preferable to deal with this matter as a training issue, rather than a disciplinary issue. The OIA is writing to the Department of State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning with a view to having training provided.
C/22/00496, C/22/00497 & C/22/00566	19 July and 5 August 2022	Cr Mike Brunker	It is alleged that Councillor Brunker breached part 2.2 of Council's Facility and Expense Policy by using his Council email address for communication through his candidacy Facebook page during the by-election period of July – August 2022.	Inappropriate conduct	Whitsunday Regional Council	08/03/23	Council resolved pursuant to sections 150AG(1)(a) and 150K(1) of the Local Government Act 2009 (Qld), and the Councillor Facility and Expenses Policy Part 2.2, that Councillor Brunker has engaged in inappropriate conduct, and has made the following orders or recommendations pursuant to 150AG(1)(b) and 150AH of the Local Government Act 2009: The Councillor reimburses the local government \$500.00 for some of the costs arising from the Councillor's inappropriate conduct. The Councillor attends training or counselling addressing the Councillor's conduct. Note the public apology made by Cr Brunker made in his statement. Council resolved to direct the Chief Executive Officer to update the Councillor Conduct Register to appropriately reflect the decision of Council in accordance with section 150DY of the Local Government Act 2009.
C/22/00232, C/22/00233	20 April 2022	Cr Jan Clifford	Allegation 1 It is alleged that Councillor Clifford acted inappropriately on 22 March 2022 at a Civic event towards a Council employee. Allegation 2 It is alleged that Councillor Clifford acted inappropriately on 1 April 2022 at a Council held event towards a Council employee. Allegation 3 It is alleged that on up to three separate Council meetings between May 2022 – November 2022, during the morning tea break, Councillor Clifford engaged in social conversation with persons present at the morning tea but ignored a Council employee.	Inappropriate conduct	Whitsunday Regional Council	22/02/2023	Council resolved pursuant to sections 150AG(1)(a) and 150K(1) of the Local Government Act 2009 (Qld), that Councillor Clifford has engaged in inappropriate conduct in relation to allegation 1 and 2, and has made the following orders or recommendations pursuant to 150AG(1)(b) and 150AH of the Local Government Act 2009: - the councillor makes a public admission that the councillor has engaged in inappropriate conduct. - reimburses the local government \$500.00 for some of the costs arising from the Councillor's inappropriate conduct. - that the councillor attends training or counselling to address the councillor's conduct, including at the councillor's expense. Council resolved pursuant to sections 150AG(1)(a) and 150K(1) of the Local Government Act 2009 (Qld), that Councillor Clifford has not engaged in inappropriate conduct in relation to allegation 3. Council resolved to direct the Chief Executive Officer to update the Councillor Conduct Register to appropriately reflect the decision of Council in accordance with section 150DY of the Local Government Act 2009.

5.0 Democratic Governance

	DATE OF COMPLAINT	SUBJECT COUNCILLOR*	SUMMARY OF COMPLAINT	CATEGORY OF CONDUCT#	DECISION MAKER	DATE OF DECISION	SUMMARY OF AND REASONS FOR THE DECISION
C/22/00731	21/09/2022		It was alleged a councillor breached the code of conduct when commenting in the media about the outcome from an administrative process.	Inappropriate conduct	Charles Kohn - Delegate - OIA	04/10/2022	The OIA decided to take no further action pursuant to section 150Y(b)(b)(i) of the Local Government Act 2009 [the Act] on the basis that the conduct does not raise a reasonable suspicion of inappropriate conduct or misconduct. The comments by the councillor were strictly factual and did not meet the threshold of a breach of the code of conduct for councillors in Queensland.
C/22/00699	9/09/2022		It is alleged a councillor engaged in inappropriate conduct when the councillor failed to update the councillor's social media page to remove reference to an event involving another councillor	Inappropriate conduct	Charles Kohn - Delegate - OIA	09/09/22	The OIA dismissed this matter pursuant to section 150X(a)(ii) of the Local Government Act 2009 (the Act) as the conduct does not raise a reasonable suspicion of inappropriate conduct or misconduct. On assessing this matter, the OIA checked the social media page, which had since been corrected
C/22/00568, C/22/00567, C/22/00505, C/22/00504, C/22/00499 & C/22/00498	05/08/22 & 19/07/22		It was alleged two councillors used council supplied resources for an election campaign.	Inappropriate conduct or misconduct	Charles Kohn - Delegate - OIA	22/08/22	The OIA dismissed this matter pursuant to section 150X(a)(ii) of the Local Government Act 2009 as the conduct does not raise a reasonable suspicion of inappropriate conduct or misconduct. Enquiries by the OIA revealed the councillors had not used council supplied resources.
C/22/00530	27/07/22		It was alleged a former councillor had deleted a post and blocked a member of the public from their councillor Facebook page.	Inappropriate conduct	Charles Kohn - Delegate - OIA	17/08/22	The OIA dismissed this matter pursuant to section 150X(c)(ii) of the Local Government Act 2009. The decision was made given the time since the event and the fact the councillor is no longer in Local Government.
C/22/00492	15/07/22		It was alleged that unknown councillors approved a planning application based on fraudulent documents which stated most adjacent landowners did not object to the application. It was further alleged that persons associated with the Council may have benefited financially from the approval.	Inappropriate conduct or misconduct	Evan Thomas - Acting Delegate - OIA	03/08/22	The OIA dismissed this matter pursuant to section 150X(a)(ii) as the alleged conduct is not inappropriate conduct or misconduct. A review of the minutes of the Council meetings which considered the relevant agenda item identified that the Councillors voted with the knowledge that adjacent landowners objected to the application. The OIA's jurisdiction is limited to Councillors however they are not responsible for the preparation of council reports discussed in council meetings and there was no reasonable suspicion any councillors received any financial benefit from the approval.

KEY:

* Only to be included if the local government or conduct tribunal decided that the Councillor engaged in inappropriate conduct or misconduct, or where the Councillor agrees to their name being included in the register (Section 150DY(3) *Local Government Act 2009*).

Categories as determined in the Code of Conduct for Councillors in Queensland.

5.0 Democratic Governance

5.4 REMUNERATION OF MAYOR AND COUNCILLORS

As required by section 186(a) of the Regulation, the total remuneration paid to the Mayor, Deputy Mayor and Councillors for the financial year is shown in the table below. This remuneration is determined independently by the Local Government Remuneration Commission. These pay scales take into consideration factors such as the size of the council, the area it covers and the population it serves.

COUNCILLOR	SALARY \$	SUPER \$
Julie Hall (Mayor)	112,346	13,481
Michael Brunner	72,981	8,758
Michelle Wright	72,152	8,658
John Collins	72,152	8,658
Deputy Mayor Gary Simpson	82,098	9,852
Jan Clifford	72,485	8,658
Al Grundy	22,186	2,662
Clay Bauman	37,012	4,442
TOTAL	543,412	65,169

Superannuation contributions of up to 12 per cent are made on behalf of Councillors in accordance with the terms of the Local Government Investment Australia (Brighter Super) Superannuation Scheme. Under this scheme, Councillors may also elect to make a pre-tax (concessional) contribution to superannuation.

5.5 MAYOR & COUNCILLOR EXPENSES & FACILITIES

The council has an Expenses Reimbursement and Provision of Facilities Policy as required by section 250 of the local government regulations. This policy details the facilities to be provided to Councillors and how the reasonable expenses incurred or to be incurred, by Councillors discharging their duties and responsibilities are reimbursed. The policy is published on the council website.

In addition to the remuneration listed above, Councillors have access to a laptop, mobile phone, tablet and home office equipment. These expenses are not specifically allocated to individual Councillors and individual costs are not recorded. Expenses incurred by Councillors are broken down into the following categories for reporting purposes:

CATEGORY	INFORMATION
Conference Expenses	In order to keep abreast of current issues in Queensland and across the nation, it is important for Councillors to attend conferences from time to time. Doing so opens networking opportunities to create connections which could be of benefit to the region, and also provide information or advice to a Councillor which can be brought back to the Whitsundays for consideration. Costs in this category include flights, accommodation and registration to attend conferences on behalf of council.
General Council Business Expenses	Councillors have a legislated responsibility to represent the current and future interests of the residents of the local government area. To do that, they have to get out there and meet with ratepayers, visit community group meetings, attend local networking opportunities, go to school award ceremonies and much more to keep their finger on the pulse of the Whitsunday community. Costs in this category include any incidentals, travel costs, registration fees, etc. for our Councillors to effectively do their job.

5.0 Democratic Governance

CATEGORY	INFORMATION
Advocacy Expenses	To get the best possible outcomes for the residents and ratepayers of the Whitsundays, council must advocate on their behalf to Members and Ministers on either side of the aisle at the State and Federal level. Councillors, as your elected representatives, go the extra mile by seeking funding opportunities to get jobs done in our area with as little cost on ratepayers as possible. Costs spent on advocacy are essentially an investment, with the amount of dollars received in return for projects like the construction of the Proserpine Administration Building and Proserpine Entertainment Centre being significant returns. Costs in this category include things like flights and accommodation for our elected members when they travel to Brisbane or Canberra to push State and Federal politicians for better outcomes for our region.
Professional Development Expenses	Having well-informed and knowledgeable Councillors is crucial in local government, as the more experienced they are, the more capable they will be to make good decisions and deliver positive outcomes for the Whitsundays. To that end, Councillors are entitled to a set amount of funds to access and participate in learning and development opportunities, such as undertaking a Local Government Diploma. Costs in this category include any expenses incurred for signing up for and participating in and professional development activities or courses.
Telecommunications Expenses	In the digital age being an elected member is a 24 hour a day job. Our Councillors go out of their way to be available and contactable through multiple social media channels and by phone. Given the importance of ensuring Councillors are there for the community, and the amount of calls and messages received, council 2019/20 policy was such that the organisation will reimburse Councillors up to a set amount for costs incurred for their phone, mobile and home internet plan.

COUNCILLORS' EXPENSES

The following table shows the actual costs incurred by Councillors or council in undertaking their responsibilities as Councillors. Councillors are also provided with smart phones, tablets, laptop computers and use of vehicles.

COUNCILLORS' EXPENSES 1 JULY 2022 TO 30 JUNE 2023						
Councillor	Conferences	General Council Business	Advocacy	Phone / Internet	Uniforms	Total
Cr Julie Hall (Mayor)	6,245.62	14,456.91	1,995.89	-	211.50	22,909.92
Cr Jan Clifford (Division 1)	4,051.39	1,063.26	-	1,289.14	-	6,403.79
Cr Al Grundy (Former Division 2)	1,093.27	190.10	-	312.02	-	1,595.39
Cr Clay Bauman (Division 2)	337.95	501.57	-	-	-	839.52
Cr John Collins (Division 3)	-	-	-	2,072.76	-	2,072.76
Cr Michelle Wright (Division 4)	-	681.67	-	412.62	-	1,094.29
Cr Gary Simpson (Division 5)	2,176.90	580.38	-	412.62	-	3,169.90
Cr Mike Brunker (Division 6)	-	875.20	-	2,072.76	500.00	3,447.96
TOTAL	13,905.13	18,349.09	1,995.89	6,571.92	711.50	41,533.53

5.6 OVERSEAS TRAVEL

There was no overseas travel by the Mayor or Councillors in 2022/23.

5.0 Democratic Governance

5.7 COMMUNITY GRANTS

SPORT AND RECREATION CLUB GRANTS

Sport & Recreation Club Grants are available annually to support the general functions of the club and is based on the number of active participants within the club. To be eligible the club must be incorporated and have public liability insurance. \$134,500 was provided to 64 organisations during 2022/23 as shown in the table below;

ORGANISATION	AMOUNT FUNDED
Cannonvale Kyokushin Karate Club Inc.	\$5,500
Collinsville Sports Inc.	\$3,000
Whitsunday Moto Sports Club Inc.	\$3,000
Proserpine Veteran Golfers Association	\$1,500
Whitsunday Bald Eagles Inc.	\$1,500
Proserpine Bowls Club Inc.	\$1,500
Bowen Athletics Club Inc.	\$1,500
Whitsunday Athletics Club Inc.	\$1,500
Proserpine District Lawn Tennis Association	\$1,500
Cricket Whitsundays Inc.	\$1,500
Proserpine Whitsunday Junior Rugby League Football Club	\$5,500
Whitsunday Sporting Car Club Inc	\$3,000
Bowen Cricket Inc	\$3,000
Cannonvalley Pony Club Inc	\$1,500
Whitsunday Kyokushin Karate Club Proserpine Inc	\$1,500
Club Outrigger Whitsunday Inc	\$1,500
Airlie Beach Bridge Club Inc	\$1,000
Bowen & Collinsville Lapidary Club Inc	\$1,000
Bowen Chargers Inc	\$1,000
Bowen Tennis Association Inc.	\$3,000
Cannonvale Cannons Swimming Club Inc	\$3,000
Airlie Beach Bridge Club Inc	\$1,000
Music Evolution Project Inc	\$5,500
Whitsunday Dirt Riders Inc	\$5,500
Bowen Bowls Inc	\$1,500
Bowen Hockey Association Inc	\$1,500
Bowen Seagulls Junior Rugby League Inc	\$5,500

ORGANISATION	AMOUNT FUNDED
Bowen Netball Association Inc	\$3,000
Whitsunday Weightlifting Association Inc	\$3,000
Proserpine BMX Club Inc	\$1,500
Tennis Whitsunday Club Inc	\$1,000
Whitsunday Australian Football Club Inc.	\$3,000
Proserpine Scout Group	\$1,500
Proserpine Whitsunday Rugby Union Inc.	\$3,000
Whitsunday Basketball Inc	\$1,500
Whitsunday Running Club Inc	\$1,500
Whitsunday Equestrian Group Inc	\$1,000
Collinsville Horse and Pony Club Inc	\$1,000
Bowen Horse and Pony Club Inc	\$1,000
Proserpine Citizens Band Inc	\$1,000
Whitsunday and Proserpine RC Models Inc	\$1,000
Proserpine Golf Club Inc	\$5,500
Bowen Touch Football Association Inc	\$3,000
Proserpine Veteran Golfers Inc	\$1,500
Collinsville Scottville Amateur Swimming Club Inc	\$1,000
Bowen Collinsville Lapidary Club Inc	\$1,000
Bowen Collinsville Rifle Club Inc	\$1,000
Airlie Beach Football Club Inc.	\$3,000
Airlie Beach Bowls Club Inc.	\$1,500
Port Denison Gun Club Inc.	\$1,000
Whitsunday Automotive and Restoration Club Inc	\$1,500
Whitsunday Triathlon Club Inc.	\$1,000
Bowen Breakers Basketball Inc.	\$1,000
Whitsunday Coast 4x4 Club Inc.	\$1,000
Collinsville Bowling Club Inc.	\$1,000
Sporting Shooters Association of Australia Bowen Branch	\$5,500
Whitsunday Mountain Bike Club Inc.	\$1,500
Whitsunday Old Iron Restorers Club Inc.	\$1,000
Proserpine District Lawn Tennis Association	\$1,000
Proserpine Rugby League Football Club Inc.	\$3,000
Bowen Football Association	\$3,000
TOTAL FUNDING	\$134,500
Total Applications	64

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FACILITY MANAGEMENT GRANTS

Facility Management Grants are only available to groups that oversee/manage facilities that are utilised by more than one type of sport and is to be used to maintain the actual facility/fields/maintenance equipment only.

To be eligible an organisation must be incorporated, have public liability, possess a current lease/licence agreement with council and submit an operational budget with the application. Funding is based on the active participants utilising the facility per year. \$60,000.00 was provided to 3 organisations during 2022/23 as shown in the table below;

ORGANISATION	AMOUNT FUNDED
Bowen Sporting Complex Co-ordinating Association Inc.	\$20,000
Whitsunday Sportspark Limited	\$20,000
Proserpine Junior Sporting Complex Association Inc.	\$20,000
TOTAL FUNDING	\$60,000
Total Applications	3

SPECIAL PROJECTS GRANTS PROGRAM

The Special Projects Grants Program is open to all incorporated not for profit clubs wishing to undertake one off projects or events that fall outside the normal

operations of the club. Grants up to \$20,000.00 may be available. Acquittals are to be submitted for this grant program once the project has been completed. \$126,950 was provided to 11 organisations during 2022/23 as shown in the table below;

ORGANISATION	AMOUNT FUNDED
Bowen Meals on Wheels Inc	\$5,000
Bowen & District Childcare Centre	\$10,000
Whitsunday Community & Education Centre	\$11,335
Bowen Community Council Inc.	\$11,875
Bowen Horse & Pony Club	\$15,000
Bowen Woodworkers & Woodturners Association Inc.	\$20,000
Heronvale Rural Fire Brigade	\$20,000
Proserpine Whitsunday Rugby Union Club Inc	\$13,270
RSL Proserpine Sub-branch	\$10,000
Bowen Historical Society & Museum Inc	\$5,335
Whitsunday Community Services Inc.	\$5,135
TOTAL FUNDING	\$126,950
Total Applications	11

JUNIOR ELITE ATHLETE

Financial Support for a Junior Elite Athlete is available for all residents who are 18 years or younger at the time of competition, and who have been residing within the Whitsunday Regional Council Local Government Area for at least 12 months or more.

To be eligible, a Junior Athlete must meet the following criteria:

- be 18 years or younger at the time of competition,
- be representing North Queensland, Queensland or Australia or equivalent in an officially recognised State, National or International event,
- has no outstanding debt to council,
- be amateur in status,
- supply written verification of selection from the relevant organisation,
- provide evidence of associated costs to participate in the competition,
- provide a statutory declaration of applicant's financial contribution and residency, and
- Applications must be received prior to the competition. Applications for competitions that have already occurred will not be considered.

The level of funding available will be based on a progressive scale, the higher the level in representation, the larger the financial support available. A total of \$66,250 was funded for 89 Junior Elite Athlete's during 2022/23.

APPLICANT	AMOUNT FUNDED
Akirra Muriata	\$250
Alexander Yuskan	\$250
Aliyah Palmer	\$250
Amy Gray	\$1,000
Andrew Keenan	\$250
Archer Wright	\$250
Axel Yuskan	\$250
Beau Peterson	\$25
Beau Vella	\$250
Ben Hope	\$250
Benjamin O'Neil	\$500
Blake Hanks	\$250
Blake Tissington	\$250
Brina Kelly	\$250
Brooke Mizzi	\$1,000
Byron Goodin	\$250
Carys Ferguson	\$250
Catherine Maund	\$3,000
Charlie Williams	\$500
Charlotte Adams	\$3,000
Charlotte Finn	250
Charlotte Lee	\$1,000
Connor Harris	\$3,000
Connor Marks	\$250
Cooper Kennedy	\$1,000
Cooper Robinson	\$250
Corey Stroud	\$2,000
Derek Ward	\$250
Don Algie	\$500
Eneliko Savelio	\$500
Fergus King	\$250
Fletcher Kennedy	\$1,000

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APPLICANT	AMOUNT FUNDED
Freddie Hazelton	\$2,000
Fyn Gunn	\$1,000
Gausa Dau	\$1,000
Harrison Squires	\$2,000
Holly Perrin	\$1,000
Hugo Williams	\$250
Isabella Bruce	\$500
Isabella Pisaniello	\$250
Jack Oberg	\$250
Jacob Godden	\$2,000
Jake Pettigrew	\$250
Jamar Tabua	\$250
Jamie Henderson	\$250
Jarrad Skiba	\$250
Jax Clayworth	\$250
Justin Meeks	\$1,000
Jy Parkinson	\$1,250
Kade Harrison	\$1,000
Kai Draper	\$2,250
Karl Ward	\$250
Karlee Goodin	\$250
Katie Maund	\$250
Kayla Vella	\$1,000
Lachlan Gray	\$1,000
Lanie Hazeltine	\$500
Lillian Kelly	\$4,000
Lincoln Douglas	\$500
Lincoln Sokolski-Fricker	\$250
Lincoln Thicker	\$250
Ljay Barton	\$250

APPLICANT	AMOUNT FUNDED
Lola Boorman	\$250
Luke Austin	\$500
Maali Bradley	\$250
Mathew Belyea	\$250
Maxwell O'Keefe	\$2,000
Mia Clark	\$250
Mila Parkinson	\$250
Myka Kelly	\$250
Nara Suckling	\$250
Nicholas Moranino	\$250
Nicholas Philipson	\$250
Oliver Dibben	\$250
Quade Scott	\$750
Reef Peel	\$2,000
Reid Martin	\$1,000
Ruby Cran	\$1,000
Ruby Henry	\$250
Rufus King	\$250
Russell Harris	\$3,000
Sari Goodall	\$1,000
Shailee Mewha	\$1,000
Sophie Fletcher	\$500
Taleisa Savelio	\$250
Thomas O'Neil	\$500
Tiarne Watson	\$250
Willow Gaffney	\$250
Zanda Wong	\$1,000
TOTAL FUNDING	\$66,250
Total Applications	89

REGIONAL ARTS DEVELOPMENT FUND

The Regional Arts Development Fund (RADF) is a partnership between state and local governments which invests in quality arts and cultural experiences across Queensland based locally determined priorities.

RADF promotes the role and value of arts, culture and heritage as key drivers to support diversity and inclusivity; grow strong regions; and provide training, education and employment opportunities for Queensland artists and local communities.

\$75,172 was provided to 14 organisations during 2022/23 as shown in the table below;

ORGANISATION	PURPOSE OF ALLOCATION	AMOUNT FUNDED
Music Evolution Project	M.E.P Band and Performance Essentials Workshop	\$7,250.00
Queensland Ballet	Queensland Ballet community Engagement and Education Tour	\$2,426.00
Murroona Gardens Aged Care Facility - Wellness Centre/Day Therapy	Bird Sculpture Workshop	\$1,630.00
Tammi Burgis	Concept development plan for Exhibition and Workshops	\$3,100.00
Margaret Burgess	Our Artists Open Studio Trail Consultation Sessions	\$3,390.00
Bowen Festival of Murals Society	Refresh of the Port Denison Hotel Mural	\$12,576.00
Karen Jacobsen	Whitsunday Songwriters Festival Workshops	\$6,000.00
Proserpine State High School	Production of Musical 'Sweet Charity'	\$8,000.00
Great Barrier Reef Festival	Creating Designs for Merchandise	\$9,000.00
Haley Vogel	Ceramic Slip Casting Mould Making Workshop	\$5,000.00
TARTS Gloucester Textile Artists	Botanical Imprinting and Dyeing of Fabric Workshop	\$1,600.00
Bowen Potters Group Inc.	Advanced Techniques of Clay Sculpture Workshops	\$2,400.00
Artist Run Initiative Whitsundays	Visual Artist Residency, Masterclass and Community Forum	\$5,000.00
Adrian Thomas & Harry Bowen	Burning Gulga EP - 4 Song recording of Ngaro and Gia/ Indigenous Australian & South Sea Islander themed music, radio promotion across Australia	\$7,800.00
TOTAL FUNDING		\$75,172.00
Total Applications		14

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5.8 REBATES AND CONCESSIONS –

The Whitsunday Regional Council granted a range of rebates and concessions for rates and charges to assist the community through the 2022/23 financial year:

- Rates Relief Policy
- Owner Occupier Concession
- Pensioner Rates Rebate Policy
- Rates Concessions for Pensioners Deferral Arrangement
- Charges Rebates for Granny Flats
- Concession for Concealed Water Leaks
- Donations for Rates and Service Charges for not-for profit Organisations

During 2022/23, 2785 pensioners received rates concessions at a cost of \$717,278

5.9 BENEFICIAL ENTERPRISES

A beneficial enterprise is an enterprise that a local government considers is directed to benefitting, and can reasonably be expected to benefit, the whole or part of its local government area. Council operated one beneficial enterprise during the financial year:

Whitsunday Coast Airport and Infrastructure Pty Ltd

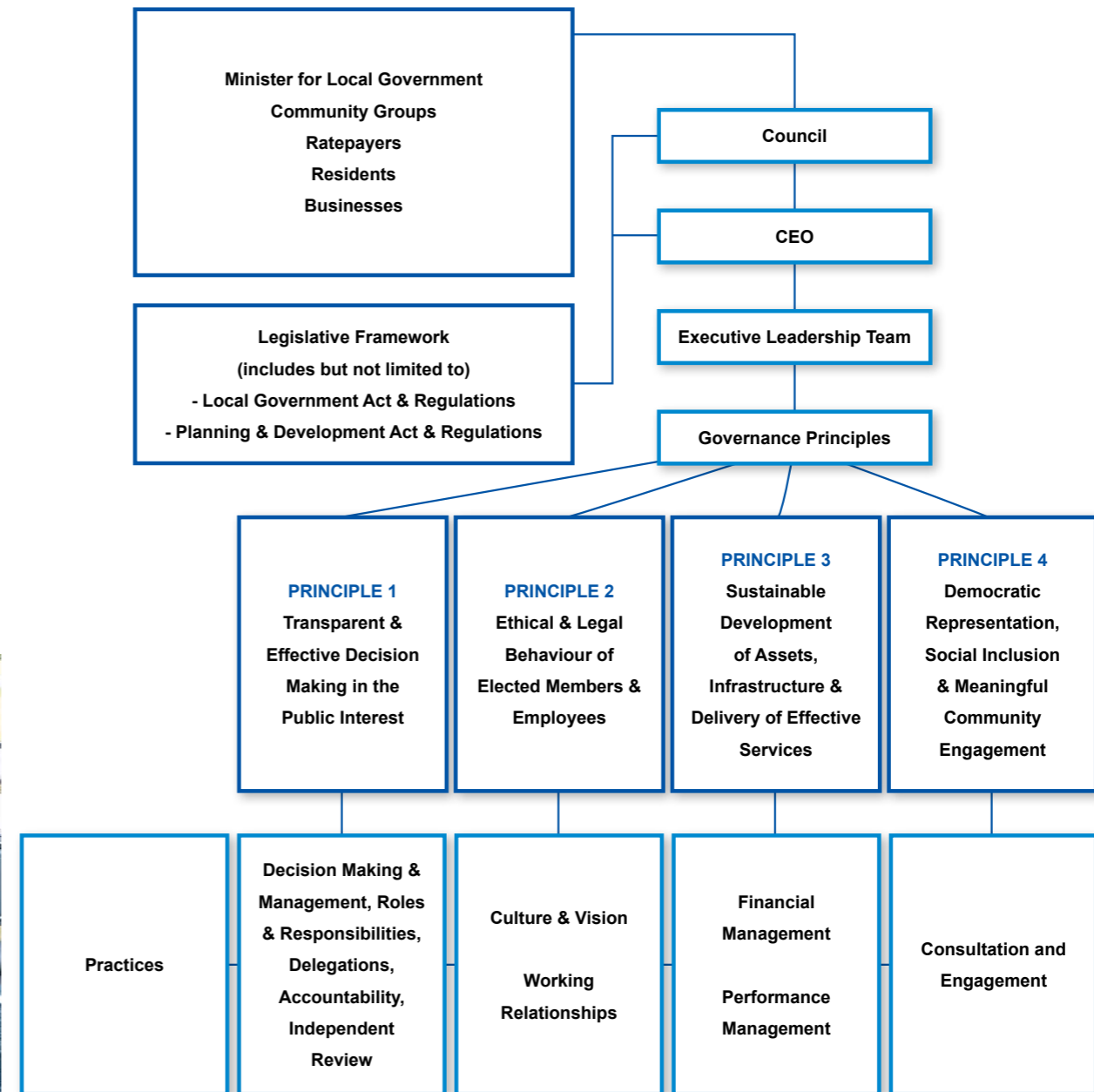
Whitsunday Regional Council formed the Whitsunday Coast Airport and Infrastructure Pty Ltd (ACN 611242196) as a registered company under the Corporations Act 2001 in 2016. This company is registered with the Australian Security and Investments Commission, but currently a dormant company. The Company's issued share capital is \$10.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

5.10 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

Council's Corporate Governance Framework supports the organisation by providing strong foundations in relation our Governance principles.



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5.11 DECISION MAKING

(Delegated power and authority)

Council conducts its business at open and publicly-advertised meetings. Council meetings were held twice each month and livestreamed. Special council meetings may be held throughout the year to consider specific matters.

Council makes decisions that:

- require a council decision (legislative requirement that council 'resolve' to do something);
- cannot be decided under delegation;
- are of civic or historical significance;
- may be controversial;
- involve risks assessed as 'High' or 'Extreme';
- have significant budgetary implications; or
- have a significant impact on the achievement of the council's Corporate Plan.

In accordance with the Act, council has delegated to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) a broad range of powers that the council has responsibility to administer and enforce.

Under section 259 of the Act, the CEO is able to delegate powers to nominated positions within the council's staff establishment, enabling them to efficiently perform the responsibilities of their roles. The Delegations Register which records these details is open for public inspection in accordance with section 260 of the Act.

5.12 ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT

The council's risk management objective is to manage risk exposure, consistently and systematically to maximise community outcomes.

This effectively leverages the benefit of opportunities, manages uncertainty, builds organisational resilience and minimises the impact of adverse events.

Key goals include:

- identifying and managing risk exposures and opportunities and implementing risk management process improvements;
- achieving the highest levels of Work Health and Safety (WHS) performance through the systematic elimination or reduction of risks; and
- providing safeguards across the organisation that are consistent and appropriate to the level of security threats; and building and maintaining organisational resilience.

Risk management is governed by the Enterprise Risk Management Framework which is integral to the council's overarching Corporate Governance Framework. The council's approach is aligned with AS/NZS ISO 31000:2018 Risk Management and is tailored to the specific business and the organisational context of the council.

The framework provides procedures, systems, policies and strategies that focus on effective risk management leadership, in addition to ongoing risk reviews at an organisational and strategic level. By identifying and actively managing key enterprise

risks and with the implementation of numerous risk mitigation strategies, business continuity plans, incident management protocols, inspections and audits, security plans and work health and safety initiatives, council is well equipped to ensure that risks are managed to a level as low as is reasonably practicable while optimising opportunities.

5.13 WORKPLACE HEALTH & SAFETY RISK

Whitsunday Regional Council is committed to providing a safe and healthy working environment for workers, contractors and visitors to our workplaces.

Adopting and promoting the provisions of the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and its associated Regulations, Codes of Practice and Standards is paramount and significant importance is placed on the areas of hazard and risk management, training, and injury prevention strategies to ensure organisation objectives are met.

Council has in place a Safety Action Plan, Critical Risk Program and inspections schedules. It also undertakes surveillance audits that form part of the Mutual Risk Obligations Program required by our membership of Local Government Workcare (LGW), our workers compensation insurer.

Council's Safety Management System (SMS), which is defined as a series of defined as organisational wide processes that provide for effective risk-based decision making relating to the operational business of the organisations, is being updated to align with the ISO45001 and the National Self-Insurer WHS Management System Audit Tool.

5.14 AUDIT AND RISK

INTERNAL AUDIT

Council has a focus on continuous improvement and the internal audit function supports the move towards more efficient and effective processes and systems. Through the internal audit role, Whitsunday Regional Council has the following goals:

- Assurance that processes and internal controls are in place to ensure accountability and compliance;
- Assurance that council's systems and governance produce expected outcomes;
- Identification of opportunities for improved performance and efficiencies; and
- Identification of processes to reduce council's risks.

Whitsunday Regional Council's internal auditors are O'Connor Marsden (Brisbane). Reporting to the Chair of council's Audit & Risk Committee the internal auditors are responsible for;

- Preparation and development of an annual audit plan, in conjunction with the Committee, based on the Queensland Treasury's Audit Committee Guidelines, which also incorporates a risk-based approach;
- Preparation of an internal audit program in conjunction with the Committee, which includes the scope and objectives of internal audits;
- Completion of fully detailed working

5.0 Democratic Governance

papers and internal audit reports, or such reports as may be required; and,

- Carrying out the internal audit function within contemporary developments in auditing, local government, public sector and management philosophies and best practices.

AUDIT AND RISK

Objectives: The Committee is established in accordance with Section 105, *Local Government Act 2009*, and Sections 208- 211, *Local Government Regulation 2012*.

The Committee operates within the adopted council authority, objectives, and constitution to promote good corporate governance through the provision of independent assurance, oversight, and advice to council on matters relating to – Internal and External Audit; Financial Statements and Reporting; Risk and Fraud Management; Internal Controls; and Legislative and Organisational Compliance. As well, the Committee and council has adopted a proactive approach, with guidance and recommendations from the Queensland Audit Office (QAO); External Auditors (William Buck); Internal Auditor (O'Connor Marsden) and CEO/ Management on Cyber Security preparation, education, internal controls, and continuous oversight.

The Committee has no authority and does not replace the management responsibilities of Executive Management, but rather acts as a resource of independent advice to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and to council.

During a period of continuous change for Queensland Local Government and in preparing this Annual report, the Audit & Risk Committee has monitored and reviewed the integrity of financial documents, considered reports from the CEO/ Senior Management, the internal audit function, and the effectiveness and objectivity of council's internal auditors, and reports from the External Auditors and Queensland Audit Office.

Committee Meetings and Membership:

The Audit and Risk Committee met its legal responsibilities holding six (6) meetings during 2022/23. Meetings were held on 26th July 2022 (Bowen), 16th August 2022 (Teams Meeting), 6th September 2022 (Bowen), 22nd November 2022 (Proserpine), 21st February 2023 (Bowen), and 16th May 2023 (Proserpine).

At each meeting, the Committee thoroughly and objectively made recommendations and reported to council on matters the Committee considered required action or improvement by council. Actions taken by council, towards continuance improvements and financial compliance, were reported back to the Committee at subsequent Committee meetings.

Committee membership changed during 2022/23, as did the key CEO Senior Management position.

The first two (2) of the six (6) Audit and Risk Committee meetings for 2022/2023 were held on 26th July 2022 and 16th August 2022. Following the resignation of former Committee Member and Mayor Cr Andrew Wilcox from the Committee on 15th June 2022 and his election as the Federal member for Dawson, (acknowledged and reported in previous

Annual Report) and in advance of the election for his replacement, the composition for the first two Committee meetings comprised-

Two (2) external members- Mr Graham Webb, (Chairman) and Mr John Finlay and two (2) internal members- Deputy Mayor, Cr John Collins, and proxy member, Cr Mike Brunner. The former CEO, Mr Rod Ferguson also attended the first two (2) Audit and Risk Committee Meetings.

Cr Julie Hall was elected to fill the vacancy of Mayor at the Mayoral By-Election held on Saturday, 13th August 2022. After her completion of the Declaration of Office and induction Cr Hall was appointed by council to fill the vacancy on the Audit Committee, and her first meeting as Mayor was the Audit and Risk Committee meeting on 6th September 2022.

Membership for the remaining 4 meetings - 6th September 2022, 22nd November 2022, 21st February 2023, and 16th May 2023, comprised Mr Graham Webb (Chairman), Cr Julie Hall, Cr John Collins (6th September 2022 meeting) Cr Gary Simpson (22nd November 2022, and February and May 2023 meetings) and Mr John Finlay. My sincere thanks to these Committee Member, CEO and Staff who individually and collectively contributed to the success of the Committee in decision making and advice over the last financial year.

Former CEO, Mr Rod Ferguson attended three (3) of the remaining four (4) meetings for 2022/23 prior to his retirement. Following his commencement in the CEO role on Monday, 27th February 2023, and like his predecessor with a long and distinguished local government senior management service, Mr Warren Bunker, CEO, attended his first Audit and Risk Committee Meeting in Proserpine on Tuesday, 16th May 2023.

Compliance with Charter

As previously reported in the last Annual Report and on the recommendation of the Committee, the council at its meeting on 13th October 2021, received a peer review of the council's Audit and Risk Committee; endorsed the Audit and Risk Committee Charter; appointed Cr Mike Brunner and Cr Jan Clifford as proxies for the Audit and Risk Committee and reviewed the remuneration of the external Chairman and external member.

As part of the peer review recommendations on the Charter review, timeframes were changed to a biennial review process. Therefore, the next review will be due at the end of this year in November 2023. The Charter is made available to the Executive Leadership Team (ELT) and Councillors on the Councillors portal (LG Hub).

Under legislation, it is considered that overall, the Audit & Risk Committee's operation, activities, membership, skills mix, diligence, and extent of work priorities performed is of a high standard. The Audit & Risk Committee has continued to evolve over recent years into a mature and effective governance advisory committee. The Committee fulfils the responsibilities set out in its Charter and, in accordance with best practice.

Key compliance actions taken by Committee.

As well as oversight and advice to council on the matters covered in the objectives, in this Report, the Committee considered well-presented CEO/ Management and Internal and External Auditor Reports, QAO Briefing papers on a range of topics.

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Recommendations were made to council for consideration on current and emerging issues and risks, such as Insurance cover and claims management; legal actions and appeals; information systems upgrades; cyber security challenges; Workplace Health and Safety/Public liability/ insurance actions and business continuity plans; National Disaster repairs and Federal and State Government NDRRA compliance and Disaster Management Plans.

Beyond the summaries in the preceding paragraphs, and although not limited to all subjects covered, compliance with the Charter and Legislation, the Committee, met its obligations by considering and/or reviewing the following:

- 1) Audit and Risk Committee Priorities Guide
- 2) Unaudited Financial Statements and the Financial Sustainability Statements for the financial year 2021/22
- 3) Monthly financial statements
- 4) CEO briefing updates, covering managements responses to key functions.
- 5) Internal controls including Insurance Profile review, council's reporting to ensure legislative compliance, understanding the timing for review of council policies,
- 6) Internal controls including risk compliance, Management reports including key compliance areas of Workplace, Health and Safety, Human Resources Management,
- 7) ICT Disaster Recovery Plan updates and the link to council's business

continuity plan

- 8) ICT Security Improvement Update and ICT Projects update.
- 9) Financial benchmarking report with meaningful operational comparisons between council's performance and other selected councils and favourable outcome for council. Whitsunday had the strongest operating performance reflected in both the Operating Surplus Ratio and Operating efficiency ratio but still within the targeted range.
- 10) Business Activity Reports
- 11) Annual Valuation Report
- 12) Internal Audit Reports including key reports on Cyber Security, Short term accommodation readiness, draft compliance reviews.
- 13) Consideration of council Management Internal Audit actions in the comprehensive Internal Auditors OCM Internal Audit Activity Report,
- 14) External Audit Reports including comprehensive reports from the Queensland Audit Office.
- 15) On behalf of the Committee completed in a ORIMA survey which sought feedback from Audit Committee Chairs on the QAOs performance in delivering audit services
- 16) Participation in interactive training on the Board's role in Cyber on 27th June 2023.
- 17) 2023 Asset Valuation Report
- 18) Asset Management Policy and Asset Management Strategy 2022-2026
- 19) Shell Financial Statements

- 20) Oversight of the Annual Report preparation, adoption, and public release
- 21) Briefing on council's actions and community engagement in the development of council's Economic Development Strategy
- 22) Progress reports towards finalising Enterprise Bargaining Agreement
- 23) Review and understanding of the council's sound financial position and financial sustainability compared to the other Queensland local governments, summarised in the QAO Financial Audit Report presented to Parliament in May 2023.

Internal and External Audit functions:

Commentaries and Reports from the Internal Auditors and External Auditors appear separately in the 2023 Annual Report.

Internal Auditors, Marsden (OCM) engaged with the CEO and Management on the Internal Audit function during the year and provided comprehensive oral and written reports to each Committee Meeting.

Likewise, the External Auditors William Buck, along with the QAO representative on the Committee provided detailed commentaries on progress against the agreed Annual Audit Plan.

As Chairman of the Committee, I participated in the half yearly briefings of Audit Committee Chairs by the Auditor General and other Senior QAO Executives. Critical to the ongoing roles and governance/ financial/ governance and risk management

oversight of Audit Committees identified at these forums with three of the major challenges being preparation for and recovering from cyber-attacks and ensuring timely review of procurement policies and fraud control.

Appreciation:

This Report records and acknowledges the challenges and opportunities faced and addressed by the Independent Audit and Risk Committee which are ever changing and expanding. As a committee we continually look for opportunities to gain experience more about our craft.

The Queensland Audit Office (QAO) is a fundamental stakeholder in the field and source of valuable intelligence. Issues raised in QAO Annual Reports to Parliament, QAO Blog postings and circulars prompt ideas that are beneficial in addressing gaps or weaknesses in our own environment.

The Audit and Risk Committees role and responsibilities are assisted by the commitment and focus by the Mayor, Councillors, CEO, Management, and the Whitsunday Regional Council Organisation to:

- long term financial sustainability
- quality service delivery to its community
- good asset management and sound rating practices
- sound project management and procurement culture
- actively and successfully pursuing grant funding for operational and capital works from State and Federal sources, with accountability a key value for council.

Others beside those recognised in the Chapter-
Committee Meetings and Membership,

5.0 Democratic Governance

demonstrated their passion, energy and enthusiasm and clear understanding of our legislative roles and responsibilities and commitment to sound governance, financial management and financial sustainability for the Whitsunday Regional Council and community. For this Report, I acknowledge and thank them:

Warren Bunker (Chief Executive Officer - WRC); Jason Bradshaw (Director Corporate Services - WRC); Julie Moller (Manager Strategic Finance); Leah Bradley (Manager Financial Services); Katie Coates (Management Accountant); James Ngoroyemoto (Manager Governance and Administration); Lyndal O'Neill (Manager Human Resources); Matthew Monaghan (William Buck); Junaide Latif (William Buck); Sabrina Frank (Queensland Audit Office); Wayne Gorrie (O'Connor Marsden); and Melanie Douglas - Secretary (Governance Officer - WRC). Contributors over the

year also included former member Cr John Collins, Proxies Cr Mike Brunner and Cr Jan Clifford and former CEO, Rod Ferguson.

Graham Webb, PSM, Chairman, Whitsunday Regional Council, Audit and Risk Committee.

5.15 REQUIRED REPORTING

Senior Executive Remuneration

Detailed below is the total of all remuneration packages that are payable to the Senior Executive at Whitsunday Regional Council.

Senior Executive includes the CEO and other Key Management Personnel as defined in the Related Party Disclosure Policy.

SENIOR EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION PACKAGES TABLE 1 JULY 2022 - 30 JUNE 2023	AMOUNT FUNDED
Remuneration Band	Number of Executives
\$200,000 - \$299,999	7
\$300,000 - \$399,000	1
TOTAL	\$2,007,268

Summary of invitations to change tenders

Detailed below summary of invitations to change tenders under section 228(8) of the Local Government Regulations 2012.

CONTRACT NUMBER	CONTRACT TITLE	ADDENDUMS
500.2022.0063	Design and Construction of Shute Harbour Small Tourism Operators Building	0
500.2022.0064	Regional Buildings Painting Program	0
500.2022.0065	W4Q - Design and Construction of Collinsville Swimming Pool Upgrades	0
500.2022.0066	Provision of Cleaning Services	3
500.2022.0069	Regional Reseal and Rehab Package 2022_2023	1
500.2022.0070	W4Q – Design and Construct of Shute Harbour Lions Lookout	0
500.2022.0074	Lease - Alternative Fuels - Shute Harbour	0
500.2022.0075	Waste Facility Operation Services for Collinsville Transfer Station	0
500.2022.0077	PEC Minor Works	0
500.2022.0080	Provision of Security Services	0
500.2022.0082	Lease - Lot 6 Up River Road, Foxdale	0
500.2022.0083	Design, Supply and Installation of Bicentennial Boardwalk Upgrade	0
500.2023.0001	Management Services for Proserpine Tourist Park	0
500.2023.0002	Supply and Installation of New Fuel Systems	0
500.2023.0005	Landscaping Services for Port of Airlie and Boathaven Beach	1
500.2023.0013	Whitsunday Coast Airport (WCA) Cleaning Services	2
500.2023.0014	Edgecumbe Heights Walking Track Upgrade – Construction Works	2
500.2023.0015	Supply and Delivery of Various Mowers	0
500.2023.0019	Prequalified Supplier Panel Arrangement for Trade Services	1
500.2023.0025	Whitsunday Raw Water Supply - Bore Works	2
500.2023.0028	Pedestrian Bridge and Footpath - Scottsville Road, Collinsville	0
500.2023.0031	Regional Amenity Upgrades and New Installations	0
500.2023.0033	Waste and Recyclables Collection Services	2
500.2023.0035	Design and Construction of Collinsville Pump Track	0
500.2023.0036	Maintenance Services for Bowen Water Park	0
500.2023.0037	Managed Cyber Security Service	1
500.2023.0038	Bowen Landfill Clean Water Diversion - Stormwater Pipe Supply	0

5.0 Democratic Governance

Registers Kept

Council is required under the *Local Government Act 2009* and *Local Government Regulation 2012* to maintain certain registers:

- Local Law Register
- Roads Map and Register
- Register of Cost-Recovery Fees
- Asset Register
- Councillor Conduct Register
- Delegations Register
- Registers of Interests
- Council also maintains various other registers to assist in administrative operations. Some of these are made available on the council website, whereas others are used internally.
- Administrative Action Complaints Register
- Animal Impoundment Register
- Assets Register
- Audit Recommendations Register
- Authorised Persons Register
- Cats and Dogs Register
- Cemetery Register
- Community Catch-up Outcomes Register
- Council Policies Register
- Council Resolutions Register
- Councillors Conflict of Interest and Material Personal Interest Register
- Delegations Register
- Gifts and Benefits Register
- Infrastructure Notices Register

- Land Records Register
- Lobbyists Register
- Operational Risk Register
- Register of Contracts Awarded above the value of \$200,000
- Registers of Interest
- Right to Information and Information Privacy Applications Register
- Right to Information Disclosure Log
- Roads Register
- Strategic Risk Register

Right to Information and Information Privacy

Right to Information aims to make more information available, provide equal access to information across all sectors of the community, and provide appropriate protection for individuals' privacy.

The right to information gives individuals the right to access and amend information held by local governments (and other public organisations), unless there is a good reason for it not to be provided.

People have a right to access their personal and non-personal information held by government under the Right to Information Act 2009.

People also have a right to access their personal information held by government under the Information Privacy Act 2009.

A total of 579 pages of documents were provided in full or partially redacted. Applications made under Right to Information Act 2009 and Information Privacy Act 2009 were as follows:

2022/23 RTI AND IP APPLICATIONS				
	Applications carried forward from 2021/22 into 2022/23	Applications received in 2022/23	Applications resolved by 30 June 2023	Applications carried forward to 2023/24
RTI	0	10	9	1
IP	0	0	0	0

Administrative Action Complaints

The Administrative Actions Complaints Policy and Procedure provide a process for managing complaints about the council's actions and decisions. The council is committed to ensuring that information obtained via the complaints process is used to improve our overall service delivery. The complaints process consists of three steps. The first step is to attempt to resolve the complaint at the first point of contact. If that is not possible, the complainant may wish to proceed to the second step, which is a preliminary review.

The third step of the process occurs if the complainant is dissatisfied with the outcome of the preliminary review and chooses to request an internal review. If a complainant is dissatisfied at the conclusion of the complaints process, he or she is advised of organisations which may provide an external review such as the Queensland Ombudsman, the Energy and Water Ombudsman Queensland, the Office of the Information Commissioner, or the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT). In accordance with section 187 of the Regulation, the council is required to report on the performance of the organisation in dealing with complaints in its Annual Report.

2022/ 23 ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION COMPLAINTS			
Complaints carried forward from 2021/22 into 2022/23	Complaints received in 2022/223	Complaints resolved by 30 June 2023	Complaints carried forward to 2023/24
0	12	12	0

Competitive Neutrality Complaints

Council did not receive any notices of intention to investigate a competitive neutrality complaint from the Queensland Productivity Commission (QPC) in 2021/22. Council did not receive any recommendations on any competitive neutrality complaints under s52(3) of the Act in 2021/22.

Co-operation Between Local Governments

Section 190(1)(d)(i)-(ii) of the Regulation requires the Annual Report to contain details of any action taken for, and expenditure on, a service, facility or activity:

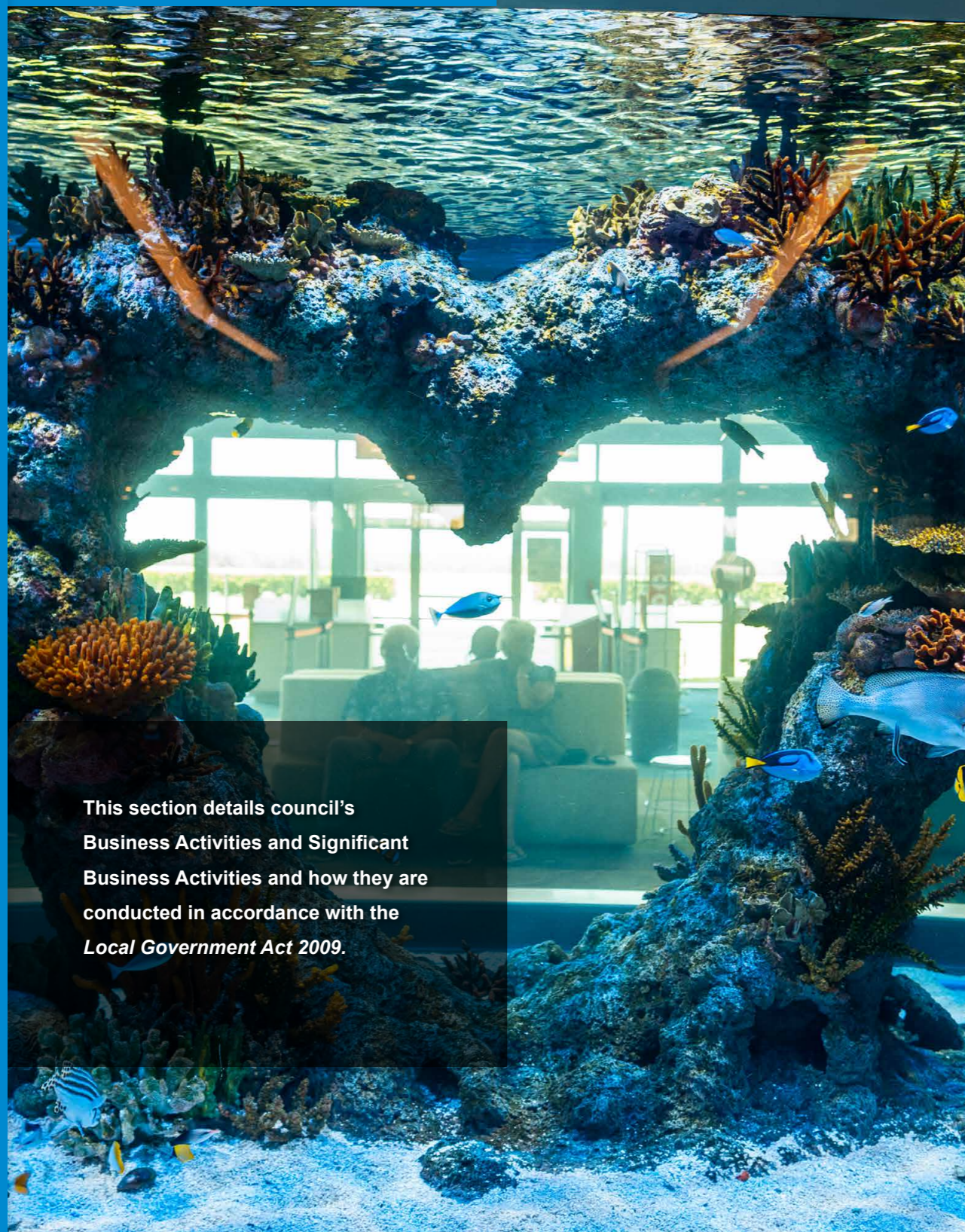
- (i) supplied by another local government, under an agreement for conducting a joint government activity, and;
- (ii) for which the local government levied special rates or charges for the financial year.

Valuation of Non-Current Physical Assets

There were no resolutions made during the financial year under s206(2) i.e. council did not, by resolution, set an amount for each different type of non-current physical asset below which the value of an asset of the same type was to be treated as an expense.

Council did not receive a service, facility or activity supplied by another local government under an agreement for conducting a joint government activity for which council levied a special rate or charge in the 2021/22 financial year.

6.0 Business Activities



This section details council's Business Activities and Significant Business Activities and how they are conducted in accordance with the *Local Government Act 2009*.

6.1 COMMERCIAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

For the 2022/23 Financial Year, council operated several commercial business activities including two Significant Business Activities (SBAs) as defined by the *Local Government Act 2009* (Act) and the Local Government Regulation 2012 (Regulation).

Disclosure as per s45 of the Local Government Act 2009 (Qld).

BUSINESS ACTIVITY	TYPE	APPLICATION*
Water & Sewerage Services	Significant Business Activity (as per s19(2) of LGR)	CNP
Waste Services	Significant Business Activity (as per s19(2) of LGR)	CNP
Whitsunday Coast Airport	Prescribed Business Activity (as per s39(1) of LGR)	CCC
Foxdale Quarry	Prescribed Business Activity (as per s39(1) of LGR)	CCC
Shute Harbour Marine Terminal	Prescribed Business Activity (as per s39(1) of LGR)	CCC
Road Maintenance Activity	Business Activity (as per s47(3)(b) of LGA)	None (CCC not applied)

*Indicates whether or not the Competitive Neutrality Principle (CNP) or Code of Competitive Conduct (CCC) has been applied to the particular business activity

LGA – Local Government Act 2009 (Qld); LGR – Local Government Regulation 2012 (Qld)

Council also operates the Proserpine Entertainment Centre, Proserpine Tourist Park and Wangaratta at the Beach Caravan Park in Bowen and two aerodromes at Bowen and Collinsville. The Competitive Neutrality Principle (CNP) was not applied to these activities as their level of expenditure for the relevant financial year was not above the limits prescribed in s39 of the Local Government Regulation 2009 (Qld).

6.0 Business Activities



BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

Whitsunday Coast Airport

Operated by council, the Whitsunday Coast Airport (WCA) is a commercial business with specialised infrastructure and resources to meet the demands of carriers, passengers, partners, stakeholders and the general public. While meeting aviation compliance requirements, WCA must also meet the requirements of its tourism role in delivering an exceptional product, services and experience to arriving and departing tourists and supporting local operators.

The WCA is set on 430 hectares in a convenient central location offering easy access to the Whitsunday Islands and to the main centres of Airlie Beach, Cannonvale, Shute Harbour, Bowen, Collinsville and Proserpine. The runway is the longest in the region measuring 2073m, with room to expand to over 3000m. The apron has capacity to park 4 x code C aircraft simultaneously.

Significant efforts within the financial year were directed into re-establishing and locking in airline carriers once borders re-opened after COVID closures and travel restrictions eased. The major development was the launch of Bonza Airlines. WCA

is now serviced by five major carriers with access to the region from multiple locations – Qantas, Virgin Australia and Jetstar operate regular, direct flights to destinations including Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne. Skytrans operates flights to/from Cairns and Bonza operates flights to/from Sunshine Coast, Newcastle and Toowoomba.

Another major focus for business development is to be a freight, logistics and transportation hub to support local tourism and regional businesses. In April 2023, a purpose-built freight distribution centre opened at WCA allowing for the growth of freight operations.

The WCA team record their busiest passenger day, week and month in April 2023 with the annual passenger movements for the year ending 30 June reaching 477,490. WCA also recorded their busiest day and busiest week throughout the month plus the highest revenue achieved.

In recognition of the high standard of the business, WCA was awarded 2022 Large Regional Airport of the Year by the Australian Airports Association, Gold at 2022 Whitsunday Tourism Awards and Silver in 2022 Queensland Tourism Awards.

Council, to the extent practicable, applies the Code of Competitive Conduct (CCC) to the relevant business decisions related to this business unit.

Shute Harbour Marine Terminal

Operated by council, the Shute Harbour Marine Terminal (SHMT) is a commercial business with specialised infrastructure and resources to meet the demands of marine tourism businesses, island resorts, passengers, and the general public. In addition to marine compliance requirements, SHMT must also meet the requirements of its tourism role by provide residents of and visitors to the Whitsunday region with a world class marine port facility focused on the future.

With the key priority for long term growth of SHMT into a commercial marine port precinct integrated with Whitsunday Coast Airport as a marine transportation and tourism hub. Significant efforts within the financial year were directed into planning and construction commencement of the Small Tourism Operators Building (STO), fit out and opening of the Explore 74 Licensed Café /catering and the launch of the Penthouse style function space.

Commercial efforts included locking in Cruise liners Royal Caribbean, Celebrity and Silverseas. SHMT welcomed Quantum of the Seas and Celebrity Eclipse to the Whitsunday region on inaugural visits. As a result, SHMT recorded its busiest day in its history on February 28, 2023, with 6,025 passenger movements. For the financial year, SHMT achieved 155 000 passenger movements for the full financial year.

In recognition of the high standard of the business, SHMT was awarded Bronze at 2022 Whitsunday Tourism Awards and Bronze in 2022 Queensland Tourism Awards.

A draft Asset Management Plan for Shute Harbour identifying asset ownership, levels of service and future demand for the facility is currently underway.

Council, to the extent practicable, applies the Code of Competitive Conduct (CCC) to the relevant business decisions related to this business unit.

6.0 Business Activities



Foxdale Quarry

Council operates the Foxdale Quarry as a commercial business. The quarry supplies crushed rock materials for the construction industry which utilises it for the construction and maintenance of roads, subdivisions, housing, general industrial construction, and infrastructure projects. The output from the quarry is sold to council for its internal construction purposes as well as sold to external parties. Council, to the extent practicable, applies the Code of Competition Conduct to the relevant business decisions related to this business unit.



SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

Whitsunday Water – Water & Sewerage Services

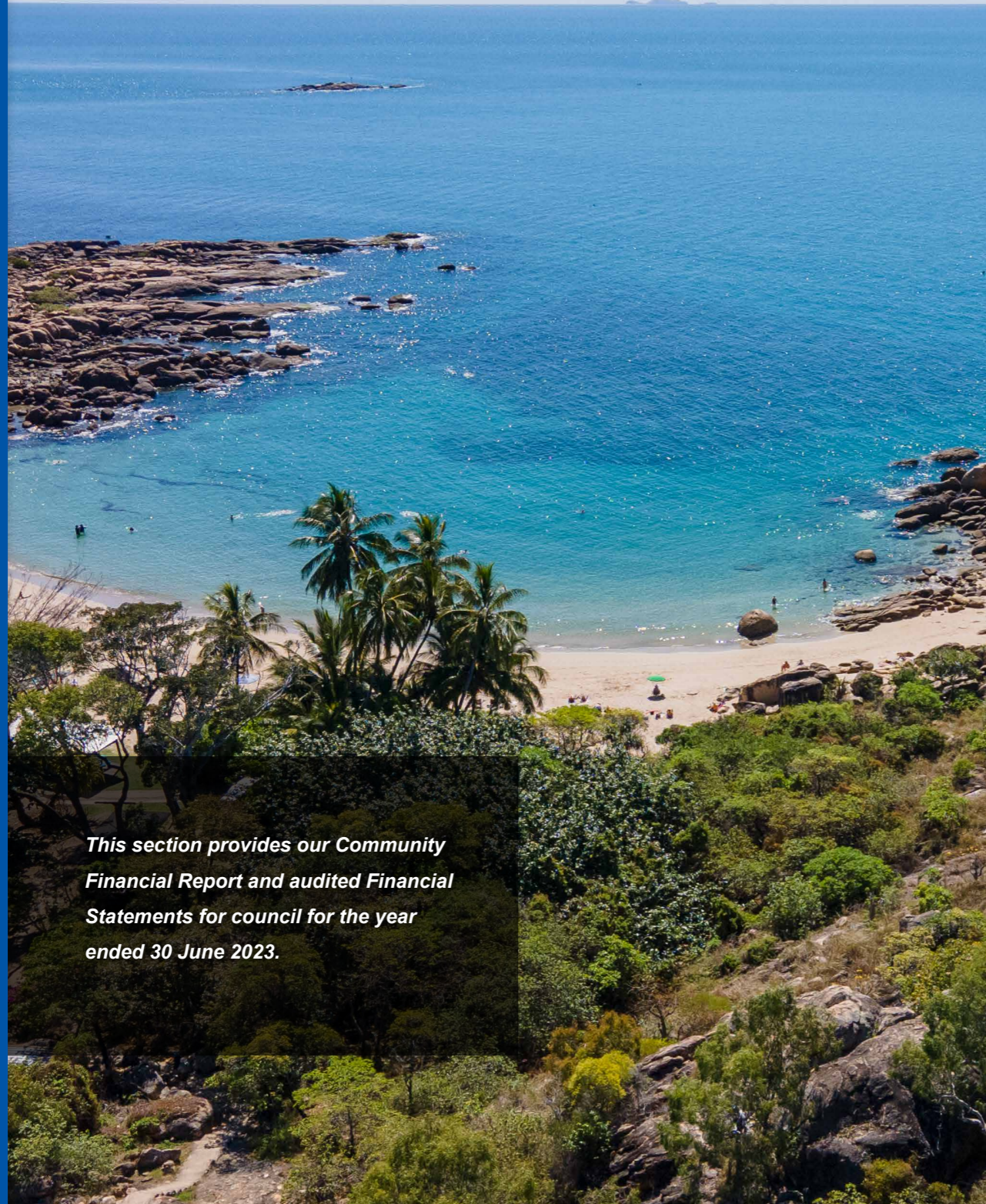
This business unit provides potable water to the water supply areas within the region. The business unit also collected wastewater (sewage) from the sewerage service areas and treats the collected sewage in keeping with license and environmental requirements before disposing of the treated effluent. Council also recycles treated effluent for fit for purpose use in selected public spaces and sporting facilities such as golf courses.

As per the definitions contained in the Act and the Regulation, this business unit is a SBA. Council, to the extent practicable, applies full cost pricing principles in determining the pricing for water and sewerage services.

Waste Services

This business unit provides waste collection, recycling and waste disposal services to the serviced area within the region. Its objective is to ensure the Whitsundays becomes a sustainable, low waste region in which human health and the environment are protected from the impact of waste and its mission is to provide long term sustainable waste management solutions to the community that enhance resource recovery and recycling outcomes.

7.0 Finance



This section provides our Community Financial Report and audited Financial Statements for council for the year ended 30 June 2023.

OUR ASSETS

Council's assets are crucial to delivering community services and underpin the region's economic, environmental and social well-being.

“Looking after our assets, looking after you”

56		Community Facilities
380 pax		Entertainment Centre
143 km		Stormwater Drainage
7		Pools, Lagoon & Water Parks
530ha		Parks and Open Spaces
396		Buildings across the Region
42		Bridges
122		Heavy & Minor Plant
30,000L		Aquarium
838 km		Water & Sewerage Pipes
115		BBQ Plates
4		Regional Libraries
1		Marine Terminal
16		Manned & Satellite Transfer Stations
8		Water & Sewerage Treatment Facilities
1790km		Sealed & Unsealed Roads

7.0 Finance

COMMUNITY FINANCIAL STATEMENT

(for the year covering 1st July 2022 to 30th June 2023)

A community financial report contains a summary and analysis for our community to enable greater understanding of council's financial performance and position for the 2022/23 financial year. As financial statements are often difficult for people other than accountants to understand, this report aims to give the reader a summary of council's financial statements along with key financial statistics and ratios.

FINANCIAL SNAPSHOT



The financial statements have six key elements:

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (PROFIT AND LOSS):

Measures how council performed in relation to income and expenditure from operations to give a net result. Included is a range of capital revenue (grants and contributions) and expenses that recognise the movement in the value of provisions and asset valuations disclosed in the statement of financial position.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS:

Shows cash movements that have occurred during the financial year. The closing balance reflects how much cash council had at the end of the financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Provide further detail around some of the more significant figures that appear in the individual statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET):

Is a snapshot of what we own (our assets) and what we owe (our liabilities) as at the end of the financial year, with the difference (our equity) reflecting our net worth.

FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY RATIOS:

Provide an indication of our relative sustainability based on the current year's performance and best estimates around future operational activities. The three sustainability indicators help monitor the long-term sustainability of all councils across Queensland

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY:

Summarises changes in our net worth during the year including showing the movements in our retained earnings, reserves and asset revaluation surplus.

7.0 Finance

1. SIMPLIFIED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The income statement details council's revenue and expenses incurred, in operating and maintaining council assets, in order to deliver the required community services during the reporting period.

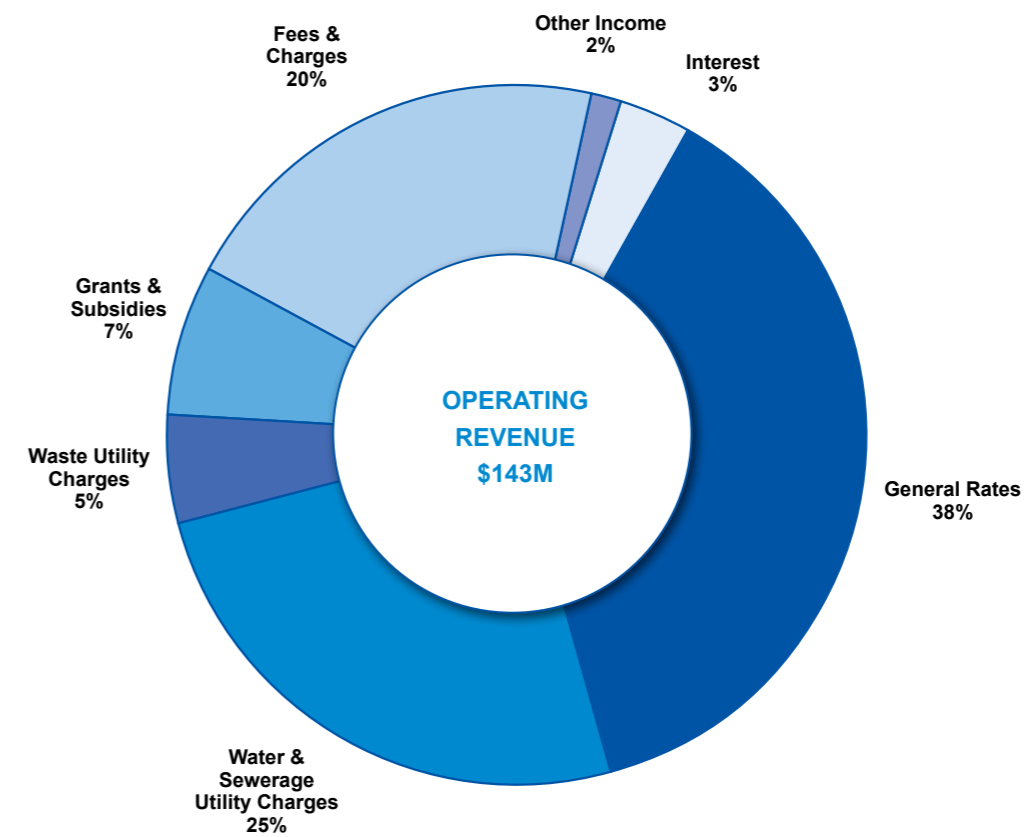
(IN \$'000)	2022/23	2021/22
What We Levied Our Ratepayers	97,494	91,391
What We Invoiced Our Customers	29,325	26,395
What We Received as Grants & Subsidies	9,833	9,830
What We Received As Interest from Investment	4,480	910
Our Other Revenue	2,184	2,474
Our Total Recurrent Earnings	143,316	131,000
What We Spent on Our Staff	(39,701)	(36,155)
What We Spent on Our Suppliers	(60,402)	(54,446)
Our Total Direct Spend	(100,103)	(90,601)
What We Paid Our Bankers	(4,103)	(4,404)
What We Set-aside for Asset Renewals	(30,459)	(29,203)
Our Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	8,651	6,792
Our Capital Revenue	28,845	63,054
Our Capital Expenses	(13,756)	(35,953)
Our Capital Surplus/(Deficit)	15,089	27,101
Our Net Earnings	23,740	33,893

Council made an operating surplus of \$8.6M, which is 6% of council's total operating revenue. The surplus has predominantly been placed into reserves to be used for any future projects that will benefit the community.

WHERE DOES OUR MONEY COME FROM? (INCOME)

84% of council's revenue is "own source" or "Council controlled" (General Rates, Water, Sewer & Waste Utility Charges and Fees & Charges), providing council with a high degree of control over its future financial sustainability with less reliance on grants and subsidies.

The key movements from the previous Financial Year relate to additional rates and utility charges generated, an increase in interest on investments due to more competitive interest rates achieved as well as an increase in revenue across Airports, Shute Harbour and PEC offset by a reduction in revenue from Foxdale Quarry.

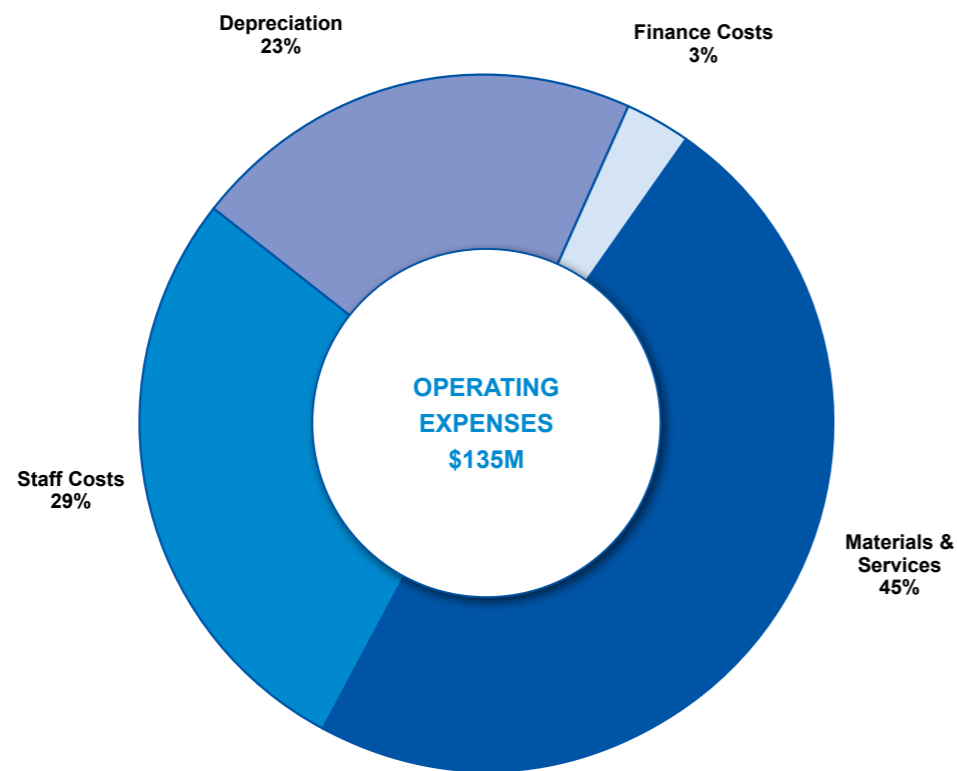


7.0 Finance

'WHERE DO WE SPEND OUR MONEY? (EXPENSE)

Material & Services purchased by council was the largest cost item (45%), followed by payments made to staff. The funds set aside as depreciation represent the estimated reduction in the value of an asset as it is used to provide a service to the community. It provides a guide as to what council should spend on renewing community assets.

They key movements in operating expenses from the previous Financial Year include staff cost increases, fuel purchases at Shute Harbour that were then sold and the costs associated with a full year of operating Proserpine Entertainment Centre.



2. SIMPLIFIED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

The Statement of Financial Position provides information regarding the assets council owned, as well as liabilities that it has incurred, as at the last day of the reporting period.

(IN \$'000)	2022/23	2021/22
Assets We Own	1,275,468	1,211,831
Inventory We Hold	3,321	4,543
What We are Owed (by Ratepayers & Customers)	20,009	31,180
What We Have in the Bank	128,899	86,725
Our Total Assets	1,427,697	1,334,279
What We Owe Our Suppliers	28,725	24,830
What We Put Aside For Future Costs (for landfill and staff leave)	33,203	34,094
What We Owe Our Lenders	71,314	76,383
Our Total Liabilities	133,242	135,307
Our Community Wealth	1,294,455	1,198,972

Net Community Assets total \$1.3 Billion, placing council in a good position to continue to provide essential services to its community. An increase in assets we own comparing the two financial years due to increasing costs of replacing our assets in the future. What we have in the bank has seen an increase due to additional grant funding being received and the capital budget not being fully spent.

7.0 Finance

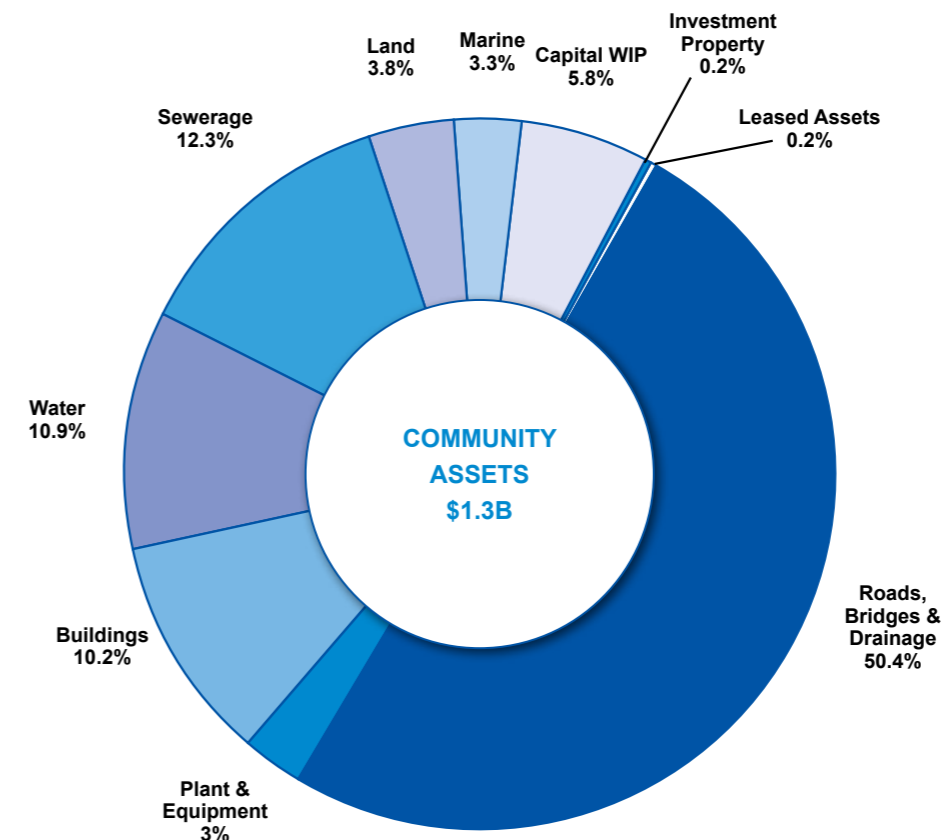
WHAT DO WE OWN? - OUR COMMUNITY ASSETS

(IN \$'000)	2022/23	2021/22
Roads, Bridges & Drainage Network	643,164	581,354
Water Infrastructure	138,600	143,799
Sewerage Infrastructure	157,326	161,751
Buildings	130,295	102,258
Land & Land Improvements	48,703	48,273
Plant & Equipment	36,931	33,131
Marine Infrastructure	41,937	39,326
Capital Work In Progress	74,172	97,993
TOTAL	1,275,468	1,211,831



Almost 50% of the community assets are in our sealed and unsealed roads network. With the water and sewer networks making the next largest segment. Due to the significant capital works program during the previous two years, \$59M of work in progress was capitalised during the year with \$74M of assets remaining to be capitalised as at June 2023.

Building assets were revalued during the financial year which predominately accounts for the \$28M increase in value. Indexation was applied to the Roads, Bridges and Drainage Network due to market movements in the value of these assets.

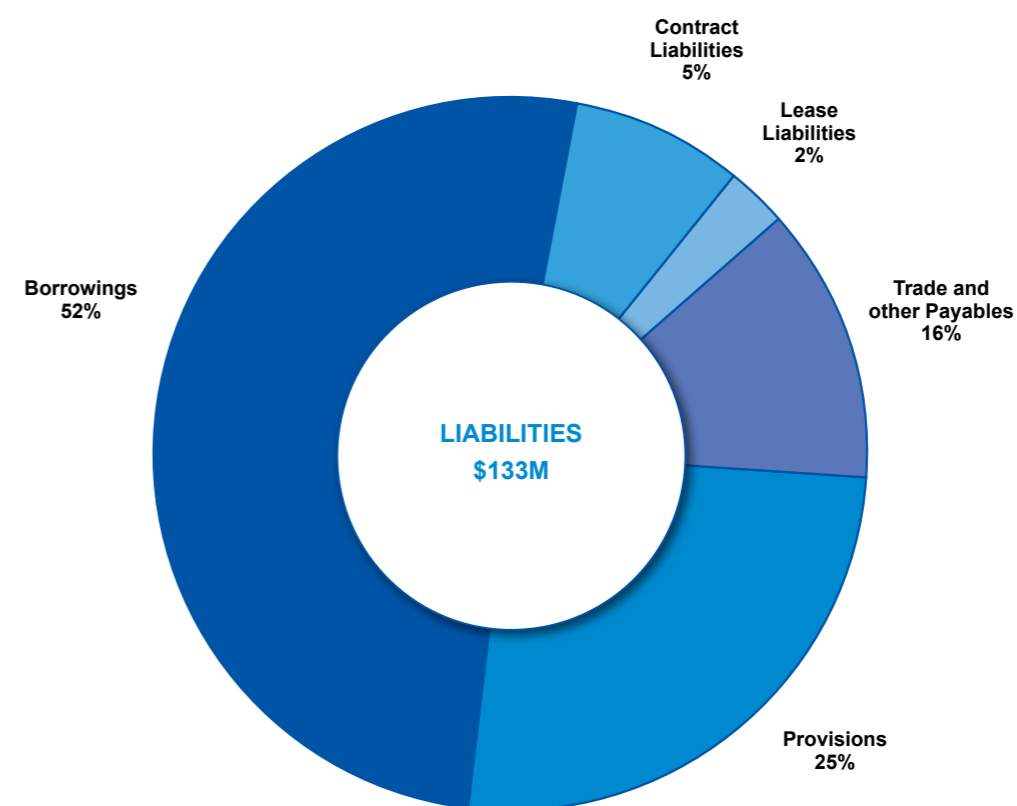
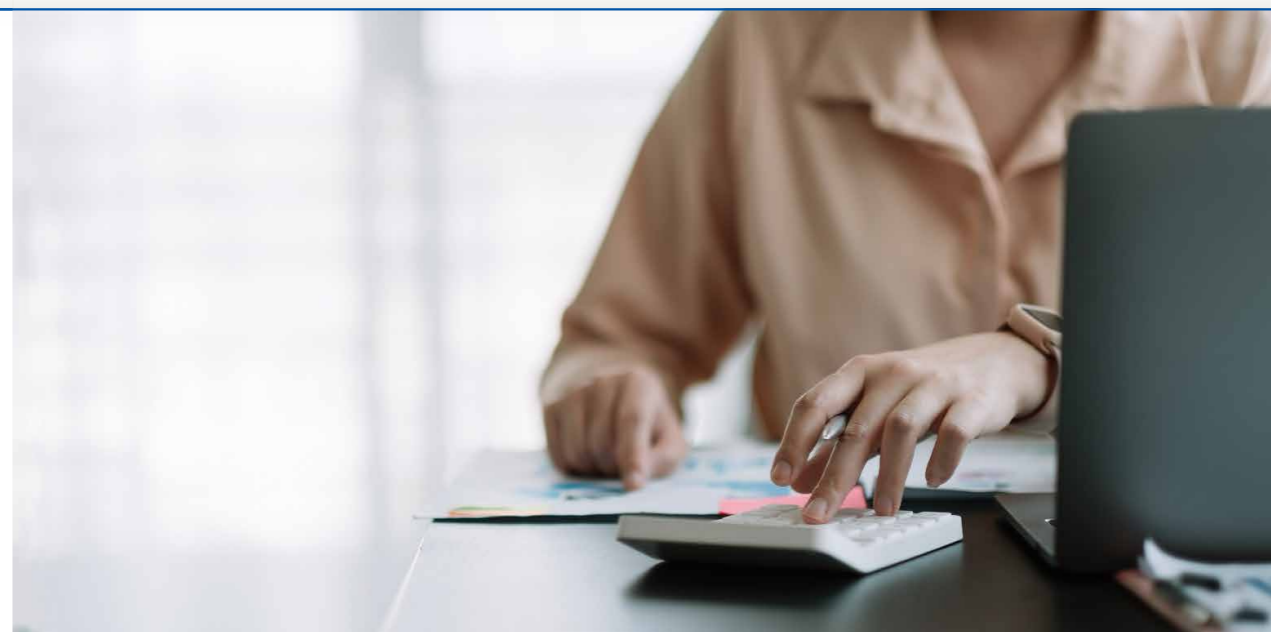


7.0 Finance

WHAT DO WE OWE? (OUR LIABILITIES)

(IN \$'000)	2022/23	2021/22
Trade and other payables	21,325	19,215
Contract liabilities	7,400	5,615
Provisions	33,203	34,094
Borrowings	69,015	74,456
Lease liabilities	2,299	1,927
Land & Land Improvements	48,703	48,273
Plant & Equipment	36,931	33,131
Marine Infrastructure	41,937	39,326
Capital Work In Progress	74,172	97,993
TOTAL	133,242	135,307

Liabilities total \$133M which represents 10% of community equity. Borrowing balance at the end of the reporting period was \$69M, a reduction of \$5.4M from the previous year closing balance.



7.0 Finance

3A. OUR FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS

Financial sustainability indicators provides an insight into the ability of a council to continue to maintain its assets and provide community services in the short to medium term.

RATIO	DEFINITION	TARGET RANGE	2022/23	2021/22
Operating Surplus Ratio	Net Operating Surplus divided by Total Operating Revenue, expressed as a percentage	0% to 10%	6.04%	5.18%
Asset Sustainability Ratio	Capital Expenditure on the replacement of assets (Renewals) divided by Depreciation Expense, expressed as a percentage	greater than 90%	79.97%	97.98%
Net Financial Liabilities Ratio	Total Liabilities less Current Assets divided by Total Operating Revenue, expressed as a percentage	less than 60%	(13.24%)	9.83%

Two of the three key indicators of long term financial sustainability are well within the limits generally considered acceptable and sustainable within the local government sector. The Asset Sustainability Ratio was slightly below the target range and is a result of reduced capital delivery in the year.

3B. OUR FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS

(New ratios effective 01/07/2023)

A new Sustainability Framework has been developed by the Department of State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning. It will provide a more holistic approach to monitoring council sustainability, and it covers both financial and non-financial indicators. As a Tier 4 council, below presents the target range and council's position for the last two financial years.

TYPE	MEASURE	TARGET RANGE	2022/23	2021/22
Financial Capacity	Council-Controlled Revenue	N/A	84%	84%
Operating Performance	Operating Surplus Ratio	Greater than 0%	6%	5%
	Operating Cash Ratio	Greater than 0%	29.45%	30.84%
Liquidity	Unrestricted Cash Expense Cover Ratio	Greater than 4 months	15 months	11 months
Asset Management	Asset Sustainability Ratio	Greater than 80%	80%	98%
	Asset Consumption Ratio	Greater than 60%	72%	72%
Debt Servicing Capacity	Leverage Ratio	0 to 3 times	1.8 times	2.1 times

7.0 Finance



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7.0 Finance

Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Income			
Revenue			
Recurrent revenue			
Rates and levies	3 (a)	97,493,607	91,390,581
Sale of goods and major services	3 (b)	18,847,784	14,675,788
Fees and charges	3 (c)	4,108,132	4,201,420
Interest received		4,480,093	910,236
Sales of contract and recoverable works		6,042,321	7,229,938
Rental income		326,371	288,188
Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	3 (d) (i)	9,833,430	9,829,633
Other recurrent income	3 (e)	2,184,583	2,473,962
Total recurrent revenue		143,316,321	130,999,746
Capital revenue			
Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	3 (d) (ii)	26,354,278	62,299,790
Other capital income	4	2,490,538	754,400
Total capital revenue		28,844,816	63,054,190
Total income	2 (b)	172,161,137	194,053,936
Expenses			
Recurrent expenses			
Employee benefits	5	(39,701,137)	(36,155,112)
Materials and services	6	(60,402,208)	(54,446,386)
Finance costs	7	(4,102,773)	(4,403,786)
Depreciation and amortisation			
Property, plant and equipment	15	(29,953,973)	(28,711,961)
Right of use assets	17	(504,849)	(490,710)
Total recurrent expenses		(134,664,940)	(124,207,955)
Capital expenses	8	(13,756,280)	(35,953,228)
Total expenses	2 (b)	(148,421,220)	(160,161,183)
Net result		23,739,917	33,892,753
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to net result			
Increase/(decrease) in asset revaluation surplus	21	71,126,729	5,247,434
Total other comprehensive income for the year		71,126,729	5,247,434
Total comprehensive income for the year		94,866,646	39,140,187

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Significant Accounting Policies.

Statement of Financial Position
As at 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	98,898,730	86,724,823
Investments	10	30,000,000	-
Trade and other receivables	11 (a)	10,603,952	12,343,398
Inventories	12	1,665,934	1,633,523
Contract assets	16 (a)	2,867,685	13,473,912
Other assets	13	6,524,445	5,337,327
		150,560,746	119,512,983
Non-current assets held for sale		1,655,000	2,910,000
Total current assets		152,215,746	122,422,983
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	11 (b)	13,000	25,000
Investment property	14	2,100,000	2,040,000
Property, plant and equipment	15	1,271,128,735	1,207,885,238
Right of use assets	17 (a)	2,239,719	1,905,661
Total non-current assets		1,275,481,454	1,211,855,899
Total assets	2 (b)	1,427,697,200	1,334,278,882
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18	16,826,723	14,856,998
Contract liabilities	16 (b)	7,400,254	5,614,986
Provisions	19	10,336,866	11,536,892
Borrowings	20	5,781,353	5,548,994
Lease liabilities	17 (b)	403,563	403,872
Total current liabilities		40,748,759	37,961,742
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18	4,498,279	4,358,035
Provisions	19	22,866,308	22,556,735
Borrowings	20	63,233,438	68,907,094
Lease liabilities	17 (b)	1,895,551	1,523,099
Total non-current liabilities		92,493,576	97,344,963
Total liabilities		133,242,335	135,306,705
Net community assets		1,294,454,865	1,198,972,177
Community equity			
Asset revaluation surplus	21	433,807,357	362,680,627
Retained surplus		860,647,508	836,291,550
Total community equity		1,294,454,865	1,198,972,177

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Significant Accounting Policies.

7.0 Finance

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	Total		Retained surplus		Asset revaluation surplus Note 21	
		2023 \$	2022 \$	2023 \$	2022 \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
Balance at beginning of year		1,198,972,177	1,155,016,109	836,291,550	797,582,916	362,680,627	357,433,193
Assets not previously recognised	15	616,041	4,815,881	616,041	4,815,881	-	-
Restated opening balances		1,199,588,218	1,159,831,990	836,907,591	802,398,797	362,680,627	357,433,193
Net result		23,739,917	33,892,753	23,739,917	33,892,753	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year							
Revaluations:							
Property, plant & equipment	15	71,126,654	5,274,934	-	-	71,126,654	5,274,934
Change in value of future rehabilitation costs	21	76	(27,500)	-	-	76	(27,500)
Total comprehensive income for year		94,866,647	39,140,187	23,739,917	33,892,753	71,126,730	5,247,434
Balance at end of year		1,294,454,865	1,198,972,177	860,647,508	836,291,550	433,807,357	362,680,627

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Significant Accounting Policies.

7.0 Finance

Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		138,927,692	131,755,391
Payments to suppliers and employees		(107,397,736)	(101,960,069)
Interest received		4,480,093	910,236
Rental income		326,371	288,188
Non capital grants and contributions		10,133,235	11,254,434
Borrowing costs		(2,742,616)	(2,962,173)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	26	43,727,039	39,286,007
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment	15	(34,767,023)	(73,039,140)
Payments for investment property	14 & 15	(161,566)	(30,603)
Repayments from (advances of) loans to community organisations		17,000	12,000
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		375,684	537,617
Non-current assets held for sale - Proceeds from sale		1,482,855	-
Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations		37,769,252	48,000,207
Payments for rehabilitation work	19	(361,274)	(992,599)
Net transfer (to) from cash investments	10	(30,000,000)	-
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(25,645,072)	(25,512,518)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Repayment of borrowings	20	(5,441,297)	(5,210,943)
Repayments made on leases (principal only)	17	(466,763)	(454,787)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities		(5,908,060)	(5,665,730)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year		86,724,823	78,617,064
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year	9	98,898,730	86,724,823

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Significant Accounting Policies.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023
1 Information about these financial statements
1.1 Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements are for the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023 and have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 2009* and the *Local Government Regulation 2012*.

Council is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes and these financial statements comply with Australian Accounting Standards and interpretations as applicable to not-for-profit entities.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the revaluation of certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment property.

1.2 Constitution

The Whitsunday Regional Council (Council) is constituted under the *Queensland Local Government Act 2009* and is domiciled in Australia.

1.3 New and revised Accounting Standards adopted during the year

Council adopted all standards which became mandatorily effective for annual reporting period beginning on 1 July 2022, none of the standards had a material impact on reported positions, performance and cash flows.

1.4 Standards issued by the AASB not yet effective

The AASB has issued Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which are not effective at 30 June 2023, these standards have not been adopted by Council and will be included in the financial statements on their effective date. None of these standards are expected to have a material impact on reported positions, performance and cash flows.

1.5 Estimates and judgements

In the application of Council's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and ongoing assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in future periods as relevant.

Judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a potential significant effect are outlined in the following financial statement notes:

- Valuation of Investment Property - note 14
- Valuation and depreciation of property, plant and equipment - note 15
- Provisions - note 19
- Contingent liabilities - note 24
- Financial liabilities - note 27
- Revenue recognition - note 3
- Leases - note 17

1.6 Rounding and comparatives

The financial statements are in Australian dollars and have been rounded to the nearest \$1, unless otherwise stated.

Comparative information has been restated where necessary to be consistent with disclosures in the current reporting period and the introduction of a new financial class of assets in note 15.

1.7 Volunteer services

Council is in receipt of volunteer services provided by Townsville Correctional Centre's Bowen Women's Work Camp. The Work Camp team supports the performance of tasks such as maintenance of fences, cemeteries, playgrounds & showground and participates in restoration & general maintenance projects. Although the fair value of these volunteer services can be reliably measured, as these services would not be purchased if they were not donated, they have not been recognised as per AASB 1058. Council partners with Queensland Corrective Services to provide beneficial works projects for the community, and rehabilitate offenders to assist with their return to society.

1.8 Taxation

Income of local authorities and public authorities is exempt from Commonwealth taxation except for Fringe Benefits Tax and Goods and Services Tax (GST). The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO or payable to the ATO is shown as an asset or liability respectively.

The Council pays payroll tax to the Queensland Government on certain activities.

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

2 Analysis of Results by Function

(a) Components of council functions

The activities relating to the Council's components reported on in Note 2 (b) are as follows :

Office of the Chief Executive

Incorporates Human Resources, Communications, the offices of the Mayor, Councillors and the Chief Executive Officer to set and achieve Council's goals and objectives for the citizens of the Whitsunday region by providing direction, support, co-ordination, sound resource management policy and achieve effective and efficient management of Council's assets and resources.

Corporate Services

Corporate Services is responsible for the provision of efficient, effective and accountable financial and administrative services to Council and the community it serves. The core branches include Governance and Administration, Asset Management, Financial Services, Procurement, Property & Fleet, and Information Services.

Development Services

Planning and Development Services caters for Council's aim to achieve sustainable development in the region's communities through Planning Strategies, Development Assessment, Building Certification and Plumbing Certification.

Community Services

Community and Environmental Services caters for Council's aim to achieve sustainability by maintaining a healthy economy, vibrant communities and a thriving biophysical environment. This includes environmental health, natural resource management, local laws, libraries and function centres. This area also manages Council's customer contact centres.

Infrastructure Services

To provide well-constructed, safe & efficient transport infrastructure networks, engineering services, quarry operations, cemetery and public open space management to meet the community's current and future needs.

Waste Management

To protect public health, safety and the environment by the provision of an efficient system for safe collection, transportation, recycling and disposal of waste products.

Airport, Port Operations and Tourism

To maintain public airports and ports that provide air and sea transportation for the community, tourist and industry as well as smaller airstrips within the region, economic development and tourism, to support a strong and diverse economy.

Water Services

To meet the community needs for potable water by the efficient purchase, treatment, storage and distribution of water to consumers.

Sewerage Services

To protect public health, safety and the environment by the provision of an efficient system for safe collection, transportation, treatment and disposal of sewage waste.



7.0 Finance

2 Analysis of results by function

(b) Revenue, expenses and assets have been attributed to the following functions :

Programs	Gross program income				Elimination of Inter-function transactions	Total income	Gross program expenses		Elimination of Inter-function transactions	Total expenses	Operating surplus/(deficit) from recurrent operations	Net result for year	Total Assets
	Recurrent revenue		Capital revenue				Recurrent	Capital					
	Grants	Other	Grants	Other									
	2023	2023	2023	2023			2023	2023					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	as at 30/6/23	
Office of the Chief Executive	148,295	123,909	-	-	-	272,204	(4,339,236)	(104,707)	173,251	(4,270,692)	(4,067,032)	(3,998,488)	6,610,993
Corporate Services	4,291,539	77,126,450	863,310	269,337	(18,330,603)	64,220,033	(11,341,208)	(913,905)	796,758	(11,458,355)	70,076,781	52,761,678	234,448,833
Development Services	-	1,825,916	3,029,512	-	-	4,855,428	(5,015,938)	-	789,209	(4,226,729)	(3,190,022)	628,699	-
Community Services	1,054,569	3,487,362	32,540	-	-	4,574,471	(20,856,465)	(404,543)	2,763,604	(18,497,404)	(16,314,534)	(13,922,933)	39,617,195
Infrastructure Services	4,252,535	7,180,374	18,894,291	323	(94,382)	30,233,141	(50,232,645)	(12,123,964)	8,274,403	(54,082,206)	(38,799,736)	(23,849,065)	684,713,482
Waste Management	6,617	12,216,774	-	2,220,925	(905,952)	13,538,364	(10,748,328)	(1,774)	1,235,555	(9,514,547)	1,475,063	4,023,817	13,830,347
Airport, Port Operations and Tourism	78,000	12,181,143	3,344,704	(47)	-	15,603,800	(16,069,329)	(1,416)	1,023,645	(15,047,100)	(3,810,186)	556,700	110,692,149
Water Services	6,875	22,164,301	189,921	-	(626,551)	21,734,546	(20,379,204)	(1,806)	2,826,319	(17,554,691)	1,791,972	4,179,855	162,589,304
Sewerage Services	(5,000)	17,641,901	-	-	(507,751)	17,129,150	(16,147,826)	(204,165)	2,582,495	(13,769,496)	1,489,075	3,359,654	175,194,897
Total	9,833,430	153,948,130	26,354,278	2,490,538	(20,465,239)	172,161,137	(155,130,179)	(13,756,280)	20,465,239	(148,421,220)	8,651,381	23,739,917	1,427,697,200

Restated													
Programs	Gross program income				Elimination of Inter-function transactions	Total income	Gross program expenses		Elimination of Inter-function transactions	Total expenses	Operating surplus/(deficit) from recurrent operations	Net result for year	Total Assets
	Recurrent revenue		Capital revenue				Recurrent	Capital					
	Grants	Other	Grants	Other									
	2022	2022	2022	2022			2022	2022					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	as at 30/6/22	
Office of the Chief Executive	309,915	156,255	-	-	-	466,170	(3,347,809)	-	185,326	(3,162,483)	(2,881,639)	(2,696,313)	-
Corporate Services	5,876,520	72,768,524	12,320,704	106,323	(20,202,603)	70,869,468	(6,898,018)	(549,406)	388,407	(7,059,017)	71,747,026	63,810,451	211,641,506
Development Services	-	1,889,063	1,392,366	-	-	3,281,429	(4,188,323)	-	897,288	(3,291,035)	(2,299,260)	(9,606)	-
Community Services	575,993	3,074,094	1,360,701	-	-	5,010,788	(19,486,995)	(43,847)	3,124,200	(16,406,642)	(15,836,908)	(11,395,854)	14,955,142
Infrastructure Services	2,156,442	9,692,309	36,681,672	127,427	(102,239)	48,555,611	(52,631,648)	(12,276,922)	10,146,246	(54,762,324)	(40,782,897)	(6,206,713)	629,934,596
Waste Management	(5,403)	10,456,381	-	520,650	(801,997)	10,169,631	(9,863,070)	(17,568,890)	1,271,227	(26,160,733)	587,908	(15,991,102)	13,584,145
Airport, Port Operations and Tourism	913,962	7,632,829	5,725,819	-	-	14,272,610	(12,568,936)	(2,869,121)	1,078,796	(14,359,261)	(4,022,145)	(86,651)	121,224,539
Water Services	1,102	21,751,700	3,974,851	-	(1,703,387)	24,024,266	(22,241,400)	(1,082,464)	3,166,145	(20,157,719)	(488,598)	3,866,547	169,231,633
Sewerage Services	1,102	16,679,264	843,677	-	(120,080)	17,403,963	(15,912,062)	(1,562,578)	2,672,671	(14,801,969)	768,304	2,601,994	173,707,321
Total	9,829,633	144,100,419	62,299,790	754,400	(22,930,306)	194,053,936	(147,138,261)	(35,953,228)	22,930,306	(160,161,183)	6,791,791	33,892,753	1,334,278,882

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
3 Revenue			
(a) Rates, levies and charges			
Rates, levies and charges are recognised as revenue when Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts which is the beginning of the rating period to which they relate. Prepaid rates are recognised as a financial liability until the beginning of the rating period.			
General rates		56,831,218	53,731,316
Water		11,923,978	11,186,249
Water consumption, rental and sundries		7,959,531	7,022,545
Sewerage		18,015,273	17,461,001
Waste management		7,515,803	6,577,269
Rates and utility charge revenue		102,245,803	95,978,380
Less: Discounts		(4,034,918)	(3,884,682)
Less: Pensioner remissions		(717,278)	(703,117)
Net rates, levies and charges		97,493,607	91,390,581
(b) Sale of goods and major services			
Sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when the performance obligation is completed or when the service is rendered.			
Council generates revenues from a number of services. The performance obligation relates to the specific services which are provided to the customers and generally the payment terms are within 30 days of the provision of the service or in some cases, the customer is required to pay on arrival, for example caravan parks. There is no material obligation for Council in relation to refunds or returns. Contract revenue and associated costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity based on costs incurred at the reporting date. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable in relation to that activity. Where consideration is received for the service in advance it is included in other liabilities and is recognised as revenue in the period when the service is performed.			
Lake Proserpine Commercial services		279,130	166,778
Parking and other ranger services		1,813,316	1,500,441
Refuse tips and transfer station charges		2,886,758	2,690,859
Aerodrome charges		6,180,220	4,506,407
Quarry charges		2,383,066	3,160,805
Shute Harbour commercial activities		3,365,156	1,071,841
Caravan parks fees and charges		1,057,642	1,012,510
Water and sewerage fees and charges		585,494	566,147
Entertainment & community centres		297,002	-
		18,847,784	14,675,788
(c) Fees and charges			
Revenue arising from fees and charges is recognised at the point in time when the performance obligation is completed and the customer receives the benefit of the goods / services being provided.			
Licences granted by Council are all either short-term or low value and all revenue from licences is recognised at the time that the licence is granted rather than the term of the licence.			
Revenue from infringements is recognised on issue of infringement notice after applying the expected credit loss model relating to impairment of receivables for initial recognition of statutory receivables.			
Lodgement fees		1,699,466	1,732,469
Dog registrations		234,200	234,420
Inspection fees		87,363	75,839
Licences and permits		706,096	677,358
Fines and infringements		601,345	500,919
Search Fees		317,050	422,413
Other statutory fees		111,321	179,324
User fees and charges		351,291	378,678
		4,108,132	4,201,420

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
3 Revenue (continued)			
(d) Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations			
Grant income under AASB 15			
Where grant income arises from an agreement which is enforceable and contains sufficiently specific performance obligations, then the revenue is recognised when conformance to each performance obligations is satisfied.			
The performance obligations are varied based on the agreement but include delivery of services and events. Payment terms vary depending on the terms of the grant, cash is received upfront for some grants and on the achievement of certain milestones for others.			
Each performance obligation is considered to ensure that the revenue recognition reflects the transfer of control. Within grant agreements there may be some performance obligations where control transfers at a point in time and others which have continuous transfer of control over the life of the contract.			
Where control is transferred over time, generally the input methods being either costs incurred or time elapsed are deemed to be the most appropriate methods to reflect the transfer of benefit.			
Grant income under AASB 1058			
Assets arising from grants in the scope of AASB 1058 are recognised at the assets fair value when the asset is received. Council considers whether there are any related liability or equity items associated with the assets which are recognised.			
Once the assets and liabilities have been recognised, then income is recognised for any remaining asset value at the time that the asset is received.			
Capital grants			
Capital grants received to enable Council to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment to identified specifications, which will be under Council's control and which is enforceable, are recognised as revenue as and when the obligation to construct or purchase is completed. For construction projects, this is generally as the construction progresses in accordance with costs incurred, since this is deemed to be the most appropriate measure of the completeness of the construction project as there is no profit margin.			
Where assets are donated or purchased for significantly below fair value, the revenue is recognised when the asset is acquired and controlled by Council.			
(i) Operating			
General purpose grants		7,042,252	7,764,684
State Government subsidies & grants		2,057,449	1,904,117
State Government grant for flood damage		659,265	72,466
Contributions		74,464	88,366
Total recurrent revenue		9,833,430	9,829,633
Council has not spent all recurrent grants in the year received and therefore Council has established an internal reserve for this purpose.			
Developers pay infrastructure charges for trunk infrastructure, such as pump stations, treatment works, water & sewer mains, and water pollution control works. These infrastructure charges are not within the scope of AASB 1058 because there is no performance obligation associated with them. Consequently, the infrastructure charges are recognised as income when received.			
(ii) Capital			
(a) Monetary revenue designated for capital funding purposes:			
Commonwealth government grants		1,832,699	5,235,848
State Government subsidies & grants		3,653,028	20,149,353
NDRRA flood damage grants for capitalised repairs		16,044,049	26,704,325
Infrastructure charges		4,147,787	2,655,816
		25,677,563	54,745,342

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
3 Revenue (continued)			
Physical assets contributed to Council by developers in the form of road works, stormwater, water & wastewater infrastructure, and park equipment are recognised as revenue when the development becomes "off maintenance" (i.e. the Council obtains control of the assets and becomes liable for any ongoing maintenance) and there is sufficient data in the form of drawings and plans to determine the approximate specifications and values of such assets. All non-cash contributions in excess of the recognition threshold are recognised at the fair value of the contribution received on the date of acquisition. A non-current asset is also recognised if the value is in excess of the recognition threshold.			
(b) Non-monetary revenue received is analysed as follows:			
Developer assets contributed by developers at fair value	15	676,715	7,554,448
Total capital revenue		26,354,278	62,299,790
Total grants, subsidies, contributions and donations		36,187,708	72,129,423
(iii) Timing of revenue recognition for grants, subsidies, contributions and donations			
Grants and subsidies			
Revenue recognised at a point in time		7,384,347	9,567,558
Revenue recognised over time		23,904,395	52,263,235
Contributions			
Revenue recognised at a point in time		4,898,966	10,298,630
Revenue recognised over time		-	-
		36,187,708	72,129,423
(e) Other recurrent income			
Government reimbursements		1,350,797	1,312,910
Other recurrent		833,786	1,161,052
		2,184,583	2,473,962
4 Other capital income			
Revaluation of investment property	14	-	106,323
Gain on sale of non-current assets		269,290	-
Changes arising from revisions of future restoration expenditure - Quarry rehabilitation	19	45,202	127,427
Reduction in rehabilitation provision on land not controlled by Council	19	752,296	520,650
Changes arising from future restoration provision costs	19	1,423,750	-
		2,490,538	754,400
5 Employee benefits			
Total staff wages and salaries		28,979,085	26,781,354
Councillors' remuneration		547,460	551,808
Annual, sick and long service leave entitlements		6,603,153	5,215,591
Termination benefits		77,490	195,923
Superannuation	25	3,713,360	3,507,493
		39,920,548	36,252,169
Other employee related expenses		1,569,422	1,652,269
		41,489,970	37,904,438
Less: Capitalised employee expenses		(1,788,833)	(1,749,326)
		39,701,137	36,155,112
Councillor remuneration represents salary paid as per the Local Government Remuneration Commission report 2021.			
Total Council employees at the reporting date:		2023 Number	2022 Number
Elected members		7	6
Administration staff		188	187
Depot and outdoors staff		192	182
Total full time equivalent employees		387	375

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
6 Materials and services			
Audit of annual financial statements by the Auditor-General of Queensland		135,000	126,040
Community donations, grants, subsidies & contributions		2,429,320	2,265,428
Legal services		1,973,363	815,410
Insurance		2,797,616	2,385,749
Consultants & services		1,599,412	2,276,742
Contractors		20,851,731	19,225,844
Plant & equipment		5,306,677	4,502,636
Advertising & marketing		783,063	783,903
Cost of inventories		497,722	402,941
Communications & IT		4,524,771	4,361,413
Repairs & maintenance & utility charges		3,650,664	3,084,500
Raw materials & consumables		9,142,370	8,373,344
Registrations & subscriptions		112,935	140,736
Safety		911,545	889,106
Purchase of water		2,708,126	2,604,327
Low-value leases	17	67,732	68,824
Other material and services		2,209,097	1,492,993
Direct expenses in investment properties		701,064	646,450
		60,402,208	54,446,386
7 Finance costs			
Finance costs charged by the Queensland Treasury Corporation		2,698,894	2,923,156
Bank charges		374,891	331,895
Impairment of receivables and bad debts written off		220,833	962,025
Quarry rehabilitation - change in present value	19	27,701	11,894
Landfill rehabilitation - change in present value	19	736,732	135,799
Interest on leases	17	43,722	39,017
		4,102,773	4,403,786
8 Capital expenses			
Loss on sale of capital assets		-	106,760
Loss on write-off of capital assets	15	13,654,714	18,005,987
Loss on write-off of investment properties	14	12,913	26,926
Revaluation down of investment properties	14	88,653	-
Increase in the rehabilitation provision, due to recognition of new sites or a change in the estimated future cost - Landfill remediation	19	-	17,568,890
Change in future cost for the Quarry rehabilitation	19	-	244,665
Total capital expenses		13,756,280	35,953,228
9 Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Cash Flows includes cash at bank and on hand, all cash and cheques receipted but not banked at the year end and deposits held at call with the Queensland Treasury Corporation.			
Cash at bank and on hand		2,345,231	244,219
Deposits at call		96,553,499	86,480,604
Balance per Statement of Cash Flows		98,898,730	86,724,823
Councils cash and cash equivalents are subject to a number of external restrictions that limit amounts available for discretionary or future use.			
Externally imposed expenditure restrictions at the reporting date relate to the following cash assets:			
Restricted government grants and subsidies		7,400,254	5,614,986
Restricted developer contributions		13,856,048	11,171,134
Waste levy refund received in advance	18	5,899,626	5,828,035
Cash at bank and on hand at 30 June 2023 includes a lump sum received from the State government for the future years of the State Waste Levy. Council received this advance in the 2021/22 and 2022/23 financial years and there are currently only four years remaining. This payment is to mitigate the direct impacts on households.			
Total externally restricted cash		27,155,928	22,614,155
Unrestricted cash		71,742,802	64,110,668

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
9 Cash and cash equivalents continued			
Cash and deposits at call are held in the National Australia Bank (NAB) and Queensland Treasury Corporation in normal term deposits and business cheque accounts.			
Trust funds held for outside parties			
Funds held in the trust account on behalf of outside parties include those funds from the sale of land for arrears in rates, deposits for the contracted sale of land, security deposits lodged to guarantee performance and unclaimed monies (e.g. wages) paid into the trust account by Council. Council performs only a custodian role in respect of these monies and because the monies cannot be used for Council purposes, they are not considered revenue nor brought to account in the financial statements since Council has no control over the assets.			
Trust funds held for outside parties			
Monies collected or held on behalf of other entities yet to be paid out to or on behalf of those entities		33,591	33,572
Security deposits		2,879,984	2,381,699
		2,913,575	2,415,271
10 Investments			
Term deposits in excess of 3 months are reported as Investments. Investments are held with financial institutions, which are rated A-1+ and A-2 based on rating agency Standard and Poor's ratings. Whilst not capital guaranteed, the likelihood of a credit failure is assessed as low.			
Total investments		30,000,000	-
11 Trade and other receivables			
Trade receivables are recognised at the amounts due at the time of sale or service delivery i.e. the agreed purchase price or contract price. Settlement of these amounts is required within 30 days from invoice date.			
Council applies normal business credit protection procedures prior to providing goods or services to minimise credit risk.			
Council has undertaken a comprehensive review of past records to determine an appropriate level of provision for debts that may be potentially uncollectible in the future. Based on this analysis, Council has determined the following as an appropriate basis for calculating the provision for doubtful debts.			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rates & Utility Charges Debtors - 0.025% of amounts outstanding past the due date Infringement Debtors - 30% of amounts outstanding past the due date Infringement Debtors - 100% of amounts outstanding > 12 months with SPER Other General Debtors - 7.5% of amounts outstanding past the due date 			
The collectability of receivables is assessed periodically and if there is objective evidence that Council will not be able to collect all amounts due, the carrying amount is impaired for potentially unrecoverable amounts, prior to the calculation of the provision.			
The provision for Rates & Utility Charges is low because Council is empowered under the provisions of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> to sell an owner's property to recover outstanding rates and utility charges.			

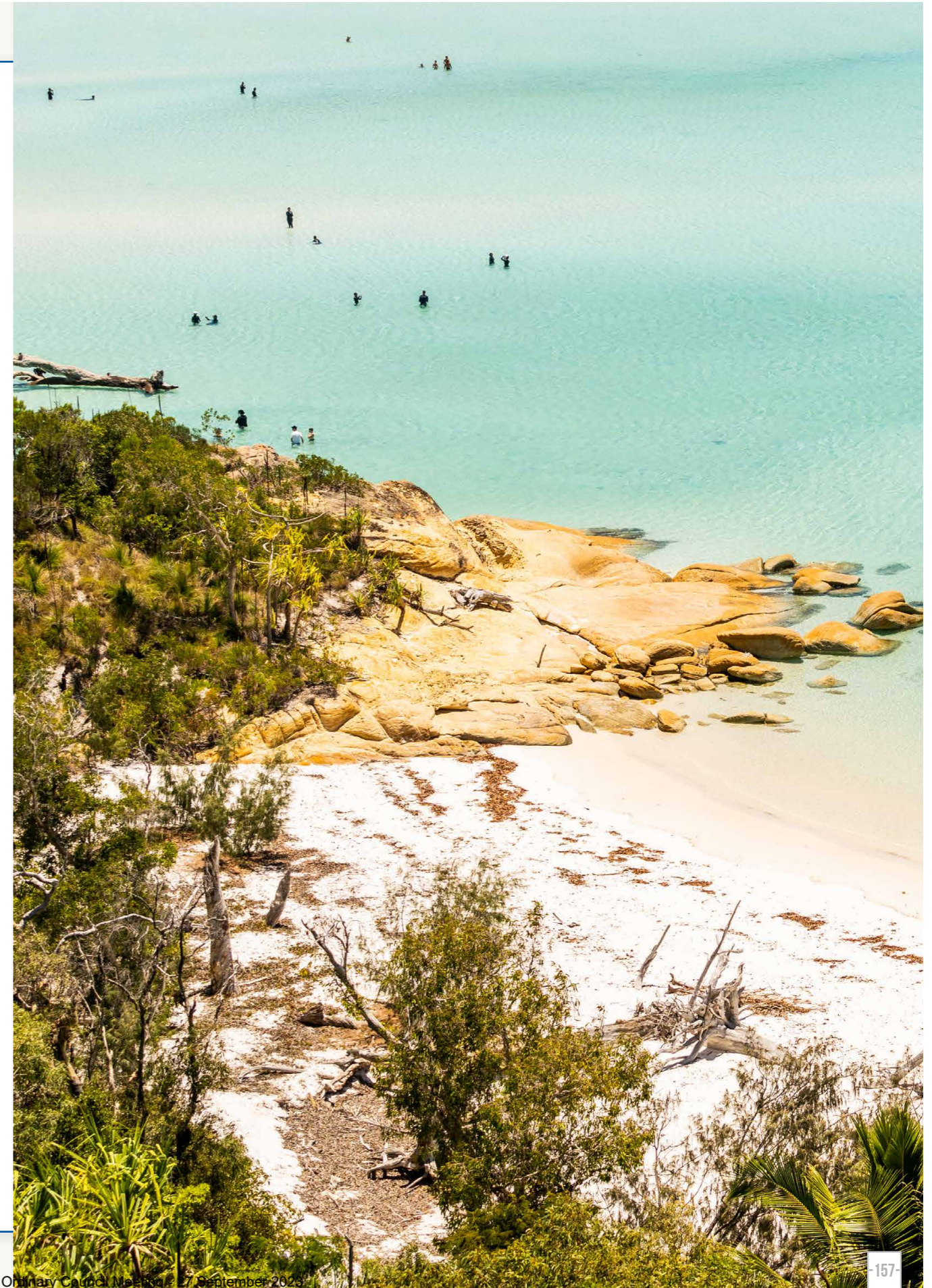
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
11 Trade and other receivables (continued)			
Loans and advances are recognised at the amount due at the time of the advance. Terms are usually a maximum of five years with interest charged at negotiated rates. Security is not normally obtained.			
(a) Current			
Rateable revenue		5,736,012	6,131,403
Other debtors		5,631,772	6,995,050
Less: Impairment		(775,832)	(795,055)
		10,591,952	12,331,398
Loans and advances to community organisations		1,007,000	1,012,000
Less: Impairment		(995,000)	(1,000,000)
		10,603,952	12,343,398
(b) Non-current			
Loans and advances to community organisations		13,000	25,000
Interest is charged on outstanding rates and levies at a rate of 8.17% per annum, compounded daily. No interest is charged on other debtors. There is no concentration of credit risk for rates and utility charges, fees and other debtors receivable.			
Loans relate to advances made to various sporting bodies. These loans arise from time to time and are subject to negotiated interest rates. The credit risk on these loans is considered medium to high.			
Movement in accumulated impairment losses (trade and other receivables) is as follows:			
Opening balance		1,795,055	1,407,971
Less: Debts written off during the year		(245,055)	(574,941)
Impairment adjustment in period		250,390	1,454,246
Less: Impairments reversed		(29,558)	(492,221)
Closing balance		1,770,832	1,795,055
Ageing of past due receivables and the amount of any impairment is disclosed in the following table:			
Not past due		5,236,396	6,439,645
Past due 31-60 days		305,548	949,440
Past due 61-90 days		56,775	70,187
More than 90 days		6,789,065	6,704,181
Impaired		(1,770,832)	(1,795,055)
Total		10,616,952	12,368,398
12 Inventories			
Stores, raw materials and quarry inventory held are valued at cost and include where applicable direct material, direct labour and other indirect costs.			
Inventories held for distribution (internal consumption) are:			
• goods to be supplied at no, or nominal charge, and			
• goods to be used for the provision of services at no or nominal charge.			
Inventory held for distribution is valued at cost, adjusted, when applicable, for any loss of service potential.			
Inventories for internal use			
Quarry and road materials		660,761	683,788
Stores and materials		926,823	784,160
Shute Harbour fuel		78,350	165,575
Closing Balance		1,665,934	1,633,523
13 Other assets			
Water charges not yet levied		4,050,000	3,500,000
GST recoverable		520,916	783,944
Prepayments		1,953,529	1,053,383
		6,524,445	5,337,327

7.0 Finance

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
14 Investment property		
Investment properties are properties held for the primary purpose of earning rentals and/or capital appreciation.		
Investment properties are measured using the fair value model. This means all investment properties are initially recognised at cost (including transaction costs) and then subsequently revalued annually at the balance date by a registered valuer. Where investment property is acquired at no or nominal cost it is recognised at fair value on initial recognition.		
Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are recognised as income or expenses respectively for the period in which they arise. Investment property is not depreciated and is not tested for impairment.		
Owned investment property		
Fair value at beginning of financial year	2,040,000	1,930,000
Revaluation adjustment to income statement	4 & 8 (88,653)	106,323
Acquisitions	15 161,566	30,603
Assets written-off in the period	8 (12,913)	(26,926)
Fair value at end of financial year	2,100,000	2,040,000
Investment properties comprises of:		
Proserpine Caravan Park		
Wangaratta Caravan Park		
Investment properties were valued at fair value by Gregory Williams API No: 66044, QVRB No: 2004 from Herron Todd White, an independent professionally qualified valuation firm, as at 30 June 2023. Herron Todd White valuers have extensive experience in valuing properties of this nature in the Whitsunday Regional Council and surrounding areas.		
Further information about the valuation techniques used to derive fair value are included in note 15.		
Income from the investment properties are shown in note 3(b).		
Operating expenses in respect of investment properties are shown in note 6.		



7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

15 Property, plant and equipment

Note	Land and Improvements	Buildings and Other Structures	Plant and Equipment	Transport Infrastructure	Water Infrastructure	Sewerage Infrastructure	Marine Infrastructure	Works in progress	Total
	Fair Value 2023	Fair Value 2023	Cost 2023	Fair Value 2023	Fair Value 2023	Fair Value 2023	Fair Value 2023	Cost 2023	2023
Basis of measurement	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Asset Values									
Opening gross value as at 1 July 2022	48,299,430	147,189,569	66,340,930	694,873,237	311,326,886	228,172,085	40,340,570	97,992,733	1,634,535,440
Found assets first recognised	-	55,948	42,205	422,753	71,622	23,514	-	-	616,042
Additions at cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,928,589	34,928,589
Internal transfers from work in progress	431,153	21,803,568	8,994,260	26,097,370	380,735	374,278	505,995	(58,587,359)	-
Contributed assets at valuation	-	-	-	676,715	-	-	-	-	676,715
Disposals	-	(205,818)	(896,296)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,102,114)
Write-offs	-	(4,375,964)	(189,085)	(16,590,598)	(9,892)	(459,156)	-	-	(21,624,695)
Revaluation adjustment to other comprehensive income	-	17,364,725	-	69,348,633	-	-	-	-	86,713,358
Internal transfers between asset classes	-	(221,953)	91,953	(2,701,804)	-	-	2,831,804	-	-
Transfer to investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(161,566)	(161,566)
Closing gross value as at 30 June 2023	48,730,583	181,610,075	74,383,967	772,126,306	311,769,351	228,110,721	43,678,369	74,172,397	1,734,581,769
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Opening balance as at 1 July 2022	26,155	44,931,709	33,210,503	113,519,310	167,527,642	66,420,834	1,014,049	-	426,650,202
Internal transfers between asset classes	-	(6,791)	5,522	(93,885)	-	-	95,154	-	-
Depreciation provided in period	1,246	5,104,855	5,074,320	8,872,850	5,649,483	4,619,189	632,030	-	29,953,973
Depreciation on disposals	-	(93,935)	(673,929)	-	-	-	-	-	(767,864)
Depreciation on write-offs	-	(2,654,337)	(162,848)	(4,889,718)	(8,086)	(254,992)	-	-	(7,969,981)
Revaluation adjustment to other comprehensive income	-	4,033,194	-	11,553,510	-	-	-	-	15,586,704
Accumulated depreciation as at 30 June 2023	27,401	51,314,695	37,453,568	128,962,067	173,169,039	70,785,031	1,741,233	-	463,453,034
Total written down value as at 30 June 2023	48,703,182	130,295,380	36,930,399	643,164,239	138,600,312	157,325,690	41,937,136	74,172,397	1,271,128,735
Range of estimated useful life in years	Land: Not depreciated. Improvements: 0 - 50	3 - 100	1 - 60	10 - 400	3 - 240	5 - 240	40 - 80	n/a	n/a
Addition of renewal assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,955,631	23,955,631
Addition of other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,972,958	10,972,958
Total additions in period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,928,589	34,928,589

7.0 Finance

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

15 Property, plant and equipment

Note	Restated								
	Land and Improvements	Buildings and Other Structures	Plant and Equipment	Transport Infrastructure	Water Infrastructure	Sewerage Infrastructure	Marine Infrastructure	Works in progress	Total
Basis of measurement	Fair Value 2022	Fair Value 2022	Cost 2022	Fair Value 2022	Fair Value 2022	Fair Value 2022	Fair Value 2022	Cost 2022	2022
Asset Values	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening gross value as at 1 July 2021	43,238,096	129,058,141	60,273,649	680,629,832	298,224,879	202,529,887	6,136,903	150,197,343	1,570,288,730
Found assets first recognised	-	130,000	-	4,402,154	620,371	39,838	-	-	5,192,363
Additions at cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,069,743	73,069,743
Internal transfers from work in progress	-	23,131,551	8,642,174	20,525,019	14,048,486	24,692,853	34,203,667	(125,243,750)	-
Contributed assets at valuation	-	149,040	25,354	5,921,218	615,159	843,677	-	-	7,554,448
Disposals	-	-	(2,426,838)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,426,838)
Write-offs	-	(5,279,163)	(25,472)	(14,612,694)	(2,211,255)	(2,045,153)	-	-	(24,173,737)
Revaluation adjustment to other comprehensive income	5,274,934	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,274,934
Internal transfers between asset classes	-	-	(147,937)	(1,992,292)	29,246	2,110,983	-	-	-
Transfer to Non-current assets held for sale	(213,600)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(213,600)
Transfer to investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,603)	(30,603)
Closing gross value as at 30 June 2022	48,299,430	147,189,569	66,340,930	694,873,237	311,326,886	228,172,085	40,340,570	97,992,733	1,634,535,440
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Opening balance as at 1 July 2021	24,909	43,019,717	30,634,446	106,420,916	162,377,931	62,258,447	775,604	-	405,511,970
Found assets first recognised	-	-	-	337,452	38,460	570	-	-	376,482
Internal transfers between asset classes	-	-	(3,668)	(9,879)	181	13,366	-	-	-
Depreciation provided in period	1,246	4,416,558	4,383,587	8,801,238	6,239,860	4,631,027	238,445	-	28,711,961
Depreciation on disposals	-	-	(1,782,461)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,782,461)
Depreciation on write-offs	-	(2,504,566)	(21,401)	(2,030,417)	(1,128,790)	(482,576)	-	-	(6,167,750)
Accumulated depreciation as at 30 June 2022	26,155	44,931,709	33,210,503	113,519,310	167,527,642	66,420,834	1,014,049	-	426,650,202
Total written down value as at 30 June 2022	48,273,275	102,257,860	33,130,427	581,353,927	143,799,244	161,751,251	39,326,521	97,992,733	1,207,885,238
Range of estimated useful life in years	Land: Not depreciated. Improvements: 0 - 50	0 - 120	0 - 60	0 - 400	0 - 240	5 - 240	0-120	n/a	n/a
Addition of renewal assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,132,808	28,132,808
Addition of other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,936,935	44,936,935
Total additions in period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,069,743	73,069,743

7.0 Finance

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

15 Property, plant and equipment

(a) Recognition

Each class of property, plant and equipment is stated at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Individual items of plant and equipment with a value of less than \$7,500 are treated as an expense in the year of acquisition. All other items of property, plant and equipment (including assets which are treated as network assets) are capitalised.

Expenditure necessarily incurred in either maintaining the operational capacity of assets or ensuring that their original life estimates are achieved, is considered maintenance and is treated as an expense as incurred. Pre-feasibility project costs (which may involve research and development) are also treated as an expense in the year they are incurred.

Expenditure incurred in accordance with Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements, on road assets is analysed to determine whether the expenditure is capital in nature or not. The analysis of the expenditure involves Council engineers reviewing the nature and extent of expenditure on a given asset. For example, expenditure that patches a road is generally maintenance in nature, whereas a kerb to kerb rebuild is treated as capital. Material expenditure that extends the useful life or renews the service potential of the asset is capitalised.

(b) Measurement

Acquisitions of assets are initially recorded at cost. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including freight in, architect's fees and engineering design fees and all other establishment costs.

Property, plant and equipment received in the form of contributions, are recognised as assets and revenues at fair value.

Direct labour and materials and an appropriate proportion of overheads expenditure incurred in the purchase or construction of assets is treated as capital expenditure and is included in capital work in progress. Assets under construction are not depreciated until they are completed and commissioned, at which time they are capitalised to the appropriate property, plant and equipment asset class.

(c) Capital work in progress

The cost of property, plant and equipment being constructed by the Council includes the cost of purchased services, materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of labour on-costs.

(d) Depreciation

Land is not depreciated as it has an unlimited useful life. Depreciation on other property, plant and equipment assets is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write-off the net cost or revalued amount of each depreciable asset, progressively over its estimated useful life to the Council. Management believes that the straight-line basis appropriately reflects the pattern of consumption of all Council assets.

Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition or, in respect of internally constructed assets, from the time an asset is completed and commissioned ready for use.

Where assets have separately identifiable components that are subject to regular replacement, these components are assigned useful lives distinct from the asset to which they relate. Any expenditure that increases the originally assessed capacity or service potential of an asset is capitalised and the new depreciable amount is depreciated over the remaining useful life of the asset.

The depreciable amount of improvements to or on leasehold land is allocated progressively over the estimated useful lives of the improvements to the Council or the unexpired period of the lease, whichever is the shorter.

Depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted where necessary to reflect any changes in the pattern of consumption, physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence, or management intentions. The condition assessments performed as part of the annual valuation process for assets measured at current replacement cost are used to estimate the useful lives of these assets at each reporting date.

(e) Land under roads

Land under the road network within the Council area that has been dedicated and opened for public use under the *Land Act 1994* or the *Land Title Act 1994* is not controlled by Council but is controlled by the state pursuant to the relevant legislation. Therefore, this land is not recognised in these financial statements.

(f) Impairment of non-current assets

Each non-current physical and intangible asset and group of assets is assessed for indicators of impairment annually.

(g) Valuation

(i) Valuation Processes

Council's valuation policies and procedures are set by Council, based on advice of the Asset Management Steering Committee which comprises the Director of Corporate Services, Manager Financial Services, Director of Infrastructure and Asset Custodians. Revaluations are undertaken by the revaluation working group with procedures reviewed annually taking into consideration an analysis of movements in fair value and other relevant information.

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

15 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Land and improvements are measured at market value. Buildings and all infrastructure assets are measured on the revaluation basis, at fair value, in accordance with AASB 116 Property, Plant & Equipment and AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement. Other plant and equipment and work in progress are measured at cost.

Non-current physical assets measured at fair value are revalued, where required, so that the carrying amount of each class of asset does not materially differ from its fair value at the reporting date. This is achieved by engaging independent, professionally qualified condition assessors and valuers to determine the condition of the assets and the fair value (with the assets condition being one input) for each class of property, plant and equipment assets at least once every 5 years. This comprehensive valuation process involves the condition assessor/valuer making their own assessments of the condition of the assets at the date of inspection by either physically sighting a representative sample of Council assets across all asset classes or by referring to condition inspection information provided by another suitably qualified party.

In the intervening years between comprehensive valuations, Council reviews the asset categories for impairment, while checking against industry cost indexes for material changes in the fair value of Councils asset portfolio.

An analysis performed by management has indicated that, on average, the variance between an indexed asset value and the valuation by an independent valuer when performed is not significant and the indices used by Council are appropriate. This year, as in the past five years, Council has used the Local Government Association of Queensland Council Cost index (LGAQ CCI) which is an indicator of cost increases across the range of services and infrastructure delivered by local government.

Any revaluation increment arising on the revaluation of an asset is credited to the appropriate class of the asset revaluation surplus, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrement for the class previously recognised as an expense. A decrease in the carrying amount on revaluation is charged as an expense to the extent it exceeds the balance, if any, in the revaluation surplus of that asset class.

On revaluation, accumulated depreciation is restated with the change in the carrying amount of the asset and any change in the estimate of remaining useful life.

Separately identified components of assets are measured on the same basis as the assets to which they relate.

Recognised fair value measurements

Council measures and recognises the following assets at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Investment properties
- Property, plant and equipment
 - Land and Improvements
 - Buildings and Other Structures
 - Transport Infrastructure
 - Water Infrastructure
 - Sewer Infrastructure
 - Marine Infrastructure

In accordance with AASB 13 fair value measurements are categorised on the following basis:

- Fair value based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Fair value based on inputs that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability (Level 2)
- Fair value based on unobservable inputs for the asset and liability (Level 3)

The following table categorises fair value measurements as either level 2 or level 3 in accordance with AASB 13. Council does not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value which meet the criteria for categorisation as level 1.

The fair values of the assets are determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable data, where it is available, and minimise the use of entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value of an asset are observable, the asset is included in level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the asset is included in level 3. This is the case for Council infrastructure assets, which are of a specialist nature for which there is no active market for similar or identical assets. These assets are valued using a combination of observable and unobservable inputs.

The table presents Council's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2023.

Note	Level 2	Level 2	Level 3	Level 3	Total	Total	
	(Significant other observable inputs)	(Significant other observable inputs)	(Significant unobservable inputs)	(Significant unobservable inputs)			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Recurring fair value measurements							
Investment Property							
- Investment property - Land and Buildings	14	2,100,000	2,040,000	-	-	2,100,000	2,040,000
Property, plant and equipment							
- Land and Improvements	15	48,703,182	48,273,275	-	-	48,703,182	48,273,275
- Buildings and Other Structures		-	-	130,295,380	102,257,860	130,295,380	102,257,860
- Transport Infrastructure		-	-	643,164,239	581,353,927	643,164,239	581,353,927
- Water Infrastructure		-	-	138,600,312	143,799,244	138,600,312	143,799,244
- Sewerage Infrastructure		-	-	157,325,690	161,751,251	157,325,690	161,751,251
- Marine Infrastructure		-	-	41,937,136	39,326,521	41,937,136	39,326,521
		50,803,182	50,313,275	1,111,322,757	1,026,488,803	1,162,125,939	1,078,802,078
Non-recurring fair value measurements							
Non-current assets held for sale		1,655,000	2,910,000	-	-	1,655,000	2,910,000

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

15 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

There were no transfers between levels of the asset hierarchy during the year. Council's policy is to recognise transfers in and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Specific valuation techniques used to value Council assets comprise:

Investment Property

Investment property - Land and Buildings (Level 2)

Council obtains independent valuations every year for all investment properties. The last valuation was undertaken as at 30 June 2023.

Council's investment properties are caravan parks in areas with regular sales of comparable properties. Therefore they were valued using the sales comparison approach. Sales prices of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size (Level 2).

Land and Improvements (Level 2)

In 2022, as per Local Government Regulation (2012), a comprehensive valuation revalued Land and Improvement Assets at market value. Market values have been derived from Direct Comparison Method with local market trends. Investigations through multiple data sources have provided sufficient recent sales evidence to enable the majority of the subject properties to be assessed.

Valuation

In the year ending 2022, the Land and Improvements comprehensive valuation was recognised in the accounts and reported an overall movement of 12.36% with an increase of \$5.78M in Council's land assets from 2018 to 2022.

Buildings and Other Structures (Level 3)

A comprehensive revaluation of fair value of Buildings and Other Structures was determined by an independent third party valuer effective 30 June 2023 using the independent condition inspections performed by an independent third party.

Inputs to the valuation include the design and construction, average cost of construction, condition and consumption score for each component. As these are supported by observable evidence obtained via inspection and market evidence they have been classified as Level 2 inputs. The unobservable inputs used to assess the level of remaining service potential required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs.

This method is based on determining the Replacement Cost of the modern equivalent (or cost of reproduction where relevant) and then adjusting for the level of consumed future economic benefit and impairment. This approach estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. As a result, the revaluation for Building and Other Structures are classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs.

Valuation

In the year ending 30 June 2023, the class of Building and Other Structures was comprehensively revalued. Through the assessment of independent condition inspections data, current useful lives, and asset componentisation the revaluation of Buildings and Other Structures has produced an overall movement of 12% with an increase of \$13.5M in Fair Value from 2018 to 2023.

Infrastructure Assets (Level 3)

Infrastructure assets are valued using written down current replacement cost (CRC). This valuation comprises the asset's current replacement cost less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost to reflect the already consumed or expired future economic benefits of the asset. Council first determined the gross cost of replacing the full service potential of the asset and then adjusted this amount to take account of the expired service potential of the asset.

CRC was measured by reference to the lowest cost at which the gross future economic benefits of the asset could currently be obtained in the normal course of business. Where existing assets were over designed, had excess capacity, or were redundant an adjustment was made so that the resulting valuation reflected the cost of replacing the existing economic benefits based on an efficient set of modern equivalent assets to achieve the required level of service output within the Council's planning horizon.

The unit rates (labour and materials) and quantities applied to determine the CRC of an asset or asset component were based on a "Greenfield" assumption meaning that the CRC was determined as the full cost of replacement with a new asset including components that may not need to be replaced, such as earthworks. The CRC was determined using methods relevant to the asset class as described under individual asset categories below.

Site improvements are depreciated over their useful life to Council. The useful life of landfill cells and some other improvements extends until the site becomes available for another use, as they continue to provide benefits over this period (including the monitoring period) by facilitating the safe disposal of waste.

Roads (including Kerb & Channel, Footpaths, Carparks, Retaining Walls and Fences)

Current replacement cost

Council categorises its road infrastructure into sealed and unsealed roads. Sealed roads and unsealed roads are managed in segments. Unsealed Road components were reviewed and componentised into pavement base and formation, disposing the pavement subbase under advice from RPEQ Engineers and the Valuer G7 Asset Management. Sealed Roads retained original components of formation, pavement base, pavement sub-base and surface. Council assumes that environmental factor such as soil type, climate and topography are consistent across each segment. Council also assumes a segment is designed and constructed to the same standard and uses a consistent amount of labour and materials.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

15 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

In the 2021 financial year, Transport Infrastructure was conditioned assessed and valued using the CRC approach to determine fair value. Observable inputs such as condition, useful and remaining service potential index (SPI) were examined. The Gross Current Value of assets were assessed on the basis of determining the Replacement Cost of the modern equivalent (or cost of reproduction where relevant) and then adjusting for the level of consumed future economic benefit and impairment. For internal construction estimates, material and services prices were based on existing supplier contract rates or supplier price lists and labour rates were based on Council's Enterprise Agreement (EA). All direct costs were allocated to assets at standard usage quantities according to recently completed similar projects. Remaining useful lives were determined by the Valuer taking into consideration the visual condition, construction date, evidence of recent repairs or capital works, and the surrounding environmental factors.

Council roads are inspected annually with higher order roads inspected more frequently. Council has a rolling road maintenance and renewal program to ensure road assets are maintained at a useable condition.

Accumulated depreciation

In determining the level of physical obsolescence, roads were disaggregated into significant components which exhibited different useful lives, that are applicable as observed for roads in this region of Queensland.

Remaining useful lives were determined by the valuer taking into consideration the visual condition, construction date, evidence of recent repairs or capital works and the surrounding environmental factors.

Valuation

In the year ending 30 June 2023 the class of Roads Infrastructure was reviewed as a desktop valuation for material changes in fair value of $\pm 10\%$ since the last comprehensive valuation in 2021. The Valuer applied the LGAQ CCI of +6.9% (2023) which indicated that the cumulative change in value since 30 June 2021 was +9.83%, just below the $\pm 10\%$ threshold. However, due to the volatile changes in the LGAQ CCI and the material impact of this asset class, indexation has been applied effective 30 June 2023. Transport Infrastructure will be comprehensively revalued effective as at 30 June 2024.

Bridges

Current replacement cost

In 2021, as part of the Transport Infrastructure valuation, Bridges were assessed for condition and subjected to valuation by the Valuers. CRC was calculated by reference to the linear and area specifications, estimated labour and material inputs, services costs, and overhead allocations. For internal construction estimates, material and services prices were based on existing supplier contract rates or supplier price lists and labour rates were based on Council's EA. All direct costs were allocated to assets at standard usage quantities according to recently completed similar projects. Where construction is outsourced, CRC was based on the average of completed similar projects over the last few years.

Accumulated depreciation

In determining the level of physical obsolescence, remaining useful lives were determined based on condition assessments. The condition assessments were made using an eleven point scale with zero being the lowest and ten the highest. A zero condition assessment indicates an asset with an extremely high level of remaining service potential and ten represents an asset at the end of life.

Remaining useful lives were determined by the Valuer taking into consideration the visual condition, construction date, evidence of recent repairs or capital works and the surrounding environmental factors.

Valuation

In the year ending 30 June 2023, Bridge Infrastructure was reviewed as a desktop valuation for material changes in fair value of $\pm 10\%$ since the last comprehensive valuation in 2021. The Valuer applied the LGAQ CCI of +6.9% (2023) which indicated that the cumulative change in value since 30 June 2021 was +9.83%, just below the $\pm 10\%$ threshold. However, due to the volatile changes in the LGAQ CCI and the material impact of this asset class, indexation has been applied effective 30 June 2023. Transport Infrastructure will be comprehensively revalued effective as at 30 June 2024.

Drainage

Current replacement cost (CRC)

In 2021 as part of the Transport Infrastructure valuation, Stormwater Drainage assets were assessed for condition and subjected to valuation by the Valuers. CRC was calculated by reference to asset linear and area specifications, estimated labour and material inputs, services costs, and overhead allocations. For internal construction estimates, material and services prices were based on existing supplier contract rates or supplier price lists and labour wage rates were based on Council's EA. All direct costs were allocated to assets at standard usage quantities according to recently completed similar projects. Where construction is outsourced, CRC was based on the average of completed similar projects over the last few years.

Consistent with roads, Council assumes that environmental factors such as soil type, climate and topography are consistent across each segment and that a segment is designed and constructed to the same standard and uses a consistent amount of labour and materials. Where drainage assets are located underground and physical inspection is not possible, the age, size and type of construction material, together with current and planned maintenance records are used to determine the fair value at reporting date. Construction estimates were determined on a similar basis to roads.

Accumulated depreciation

In determining the level of physical obsolescence, drainage assets were disaggregated into significant components which exhibited different useful lives.

Valuation

Estimates of expired service potential and remaining useful lives were determined on a straight line basis based on industry standard practices and past experience, supported by maintenance programs.

In the year ending 30 June 2023, Drainage Infrastructure was reviewed as a desktop valuation for material changes in fair value of $\pm 10\%$ since the last comprehensive valuation in 2021. The Valuer applied the LGAQ CCI of +6.9% (2023) which indicated that the cumulative change in value since 30 June 2021 was +9.83%, just below the $\pm 10\%$ threshold. However, due to the volatile changes in the LGAQ CCI and the material impact of this asset class, indexation has been applied effective 30 June 2023. Transport Infrastructure will be comprehensively revalued effective as at 30 June 2024.

7.0 Finance

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

15 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Water and Sewer Infrastructure

Current replacement cost (CRC)

In 2021 Water and Sewer Infrastructure were reviewed under the Infrastructure valuation review. Each of the classes of both financial categories were reviewed. CRC was calculated by reference to asset linear and area specifications, estimated labour and material inputs, services costs, and overhead allocations. For internal construction estimates, material and services prices were based on existing supplier contract rates or supplier price lists and labour wage rates were based on Council's EA. All direct costs were allocated to assets at standard usage quantities according to recently completed similar projects. Where construction is outsourced, CRC was based on the average of completed similar projects over the last few years.

The asset inventory and condition data was independently assessed by the Valuer via onsite visual assessments. The condition data was assigned using Council's Water and Sewerage Conditions Assessment Manual.

As per Council policy, the Valuer was engaged to provide Valuation Indices to determine if a revaluation is required in the interim period between comprehensive valuations and whether the cumulative indices are material for recognition of a change in Fair Value.

Accumulated depreciation

In determining the estimated rate of depreciation and the estimate of depreciation expense for each component, consideration was given to useful life, pattern of consumption and current stage of the asset lifecycle (being age based).

For sewerage gravity mains the assumption adopted is that the pipes will be replaced at end of useful life by trench excavation.

Valuation

Sewer Infrastructure

As at 31 December 2020, Sewer Assets specification were comprehensively reviewed and revalued. Sewer Mains and Nodes were the only asset categories to be revalued. Remaining sewer assets such as treatment plants, pumps and storage facilities were indexed by an aggregated indexed calculation from the last Valuation of 7.13%. The valuer applied an aggregate indexation from the last valuation of 7.13% (LGAQ CCI 5.88% (2018-2020) plus Rawlinson's calculation indexation of 1.25% as at 31/12/2020) to the remaining assets classes. This was applied in the 2021 financial year.

In the year ending 30th June 2023, Sewer Infrastructure was reviewed as a desktop valuation for material changes in fair value of ±10% since the last comprehensive valuation in 2020. The Valuer calculated the cumulative LGAQ CCI since 30 June 2021 as +9.83% (2023) and indicated that the change in value was not material, and therefore indexation has not been applied. Sewer Infrastructure will be comprehensively revalued effective as at 30 June 2024.

Water Infrastructure

As at 31 December 2020, Water Assets specification were comprehensively reviewed and revalued. All Water Assets were reviewed by an independent valuer and were found to be with construction equivalents. All water assets were indexed by an aggregated indexed calculation from the last Valuation of 7.13% (LGAQ CCI 5.88% (2018-2020) plus Rawlinson's calculation indexation of 1.25% as at 31/12/2020) to the remaining assets classes. The valuer applied the aggregate of 7.13% to the Water Infrastructure category.

In the year ending 30th June 2023, Water Infrastructure was reviewed as a desktop valuation for material changes in fair value of ±10% since the last comprehensive valuation in 2020. The Valuer applied cumulative LGAQ CCI since 30 June 2021 as +9.83% (2023) and indicated that the change in value was not material, and therefore indexation has not been applied. Water Infrastructure will be comprehensively revalued effective as at 30 June 2024.

The Cannonvale Reservoir (Asset) suffered potential damage from Cyclone Debbie. The exact extent of the damage (or if there has been any damage) can only be determined after the reservoir has been taken offline. The reservoir will only be taken offline once the new Cannon Valley reservoir has been brought online to ensure continuity of services. While the Asset is insured whether any damages would be covered and to what extent cannot be determined until the existence and extent of the damage has been ascertained. The Asset written down value as at 30 June 2018 was \$1,165,816. As a result of the uncertainty the condition of the asset has been downgraded and as at 30 June 2023 it's written down value is \$210,645.

Marine Infrastructure

Marine Infrastructure includes Pontoons, Jetties, Boat Ramps and Sea Walls across the region. The addition of Shute Harbour coupled with the requirement for specialist asset management for Marine assets triggered the assessment of this class as distinct from the Buildings & Other Structures and Transport Infrastructure for recognition, reporting, condition rating and valuations. Identified Marine Infrastructure assets were restated effective 30 June 2022.

In the year ending 30th June 2023, Marine Infrastructure was reviewed as a desktop valuation for material changes in fair value of ±10% since the last comprehensive valuation in 2021. The Valuer calculated the cumulative LGAQ CCI since 30 June 2021 as +9.83% (2023) and indicated that the change in value was not material, and therefore indexation has not been applied. Marine Infrastructure will be comprehensively revalued effective as at 30 June 2024.

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

16 Contract balances

Where the amounts billed to customers are based on the achievement of various milestones established in the contract, the amounts recognised as revenue in a given period do not necessarily coincide with the amounts billed to or certified by the customer.

When a performance obligation is satisfied by transferring a promised good or service to the customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, Council presents the work in progress as a contract asset, unless the rights to that amount of consideration are unconditional, in which case Council recognises a receivable.

When an amount of consideration is received from a customer / fund provider prior to Council transferring a good or service to the customer, Council presents the funds which exceed revenue recognised as a contract liability.

(a) Contract assets

2023 \$	2022 \$
2,867,685	13,473,912

(b) Contract liabilities

Funds received upfront to construct Council controlled assets
Deposits received in advance of services provided

5,887,590	4,400,995
1,512,664	1,213,991
7,400,254	5,614,986

Current contract liabilities

7,400,254	5,614,986
7,400,254	5,614,986

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year:

Funds to construct Council controlled assets
Deposits received in advance of services provided

2,882,886	5,667,315
881,624	256,050
3,764,510	5,923,365

17 Leases

Council as a lessee

Council has leases in place over land and buildings. Council has applied the exception to lease accounting for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases.

Where Council assesses that an agreement contains a lease, a right of use asset and lease liability is recognised on inception of the lease. Council does not separate lease and non-lease components for any class of assets and has accounted for lease payments as a single component.

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model where cost on initial recognition comprises: the lease liability, initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, estimated cost of removal and restoration, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use is depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of asset accounting policy.

The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement of the lease. The discount rate is the rate implicit in the lease, however where this cannot be readily determined then the Council's incremental borrowing rate for a similar term with similar security is used.

Exceptions to lease accounting

Council has applied the exceptions to lease accounting for both short-term leases (i.e. leases with a term of less than or equal to 12 months) and leases of low-value assets. Council recognises the payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Leases at significantly below market value / Concessionary leases

Council has elected to measure the right of use asset arising from the concessionary leases at cost which is based on the associated lease liability at initial recognition.

7.0 Finance

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

17 Leases (continued)

Terms and conditions of leases**Buildings**

Council has two building leases for the Cannonvale Library and the Cannonvale Customer Service Centre. These leases are each for 2 years and both leases include a fixed increase after the first year.

Equipment

Council leases numerous IT hardware assets from Telstra. Two of these leases are for high value items, the remaining 180 leases are for low value assets and therefore are not subject to lease accounting. The leases are generally for a term of 3 years.

Land

Council leases ten land assets from the Department of Natural Resources, Mining and Energy. Five of these land leases have terms of between 20 and 100 years, while five have no term i.e. can be cancelled with reasonable notice.

(a) Right of use assets

	Buildings \$	Equipment \$	Land \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	183,960	215,408	1,506,293	1,905,661
Additions to right-of-use assets	838,907	-	-	838,907
Depreciation charge	(253,869)	(172,691)	(78,289)	(504,849)
Balance at 30 June 2023	768,997	42,717	1,428,004	2,239,719

	Buildings \$	Equipment \$	Land \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	76,210	363,507	1,584,582	2,024,299
Additions to right-of-use assets	347,480	24,592	-	372,072
Depreciation charge	(239,730)	(172,691)	(78,289)	(490,710)
Balance at 30 June 2022	183,960	215,408	1,506,293	1,905,661

(b) Lease liabilities

The movement in lease liabilities during the year is as per the table below.

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Balance at start of the year	1,926,971	2,009,686
New leases during the year	838,906	372,072
Payments made in the year	(466,763)	(454,787)
Balance at end of the year	2,299,114	1,926,971

Classified as:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Current	403,563	403,872
Non-Current	1,895,551	1,523,099
	2,299,114	1,926,971

The table below shows the maturity analysis of the lease liabilities based on contractual cashflows and therefore the amounts will not be the same as the recognised lease liability in the statement of financial position.

	< 1 year \$	1-5 years \$	> 5 years \$	Total \$	Total per Statement of Financial Position \$
2023	370,855	753,495	2,651,428	3,775,778	2,299,114
2022	435,209	240,389	2,704,479	3,380,078	1,926,971

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

17 Leases (continued)

(c) Liabilities not recognised - extension options

For building leases, Council includes extension options which can be exercised at Council's discretion, at each reporting date Council assesses whether it is reasonably certain that the extension options will be exercised based on current operations and Council strategy.

There are no potential future lease payments which are not included in the lease liability as the exercise of the option has been assessed as not reasonably certain.

(d) Amounts included in the statement of comprehensive income related to leases

The following amounts have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for leases where Council is the lessee

Council	2023 \$	2022 \$
Interest on lease liabilities	43,722	39,017
Depreciation of right of use assets	504,849	490,710
Expenses relating to low-value assets	67,732	68,824
	616,303	598,551
Total cash outflows for leases	510,485	493,804

(e) Leases at significantly below market value - Concessionary / peppercorn leases

Council has a number of leases at significantly below market for land and buildings which are used for:

Euri Creek Cattle Yards
Bowen Tourist Information Centre (Big Mango)
Dingo Beach Transfer Station
Mt Rooper Reservoir
Dingo Beach Telecommunication Facility
Lloyd Robert Jetty
High Tide Area
Water Licence No 577241
Shute Harbour Road, Hamilton Plains (Water Supply)
Black Street Riordanvale (Telecommunications)

The leases are generally between 2 and 100 years and require payments between \$100 and \$178,000 per annum. The use of the right-to-use asset is restricted by the lessors to specified community services which Council must provide, these services are detailed in the leases.

Council does not believe that any of the leases in place are individually material.

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
20 Borrowings			
Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition these liabilities are measured at amortised cost.			
In accordance with the <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i> council adopts an annual debt policy that sets out council's planned borrowings for the next nine years. Council's current policy is to only borrow for capital projects and for a term no longer than the expected life of the asset. Council also aims to comply with the Queensland Treasury Corporation's borrowing guidelines and ensure that sustainability indicators remain within acceptable levels at all times. All borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.			
Current			
Queensland Treasury Corporation		5,781,353	5,548,994
Non-Current			
Queensland Treasury Corporation		63,233,438	68,907,094
Total Borrowings	27	69,014,791	74,456,088
Movements in borrowings			
Queensland Treasury Corporation			
Balance at the beginning of financial year		74,456,088	79,667,031
Principal repayments		(5,441,297)	(5,210,943)
Balance at end of financial year	27	69,014,791	74,456,088
The QTC loan market value at the reporting date was \$63,982,779. This represents the value of the debt if Council repaid it at that date. As it is the intention of Council to hold the debt for its term, no provision is required to be made in these accounts.			
No assets have been pledged as security by the council for any liabilities. Borrowings are underwritten by the Queensland State Government. Unsecured borrowings are provided by the Queensland Treasury Corporation. No interest has been capitalised during the current or comparative reporting period. Expected final repayment dates vary from 15 June 2026 to 15 June 2040.			
There have been no defaults or breaches of the loan agreement during the period.			
Principal and interest repayments are made quarterly in arrears.			
21 Asset revaluation surplus			
The asset revaluation surplus comprises adjustments relating to changes in value of property, plant and equipment that do not result from the use of those assets. Net incremental changes in the carrying value of classes of non-current assets since their initial recognition are accumulated in the asset revaluation surplus.			
Increases and decreases on revaluation are offset within a class of assets.			
Where a class of assets is decreased on revaluation, that decrease is offset first against the amount remaining in the asset revaluation surplus in respect of that class. Any excess is treated as an expense.			
When an asset is disposed of, the amount reported in surplus in respect of that asset is retained in the asset revaluation surplus and not transferred to retained surplus.			
Movements in the Asset Revaluation Surplus were as follows:			
Balance at the beginning of financial year		362,680,627	357,433,193
Adjustments to property, plant and equipment through revaluations			
Land and Improvements		-	5,274,934
Buildings and other structures		13,331,531	-
Transport infrastructure		57,795,123	-
Change in value of future rehabilitation costs credited (charged) to the surplus		76	(27,500)
		71,126,730	5,247,434
Balance at end of financial year		433,807,357	362,680,627

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
21 Asset revaluation surplus continued			
Asset revaluation surplus analysis			
The closing balance of the asset revaluation surplus is comprised of the following asset categories:			
Land and improvements		9,171,362	9,171,286
Buildings and other structures		18,837,050	5,505,519
Transport infrastructure		331,410,206	273,615,083
Water infrastructure		31,757,802	31,757,802
Sewerage infrastructure		42,630,937	42,630,937
		433,807,357	362,680,627
22 Commitments for expenditure			
Capital commitments			
Commitment exclusive of GST for the construction of the following assets, contracted for at the reporting date, but not recognised as liabilities are as follows:			
Fleet Replacements		1,723,356	-
Regional Amenity Upgrades and New Installations		501,904	-
Edgecumbe Heights Walking Track Upgrade – Construction Works		864,845	-
Design and Construction of Shute Harbour Small Tourism Operators Building		1,033,700	-
LCRI - Design and Construction of Cannonvale Skate Bowl - Stage 2		583,710	-
Sewer Relining - Southern Region		-	665,096
Construction of Sewerage Treatment Plant - Lake Proserpine		57,370	265,405
Regional Solar Installation Project		-	540,475
Superintendency Services for Water and Sewer Projects		45,500	800,000
Design and Construction of Collinsville Water Park		-	37,873
Disaster Recovery DFRA		4,699,761	10,013,108
Other Assets		3,221,686	1,473,744
These expenditures are payable within one year		12,731,832	13,795,701
23 Events after reporting period			
There were no material adjusting or disclosing events after the balance date.			
24 Contingent liabilities			
Details and estimates of maximum amounts of contingencies are as follows			
Local Government Workcare			
The Whitsunday Regional Council is a member of the Queensland local government workers compensation self-insurance scheme, Local Government Workcare. Under this scheme the Council has provided a bank guarantee to cover bad debts which may remain should the self insurance licence be cancelled and there was insufficient funds available to cover outstanding liabilities. Only the Queensland Government's workers compensation authority may call on any part of the guarantee should the above circumstances arise.			
The Council's maximum exposure to the bank guarantee is:			
		938,962	905,576
Local Government Mutual			
The Council is a member of the local government mutual liability self-insurance pool, LGM Queensland. In the event of the pool being wound up or is unable to meet its debts as they fall due, the trust deed and rules provide that any accumulated deficit will be met by the individual pool members in the same proportion as their contribution to the total pool contributions in respect to any year that a deficit arises. At 30 June 2022 the Financial Statements reported an accumulated surplus and it is not anticipated any liability will arise.			
Accumulated surplus:		69,455,872	79,618,265

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
25 Superannuation			
Council contributes to the LGIA Super Regional Defined Benefits Fund (the scheme), at the rate of 12% for each permanent employee who is a defined benefit member. This rate is set in accordance with the LGIA Super trust deed and may be varied on the advice of an actuary. The Regional Defined Benefits Fund is a complying superannuation scheme for the purpose of the Commonwealth Superannuation Industry (Supervision) legislation and is also governed by the Local Government Act 2009. The scheme is managed by the LGIASuper trustee as trustee for LGIASuper trading as Brighter Super.			
The scheme is a pooled defined benefit plan and it is not in accordance with the deed to allocate obligations, plan assets and costs at the council level.			
Any amount by which the scheme is over or under funded may affect future benefits and result in a change to the contribution rate obligations, but has not been recognised as an asset or liability of the Council.			
Technically Whitsunday Regional Council can be liable to the scheme for a portion of another local governments' obligations should that local government be unable to meet them. However the risk of this occurring is extremely low and in accordance with the LGIASuper trust deed changes to council's obligations will only be made on the advice of an actuary.			
The last completed actuarial assessment of the scheme was undertaken as at 1 July 2021. The actuary indicated that "At the valuation date of 1 July 2021, the net assets of the scheme exceeded the vested benefits and the scheme was in a satisfactory financial position as at the valuation date." The measure of vested benefits represents the value of benefit entitlements should all participating employees voluntarily exit the scheme. The Council is not aware of anything that has happened since that time that indicates the assets of the scheme are not sufficient to meet the vested benefits, as at the reporting date.			
No changes have been made to prescribed employer contributions which remain at 12% of employee salary or wages and there are no known requirements to change the rate of contributions.			
The next triennial actuarial review is not due until 1 July 2024.			
The most significant risks that may result in LGIA super increasing the contribution rate, on the advice of the actuary, are:			
Investment risk - The risk that the scheme's investment returns will be lower than assumed and additional contributions are needed to fund the shortfall.			
Salary growth risk - The risk that wages or salaries will rise more rapidly than assumed, increasing vested benefits to be funded.			
Superannuation contributions made to the Regional Defined Benefits Fund		140,218	152,962
Other superannuation contributions for employees		3,573,142	3,354,531
Total superannuation contributions paid by Council for employees:		3,713,360	3,507,493
26 Reconciliation of net result for the year to net cash inflow from operating activities			
Net result		23,739,917	33,892,753
Non-cash operating items			
Impairment of receivables and bad debts written off	7	220,833	962,025
Depreciation		30,458,822	29,202,671
Change in restoration provisions expensed to finance costs	7	764,433	147,693
		31,444,088	30,312,389
Investing and development activities (non-cash)			
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	3 (d) (ii)	(26,354,278)	(62,299,790)
Capital income	4	(2,490,538)	(754,400)
Capital expenses	8	13,756,280	35,953,228
		(15,088,536)	(27,100,962)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
(Increase) / decrease in receivables		1,513,613	211,975
(Increase) / decrease in other assets		(1,187,118)	(528,550)
(Increase) / decrease in contract assets		1,132	878,920
(Increase) / decrease in inventories		(32,411)	(12,887)
Increase / (decrease) in payables		2,109,969	1,401,315
Increase / (decrease) in contract liabilities		298,673	545,882
Increase / (decrease) in provisions		927,712	(314,828)
		3,631,570	2,181,827
Net cash inflow from operating activities		43,727,039	39,286,007

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

27 Financial instruments and financial risk management

(a) Financial assets and financial liabilities

Council has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk

Risk management framework

Council is responsible for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework, together with developing and monitoring risk management policies.

Council's Audit and Risk Committee approves policies for overall risk management, as well as providing oversight of Council's credit, liquidity and market risks.

Council's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced, to set appropriate limits and controls and to monitor these risks and adherence against limits. Council aims to manage volatility to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of Council.

Council's Audit and Risk Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Council's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by Council. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by the internal audit function. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a counterparty to the financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. These obligations arise principally from Council's investments and receivables from customers.

Exposure to credit risk is managed through regular analysis of credit counterparty ability to meet payment obligations.

Investments in financial instruments are required to be made with Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC) or similar State and Commonwealth bodies or financial institutions in Australia, in line with the requirements of the *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982*.

No collateral is held as security relating to the financial assets held by Council.

The carrying amounts of financial assets at the end of the reporting period represent the maximum exposure to credit risk for Council.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Council will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Council's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to Council's reputation.

Exposure to liquidity risk

Council is exposed to liquidity risk through its normal course of business and through its borrowings with QTC.

The Council manages its exposure to liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash deposits and undrawn facilities, both short and long term, to cater for unexpected volatility in cash flows. These facilities are disclosed in note 20. The following lines of credit were available at the end of the reporting period:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Overdraft - QTC working capital facility - limit	20,000,000	20,000,000
Available at 30 June	20,000,000	20,000,000

7.0 Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

27 Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

The following table sets out the liquidity risk in relation to financial liabilities (excluding lease liabilities) held by the Council. It represents the remaining contractual cashflows (principal and interest) of financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, excluding the impact of netting agreements:

	0-1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2023					
Trade and other payables	16,826,723	4,498,279	-	21,325,002	21,325,002
Loans - QTC	8,223,105	32,024,615	43,506,093	83,753,813	69,014,791
	25,049,828	36,522,894	43,506,093	105,078,815	90,339,793
2022					
Trade and other payables	14,856,998	4,358,035	-	19,215,033	19,215,033
Loans - QTC	8,223,105	32,458,517	51,295,296	91,976,917	74,456,088
	23,080,103	36,816,552	51,295,296	111,191,950	93,671,121

The outflows in the above table are not expected to occur significantly earlier or for significantly different amounts than indicated in the table.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market indices, such as interest rates, will affect the Council's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

Council is exposed to interest rate risk through investments with QTC and other financial institutions. The Council has access to a mix of variable and fixed rate funding options through these institutions so that interest rate risk exposure can be minimised.

Sensitivity

Sensitivity to interest rate movements is shown for variable financial assets and liabilities based on the carrying amount at reporting date.

The following interest rate sensitivity analysis depicts what effect a reasonably possible change in interest rates (assumed to be 1%) would have on the net profit and total community equity, based on the carrying values at the end of the reporting period. The calculation assumes that the change in interest rates would be held constant over the period.

Net carrying amount	Effect on Net Result		Effect on Equity	
	1% increase	1% decrease	1% increase	1% decrease
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2023				
Cash and cash equivalents	98,898,730	988,987	(988,987)	988,987
Investments	30,000,000	300,000	(300,000)	300,000
Loans - QTC	(69,014,791)	-	-	-
	59,883,939	1,288,987	(1,288,987)	1,288,987
2022				
Cash and cash equivalents	86,724,823	867,248	(867,248)	867,248
Loans - QTC	(74,456,088)	-	-	-
	12,268,735	867,248	(867,248)	867,248

In relation to the QTC loans held by the Council, the following has been applied:

QTC Fixed Rate Loan - financial instruments with fixed interest rates which are carried at amortised cost are not subject to interest rate sensitivity.

(b) Fair value

The fair value of trade and other receivables and payables is assumed to approximate the value of the original transaction, less any allowance for impairment.

Measurement of fair value

The valuation technique used in measuring other financial liabilities is discounted cash flows. This valuation model considers the present value of expected payments, discounted using a risk-adjusted discount rate.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

27 Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

2023	As at 30 June 2022	Cash flows	Non-cash changes	As at 30 June 2023
Loans	74,456,088	(5,441,297)	-	69,014,791
Lease liability	1,926,971	(466,763)	838,907	2,299,114
	76,383,059	(5,908,060)	838,907	71,313,905

2022	As at 30 June 2021	Cash flows	Non-cash changes	As at 30 June 2022
Loans	79,667,031	(5,210,943)	-	74,456,088
Lease liability	2,009,687	(454,787)	372,071	1,926,971
	81,676,718	(5,665,730)	372,071	76,383,059

28 National competition policy

A "business activity" of a local government is any activity that involves trading in goods or services.

The code of competitive conduct (CCC) must be applied to the following business activities

(a) A building certifying activity that

- (i) involves performing building certifying functions within the meaning of the Building Act, section 8; and
- (ii) is prescribed under a regulation*.

*Section 38 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* lists the local government's whose activities are prescribed building certifying activities

(b) A roads activity, other than a roads activity for which business is conducted only through a sole supplier arrangement, that involves

- (i) the construction or maintenance of state controlled roads for which the local government submits an offer to carry out work in response to a tender invitation.
- (ii) construction or road maintenance on another local government's roads which the local government has put out to tender.

Each local government may elect to apply a Code of Competitive Conduct (CCC) to any other identified business activities. However, for any with current expenditure of \$340,000 or more, the local government must decide, by resolution each year, whether to apply the CCC to that activity.

In general, applying the competitive code of conduct means that the competitive neutrality principle is applied to the business activity.

Under the competitive neutrality principle, an entity that is conducting a business activity in competition with the private sector should not enjoy a net advantage over competitors only because the entity is in the public sector.

The competitive neutrality principle may be applied by commercialisation or full cost pricing. This includes removing any competitive advantage or disadvantage, where possible, and charging for goods and services at full cost.

In addition, the cost of performing community service obligations, less any revenue received from carrying out those obligations, must be treated as revenue for the business activity.

A community service obligation is an obligation the local government imposes on a business activity that is not in its commercial interest. For example, giving a concession to pensioners.

A local government's financial statements must contain an activity statement for each business activity to which the CCC applies.

7.0 Finance

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**
28 National competition policy (continued)

The Council applies the competitive code of conduct to the following activities

Whitsunday Coast Airport
Foxdale Quarry
Shute Harbour Marine Terminal
Waste Services
Water Supply & Sewerage Services

This requires the application of full cost pricing, identifying the cost of community service obligations (CSO) and eliminating the advantages and disadvantages of public ownership within that activity.

The CSO value is determined by Council, and represents an activity's cost(s) which would not be incurred if the primary objective of the activities was to make a profit. The Council provides funding from general revenue to the business activity to cover the net cost of providing non-commercial community services.

The following table summarises the financial results for the business activities, including competitive neutrality adjustments if applicable.

The following activity statements are for activities subject to the competitive code of conduct:

For the year 2023 financial year	Whitsunday Coast Airport	Foxdale Quarry	Shute Harbour Marine Terminal	Waste Services	Water Supply & Sewerage Services
	2023 \$	2023 \$	2023 \$	2023 \$	2023 \$
Revenue for services provided to external clients	8,294,883	2,553,736	3,599,062	11,317,439	38,673,775
Community service obligations *	58,956	-	20,808	124,247	866,033
	8,353,839	2,553,736	3,619,870	11,441,686	39,539,808
Less : Expenditure	7,500,837	3,323,754	5,051,093	9,512,773	31,118,216
Surplus (deficiency)	853,002	(770,018)	(1,431,223)	1,928,913	8,421,592

For the year 2022 financial year	Whitsunday Coast Airport	Foxdale Quarry	Shute Harbour Marine Terminal	Waste Services	Water Supply & Sewerage Services
	2022 \$	2022 \$	2022 \$	2022 \$	2022 \$
Revenue for services provided to external clients	6,400,336	3,278,820	1,720,610	9,648,981	36,609,701
Community service obligations *	57,800	-	20,400	134,243	937,791
	6,458,136	3,278,820	1,741,010	9,783,224	37,547,492
Less : Expenditure	6,517,640	3,900,182	2,863,820	8,591,844	32,314,646
Surplus (deficiency)	(59,504)	(621,362)	(1,122,810)	1,191,380	5,232,846

* CSO's provided to business activities during the period.

Activities	CSO description	2023 Actual \$	2022 Actual \$
Whitsunday Coast Airport	Landing fees to support essential services	58,956	57,800
Shute Harbour Marine Terminal	Berthing fees to support essential services	20,808	20,400
Waste Services	Pensioner concessions	75,601	69,541
Waste Services	Sporting/community organisation concessions	48,646	64,702
Water Supply & Sewerage Services	Pensioner concessions	277,973	272,423
Water Supply & Sewerage Services	Sporting/community organisation concessions	588,060	665,368
		1,070,044	1,150,234

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023**

Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
29 Controlled entities that have not been consolidated		
<u>Whitsunday Coast Airport and Infrastructure Pty Ltd</u>		
On the tenth day of March 2016 Whitsunday Regional Council formed the Whitsunday Coast Airport and Infrastructure Pty Ltd (ACN 611242196) as a registered company under the Corporations Act 2001. This company, while being registered with the Australian Security and Investments Commission, is currently a dormant company. The Company's issued share capital is \$10.		
30 Transactions with Related Parties		
(a) River Improvement Trusts		
Council have councillors as representative on both the Don River Improvement Trust and the Whitsunday River Improvement Trust. They are represented in the membership of the trusts pursuant to the <i>River Improvement Act 1940</i> . Council pays a precept to each trust, which is determined by the Trusts, based on the amount of revenue estimated by the trust in their budget for the year.		
Don River Improvement Trust	182,450	178,865
Whitsunday River Improvement Trust	182,450	178,865
	364,900	357,730
(b) Transactions with key management personnel (KMP)		
KMP include the Mayor, Councillors, Council's Chief Executive Officer and some Executive Management. The compensation paid to KMP comprises:		
Short-term employee benefits	2,566,326	2,578,127
Post-employment benefits	275,829	289,183
Long-term benefits	200,643	26,231
Termination benefits	-	104,684
	3,042,798	2,998,225
Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the annual report.		
(c) Transactions with other related parties		
<i>(i) Employee expenses for close family members of key management personnel.</i>		
All close family members of key management personnel were employed through an arm's length process. They are paid in accordance with the Award and Council Enterprise Bargaining Agreement for the duties they perform.		
The council employs 387 staff of which only 7 are close family members of key management personnel (2021/22: 5 close family members). Total employee expenses applicable to these 7 employees are:-	455,655	367,656
Council have reviewed all other related party transactions and found that there were no materially relevant amounts to report. There are no loans or guarantees to/from related parties.		
(d) Transactions with related parties that have not been disclosed		
Most of the entities and people that are related parties of council live and operate within the Whitsunday Regional Council. Therefore, on a regular basis ordinary citizen transactions occur between Council and its related parties. Some examples include:		
- Payment of rates		
- Dog registration		
- Borrowing books from a council library		

7.0 Finance

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended 30 June 2023
MANAGEMENT CERTIFICATE
 For the year ended 30 June 2023

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared pursuant to sections 176 and 177 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* (the Regulation) and other prescribed requirements.

In accordance with section 212(5) of the Regulation we certify that:

- (i) the prescribed requirements of the *Local Government Act 2009* and *Local Government Regulation 2012* for the establishment and keeping of accounts have been complied with in all material respects; and
- (ii) the general purpose financial statements, as set out on pages 1 to 34, present a true and fair view, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, of the Council's transactions for the financial year and financial position at the end of the year.



Mayor

Cr Julie Hall

Date: 14/08/2023



Chief Executive Officer

Warren Bunker

Date: 14/08/2023


INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the councillors of Whitsunday Regional Council

Report on the audit of the financial report
Opinion

I have audited the financial report of Whitsunday Regional Council.

In my opinion, the financial report:

- a) gives a true and fair view of the council's financial position as at 30 June 2023, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended
- b) complies with the *Local Government Act 2009*, the *Local Government Regulation 2012* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements including material accounting policy information, and the certificate given by the Mayor and Chief Executive Officer.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report section of my report.

I am independent of the council in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

Other information comprises financial and non-financial information (other than the audited financial report) in an entity's annual report.

At the date of this auditor's report, the available other information in Whitsunday Regional Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023 was the current year financial sustainability statement and long-term financial sustainability statement.

The councillors are responsible for the other information.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. However, as required by the *Local Government Regulation 2012*, I have formed a separate opinion on the current year financial sustainability statement.

7.0 Finance



In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report and my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the councillors for the financial report

The councillors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the *Local Government Act 2009*, the Local Government Regulation 2012 and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The councillors are also responsible for assessing the council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it is intended to abolish the council or to otherwise cease operations of the council.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for forming an opinion on the effectiveness of the council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of material accounting policy information used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the council.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of the council's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the council's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. I base my conclusions on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with the council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with s. 40 of the *Auditor-General Act 2009*, for the year ended 30 June 2023:

- I received all the information and explanations I required
- I consider that, the prescribed requirements in relation to the establishment and keeping of accounts were complied with in all material respects.

Prescribed requirements scope

The prescribed requirements for the establishment and keeping of accounts are contained in the *Local Government Act 2009*, and the Local Government Regulation 2012. The applicable requirements include those for keeping financial records that correctly record and explain the council's transactions and account balances to enable the preparation of a true and fair financial report.

Lisa Fraser
as delegate of the Auditor-General

15 August 2023

Queensland Audit Office
Brisbane

7.0 Finance

CURRENT-YEAR FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT
For the year ended 30 June 2023

Measures of Financial Sustainability

- (i) **Operating surplus ratio**
Operating surplus (Net result excluding all capital items) divided by total operating revenue (excludes capital revenue)
- (ii) **Asset sustainability ratio**
Capital expenditure on the replacement of assets (renewals) divided by depreciation expense.
- (iii) **Net financial liabilities ratio**
Total liabilities less current assets divided by total operating revenue (excluding capital items).

Council's performance at 30 June 2023 against key financial ratios:

	Operating surplus ratio	Asset sustainability ratio	Net financial liabilities ratio
Target	between 0% and 10%	greater than 90%	not greater than 60%
	6.04%	79.97%	(13.24%)

Note 1 - Basis of Preparation

The current year financial sustainability statement is a special purpose statement prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* and the *Financial Management (Sustainability) Guideline 2013*. The amounts used to calculate the three reported measures are prepared on an accrual basis and are drawn from the Council's audited general purpose financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Certificate of Accuracy
For the year ended 30 June 2023

This current-year financial sustainability statement has been prepared pursuant to Section 178 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* (the Regulation).

In accordance with Section 212(5) of the Regulation we certify that this current-year financial sustainability statement has been accurately calculated.



Mayor

Cr Julie Hall

Date: 14/08/2023



Chief Executive Officer

Warren Bunker

Date: 14/08/2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Councillors of Whitsunday Regional Council

Report on the Current-Year Financial Sustainability Statement
Opinion

I have audited the accompanying current year financial sustainability statement of Whitsunday Regional Council for the year ended 30 June 2023, comprising the statement, explanatory notes, and the certificate of accuracy given by the Mayor and the Chief Executive Officer.

In accordance with s.212 of the Local Government Regulation 2012, in my opinion, in all material respects, the current year financial sustainability statement of Whitsunday Regional Council for the year ended 30 June 2023 has been accurately calculated.

Basis of opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the current year financial sustainability statement* section of my report.

I am independent of the council in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the statement in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matter – basis of accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 which describes the basis of accounting. The current year financial sustainability statement has been prepared in accordance with the Financial Management (Sustainability) Guideline 2013 for the purpose of fulfilling the council's reporting responsibilities under the Local Government Regulation 2012. As a result, the statement may not be suitable for another purpose. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

Other information comprises financial and non-financial information (other than the audited financial report) in an entity's annual report. At the date of this auditor's report, the available other information in Whitsunday Regional Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023 was the general purpose financial statements and long-term financial sustainability statement.

The councillors are responsible for the other information.

7.0 Finance



In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report and my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this information, I am required to report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the councillors for the current year financial sustainability statement

The councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the current year financial sustainability statement in accordance with the Local Government Regulation 2012. The councillors responsibility also includes such internal control as the councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the statement that is accurately calculated and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the current year financial sustainability statement

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the current year financial sustainability statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this statement.

My responsibility does not extend to forming an opinion on the appropriateness or relevance of the reported ratios, nor on the council's future sustainability.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of forming an opinion on the effectiveness of the council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of material accounting policy information used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the council.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the statement, including the disclosures, and whether the statement represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



I communicate with the council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Lisa Fraser
as delegate of the Auditor-General

15 August 2023

Queensland Audit Office
Brisbane

7.0 Finance

UNAUDITED LONG-TERM FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT
Prepared as at 30 June 2023

Measures of Financial Sustainability

- (i) **Operating surplus ratio**
 Operating surplus (Net result excluding all capital items) divided by total operating revenue (excludes capital revenue)
- (ii) **Asset sustainability ratio**
 Capital expenditure on the replacement of assets (renewals) divided by depreciation expense.
- (iii) **Net financial liabilities ratio**
 Total liabilities less current assets divided by total operating revenue

Council's performance at 30 June 2023 against key financial ratios:

	Operating surplus ratio	Asset sustainability ratio	Net financial liabilities ratio
Target	between 0% and 10%	greater than 90%	not greater than 60%
Actuals at 30 June 2023	6.04%	79.97%	(13.24%)
Projected for the years ended:			
30 June 2024	0.22%	92.40%	9.25%
30 June 2025	0.64%	83.31%	12.57%
30 June 2026	0.71%	89.94%	11.58%
30 June 2027	0.68%	79.42%	4.96%
30 June 2028	0.54%	79.15%	0.33%
30 June 2029	0.61%	83.29%	(3.67%)
30 June 2030	0.70%	81.24%	(8.77%)
30 June 2031	0.58%	84.03%	(14.02%)
30 June 2032	0.40%	67.62%	(19.01%)


Financial Management Strategy

Council measures revenue and expenditure trends over time as a guide to future requirements and to make decisions about the efficient allocation of resources to ensure the most effective provision of services. Council ensures that its financial management strategy is prudent and that its long-term financial forecast shows a sound financial position whilst also being able to meet the community's current and future needs.

Certificate of Accuracy
 For the long-term financial sustainability statement prepared as at 30 June 2023

This long-term financial sustainability statement has been prepared pursuant to Section 178 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* (the Regulation).

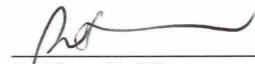
In accordance with Section 212(5) of the Regulation we certify that this long-term financial sustainability statement has been accurately calculated.



 Mayor

Cr Julie Hall

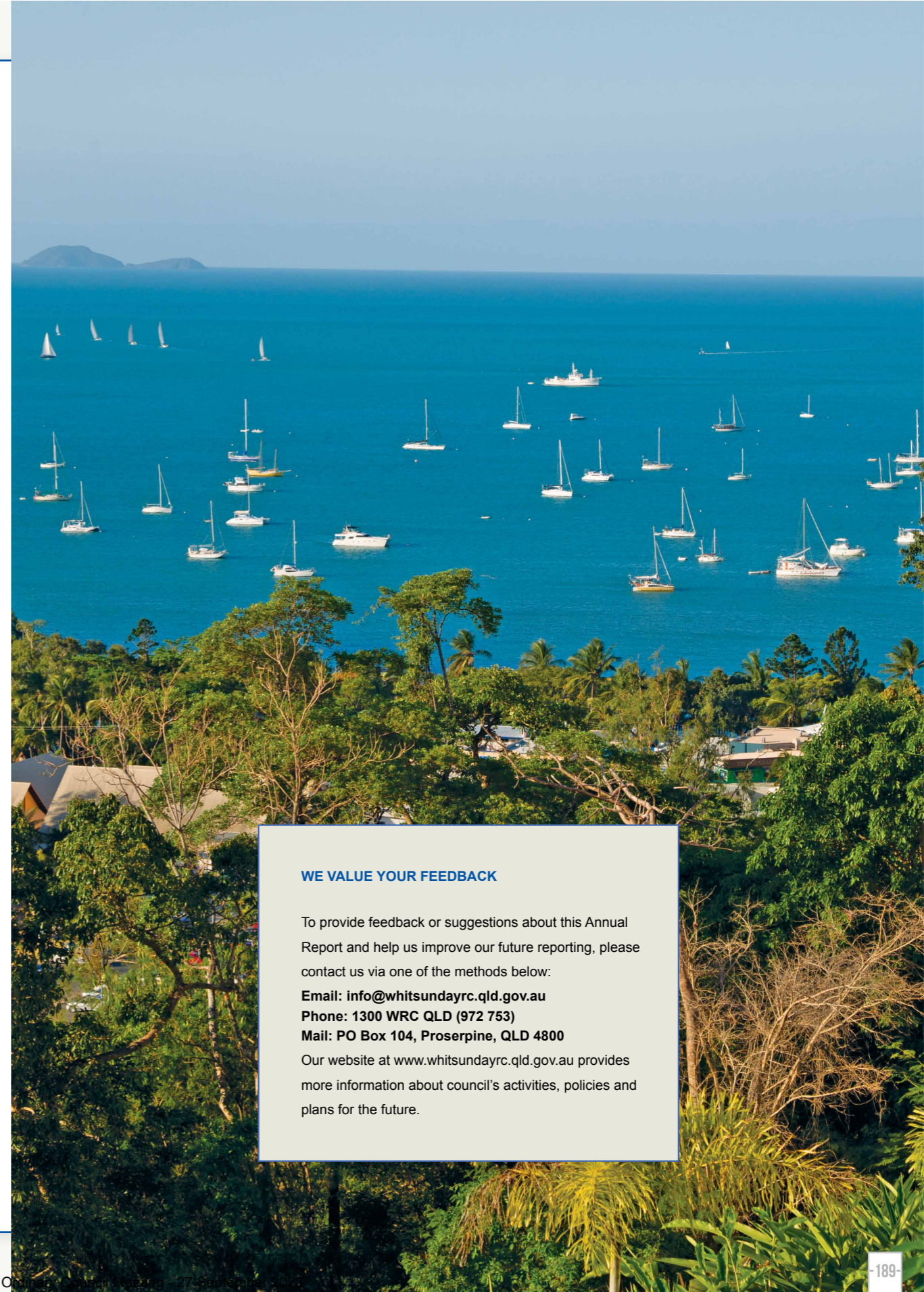
Date: 14/08/2023



 Chief Executive Officer

Warren Bunker

Date: 14/08/2023



WE VALUE YOUR FEEDBACK

To provide feedback or suggestions about this Annual Report and help us improve our future reporting, please contact us via one of the methods below:

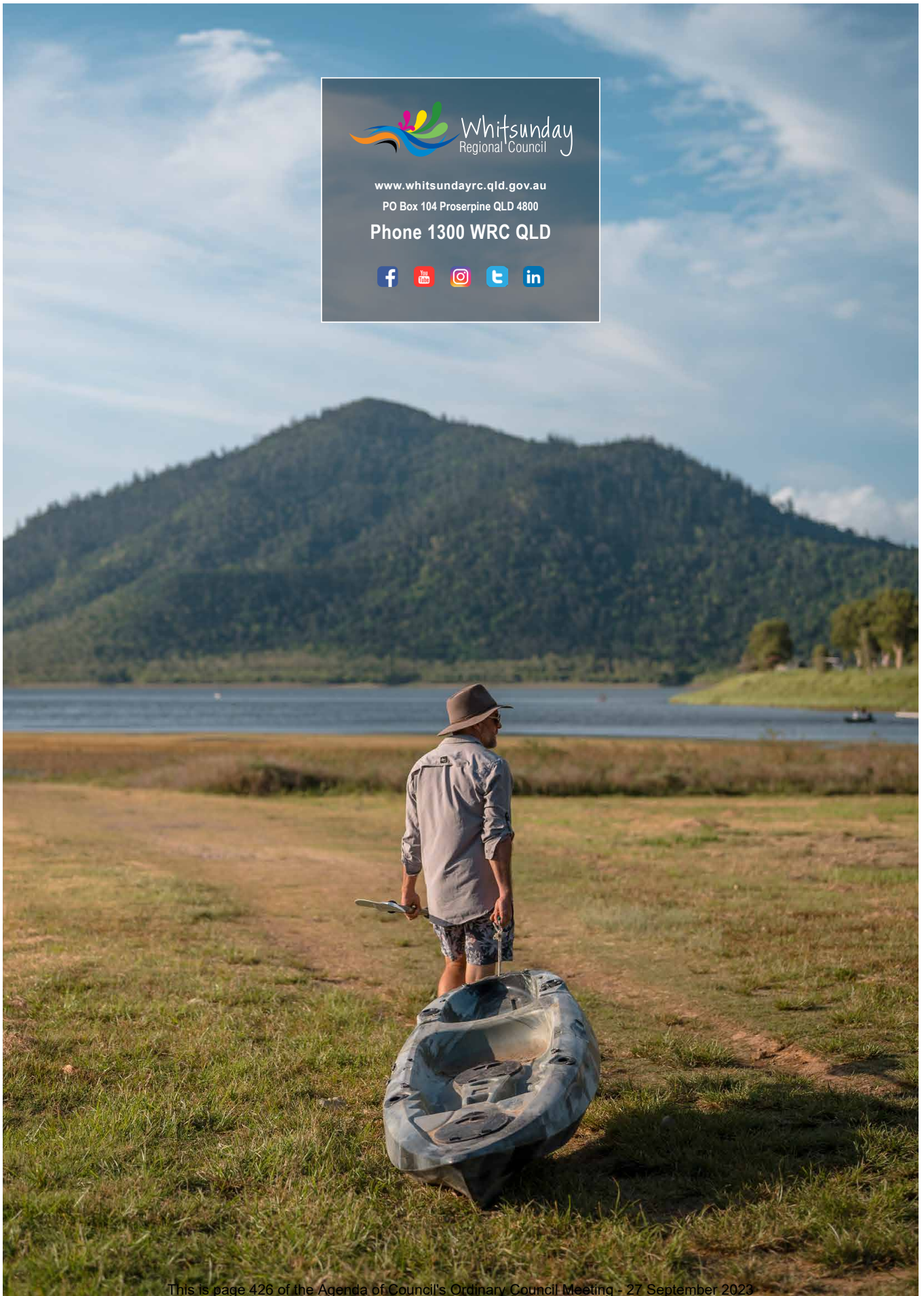
Email: info@whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au
Phone: 1300 WRC QLD (972 753)
Mail: PO Box 104, Proserpine, QLD 4800

Our website at www.whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au provides more information about council's activities, policies and plans for the future.



Whitsunday
Regional Council

www.whitsundayrc.qld.gov.au
PO Box 104 Proserpine QLD 4800
Phone 1300 WRC QLD



11.10 - Monthly Finance Report

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Leah Bradley - Manager - Financial Services

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Jason Bradshaw - Director Corporate Services

PRESENTED FOR: Information

ATTACHMENTS

1. Monthly Financial Report August 2023 [**11.10.1** - 7 pages]
2. Financial Statement for the period ending 31 August 2023 [**11.10.2** - 5 pages]
3. Capital Expenditure Report as at 31 August 2023 [**11.10.3** - 5 pages]

PURPOSE

To inform Council of the current unaudited financial performance and position for the reporting period.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council receive the Financial Report, Capital Expenditure Report and the Unaudited Financial Statements 2023/24 for the period ended 31 August 2023.

BACKGROUND

The Chief Executive Officer is required by Section 204(2) of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* to present the financial report at a meeting of the Local Government on a monthly basis. The financial report must state the progress that has been made in relation to the Local Government's budget for the period for the financial year up to a day as near as practicable to the end of the month before the meeting is held.

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

Year to Date Results

This report and the attachments provide the estimated financial performance and position for the relevant period in the current financial year.

- Attachment 1 contains a summary of the financial performance with commentary around significant items.
- Attachment 2 contains unaudited financial statements.
- Attachment 3 details the capital budget expenditure for the period.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Local Government Regulation 2012

204 Financial Report

- (1) The local government must prepare a financial report.
- (2) The chief executive officer must present the financial report -
 - (a) if the local government meets less frequently than monthly - at each meeting of the local government; or
 - (b) Otherwise - at a meeting of the local government once a month.

(3) The financial report must state the progress that has been made in relation to the local government's budget for the period of the financial year up to a day as near as practicable to the end of the month before the meeting is held.

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Maximise the organisation's financial performance, achieving a high level of customer service, productivity and efficiency through strategic direction, expert advice and leadership.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Maintaining a balanced budget throughout the financial year and remaining financially sustainable remain key objectives.

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Director Corporate Services
Manager Financial Services
Management Accountant

RISK ASSESSMENT

If actual revenue or expenditure exceeds budget, financial risks may apply. These risks will either be managed on a project basis or mitigated through the operational budgets of Council.

A budget risk register is maintained to collate any identified budget risks as they arise during the financial year to be mitigated in quarterly budget reviews.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

Mandatory each month as per Section 204 of the *Local Government Regulation 2012*.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* specifies required conduct for public entities when acting or making a decision. Sections 15-37 of the *Human Rights Act 2019* identifies the human rights a public entity must consider in making a decision. The human rights relevant to this decision are as follows:

- Section 19 – Freedom of movement.
- Section 21 – Freedom of expression.
- Section 24 – Right to own property and not be arbitrarily deprived of property.
- Section 27 – Cultural rights – generally – all persons with a particular cultural, religious, racial or linguistic background have the right to enjoy their culture, to declare and practice their religion and use their language.
- Section 28 – Cultural rights – Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

This decision does not limit the above identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

N/A

FINANCIAL REPORT

Financial Year: 2023/24
Period Ending: 31 August 2023



BACKGROUND

This report provides the unaudited estimated financial performance and position of Whitsunday Regional Council for the relevant period in the current financial year against the 2023/24 Budget.

INCOME & EXPENDITURE

What was charged to our ratepayers/customers compared to what was spent in delivering our services.

For the period under review, Council's operating surplus stood at \$38.1M after charging depreciation (What We Set-aside for Asset Renewals) of \$5.3M. Council's operating surplus is higher due to the first half rates levy being raised in July.

Table 1 : Statement of Income & Expenditure

	Prev. Yr. Audited	Current Budget to date	Actual to date	% Var Current Bud v Act
What We Levied Our Ratepayers	97,493,607	50,686,334	49,337,398	97%
What We Invoiced Our Customers	29,324,608	5,654,157	5,164,507	91%
What We Rcvd. as Grants & Subsidies	9,833,430	600,015	275,226	46%
What We Rcvd. As Interest from Investment	4,480,093	754,083	1,107,556	147%
Our Other Revenue	2,184,583	457,063	620,771	136%
Our Total Recurrent Earnings	143,316,321	58,151,652	56,505,458	97%
What We Spent on Our Staff	39,701,137	6,920,607	6,326,600	91%
What We Spent on Our Suppliers	60,402,208	12,386,291	9,264,223	75%
Our Total Direct Spend	100,103,345	19,306,898	15,590,823	81%
What We Paid Our Bankers	4,102,773	524,969	476,727	91%
What We Set-aside for Asset Renewals	30,458,822	5,290,141	5,256,263	99%
Our Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	8,651,381	33,029,644	35,181,645	107%
Our Capital Revenue	28,844,816	1,602,097	2,925,502	183%
Our Capital Expenses	13,756,280	-	-	0%
Our Capital Surplus/(Deficit)	15,088,536	1,602,097	2,925,502	183%
Our Net Earnings	23,739,917	34,631,741	38,107,147	110%

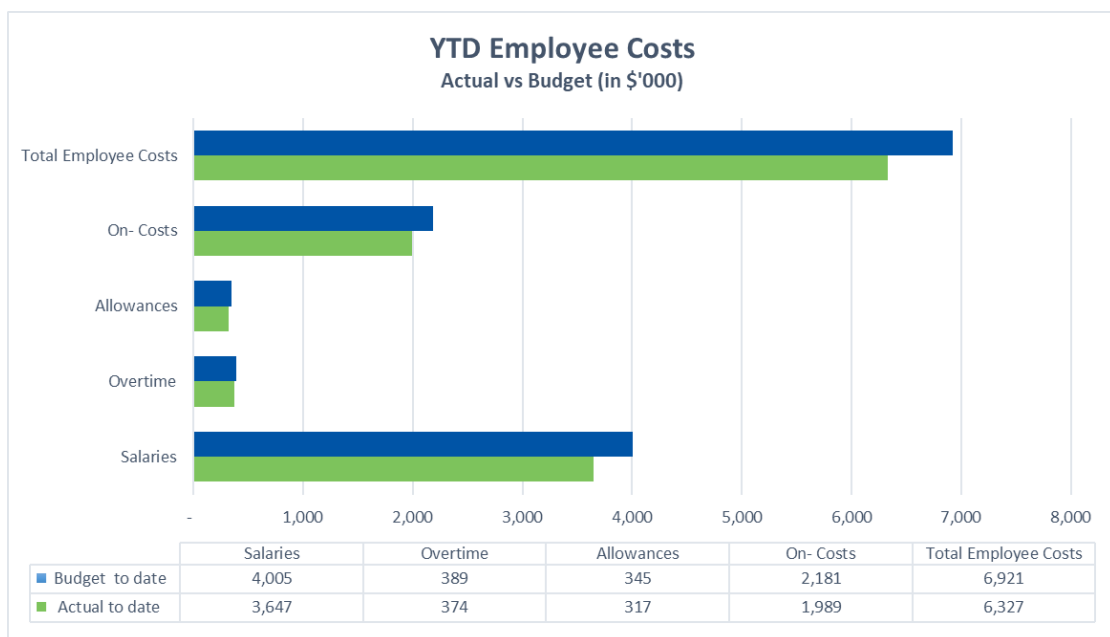
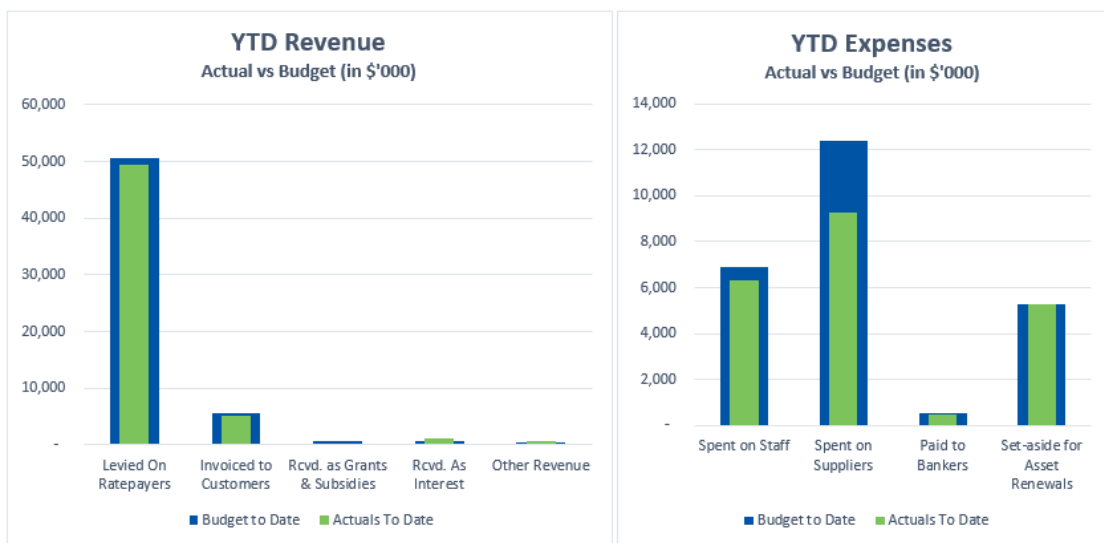
Revenue

- Total Recurrent Earnings is on target to meet budget, currently sitting at 97%.
- Interest from Investments is tracking ahead of budget due to further interest rate increases and the ability to maximise Council's return on investment.
- What we have levied our ratepayers on target to meet budget at 97%. Rates notices were levied in July with an issue date to ratepayers on the 2 August.

Expenditure

- Total direct spend is below YTD budget, currently sitting at 81%.
- Total spent on our staff is currently 91% of the 2023/24 Budget. This is currently trending lower than budget due to staff vacancies.
- Total spent on suppliers is currently under budget at 75%, an increase from the previous month of 54% , this is mainly due to budget phasing.
- Total depreciation set aside for asset renewals is on target to meet budget.

Additional details of revenue and expenditure and their comparison to budget are graphically presented below:



COMMUNITY WEALTH

The value of resources Council has, to service our community. Net Community wealth at the end of the period stood at \$1.33B.

Table 2 : Statement of Financial Position

	Prev. Yr. Audited	Annual Budget	Actual to date
What We Own	1,275,481,455	1,221,744,037	1,277,666,525
Inventory We Hold	3,320,933	2,050,000	3,353,978
What We are Owed	19,996,084	17,381,145	42,011,298
What We Have in Bank	128,898,729	79,017,612	136,101,578
Our Total Assets	1,427,697,201	1,320,192,794	1,459,133,379
What We Owe Our Suppliers	61,928,430	47,130,881	56,182,865
What We Owe Our Lenders	71,313,905	65,331,835	70,388,501
Our Total Liabilities	133,242,336	112,462,716	126,571,366
Our Community Wealth	1,294,454,866	1,207,730,078	1,332,562,013

- What we are Owed has seen a large increase due to the timing of rates being issued and revenue being collected with a September due date, further detailed below.
- Cash balances (what we have in bank) remains at healthy levels and well above minimum requirements due to advance payments received in 2022/23 for the FAGS grant, carry over capital projects to be completed in 2023/24 and Waste Levy 2026/27 advanced payment.

Debtors & Borrowings

What We Are Owed	
Category	Amount
Rates & Charges	28,229,150
General Debtors	6,169,645
GST Receivable/(Payable)	935,802
Advances to Community	1,017,500
SUB-TOTAL	36,352,097

Contract Assets	3,216,163
Water Charges not yet levied	1,445,333
Prepayments	2,768,537
Provision for Bad Debts	(1,770,832)
SUB-TOTAL	5,659,201

GRAND TOTAL	42,011,299
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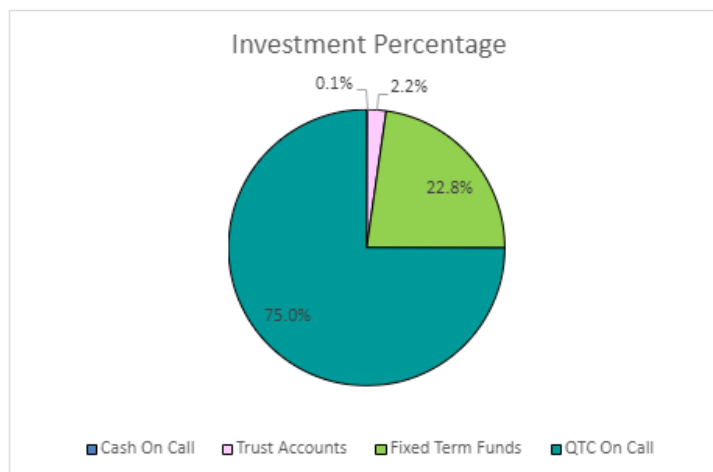
What We Have Borrowed		
Loan	Rate	Balance
81091 Gen5 05/06	7.08%	1,106,689
81092 Gen7 08/09	6.82%	3,334,365
81090 Gen8 09/10	6.33%	2,288,504
81089 Gen8 AMSU	5.07%	2,313,357
81093 STP Projects	5.25%	16,126,286
81094 WTP Projects	4.86%	7,882,733
Bowen STP 19/20	2.20%	8,287,434
WCA Run 19/20	2.20%	20,304,213
Bowen Cell 3 19/20	0.91%	1,535,476
Bowen STP 20/21	1.80%	4,910,331
TOTAL		68,089,387

What We Have Available to Borrow		
Facility	Rate	Limit
Working Capital Facility	0.10%	20,000,000
Term Loans		-
TOTAL		20,000,000

- Rates & charges owed has decreased from \$56.6M in July to \$28.2M in August. This has decreased due to payments being received for the first rates levy raised in July with over 50% being received in the month of August.
- General Debtors balance is \$6.2M compared to \$5.2M the previous month. General Debtors vary depending upon when invoices have been issued within the month.
- Recovery measures are currently in progress through a professional debt recovery agency for both Rates debtors and General debtors to ensure outstanding debt remain;s at acceptable levels.

Investments

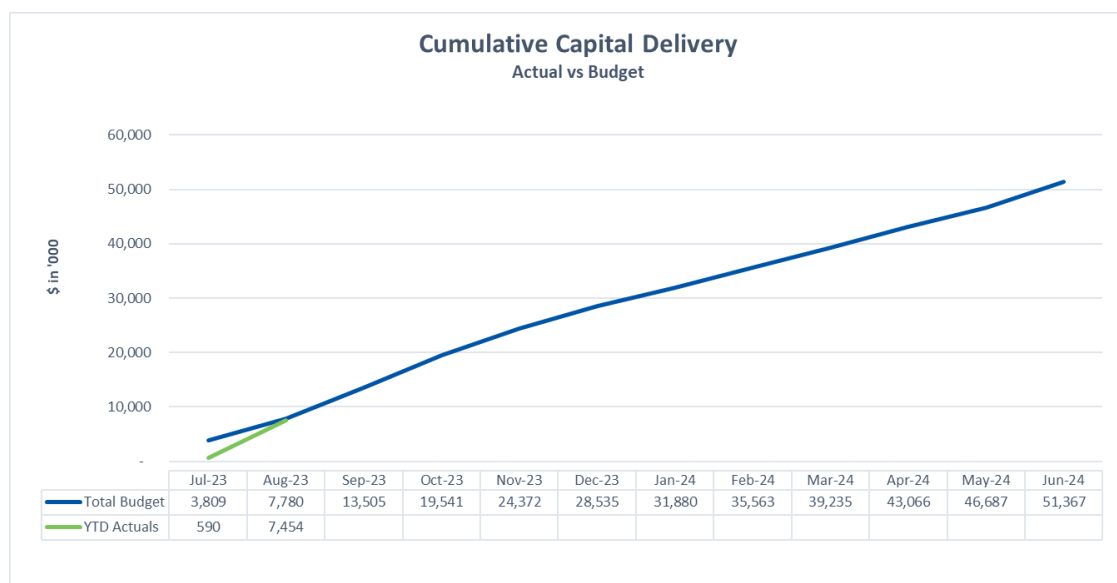
	Prev. Yr	Current
Queensland Treasury Corporation	98,898,730	106,101,578
Term Deposit < 3 Months	-	10,000,000
Term Deposit > 3 Months	30,000,000	20,000,000
Total	128,898,730	136,101,578



- \$30M is currently invested in term deposits at competitive interest rates to maximise Council's return on investment.
 - \$10M maturity date 11/09/2023
 - \$20M maturity date 08/12/2023
- The balance of excess cash is invested with Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC), as QTC has been providing the best returns among the acceptable counterparty institutions.
- The weighted average return on investments has remained at 4.89% for the months of July and August due to RBA's cash rate decision.

CAPITAL DELIVERY (Excluding remediation)

- \$7.5M or 15% of the planned full year capital budget of \$51.4M has been delivered up to 31 August excluding commitments. Capital budget phasing will be reviewed in August with substantial work being undertaken on forward planning.
- \$16.7M has been committed to date which equates to 47.1% of the full year capital budget being spent or committed.



SUSTAINABILITY RATIOS

- These new financial sustainability ratios are for the month of August and will vary throughout the financial year as Council completes its operational and capital budgets.

Type	Measure	Target (Tier4)	As at 31 August 2023 for year ending 30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Financial Capacity	Council-Controlled Revenue	N/A	96.28% ✓	84.04% ✓
Operating Performance	Operating Surplus Ratio	Greater than 0%	62.26% ✓	6.04% ✓
	Operating Cash Ratio *	Greater than 0%	72.41% ✓	30.15% ✓
Liquidity	Unrestricted Cash Expense Cover Ratio	Greater than 4 months	98.00 ✓	14.59 ✓
Asset Management	Asset Sustainability Ratio	Greater than 80%	129.33% ✓	79.97% ✓
	Asset Consumption Ratio	Greater than 60%	73% ✓	73% ✓
Debt Servicing Capacity	Leverage Ratio	0 to 3 times	1.68 ✓	1.76 ✓

* Yet to be averaged over the 5 year period for this report.





FINANCIAL CAPACITY

These Ratios indicate Council's financial capacity to fund operations and repay debt obligations, in the short to the medium term.

<p>OPERATING SURPLUS RATIO</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Operating Surplus Ratio Data</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Curr. Bud</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>19/20</td> <td>2.26%</td> <td>0.22%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20/21</td> <td>4.5%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>21/22</td> <td>5.5%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>22/23</td> <td>6.26%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>23/24</td> <td>62.26%</td> <td>0.22%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Actual	Curr. Bud	19/20	2.26%	0.22%	20/21	4.5%		21/22	5.5%		22/23	6.26%		23/24	62.26%	0.22%	<p>NET FINANCIAL LIABILITIES RATIO (ADJUSTED)</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Net Financial Liabilities Ratio (Adjusted) Data</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Curr. Bud</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>19/20</td> <td>28.20%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>20/21</td> <td>10.20%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>21/22</td> <td>10.20%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>22/23</td> <td>-15.20%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>23/24</td> <td>-94.20%</td> <td>-9.25%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Actual	Curr. Bud	19/20	28.20%		20/21	10.20%		21/22	10.20%		22/23	-15.20%		23/24	-94.20%	-9.25%	<p>INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Interest Coverage Ratio Data</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Curr. Bud</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>19/20</td> <td>1.20%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>20/21</td> <td>1.50%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>21/22</td> <td>1.50%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>22/23</td> <td>-1.20%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>23/24</td> <td>-1.37%</td> <td>-1.37%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Actual	Curr. Bud	19/20	1.20%		20/21	1.50%		21/22	1.50%		22/23	-1.20%		23/24	-1.37%	-1.37%	<p>ASSET SUSTAINABILITY RATIO</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Asset Sustainability Ratio Data</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Curr. Bud</th> <th>5 Yr Avg</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>19/20</td> <td>129.33%</td> <td></td> <td>90%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20/21</td> <td>92.40%</td> <td></td> <td>90%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>21/22</td> <td>92.40%</td> <td></td> <td>90%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>22/23</td> <td>75.00%</td> <td></td> <td>90%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>23/24</td> <td>92.40%</td> <td>92.40%</td> <td>90%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Actual	Curr. Bud	5 Yr Avg	19/20	129.33%		90%	20/21	92.40%		90%	21/22	92.40%		90%	22/23	75.00%		90%	23/24	92.40%	92.40%	90%
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<p><i>Net Operating Surplus/(Deficit) divided by Total Operating Revenue</i></p>	<p><i>Total Liabilities less Current Assets divided by Total Operating Revenue</i></p>	<p><i>Net Interest Expense divided by Total Operating Revenue</i></p>	<p><i>Expenditure on Replacement Assets divided by Depreciation Expense</i></p>																																																																														
<p>Target: 0 - 10% YTD Act: 62.26% Budget: 0.22%</p>	<p>Target: < 60% YTD Act: -94.20% Budget: -9.25%</p>	<p>Target: < 5% YTD Act: -1.20% Budget: -1.37%</p>	<p>Target: Avg. 90% YTD Act: 129.33% Budget: 92.40%</p>																																																																														
<p>Above target % due to timing of revenue recognition.</p>	<p>Above budget and maintained at a steady level below the maximum recommended levels.</p>	<p>Is below the recommended maximum threshold and in line with budget.</p>	<p>Is below target and budget due to timing of capitalisations.</p>																																																																														

BUDGET ACHIEVEMENT

Council's ability to meet annual budgeted revenue, contain costs within budgeted expenditure parameters and manage cash flows is presented below. Delivery on budget will change as we progress through the 2023/24 financial year.

Item	Prev. Yr Act vs Bud	Curr YTD vs Full Year Budget	Flag
Our Earnings	101%	37%	
Our Expenditure	96%	14%	
Our Capital Delivery	77%	15%	
Our Cash on Hand	125%	172%	

- Earnings and Cash on Hand indicators are within expected levels as of 31 August due to timing of rates and charges being issued.
- Our Expenditure is at 14% and this will increase as we progress through out the financial year.
- Capital delivery is at 15% of the full year budget delivered, which is below the target level. It is expected that this will increase as we progress through the year. The capital program will be reviewed through the financial year to manage expected timeframe for delivery and availability of goods and services.

- Rates and Charges half yearly rates notices were raised in July and issued on the 2 August, with discount for prompt payment closing on 4 September.
- Water accounts were issued mid-August.
- 2023/24 Budget was adopted by Council on the 30 June 2023.
- Quarter 1 Budget Review is expected to be tabled at Council's Ordinary Council Meeting in November 2023.
- Budget risks are being monitored as the year progresses and will be discussed during the budget review deliberations.

WHITSUNDAY REGIONAL COUNCIL

Financial Statements

For the period ending 31 August 2023

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Statement of Comprehensive Income

Statement of Financial Position

Statement of Changes in Equity

Statement of Cash Flows

Attachment 11.10.2 Financial Statement for the period ending 31 August 2023

WHITSUNDAY REGIONAL COUNCIL

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the period ending 31 August 2023

	2024	2023	Budget	PTD Budget	Variance
	YTD	30 June	2023/24	2023/24	to Budget
Income	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Income					
Recurrent revenue					
Rates, levies and utility charges	49,337,398	97,493,607	101,372,667	50,686,334	97%
Sale of goods and major services	4,284,519	18,847,784	23,859,653	3,966,156	108%
Fees and charges	779,117	4,108,132	3,971,210	661,868	118%
Lease, rental and levies	101,033	326,371	356,124	59,354	170%
Interest received	1,107,556	4,480,093	4,551,500	754,083	147%
Sales of contract and recoverable works	(953)	6,042,321	5,800,676	966,779	0%
Other recurrent income	621,562	2,184,583	2,748,077	457,063	136%
Grants, subsidies and contributions	275,226	9,833,430	8,904,565	600,015	46%
Total recurrent revenue	56,505,458	143,316,321	151,564,472	58,151,652	97%
Capital revenue					
Grants, subsidies and contributions	2,912,502	26,354,278	7,223,594	1,602,097	182%
	2,912,502	26,354,278	7,223,594	1,602,097	182%
Total revenue	59,417,961	169,670,599	158,788,066	59,753,749	99%
Capital income	13,000	2,490,538	-	-	
Total income	59,430,961	172,161,137	158,788,066	59,753,749	99%
Expenses					
Recurrent expenses					
Employee benefits	(6,326,600)	(39,701,137)	(44,714,056)	(6,920,607)	91%
Materials and services	(9,264,223)	(60,402,208)	(71,630,931)	(12,386,291)	75%
Finance costs	(476,727)	(4,102,773)	(3,149,811)	(524,969)	91%
Depreciation and amortisation	(5,256,263)	(30,458,822)	(31,740,841)	(5,290,141)	99%
Total operating expenses	(21,323,813)	(134,664,940)	(151,235,639)	(25,122,008)	85%
Capital expenses					
Other capital expenses	-	(13,756,280)	(5,343,990)	-	
Total expenses	(21,323,813)	(148,421,220)	(156,579,629)	(25,122,008)	85%
Net result	38,107,147	23,739,917	2,208,437	34,631,741	110%
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified to net result					
Increase / (decrease) in asset revaluation surplus	-	71,126,730	-	-	
Total other comprehensive income for the year	-	71,126,730	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	38,107,147	94,866,647	2,208,437	34,631,741	110%

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Attachment 11.10.2 Financial Statement for the period ending 31 August 2023

WHITSUNDAY REGIONAL COUNCIL

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 August 2023

	2024	2023	Budget 2023/24
	\$	\$	\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	116,101,578	98,898,729	49,017,612
Cash investments	20,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000
Receivables	33,632,463	10,603,952	12,541,145
Inventories	1,698,977	1,665,933	2,050,000
Contract assets	3,216,163	2,867,685	-
Other assets	5,149,672	6,524,446	4,840,000
	179,798,854	150,560,745	98,448,757
Non-current assets held for sale	1,655,000	1,655,000	-
Total current assets	181,453,854	152,215,746	98,448,757
Non-current assets			
Receivables	13,000	13,000	-
Investment properties	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,040,000
Property, plant and equipment	1,273,326,805	1,271,128,736	1,217,806,358
Right of use assets	2,239,719	2,239,719	1,897,678
Total non-current assets	1,277,679,525	1,275,481,455	1,221,744,037
TOTAL ASSETS	1,459,133,379	1,427,697,201	1,320,192,794
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10,488,669	16,826,723	13,002,545
Provisions	8,825,596	10,336,866	16,185,656
Borrowings	6,184,916	6,184,916	6,237,987
Contract liabilities	8,108,040	7,400,254	-
Total current liabilities	33,607,220	40,748,759	35,426,188
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	4,498,279	4,498,279	1,509,143
Provisions	24,262,282	22,866,308	16,433,537
Borrowings	64,203,585	65,128,989	59,093,848
Total non-current liabilities	92,964,145	92,493,576	77,036,528
TOTAL LIABILITIES	126,571,366	133,242,336	112,462,716
NET COMMUNITY ASSETS	1,332,562,013	1,294,454,866	1,207,730,078
Community equity			
Investment in capital assets	761,485,205	758,361,731	782,045,209
Asset revaluation surplus	433,807,358	433,807,358	362,680,628
Retained surplus	47,044,027	11,211,635	12,918,333
Reserves	90,225,423	91,074,142	50,085,909
			-
TOTAL COMMUNITY EQUITY	1,332,562,013	1,294,454,866	1,207,730,078

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Attachment 11.10.2 Financial Statement for the period ending 31 August 2023

WHITSUNDAY REGIONAL COUNCIL

Statement of Changes in Equity
For the period ending 31 August 2023

	Total		Retained surplus		Reserves		Asset revaluation surplus	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Balance at beginning of the year	1,294,454,866	1,198,972,178	769,573,366	768,309,990	91,074,142	67,981,560	433,807,358	362,680,628
Error correction to opening balance	-	616,041	-	616,041			-	
Restated opening balances	1,294,454,866	1,199,588,219	769,573,366	768,926,031	91,074,142	67,981,560	433,807,358	362,680,628
Net result	38,107,147	23,739,917	38,107,147	23,739,917	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year								
Revaluations:								
Property, plant & equipment	-	71,126,654	-	-	-	-	-	71,126,654
Change in value of future rehabilitation costs	-	76	-	-	-	-	-	76
Total comprehensive income for the year	38,107,147	94,866,647	38,107,147	23,739,917	-	-	-	71,126,730
Transfers (to) from retained earnings and recurrent reserves	-	-	-	(7,596,209)	-	7,596,209	-	-
Transfers (to) from retained earnings and capital reserves	-	-	848,719	(15,496,373)	(848,719)	15,496,373	-	-
Balance at end of the year	1,332,562,013	1,294,454,866	808,529,232	769,573,366	90,225,423	91,074,142	433,807,358	433,807,358

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Attachment 11.10.2 Financial Statement for the period ending 31 August 2023

WHITSUNDAY REGIONAL COUNCIL

Statement of Cash Flows

For the period ending 31 August 2023

	2024	2023	Budget 2023/24
	\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
General rates and utility charges	28,227,367	97,473,013	98,182,667
Sale of goods and major services	4,284,519	18,847,784	23,859,653
Lease, rental and levies, fees and charges	880,150	4,213,670	4,127,334
Other income	82,737	9,565,958	9,023,753
GST received	(414,886)	9,153,638	(12,200)
Receipts from customers	33,059,886	139,254,064	135,181,207
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	731,442	10,133,235	8,904,565
Interest received	1,107,556	4,480,093	4,551,500
Payments			
Payment to employees	(6,279,794)	(38,692,415)	(44,746,056)
Payments for materials and services	(15,435,800)	(60,175,985)	(73,782,278)
GST paid	-	(8,890,610)	-
Payments to suppliers and employees	(21,715,594)	(107,759,010)	(118,528,334)
Interest expense	(431,798)	(2,742,616)	(2,934,811)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	12,751,492	43,365,766	27,174,127
Cash flows from investing activities			
Government subsidies and grants	1,894,094	33,621,465	7,223,594
Capital contributions	921,499	4,147,787	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(7,454,333)	(34,767,023)	(51,367,007)
Movement in work in progress	-	-	-
Payments for investment property	-	(161,566)	-
Net transfer (to) from cash investments	10,000,000	(30,000,000)	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	13,000	375,684	412,276
Payments for rehabilitation work	-	-	(1,140,654)
Non-current assets held for sale - Proceeds from sale	-	1,482,855	-
Net movement in loans to community organisations	2,500	17,000	-
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	5,376,760	(25,283,799)	(44,871,792)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of borrowings	(925,404)	(5,441,297)	(5,674,100)
Repayments made on finance leases	-	(466,763)	(311,742)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(925,404)	(5,908,060)	(5,985,842)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held	17,202,849	12,173,907	(23,683,507)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year	98,898,729	86,724,822	102,701,119
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year	116,101,578	98,898,729	79,017,612

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Attachment 11.10.3 Capital Expenditure Report as at 31 August 2023

Job	Description	a.	b.	(a.+b.)	d.	e.	(a./d.)	a./e.	e.-a.
		Actuals to Period	Commitments	Actuals + Commitments	Budget to Period	Total Annual Current Budget	% YTD Act to YTD Bud	% YTD Act to Ann Bud	Remaining Bud \$
20000 - Capital Delivery									
32200 - EM - SES									
4243	Cannonvale SES Communications room	-	-	-	10,500	63,000			63,000
Sub Total EM - SES		-	-	-	10,500	63,000	0%	0%	63,000
Total Capital Delivery		-	-	-	10,500	63,000	0%	0%	63,000
30000 - Infrastructure Services									
33100 - Disaster Recovery									
4908	NDRRA 2017 - Cyclone Debbie - Shute Harbour Seawall REPA B	-	35,115	35,115	-	-			-
4909	NDRRA 2017 - Cyclone Debbie - Shute Harbour Terminal &	(6,101)	53,316	47,215	238,434	1,430,602			1,430,602
8771	Qld Monsoonal Flooding 2021 - Project	(10,796)	3,481	(7,315)	-	-			-
9046	DRFA - Qld Monsoonal 2021 - WRC.0046.2021	14,544	-	14,544	-	-			-
9052	DRFA - Qld Monsoonal 2021 - Johnny Cake Rd - Cville Roads	-	75,025	75,025	-	-			-
9053	DRFA - Qld Monsoonal 2021 - Tabletop Rd - Cville Road	-	212,951	212,951	-	-			-
9054	DRFA - Qld Monsoonal 2021 - Curringa Rd - Cville Roads	-	148,372	148,372	-	-			-
9059	DRFA - Qld Monsoonal 2021 - Emu Plains Rd - Cville Roads	-	677,233	677,233	-	-			-
9060	DRFA - Qld Monsoonal 2021 - Amberkolly Rd - Cville Roads	-	92,225	92,225	-	-			-
9061	DRFA - Qld Monsoonal 2021 - Exmoor Rd - Cville Roads	-	53,526	53,526	-	-			-
9284	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - WRC.0059.2223G.REC	138,346	-	138,346	-	-			-
9285	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - Emu Plains Rd	1,131,964	-	1,131,964	-	-			-
9286	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - Amberfolly Rd	119,167	-	119,167	-	-			-
9287	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - Exmoor Rd	928,452	-	928,452	-	-			-
9288	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - Johnny Cake Rd	1,680,565	0	1,680,565	-	-			-
9290	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - Curringa Rd	347,479	-	347,479	-	-			-
9291	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - WRC.0058.2223	28,956	-	28,956	-	-			-
9294	DRFA - Rain Event 2023 - Saltwater Creek Rd	81,134	35,096	116,230	-	-			-
Sub Total Disaster Recovery		4,453,711	1,386,340	5,840,051	238,434	1,430,602	1868%	311%	1,430,602
34900 - R&D - Assets									
4024	Bus Stop DDA Compliance	2,241	1,516	3,757	10,000	100,000	22%	2%	100,000
4025	Coconut Grove Disabled Parking Bays	651	-	651	-	-			-
4028	Blake St Disabled parking bay and footpath	-	205	205	-	-			-
4031	Mill Street Kerb and Channel	24,226	-	24,226	-	-			-
4033	Collinsville Pump Track	857	-	857	49,434	296,604	2%	0%	296,604
4035	LRCI - Bicentennial Boardwalk refurbishment	1,495	46,983	48,478	-	-			-
4036	Neerim Crescent Stormwater Renewal	566	-	566	-	-			-
4038	Homestead Place Stormwater Upgrade	670	68,640	69,310	20,000	100,000	3%	1%	100,000
4083	Stormwater Renewals	14,038	56,412	70,450	-	475,000		3%	475,000
4084	Eshelby Drive Footpath - Stage 1 (300m)	69,432	47,652	117,084	-	-			-
4085	Balaam Road Floodway Upgrade	601	-	601	-	280,000		0%	280,000
4102	Renwick Road shared path	15,369	-	15,369	-	-			-
4103	Cantamessa Road Culvert	681	-	681	-	70,000		1%	70,000
4255	Design Program	-	-	-	-	230,000			230,000
4256	Renwick Rd Intersection (TIDS)	10,361	-	10,361	25,000	500,000	41%	2%	500,000
4257	Reseal Program	9,720	-	9,720	-	800,000		1%	800,000
4258	Unsealed Roads Resheeting Program	94	-	94	250,000	1,192,176	0%	0%	1,192,176
4259	Design of Mandalay Road Footpath	6,244	-	6,244	5,000	10,000	125%	62%	10,000
4260	Design of Erromango Solar Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	10,000			10,000
4261	Bicentennial Boardwalk Upgrade - Stage 2	665	1,955,567	1,956,232	250,000	2,000,000	0%	0%	2,000,000
4262	Mackenzie Street Kerb and Channel	-	-	-	-	22,500			22,500
4263	Pandanus Street Kerb and Channel	2,015	-	2,015	-	25,000		8%	25,000
4264	Strickland Street Kerb and Channel	-	-	-	-	25,000			25,000
4265	Gumlu State School Bus Stop	-	-	-	78,500	78,500			78,500
4266	Stormwater Renewals	9,670	-	9,670	-	500,000		2%	500,000
4267	Valley Drive Open Drain Renewals	-	-	-	-	101,385			101,385
4268	Paluma Rd to Carlo Dr Stormwater Project Planning	-	-	-	50,000	267,000			267,000
8084	Pros. Main Street Upgrade - Dobbins Lane C/W	290	-	290	-	-			-
8099	Molongie Creek Boat Ramp	4,061	1,818	5,879	-	-			-
8629	LRCI - Edgecumbe Heights Walking Tracks Upgrade	506	876,205	876,711	83,428	500,569	1%	0%	500,569
8630	Forestry Road	-	133,990	133,990	-	-			-
8639	Unsealed Roads Creek Crossing Upgrade Program	1,641	-	1,641	-	236,946		1%	236,946
8640	Unsealed Roads Resheeting Program	154,041	83,426	237,468	-	-			-
8641	Wilson's Beach Rockwall	(219)	-	(219)	-	-			-
8817	TMR early works - Paluma Rd to Tropic Rd	492	15,717	16,209	-	-			-
8904	Reseal Program	894	2,995	3,889	-	-			-
8911	Waterson Way car park construction and seal	533	-	533	-	-			-
9106	Richmond Road Floodway Upgrade (TIDS)	1,733	-	1,733	-	-			-
9107	Scottville Road (TIDS)	167,181	837,096	1,004,277	650,000	1,380,261	26%	12%	1,380,261
9108	Tondara Road Seal Project	-	18,960	18,960	-	3,035,981			3,035,981
9456	Proserpine Main Street Footpath - Palace Hotel	21,203	795	21,997	-	-			-
Sub Total R&D - Assets		521,954	4,147,976	4,669,930	1,471,362	12,236,922	35%	4%	12,236,922
36100 - OS - Parks									
4249	Bowen Grey's Bay Shelter supply and installation	22,737	-	22,737	14,166	85,000	161%	27%	85,000
4250	Bowen Lions Shelters Stage 2	-	-	-	22,500	135,000			135,000
4251	Cemetery Lowering Devices	15,184	53,166	68,350	10,834	65,000	140%	23%	65,000
4252	Dingo Beach Bollards Stage 2	-	-	-	20,950	125,700			125,700
4253	Shute Harbour - Snows Beach Asset upgrades	-	-	-	48,334	290,000			290,000
4254	New Basketball Court - Halpannel Park	-	-	-	60,000	360,000			360,000

Attachment 11.10.3 Capital Expenditure Report as at 31 August 2023

Job	Description	a.	b.	(a+b)	d.	e.	(a/d.)	a/e.	e.-a.
		Actuals to Period	Commitments	Actuals + Commitments	Budget to Period	Total Annual Current Budget	% YTD Act to YTD Bud	% YTD Act to Ann Bud	Remaining Bud \$
5632	Lake Proserpine Recreation Hub - Stage 1 - C/W 18-19	-	81,335	81,335	-	-			-
8625	Assets Renewal Parks and Gardens	-	-	-	61,408	368,450			368,450
8873	Choose Collinsville Project	244,343	349,535	593,878	138,006	828,030	177%	30%	828,030
9249	LRCI - Cannonvale Skate Bowl Upgrade - Stage 2	15,370	557,565	572,935	87,704	526,220	18%	3%	526,220
Sub Total OS - Parks		297,634	1,041,601	1,339,234	463,902	2,783,400	64%	11%	2,783,400
37200 - Works for Queensland									
4094	Regional Sewer Relining P1 22/23	-	-	-	30,334	182,000			182,000
8830	W4Q - Collinsville Aquatic Facility - pool retilling renewal	422	-	422	-	-			-
8834	W4Q - Brandy Creek - New Amenities	343	72,922	73,266	15,508	93,042	2%	0%	93,042
8842	W4Q - Greening & Growing Bowen 3 - recycled water network ext	16,998	29,105	46,103	-	-			-
8843	W4Q - Sewer Relining - Regional P1 Zone	-	247,048	247,048	-	-			-
8844	W4Q - Bowen WTP Intake, Switchboard and Structure	177,070	210,620	387,689	211,334	1,268,000	84%	14%	1,268,000
Sub Total Works for Queensland		194,833	559,695	754,528	257,176	1,543,042	76%	13%	1,543,042
38200 - WSW - Water Operations									
4052	Mt Julian Network Reconfig	765	-	765	30,516	183,100	3%	0%	183,100
4053	Network Reconfig Island Dr WPS	1,550	80	1,630	28,776	172,650	5%	1%	172,650
4054	Jubilee Pocket Trunk Watermain	5,731	-	5,731	27,544	165,268	21%	3%	165,268
4055	Bore1 Replacement	-	-	-	43,080	258,475			258,475
4056	Kara Crescent Pumped Zone	-	6,870	6,870	1,166	7,000			7,000
4057	Cannon Valley Res to Parker Rd	1,361	4,320	5,681	50,354	302,125	3%	0%	302,125
4058	Cannonvale Reservoir Reconfig	2,107	22,940	25,047	53,500	321,000	4%	1%	321,000
4059	Coyne Rd Reservoir & PS Works	3,582	1,391	4,973	6,334	38,000	57%	3%	38,000
4060	Proserpine PRV Cross Connect	468	8,640	9,108	34,888	209,328	1%	0%	209,328
4061	Stanley Dr PS Reconfiguration	1,999	-	1,999	11,240	67,444	18%	3%	67,444
4064	Coastal WTP - Pump and Switchcb	719	-	719	120,834	725,000	1%	0%	725,000
4066	CSTWTP Compressor replacement	590	-	590	-	-			-
4067	Renwick Rd Trunk Watermain	382	-	382	2,500	15,000	15%	3%	15,000
4082	Water Main Renewals 22/23 - Stewart Drive, Cannonvale	6,296	-	6,296	-	-			-
4273	Emergent Works Water	-	-	-	48,334	290,000			290,000
4274	Minor New & Replacements Water	1,059	-	1,059	41,666	250,000	3%	0%	250,000
4275	Water Capital Design	-	-	-	30,112	180,675			180,675
8895	New Initiative - Disaster Resilience - Extend Fibre Infrastr	-	-	-	10,500	63,000			63,000
8921	Bowen Small Reservoir Pressure Zone	-	7,480	7,480	2,084	12,500			12,500
8922	Collinsville WTP Emergent works	7,179	2,100	9,279	-	-			-
8923	Facilities Instrumentation, Electrical and Control Renewals	423	1,582	2,005	-	-			-
8924	Penticost St Area Renewal	-	-	-	11,768	70,607			70,607
8925	Proserpine Bore 10 supplementary Funding for Bore moving (TM	1,916	7,858	9,774	9,166	55,000	21%	3%	55,000
8927	Collinsville Efficient Resilient Solar Program	63,317	152,605	215,921	118,166	708,993	54%	9%	708,993
8931	Additional Bores - Proserpine WTP	37,312	53,704	91,016	146,882	881,296	25%	4%	881,296
8932	Network Instrumentation, Electrical and Control Renewals - W	-	16,260	16,260	-	-			-
Sub Total WSW - Water Operations		136,755	285,829	422,584	829,410	4,976,461	16%	3%	4,976,461
38300 - WSW - Sewerage Operations									
4040	Ammonia/ Nitrate Optimisation	-	137,557	137,557	25,834	155,000			155,000
4045	Carlo Drive Sewer Rising Main	2,080	234,270	236,350	29,166	175,000	7%	1%	175,000
4092	Emergent Works Sewer 22/23	299,630	1,350	300,980	-	-			-
4112	Cannonvale STP Membrane Replacement	21,947	148,486	170,433	35,000	210,000	63%	10%	210,000
4204	Equipment - Sewer Camera	-	35,056	35,056	-	-			-
4269	Emergent Works Sewer	3,640	8,930	12,570	61,300	367,800	6%	1%	367,800
4270	Minor New & Replacements Sewer	-	-	-	19,000	114,000			114,000
4271	Sewer Capital Design	-	-	-	30,112	180,675			180,675
4272	Regional Sewer Pump Replacement Program	-	34,166	34,166	7,500	45,000			45,000
4931	New Bowen Sewerage Treatment Plant & Upgrades - C/W 17-18-C/	8,123	-	8,123	-	-			-
5539	Sewer Pump Capacity Upgrades - Combined Rising Main - C/W 18	-	-	-	60,000	360,000			360,000
8915	Sewer Relining - Regional P2 Zone	-	255,725	255,725	-	-			-
8916	STP Odour containment Panel replacement	-	67,241	67,241	-	-			-
8917	Chapman St Sewer Rising Main Replacement	-	-	-	101,884	611,300			611,300
8920	Network Instrumentation, Electrical and Control Renewals - S	-	15,674	15,674	-	-			-
8935	Waste reuse to Agriculture (biosolids) Project	-	12,196	12,196	-	-			-
Sub Total WSW - Sewerage Operations		335,419	950,652	1,286,071	369,796	2,218,775	91%	15%	2,218,775
38400 - WSW - Waste & Recycling Services									
4046	Cell 6 Kelsey Creek Landfill	11,303	18,310	29,613	574,388	3,446,333	2%	0%	3,446,333
4048	Cvle Tfr Station Drainage	-	-	-	50,000	300,000			300,000
4049	KCL Landfill RRA and Transfer	106,123	274,332	380,455	18,334	110,000	579%	96%	110,000
4050	Stormwater Bowen Landfill	-	-	-	12,500	75,000			75,000
4051	Upgrade Sediment Pond 1-Kelsey	-	-	-	55,834	335,000			335,000
4203	Fencing- Renewal	12,694	890	13,584	-	-			-
4276	Transfer Station Cannonvale Stormwater Drainage	-	-	-	27,500	165,000			165,000
4277	Transfer Station Collinsville Upgrades	-	-	-	25,834	155,000			155,000
4278	Landfill Bowen Leachate Evaporation Pond	-	-	-	30,834	185,000			185,000
4279	Purchase New Waste Oil Sheds	-	-	-	8,334	50,000			50,000
4280	Landfill Bowen Upgrade Sed Pond 3	-	-	-	50,000	300,000			300,000
8820	Cannonvale Waste Transfer Station	21,979	23,342	45,321	-	-			-
9157	Bowen Landfill - Culvert, Stormwater Drain, Leachate Pump	-	-	-	18,152	108,914			108,914
Sub Total WSW - Waste & Recycling Services		152,100	316,874	468,974	871,710	5,230,247	17%	3%	5,230,247
Total Infrastructure Services		6,092,406	8,688,966	14,781,372	4,501,790	30,419,449	135%	20%	30,419,449
40000 - Corporate Services									

Attachment 11.10.3 Capital Expenditure Report as at 31 August 2023

Job	Description	a.	b.	(a+b)	d.	e.	(a/d.)	a/e.	e.- a.
		Actuals to Period	Commitments	Actuals + Commitments	Budget to Period	Total Annual Current Budget	% YTD Act to YTD Bud	% YTD Act to Ann Bud	Remaining Bud \$
42200 - IT - Projects - Information Management									
4091	NBN 5x Hybrid Cubes to Fixed wireless towers	27,419	-	27,419	-	-			-
4246	Replacement - Meeting Room AV Equipment Upgrades	-	-	-	11,666	70,000			70,000
4247	Replacement - Waste Transfer Stn Point of Sale System Upgrad	8,658	600	9,258	4,584	27,500	189%	31%	27,500
4248	Replacement - Water and Waste Scada Servers	-	-	-	6,666	40,000			40,000
8821	CCTV, Radio links, Video conferencing and Wireless Access	453	-	453	-	-			-
8876	Disaster Resilience - VHF Radio Network Replacement	445,276	582,388	1,027,663	169,248	1,015,484	263%	44%	1,015,484
8878	Replacement Program - Desktop PC's and Laptop Computers	(12,619)	81,211	68,592	23,500	141,000	-54%	-9%	141,000
8884	Replacement Program - CCTV Network Hardware Upgrade	-	11,232	11,232	22,666	136,000			136,000
8885	Replacement Program - CIRP - Communications Infrastructure R	-	-	-	37,500	225,000			225,000
8892	New Initiative - Disaster Resilience - NBN ? Design, Install	-	9,635	9,635	25,000	150,000			150,000
8893	New Initiative ? IoT Program of Works ? Design, Install Hard	-	-	-	8,334	50,000			50,000
Sub Total IT - Projects - Information Management		469,186	685,065	1,154,251	309,164	1,854,984	152%	25%	1,854,984
42300 - IT - Operational - Technical Services									
4074	Mobility Solutions and Integrations	(8,645)	-	(8,645)	-	-			-
Sub Total IT - Operational - Technical Services		-	8,645	-	-	-	0%	0%	-
43300 - Finance - Insurance									
7886	Insurance - Bowen Reservoir- CW 1920	2,149	50,485	52,634	89,656	537,931	2%	0%	537,931
7896	Insurance - Collinsville Reservoir High Level	5,014	69,103	74,117	79,656	477,939	6%	1%	477,939
Sub Total Finance - Insurance		7,163	119,588	126,751	169,312	1,015,870	4%	1%	1,015,870
44400 - PPF - Fleet Management									
2089	Plant Purchases	953	1,921,206	1,922,158	-	-			-
4020	Fleet and Plant Replacement Program	27,975	2,110,148	2,138,123	-	-			-
4090	Backhoe Loader Proserpine	-	-	-	36,666	220,000			220,000
4244	Fleet and Plant Replacement Program	-	754,500	754,500	1,125,636	6,753,818			6,753,818
4245	Infrastructure Services - Trailers	-	-	-	36,916	221,500			221,500
Sub Total PPF - Fleet Management		28,928	4,785,853	4,814,781	1,199,218	7,195,318	2%	0%	7,195,318
44700 - PPF - Property & Facilities									
4008	Bowen Admin Ground Floor - Mech Plant Renewal	4,642	1,058	5,700	183,334	1,100,000	3%	0%	1,100,000
4012	Bowen Cemetery Amenities Renewal	73	116,369	116,442	19,978	119,864	0%	0%	119,864
4013	Bowen Workcamp Dwelling Restumping	-	87,773	87,773	-	-			-
4015	Denison Park Grandstand Renewal	192,382	20,025	212,407	34,406	206,438	559%	93%	206,438
4016	Fuel Bowser Replacement Program	-	92,730	92,730	47,184	283,098			283,098
4017	Proserpine Depot Masterplan	-	-	-	25,000	150,000			150,000
4019	PEC - Storage Structure and Fit out	-	146,618	146,618	30,636	183,818			183,818
4069	Cedar Creek Amenities - Renewal	73	170,525	170,598	38,234	229,403	0%	0%	229,403
4070	Hansen Case Park - New Amenities	79,503	89,243	168,745	24,166	145,000	329%	55%	145,000
4071	Proserpine Cemetery - Disabled amenities upgrades	-	54,795	54,795	13,970	83,822			83,822
4106	Bowen Workcamp STP Renewal	46,182	1,635	47,817	-	-			-
4202	Digital Screens	3,387	2,048	5,435	-	-			-
4227	Aircon Replacement Program	4,139	-	4,139	22,950	137,700	18%	3%	137,700
4228	Amenities CCTV Installation Project	541	-	541	23,334	140,000	2%	0%	140,000
4229	Bowen Admin Solar installation	541	-	541	9,666	58,000	6%	1%	58,000
4230	Bowen Depot Auto Gate	-	-	-	6,666	40,000			40,000
4231	Bowen Depot Cement Shed Roof Renewal	-	-	-	5,200	31,200			31,200
4232	Bowen PCYC -OSHC Floor Covering Replacement	-	-	-	5,000	30,000			30,000
4233	Buildings Painting Program	1,500	-	1,500	13,500	81,000	11%	2%	81,000
4234	Collinsville Depot Boundary Fence	615	-	615	22,660	135,960	3%	0%	135,960
4235	Collinsville Football Club Field Lighting Renewal	591	-	591	25,200	151,200	2%	0%	151,200
4236	Demolition Of Kent St Clubhouse and Structures	-	-	-	4,950	29,700			29,700
4237	Demolition Of Powerhouse Road Structures	-	-	-	30,228	181,368			181,368
4239	Proserpine Depot Stores Racking	467	-	467	9,166	55,000	5%	1%	55,000
4240	Shingley Beach Amenities Reroof	-	-	-	5,460	32,760			32,760
4241	Strategic Asset Reserve	-	-	-	365,666	2,194,000			2,194,000
4242	Cannonvale Customer Service & Library project	6,558	56,105	62,663	47,030	282,180	14%	2%	282,180
4926	Proserpine Entertainment Centre - Building Works in addition	8,731	51,440	60,171	-	-			-
5021	Collinsville Football Club Field Lighting Renewal	2,181	138,441	140,622	-	-			-
8852	Airlie Beach Lagoon Amenities Fitout and Fittings Renewal	737	191,445	192,182	15,704	94,225	5%	1%	94,225
8853	Bowen Depot Boundary Fence Renewal	-	214	214	-	-			-
8856	Bowen Library Mechanical Plant Renewal	-	-	-	8,750	52,500			52,500
8858	Solar Power Generation	37,330	53,904	91,234	-	-			-
8859	Collinsville Football Club Roof Renewal	94,145	114,205	208,351	-	-			-
8868	Relocation of Cannonvale Depot - Demountable Buildings	-	7,070	7,070	-	-			-
Sub Total PPF - Property & Facilities		484,317	1,395,643	1,879,960	1,038,038	6,228,236	47%	8%	6,228,236
Total Corporate Services		980,949	6,986,149	7,967,098	2,715,732	16,294,408	36%	6%	16,294,408
50000 - Development Services									
53100 - SP - Strategic Planning									
4226	LGIP Cuttull Road Investigations and Design	-	-	-	66,666	400,000			400,000
Sub Total SP - Strategic Planning		-	-	-	66,666	400,000	0%	0%	400,000
Total Development Services		-	-	-	66,666	400,000	0%	0%	400,000
60000 - Community Services									
62200 - CDL - Libraries									
4005	Bowen Library Refurbishment	(2,175)	509	(1,665)	-	-			-

Attachment 11.10.3 Capital Expenditure Report as at 31 August 2023

Job	Description	a.	b.	(a.+b.)	d.	e.	(a./d.)	a./e.	e.- a.
		Actuals to Period	Commitments	Actuals + Commitments	Budget to Period	Total Annual Current Budget	% YTD Act to YTD Bud	% YTD Act to Ann Bud	Remaining Bud \$
Sub Total CDL - Libraries									
		2,175	509	1,665	-	-	0%	0%	-
65100 - RS - Sport & Recreational									
4220	BSP Shop Front Refurbishment	-	-	-	4,166	25,000			25,000
8903	Lake Proserpine Commercialisation Project	-	-	-	12,500	75,000			75,000
Sub Total RS - Sport & Recreational									
		-	-	-	16,666	100,000	0%	0%	100,000
65300 - RS - Pools, Lagoons & Enclosures									
4223	Collinsville Pool Design & Construct Bulk Head and Retile	-	-	-	39,958	239,750			239,750
8606	Wilson Beach Swimming Enclosure Refurbishment	21,470	98,154	119,624	50,000	300,000	43%	7%	300,000
8787	LRCI - Construction of new Collinsville Water Park	471	-	471	-	-			-
8899	Bowen Aquatic Facility - town pool heater replacement	-	420	420	-	-			-
8900	Proserpine Aquatic Facility - town pool heater replacement	-	420	420	-	-			-
Sub Total RS - Pools, Lagoons & Enclosures									
		21,941	98,994	120,935	89,958	539,750	24%	4%	539,750
67150 - HEC - Natural Resource Management									
4006	Frog Rock foreshore	1,545	1,545	3,091	-	-			-
4221	Merinda washdown facility	-	-	-	7,500	45,000			45,000
Sub Total HEC - Natural Resource Management									
		1,545	1,545	3,091	7,500	45,000	21%	3%	45,000
67300 - HEC - Water Quality									
4224	Mullers lagoon aeration	-	-	-	5,000	30,000			30,000
4225	Cannonvale lakes aeration	-	-	-	5,000	30,000			30,000
Sub Total HEC - Water Quality									
		-	-	-	10,000	60,000	0%	0%	60,000
67350 - HEC - Environmental Health									
4200	Litter & Illegal Dumping Partnership Program 2B	28,739	1,067	29,806	-	-			-
Sub Total HEC - Environmental Health									
		28,739	1,067	29,806	-	-	0%	0%	-
67550 - HEC - Local Laws									
4222	Proserpine Pound Security System upgrades	-	-	-	6,334	38,000			38,000
Sub Total HEC - Local Laws									
		-	-	-	6,334	38,000	0%	0%	38,000
Total Community Services		50,050	102,115	152,166	130,458	782,750	38%	6%	782,750
70000 - Commercial									
14100 - COM - Airports - Operations									
4002	Upgrade Airport Admin Office	-	25,053	25,053	-	-			-
4004	Whitsunday Coast Airport Fence	-	-	-	15,888	95,324			95,324
4087	Collinsville Airport Runway Re-seal	-	-	-	58,334	350,000			350,000
4122	WCA Freight Hub Implementation	1,524	1,678	3,202	-	-			-
4206	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Undercover solar car parking	-	-	-	25,000	150,000			150,000
4207	Whitsunday Coast Airport - GA Terminal	-	-	-	-	300,000			300,000
4209	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Furniture purchase	-	3,117	3,117	-	50,000			50,000
4211	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Replace checked bag screening ser	-	35,300	35,300	-	50,000			50,000
4212	Whitsunday Coast Airport - 100KVA Field Generator	-	-	-	-	100,000			100,000
4213	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Airconditioning upgrade	-	-	-	-	500,000			500,000
4214	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Replace end of life Explosive Tra	-	122,100	122,100	-	120,000			120,000
4215	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Freight Distribution Centre CCTV	-	-	-	8,334	50,000			50,000
4216	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Apron Upgrade/Second Taxiway	-	-	-	33,334	200,000			200,000
4217	Whitsunday Coast Airport - front terminal roadway	-	-	-	16,666	100,000			100,000
4218	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Access Gate 5 Road	-	-	-	8,334	50,000			50,000
4219	Whitsunday Coast Airport - Sewerage Treatment Plant Upgrade	-	-	-	-	100,000			100,000
7033	WCA Airport Fitout	-	25,053	25,053	-	-			-
8594	Bowen Aerodrome Runway Repairs	2,143	53,747	55,890	-	-			-
8863	Welcome to Whitsundays Signage Proserpine Airport	-	4,137	4,137	-	-			-
Sub Total COM - Airports - Operations									
		3,667	270,184	273,851	165,890	2,215,324	2%	0%	2,215,324
14500 - COM - Shute Harbour - Operations									
4001	Refurbish Shute Harbour Fishing Pontoon	-	4,500	4,500	83,334	500,000			500,000
4100	Small Tourism Office (STO) and Works in Addition	327,261	664,166	991,427	-	-			-
4205	Shute Harbour - Under Cover Carpark with Solar Shute Harbour	-	-	-	43,680	262,076			262,076
4208	Shute Harbour - Replacement flooring	-	25,500	25,500	-	60,000			60,000
Sub Total COM - Shute Harbour - Operations									
		327,261	694,166	1,021,427	127,014	822,076	258%	40%	822,076
14700 - COM - Airstrips									
4210	Bowen Airstrip - lighting upgrade to MOS Specifications	-	-	-	41,666	250,000			250,000
Sub Total COM - Airstrips									
		-	-	-	41,666	250,000	0%	0%	250,000
39100 - COMM - Quarry - Operations									
4180	Quarry Crushing Plant Renewals	-	-	-	20,001	120,003			120,003
Sub Total COMM - Quarry - Operations									
		-	-	-	20,001	120,003	0%	0%	120,003
Total Commercial		330,928	964,350	1,295,277	354,571	3,407,403	93%	10%	3,407,403
Capital Grand Total for Period ending 31 August 2023		7,454,333	16,741,580	24,195,913	7,779,717	51,367,010	96%	15%	51,367,010

Percentage YTD Actuals v YTD Budget	95.82%
Percentage YTD Actuals + Commitments v Annual Current Budget	47.10%

Attachment 11.10.3 Capital Expenditure Report as at 31 August 2023

Job	Description	a. Actuals to Period	b. Commitments	(a.+b.) Actuals + Commitments	d. Budget to Period	e. Total Annual Current Budget	(a./d.) % YTDAct to YTD Bud	a./e. % YTD Act to Ann Bud	e.- a. Remaining Bud \$
Remediation Works 30000 - Infrastructure Services									
Remediation Works 38400 - WSW - Waste & Recycling Services									
4068	Kelsey Creek-Capping Cell 1-4	-	-	-	41,666	250,000			250,000
4078	Bowen Landfill - legacy Landfill cell capping (stage 2)	-	-	-	50,000	300,000			300,000
4281	Landfill Kelsey Closed Cell 1 to 4 Fence Replacement	-	-	-	44,774	268,648			268,648
9099	Landfill - Kelsey Creek - Legacy Cell 1 - 4	-	-	-	8,990	53,934			53,934
9100	Landfill - Bowen- Legacy Cell 1	-	-	-	11,346	68,072			68,072
9156	Bowen Landfill - Capping Stage 1, Stormwater Drain, Ground	-	118,991	118,991	33,334	200,000			200,000
Sub Total Remediation Works WSW - Waste & Recycling Services		-	118,991	118,991	190,110	1,140,654	0%	0%	1,140,654
Capital & Remediation Grant Total for period ending 31 August 2023		7,471,229	16,860,571	24,314,904	7,969,827	52,507,664	94%	14%	52,507,664

11.11 - Sport & Recreation Club Grants - September 2023

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Jacqueline Neave - Arts & Community Programs Officer

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Julie Wright - Director Community Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

Nil

PURPOSE

For Council to consider the payment of the Sport & Recreation Club Grants for September 2023 in accordance with Council's Sport & Recreation Grant Guidelines.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council approve the payment of a Sport & Recreation Club Grant to the following recipients:

1. Music Evolution Project Inc. – Band 1 - \$5,500
2. Bowen Tennis Association Inc. – Band 2 - \$3,000
3. Whitsunday Bald Eagles – Band 3 - \$1,500
4. Strings Whitsunday Inc. – Band 4 - \$1,000
5. Club Outrigger Whitsunday Inc. – Band 4 - \$1,000
6. Airlie Beach Darts Club Inc. – Band 4 - \$1,000

BACKGROUND

To be eligible for the Sport & Recreation Grant a club must meet the following criteria:

- Is incorporated and meets the obligations with the Office of Fair Trading
- Is covered with the appropriate level of public liability insurance (20 million)
- Provides membership data (as defined by Council) to Council on an annual basis.

The level of funding available to clubs will be based on a progressive scale, the larger the participation rate, the larger the support to the club. Participation is defined as being the total number of active members within the club.

The Sport & Recreation Clubs Grants are allocated based on the following:

Band Level	No. of Active Participants	Grant Allocation (\$)
Band 1	>250	5,500
Band 2	101 – 250	3,000
Band 3	51 – 100	1,500
Band 4	4 - 50	1,000

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

The following applications were submitted:

Organisation Name	Junior Members	Senior Members	Total Members	Band	Public Liability	Amount Requested (\$)
Music Evolution Project Inc.	90	173	263	1	Yes	5,500
Bowen Tennis Association Inc.	90	42	132	2	Yes	3,000
Whitsunday Bald Eagles Inc.	0	60	60	3	Yes	1,500
Strings Whitsunday Inc.	15	4	19	4	Yes	1,000
Club Outrigger Whitsunday Inc.	0	47	47	4	Yes	1,000
Airlie Beach Darts	0	11	11	4	Yes	1,000
					Total	13,000

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Local Government Act 2009
Local Government Regulation 2012
LSP_COMM_ - Community Grants Policy

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Facilitate, foster, and encourage region wide activities and programs that engage our community.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The funds will be taken from budget code: JC:2967.10250 – Community Donations (2967) / Club Grants (10250).

Description	Amount (\$)
2023/2024 Budget	150,000
Actual + Commitment	53,000
YTD Remaining Budget	97,000

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Director Community Services

RISK ASSESSMENT

Reputational Risk – Providing funding support to the community and recognising the efforts of local Sport & Recreational Clubs is a positive outcome for Council.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

Payment will be made within one month of approval.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

This decision does not limit the identified human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Options	Description	Positives	Negatives
Option 2	Not approved	Save money in the budget	Negative impact for Council not showing support to clubs

11.12 - Financial Support for a Junior Elite Athlete - September 2023

DATE: Wednesday 27 September 2023

TO: Ordinary Council Meeting

AUTHOR: Jacqueline Neave - Arts & Community Programs Officer

AUTHORISING OFFICER: Julie Wright - Director Community Services

PRESENTED FOR: Decision

ATTACHMENTS

Nil

PURPOSE

For Council to consider the applications for Financial Support for Junior Elite Athletes.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council approve financial support for the following applicants:

1. Kurt Vella – World Championship Miniature Bull Riding World Finals - \$2,000
2. Kade Harrison – Australian Youth Volleyball Championships - \$1,000
3. Byron Goodin – U14 Boys State of Origin Cup State Football Team - \$1,000
4. Lillian Knight – 2023 Girls National Youth Soccer (Football) Championships - \$1,000
5. Anisa Helou – 2023 Hancock Prospecting Qld Girls Swimming Championships - \$250
6. Ehsan Helou - 2023 Hancock Prospecting Qld Boys Swimming Championships - \$250
7. Jesse Frisch – Queensland Senior Volleyball Schools Cup Honours Division - \$250
8. Ella Gosney – Queensland Representative School Sport Softball Championships - \$250
9. Charlee Snell – Northern Region School Sport – U12s Cross Country State Championships - \$250

BACKGROUND

At the Ordinary Council Meeting held on 28 July 2021, Council resolved to adopt a policy to provide Financial Support for a Junior Elite Athlete. The level of funding available to individual Junior Elite Athletes is calculated on a progressive scale, the higher the level of representation the greater the financial support, as outlined below:

Level of Representation	Allocation (\$)
Representing North Queensland or equivalent in State level competition	250
Representing Queensland within Queensland	500
Representing Queensland Interstate	1,000
Representing Australia Overseas	up to 2,000

DISCUSSION/CURRENT ISSUE

Name	Age	Competition	Representati on Level	Sport	Amount (\$)
Kurt Vella	14	World Championship	Representing	Bull Riding	2,000

		Mini Bull Riding World Finals 2-7 October 2023 Mesquite, Texas USA	Australia Overseas		
Kade Harrison	14	Australian Youth Volleyball National Championships 17-22 September 2023 Bendigo, VIC	Representing Queensland Interstate	Volleyball	1,000
Byron Goodin	14	U14 Boys State of Origin Cup State Football Team 19-21 September 2023 Melbourne, VIC	Representing Queensland Interstate	Football	1,000
Lilliana Knight	14	2023 Girls National Youth Soccer (Football) Championships 9-13 October 2023 Wollongong, NSW	Representing Queensland Interstate	Soccer (Football)	1,000
Anisa Helou	14	2023 Hancock Prospecting Qld Girls Swimming Championships 11 August 2023 Chandler QLD	State Level	Swimming	250
Ehsan Helou	15	2023 Hancock Prospecting Qld Boys Championships 11 August 2023 Chandler Qld	State Level	Swimming	250
Jesse Frisch	16	Queensland Senior Volleyball Schools Cup Honours Division 4-6 August 2023 Gold Coast Qld	State Level	Volleyball	250
Ella Gosney	12	Queensland Representative School Sport Softball Championships 24-27 August 2023 Redcliffe Qld	State Level	Softball	250
Charlee Snell	12	Northern Region School Sport U12s Cross Country State Championships 15-17 July 2023	State Level	Cross Country	250
Total					6,250

Kade Harrison, Byron Goodin and Jesse Frisch have previously received funding through the Junior Elite Athlete Program.

Kade Represented Queensland Interstate in the Australian Youth Volleyball Championship in September 2022.

Byron represented Queensland in the State Youth Soccer (Football) Championships in July 2023.

Jesse represented Queensland in the State Volleyball Championships in June 2022.

All other applicants have not previously received funding through the Junior Elite Athlete Program. It should be noted, the applications were received prior to the competition.

STATUTORY/COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Local Government Act 2009

Local Government Regulation 2012

LSP_COMM_05 – Financial Support for a Junior Elite Athlete Policy

STRATEGIC IMPACTS

Facilitate, foster, and encourage region wide activities and programs that engage our community.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The funds will be taken from budget code: JC 2967.11074 – Community Donations (2967) / Donations (11074).

Description	Amount (\$)
2023/24 Budget	120,000
Actual + Commitment Spend	26,876
YTD Remaining Budget	93,123

CONSULTATION/ENGAGEMENT

Director Community Services

RISK ASSESSMENT

This financial assistance shows Council's commitment to providing support to local junior elite athletes competing in a regional, state, or national level competition. Council's support of local community members demonstrates community engagement and willingness to grow local talent – impacting favourably on Council's reputation.

TIMINGS/DEADLINES

To be paid within one month of approval.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

Council officers contributing to the preparation and approval of this report have no conflicts of interest to declare.

HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

This decision does not limit human rights.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Options	Description	Positives	Negatives
Option 2	Not provide financial support	Maintain budget level	Community disquiet due to lack of support

12.1 - Waterson Way Access Rd Resumption & Land Swap**CONFIDENTIAL*****S254J Local Government Regulation 2012 - Closed Meetings***

- (1) A local government may resolve that all or part of a meeting of the local government be closed to the public.*
- (3) However, a local government or a committee of a local government may make a resolution about a local government meeting under subsection (1) or (2) only if its councillors or members consider it necessary to close the meeting to discuss one or more of the following matters—*
 - (h) negotiations relating to the taking of land by the local government under the Acquisition of Land Act 1967.*

12.2 - Short Term Accommodation Appeals

CONFIDENTIAL

S254J Local Government Regulation 2012 - Closed Meetings

- (1) *A local government may resolve that all or part of a meeting of the local government be closed to the public.*
- (3) *However, a local government or a committee of a local government may make a resolution about a local government meeting under subsection (1) or (2) only if its councillors or members consider it necessary to close the meeting to discuss one or more of the following matters—*
 - (e) legal advice obtained by the local government or legal proceedings involving the local government including, for example, legal proceedings that may be taken by or against the local government.***

12.3 - Outstanding Rates and Charges - Sale of Land for Rate Arrears 2024

CONFIDENTIAL

S254J Local Government Regulation 2012 - Closed Meetings

- (1) *A local government may resolve that all or part of a meeting of the local government be closed to the public.*
- (3) *However, a local government or a committee of a local government may make a resolution about a local government meeting under subsection (1) or (2) only if its councillors or members consider it necessary to close the meeting to discuss one or more of the following matters—*
 - **(d) rating concessions.**

13 LATE REPORT ITEMS

No late report items for this meeting.

14 MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE

This item on the agenda allows Councillors the opportunity to raise an item not included on the agenda for discussion as a matter of importance.

